

RHONDDA CYNON TAF COUNTY BOROUGH COUNCIL

CABINET

18TH JULY 2017

2017 CHILDCARE SUFFICIENCY ASSESSMENT

REPORT OF THE TEMPORARY DIRECTOR OF EDUCATION AND LIFELONG LEARNING IN DISCUSSION WITH THE RELEVANT PORTFOLIO HOLDER, COUNCILLOR J ROSSER

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1. PURPOSE OF THE REPORT

- 1.1 To provide Members with the draft 2017 Childcare Sufficiency Assessment (the '2017 CSA report') for Rhondda Cynon Taf for consideration.

2. RECOMMENDATIONS

It is recommended that Cabinet: -

- 2.1 Note the contents of this report;
- 2.2 Agree the 2017 CSA report as attached at Appendix 1 to this report;

3. REASONS FOR RECOMMENDATIONS

- 3.1 To enable officers to continue to develop and support childcare provision in RCT, as identified in the key priorities listed in the 2017 CSA report.

4. BACKGROUND

- 4.1 The Cabinet report of 17th March 2016 informed members of the Council's statutory duty to conduct a Childcare Sufficiency Assessment to examine childcare supply and demand.
- 4.2 Members were also informed of the Council's duty to secure '*as far as is reasonably practicable*' sufficient childcare to meet the requirements of parents in its area who require childcare in order to enable them to take up, or remain in, work, or to undertake education or training which could reasonably be expected to assist them to obtain work.

- 4.3 In 2016, Welsh Government amended the Childcare Sufficiency Assessment Duty on Local Authorities and they are now required to produce a full CSA report every five years (previously every 3 years). The 2017 CSA report is the first in the new cycle and will be supplemented by annual action plan updates. The next full CSA report will be due in 2022.
- 4.4 As well as changes to the CSA guidance, the Care and Social Services Inspectorate Wales (CSSIW) has introduced new methods of data collection from registered childcare providers. They are now required to submit their data and service analysis electronically via the Self-Assessment of Service Statement (SASS).
- 4.5 For 2016, the completion rate amongst RCT childcare providers was 73.2%. For the purposes of analysis in the 2017 CSA report, this data has been used to assess registered childcare provision but, due to the completion rate, is not 100% complete. Analysis of unregistered childcare provision has been provided via questionnaires sent to all known unregistered providers in summer 2016.

5. SUMMARY OF 2017 CSA REPORT

- 5.1 The draft 2017 CSA was submitted to Welsh Government in March 2017. The draft report is currently out for 28 day consultation with stakeholders. The final report will be submitted to Welsh Government following amendments made after this consultation period and official approval by cabinet members.
- 5.2 Analysis of the SASS data suggests that the main type of registered childcare provision in RCT is full day care (76.3%), followed by childminders (76.2%), sessional care providers (71.8%) and out of school care providers (66.7%). The East Taf area has the most registered childcare providers (33), followed by North Taf (26). West Taf has the least (11), followed by Rhondda Fach and Lower Cynon (20 each).
- 5.3 Analysis of the SASS data suggests that East Taf has the most Welsh medium childcare provision available, which correlates with 2011 Census data which suggests that this area has the highest number of Welsh speakers within RCT.
- 5.4 Feedback from parents/guardians suggests that informal childcare provided by friends and family continues to be the most popular form of childcare, for both term time and holiday periods. Reasons given by parents/guardians for not using childcare include it being too expensive, not available when needed (especially before 8am and after 6pm) and that one or both were 'stay at home' parents and so did not require childcare.
- 5.5 Encouraging unregistered childcare provision to register with CSSIW continues to be a priority for the Council. Over the last two years, support has been given to unregistered providers to register via a series of workshops and one to one support. Work is ongoing to promote the benefits of registration to unregistered providers.
- 5.6 Sustainability of settings continues to be a challenge for the Early Years and Childcare sector. A grant scheme is in place to support the sustainability of childcare providers and the development of new provision in areas of identified

need. During 2016-17, Early Years & Family Support Services received 19 grant applications for sustainability/financial hardship support, of which 17 were successful. A new provision/extension of current provision grant is offered via the Out of School Grant received from Welsh Government. For this scheme, 15 grants were received, of which all were successful. Additionally, 40 small grants were awarded to providers for the purchase of ICT equipment to assist settings in the running of their businesses and/or for exclusive use by the children within the setting.

- 5.7 The delivery of nursery education in non-maintained Registered Education Providers (REP's) continues to be an important element of the delivery of nursery education in RCT. There are currently 25 REP's throughout RCT. The Early Years Advisory Teacher is currently working with a further 4 settings with the aim that they will achieve REP status in the 2017-18 academic year. Work is currently ongoing to align the REP admission process with the formal School Admissions processes.
- 5.8 The 2017 CSA report identifies the following priorities for the coming year. Supporting the implementation of the Welsh Government 30 hour education/childcare offer is the key driver for many of these priorities, as well as feedback from the parent consultation and analysis of SASS data:
1. Aim to recruit additional childminders within initial pilot areas for WG 30 hour offer, particularly Welsh medium childminders
 2. Aim to recruit additional Welsh medium childminders in the South Taf area
 3. Aim to recruit English medium Registered Education Providers in the Upper Cynon area
 4. Continue to explore ways to streamline the admission process for pre-nursery education places in schools and non-maintained Registered Education Providers
 5. Continue to promote the Family Information Service to parents and childcare providers
 6. Encourage and support 100% of all registered providers to complete future SASS returns for CSSIW
 7. Encourage and support settings to extend their services – to include longer hours in term time, more registered places, or opening in school holiday periods
 8. Encourage and support unregistered sessional and out of school settings to register with CSSIW
 9. Encourage settings to offer wraparound care services to nursery aged children
 10. Explore demand for additional Welsh medium childcare in Rhondda Fawr and Upper Cynon
 11. Explore demand for new English medium sessional care in Upper Cynon area

12. Identify schools within initial pilot areas for WG 30 hour offer that may have capacity on school site to develop wraparound, after school and holiday childcare
13. Keep childcare providers, schools and parents fully informed of progress on the implementation of the 30 hour offer – via council website, press releases, road shows, provider events and school visits
14. Liaise with CSSIW with regards to potential increased demand in settings amending their registration type to cater for 30 hour offer
15. Monitor and assess the need for crèche facilities
16. Monitor planning approval for housing developments to anticipate possible increased demand for childcare and pre-nursery education places
17. Monitor training needs of childcare and play staff to ensure that the workforce is able to accommodate potential increases in demand from the 30 hour offer
18. Promote and encourage childcare providers to register HMRC to participate in the tax free childcare scheme
19. Promote childminding as a career option
20. Promotion of Voluntary register for nannies
21. Raise awareness amongst parents of pre-nursery education eligibility
22. Streamline criteria and processes for additional support in childcare settings for children with additional learning and physical needs
23. Support settings to reduce vacancy rates
24. Up skill school based staff to have the relevant qualifications to work in childcare settings, particularly Welsh medium school staff

6. EQUALITY AND DIVERSITY IMPLICATIONS

- 6.1 An Equality Impact Assessment is not needed because the contents of the report are for information purposes only.

7. CONSULTATION

- 7.1 For this CSA report, an online survey was undertaken with parents between 7th October and 11th November 2016. 425 online surveys were completed, along with 109 surveys completed on handheld tablets at community events.
- 7.2 The views of other stakeholders were also sought, such as neighbouring Local Authorities, Childcare Umbrella Organisations, Family Information Service, Early Years & Family Support Services, Planning, Job Centre Plus, Schools and children

8. FINANCIAL IMPLICATION(S)

- 8.1 Local Authorities have been notified by Welsh Government that the 'Out of School Childcare Grant' has been awarded for the 2017-18 financial year. This funding will aid officers to implement the priorities identified in the 2017 CSA report.

9. LEGAL IMPLICATIONS OR LEGISLATION CONSIDERED

- 9.1 The Council has duties under section 22(1) of the Childcare Act 2006 ('the 2006 Act') to "secure, so far as is reasonably practicable, that the provision of childcare (whether or not by it) is sufficient to meet the requirements of parents in their area who require childcare in order to enable them (a) to take up, or remain in work; or (b) to undertake education or training which could reasonably be expected to assist them to obtain work."

10. LINKS TO THE COUNCILS CORPORATE PLAN / OTHER CORPORATE PRIORITIES / SIP

- 10.1 This report supports the priorities set out in the Rhondda Cynon Taf Single Integrated Plan by supporting people to access childcare provision so that they are able to enter employment, training or volunteer opportunities.

11. CONCLUSION

- 11.1 Rhondda Cynon Taf continues to be well placed with its existing childcare provision to meet the current needs of most working parents. Development work continues to be undertaken in response to parental demand and in areas where there is an identified need.
- 11.2 It is considered that implementation of the 2017 CSA report will help to address the identified priorities, subject to available resources.

Other Information:-

Relevant Scrutiny Committee

Children and Young People

Background Papers

Draft 2017 Childcare Sufficiency Assessment

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LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT 1972

AS AMENDED BY

THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT (ACCESS TO INFORMATION) ACT 1985

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Item: 2017 CHILDCARE SUFFICIENCY ASSESSMENT

Background Papers

The background paper included as an appendix to this report is:

- Draft 2017 Childcare Sufficiency Assessment

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Aseiad o Ddigonolrwydd Gofal Plant

Awdurdod Lleol: Cyngor Bwrdeistref Sirol Rhondda Cynon Taf

Swyddog sy'n gyfrifol: Denise Humphries

Dyddiad cwblhau: Mawrth 2017



STRONG HERITAGE | STRONG FUTURE
RHONDDA CYNON TAF
TREFTADAETH GADARN | DYFODOL SICR

1. Cyflwyniad

Prif Ddatganiad

O dan Adran 22 o Ddeddf Gofal Plant 2006, mae pob Awdurdod Lleol yng Nghymru yn gyfrifol am sicrhau bod darpariaeth gofal plant ddigonol i ddiwallu anghenion rhieni yn eu hardal sydd angen gwasanaeth gofal plant, hyd y bo hynny'n rhesymol ymarferol. Bydd y rhieni yma angen gofal plant er mwyn gweithio, ymgymryd â hyfforddiant neu addysg, neu baratoi i weithio. Gosod dyletswydd statudol ar Awdurdodau Lleol, gan roi'r prif gyfrifoldeb arnyn nhw dros hwyluso'r farchnad gofal plant i sicrhau eu bod yn diwallu anghenion rhieni sy'n gweithio, yn enwedig y rheiny sydd ar incwm bach, y rhai sydd â phlant anabl, neu'r rhai sydd am i'w plant gael darpariaeth cyfrwng Cymraeg.

Mae Adran 26 o Ddeddf Gofal Plant 2006 yn gofyn i Awdurdodau Lleol lunio Asesiadau o Ddigonolrwydd Gofal Plant er mwyn meithrin dealltwriaeth o ddarpariaeth gofal plant yn yr ardal ac anghenion rhieni a chynhalwyr, yn ogystal â llunio cynllun gweithredu i fynd i'r afael â bylchau. Cafodd hyn ei ddiweddarau ym mis Ebrill 2016 pan gafodd Rheoliadau Deddf Gofal Plant 2006 (Asesiadau Awdurdodau Lleol) (Cymru) 2016 eu cyflwyno. Nod y newidiadau yma yw sicrhau bod y broses o lunio Asesiadau o Ddigonolrwydd Gofal Plant yn cael ei gwella ac, yn benodol, yn arwain at y canlynol:

- Dull gweithredu mwy cyson a safonol o ran cofnodi a chasglu data
- Manylion mwy clir i'r Awdurdodau Lleol mewn perthynas â'r wybodaeth a gaiff ei chasglu a ph'un a yw gofynion statudol y ddyletswydd yn cael eu diwallu
- Dull gweithredu sy'n fwy cymesur ac yn llai o fwrn ar Awdurdodau Lleol
- Ffyrdd gwell o unioni ac integreiddio â phrosesau cynllunio ac asesu allweddol eraill ar lefel leol a chenedlaethol

Bellach, mae gofyn i Awdurdodau Lleol lunio Asesiad o Ddigonolrwydd Gofal Plant llawn bob pum mlynedd. Yn y gorffennol, roedd angen gwneud hyn bob tair blynedd. O 2018 ymlaen, caiff y cynllun gweithredu ei ddiweddarau o 2018 ymlaen. Cafodd canllawiau statudol newydd eu cyhoeddi ym mis Awst 2016 er mwyn cydfynd â'r rheoliadau newydd. Mae'r rhain yn nodi pa sefydliadau a rhanddeiliaid y dylai'r Awdurdodau Lleol ymgynghori â nhw wrth lunio'r Asesiad o Ddigonolrwydd Gofal Plant ac yn cynnwys templedi y dylai pob Awdurdod Lleol eu defnyddio.

Mae Cyngor Rhondda Cynon Taf yn cydnabod bod darpariaeth gofal plant fforddiadwy, ac o ansawdd uchel, yn rhan hanfodol o sicrhau bod ein trigolion yn llewyrchus. Mae hyn am ei bod yn helpu i rieni gymryd rhan mewn addysg/hyfforddiant neu weithio. Yn ogystal â hynny, mae'n agwedd hanfodol ar les y plant sy'n derbyn gofal. Mae hyn am fod y ddarpariaeth yn sicrhau eu bod nhw'n derbyn gofal mewn amgylcheddau diogel a chyffrous sy'n eu helpu a'u hannog i ddatblygu.

Mae Cyngor Rhondda Cynon Taf yn cydnabod pa mor bwysig yw cael gweithlu sy'n gymwys ac wedi'i hyfforddi'n dda. Rydyn ni'n cefnogi amrywiaeth o gyfleoedd datblygu a chymorth i fusnesau yn y farchnad gofal plant.

Rydyn ni'n falch o ddweud y cawson ni ein dewis i gymryd rhan yn y rhan gyntaf o roi arlwy addysg/gofal plant 30 awr Llywodraeth Cymru ar waith. Mae'r arlwy yma ar gyfer plant 3 a 4 oed cymwys. Mae hwn yn bolisi blaenllaw sydd â'r nod o helpu rhieni i ddechrau gweithio a lleihau'r effaith niweidiol y mae tlodi'n ei chael arnyn nhw a'u plant.

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1. Cyd-destun

Nod y newidiadau yn y canllawiau ar gyfer Asesiad o Ddigonolrwydd Gofal Plant yn 2016 yw gwella gallu Llywodraeth Cymru i gymharu'r sefyllfaoedd o ran gofal plant yn y 22 Awdurdod Lleol yng Nghymru. At y diben yma, defnyddiodd swyddogion Cyngor Rhondda Cynon Taf y templedi gan Lywodraeth Cymru i lunio'r adroddiad yma ar yr Asesiad o Ddigonolrwydd Gofal Plant.

Yn ogystal â'r newidiadau i'r canllawiau ar gyfer Asesiadau o Ddigonolrwydd Gofal Plant, mae Arolygiaeth Gofal a Gwasanaethau Cymdeithasol Cymru wedi cyflwyno dulliau newydd o gasglu data gan ddarparwyr gofal plant cofrestredig. Bellach, mae'n ofynnol bod darparwyr gofal plant cofrestredig yn cyflwyno eu data a'r dadansoddiad o'r gwasanaeth yn electronig. Mae modd iddyn nhw wneud hyn drwy ddefnyddio'r Datganiad Hunanasesu Gwasanaeth. Bydd hyn yn sicrhau y bydd cydberthyniad o ran y data a gaiff eu dadansoddi ym mhob Asesiad o Ddigonolrwydd Gofal Plant.

Cwblhaodd 73.2% o ddarparwyr gofal plant yn Rhondda Cynon Taf Ddatganiad Hunanasesu Gwasanaeth. At ddiben cysondeb, mae'r wybodaeth a gafodd ei defnyddio yn yr adroddiad yma, yn ogystal â'r atodiadau, yn seiliedig ar y Datganiadau Hunanasesu Gwasanaeth. Dim ond yr wybodaeth am y ganran yma o'r farchnad gofal plant y byddwn ni'n ei defnyddio. O ganlyniad i hynny, dydy'r canfyddiadau yn yr adroddiad yma ddim yn gwbl gywir.

Mae'r holl ddata ar gyfer gofal plant na chaiff ei reoleiddio / sydd wedi'i eithrio yn dod o holiaduron darparwyr a gafodd eu llenwi ym mis Awst 2016. Mae'r swyddogion yn effro i'r ffaith fod mwy o ddarparwyr gofal plant anghofrestredig yn Rhondda Cynon Taf na'r nifer a gaiff ei awgrymu gan yr holiaduron. O ganlyniad i hynny, dydy'r data ar gyfer darparwyr anghofrestredig ddim yn gwbl gywir chwaith.

Oni bai inni nodi fel arall, mae'r holl ddata sydd wedi'u defnyddio yn yr adroddiad yma'n gywir fel roedd y sefyllfa ar 31 Rhagfyr 2016.

Mae'r canllawiau a gafodd eu cyflwyno yn 2016 yn awgrymu bod angen i Awdurdodau Lleol ddefnyddio'r un ardaloedd o ran poblogaeth a'r ardaloedd a gafodd eu defnyddio gan y Byrddau Gwasanaethau Cyhoeddus ar gyfer llunio'r Asesiad o Anghenion Lleol.

Defnyddiodd Bwrdd Iechyd Cwm Taf yr ardaloedd canlynol at y diben yma: Cwm Rhondda, Cwm Cynon a Merthyr Tudful. Serch hynny, mae'r ardaloedd yma yn rhy fawr i'w defnyddio at ddiben yr adroddiad yma, a does dim modd eu defnyddio i gael gafael ar unrhyw ddadansoddiadau ystyrlon o'r farchnad o ran gofal plant yn yr ardaloedd yma. Er mwyn cefnogi'r broses o gymharu a dadansoddi'r wybodaeth, rydyn ni wedi rhoi'r 52 ward yn Rhondda Cynon Taf mewn 8 grŵp. Rydyn ni wedi'u gosod mewn grwpiau yn ôl ardaloedd Cymunedau yn Gyntaf, ffiniau naturiol a/neu ardaloedd sydd â phoblogaeth gymharol debyg.

Cwm Rhondda

Fawr

Cwm Clydach
Llwynypia
Pentre

Tonypanyd

Trealaw
Treherbert
Treorci
Ystradyfodwg

Cwm Rhondda

Fach

Y Cymer
Glynrhedynog
Y Maerdy

Pen-y-graig

Y Porth
Tylorstown
Ynys-hir

Cwm Cynon Uchaf

Gogledd Aberaman
De Aberaman
Dwyrain Aberdâr

Gorllewin Aberdâr

Hirwaun
Pen-y-waun
Y Rhigos

Cwm Cynon Isaf

Abercynon
Cwm-bach
Dwyrain
Aberpennar
Gorllewin
Aberpennar
Penrhiw-ceibr
Ynys-y-bŵl

Dwyrain Taf

Y Beddau
Pentre'r Eglwys
Llanilltud Faerdref
Ffynnon Taf
Ton-teg
Tyn-y-nant

Gorllewin Taf

Y Gilfach-goch
Dwyrain Tonyrefail
Gorllewin Tonyrefail

Gogledd Taf

Cilfynydd
Glyn-coch
Y Graig
Y Ddraenen Wen
Tref Pontypridd
Cwm Rhondda
Rhydfelen
Trallwng
Trefforest

De Taf

Brynna
Llanharan
Llanhari
Tref Llantrisant
Pont-y-clun
Tonysguboriau

2. Gwaith Partneriaeth ac Ymgynghori

Rydyn ni wedi defnyddio amrywiaeth o ffynonellau data wrth lunio'r Asesiad o Ddigonolrwydd Gofal Plant, yn ogystal â barn rhanddeiliaid. Nod hyn oedd cael dealltwriaeth lawn o'r farchnad gofal plant a'r galw gan rieni yn Rhondda Cynon Taf.

Defnyddion ni ddata o Gyfrifiad 2011 i ddeall demograffeg trigolion Rhondda Cynon Taf, yn ogystal â chyfres ddata gyffredin yr Asesiad o Anghenion Lleol. Cafodd y gyfres yma ei llunio gan Uned Ddata Llywodraeth Leol Cymru at ddiben yr Asesiad o Anghenion Lleol sy'n cael eu cynnal ar hyn o bryd. Bydd hyn yn sicrhau bod y data'n gyson ag Asesiadau o Ddigonolrwydd Gofal Plant yr Awdurdodau Lleol eraill.

Cynhalion ni arolwg ar-lein i rieni rhwng 7 Hydref ac 11 Tachwedd 2016. Cafodd yr arolwg ei lunio gan ddefnyddio'r templed a ddarparodd Llywodraeth Cymru. Ei nod yw casglu barn rhieni ar y ddarpariaeth bresennol ym maes gofal plant, yn ogystal â chanfod beth oedd yn eu rhwystro rhag defnyddio gofal plant a faint o alw a fydd am ofal plant yn y dyfodol. Roedd modd cael gafael ar yr arolwg ar wefan y Cyngor, a hyrwyddon ni'r arolwg ar gyfrifon Facebook a Twitter y Cyngor, yn ogystal â rhannu taflenni gwybodaeth mewn amrywiaeth o leoliadau. Aeth gweithwyr allgymorth y Gwasanaeth Gwybodaeth i Deuluoedd i nifer o achlysuron a chyfarfodydd grwpiau er mwyn hyrwyddo'r arolwg a helpu rhieni i'w lenwi gan ddefnyddio dyfeisiau llechen.

Yn ogystal â hynny, casglon ni farn y plant drwy ddisbarthu holiaduron ar bapur mewn lleoliadau gofal plant y tu allan i'r ysgol. Gwnaethon ni ymdrech benodol i gael barn plant rhwng 4 a 6 oed er mwyn nodi eu barn ar ddefnyddio darpariaeth gofal plant y tu allan i'r ysgol unwaith y byddan nhw'n symud i'r ysgol uwchradd ym mlwyddyn 7. Mae'r angen am ofal i bobl ifainc rhwng 11 ac 14 oed wedi bod yn neges barhaus mewn Adroddiadau Asesiad o Ddigonolrwydd Gofal Plant blaenorol. Bydd yr ymgynghoriad yma yn helpu i lywio'r gwasanaethau a gaiff eu darparu i'r bobl ifainc yma yn y dyfodol.

Rydyn ni wedi ystyried barn y grŵp gorchwyl Asesu Ddigonolrwydd Cyfleoedd Chwarae wrth gyflawni'r Asesiad o Ddigonolrwydd Gofal Plant yma. Mae ein swyddogion yn gweithio'n agos gyda'u cydweithwyr ym maes Chwarae i sicrhau bod y gweithlu a'r ddarpariaeth o ran gofal plant y tu allan i'r ysgol a chwarae yn datblygu'n barhaus. Cafodd barn y dadansoddwyr gofal plant ei darparu drwy ddata o'r Datganiadau Hunanasesu

Gwasanaeth ac adborth gan y Sefydliadau Ymbarél sy'n cefnogi'r sector gofal plant yng Nghymru. Yn ogystal â hynny, ymgynghoron ni â'r Awdurdodau Lleol cyfagos wrth baratoi'r adroddiad yma.

DRAFFT

3. Asesiad o Ddigonolrwydd Gofal Plant ac Asesiad o Anghenion Lles Lleol

Mae Bwrdd Iechyd Cyhoeddus Cwm Taf wrthi'n cyflawni Asesiad o Anghenion Lles Lleol. Diben yr Asesiad yma yw rhoi darlun o gyflwr presennol lles trigolion yng Nghwm Taf. Mae'n ystyried y saith nod llesiant sydd wedi'u nodi yn Neddf Llesiant Cenedlaethau'r Dyfodol (Cymru) (2015), sef:

1. Cymru lewyrchus
2. Cymru gydnerth
3. Cymru iachach
4. Cymru sy'n fwy cyfartal
5. Cymru o gymunedau cydlynus
6. Cymru â diwylliant bywiog lle mae'r Gymraeg yn ffynnu
7. Cymru sy'n gyfrifol ar lefel fyd-eang

At ddiben yr Asesiad Lles, rhannon ni ardaloedd Rhondda Cynon Taf a Merthyr Tudful yn bedair rhan, sef Cwm Rhondda, Cwm Cynon, Cwm Taf a Merthyr Tudful. Bydd hyn yn rhoi gwybodaeth i Fwrdd Gwasanaethau Cyhoeddus Cwm Taf am les cymdeithasol, diwylliannol, economaidd ac amgylcheddol y bobl yn yr ardaloedd yma. Serch hynny, dydy'r ardaloedd yma ddim yn addas at ddibenion yr Asesiad o Ddigonolrwydd Gofal Plant.

Er mwyn cael dealltwriaeth lawn o'r cyflenwad a'r galw ym maes darpariaeth gofal plant yn Rhondda Cynon Taf, roedd rhaid i ni rannu'r ardaloedd yma yn wyth ardal lai. Cafodd ardal Cwm Rhondda ei rhannu yn ardal Cwm Rhondda Fawr a Chwm Rhondda Fach. Cafodd ardal Cwm Cynon ei rhannu yn ardal Cwm Cynon Uchaf a Chwm Cynon Isaf. Cafodd ardal Cwm Taf ei rhannu yn bedair ardal – Dwyrain Taf, Gorllewin Taf, Gogledd Taf a De Taf. Mae modd cael rhagor o wybodaeth am yr ardaloedd yma a'u demograffeg yn Adran 4.

Lles diwylliannol

Bydd cefnogi'r broses o ddarparu gofal plant drwy gyfrwng y Gymraeg yn helpu'r Bwrdd Gwasanaethau Cyhoeddus i gyflawni eu nodau o ran llesiant diwylliannol yng Nghwm Taf. Mae Rhondda Cynon Taf yn cynnig amrywiaeth dda o ddarparwyr gofal plant sesiynol a thu allan i'r ysgol sy'n darparu gwasanaeth cyfrwng Cymraeg. Mae nifer o'n safleoedd gofal plant cyfrwng Cymraeg wedi'u cofrestru gydag Estyn. Mae hyn yn golygu bod modd

iddyn nhw gynnig addysg feithrin i blant tair oed sy'n methu â chael lle mewn dosbarth cyn oed meithrin mewn ysgolion cyfrwng Cymraeg a gynhelir. Mae hyn yn helpu i gefnogi'r broses o gyflawni a datblygu'r Gymraeg yn Rhondda Cynon Taf ac yn rhoi dewis hanfodol i rieni sy'n dymuno i'w plant fod yn ddwyieithog.

Lles cymdeithasol

Gall darparu amgylcheddau diogel a chyffrous i blant eu hatal rhag dioddef effeithiau negyddol o ganlyniad i allgáu cymdeithasol. Nod penodol y rhaglen Dechrau'n Deg yng Nghymru yw sicrhau bod plant mewn ardaloedd o amddifadedd ddim yn wynebu anfantais, a bod modd iddyn nhw fanteisio ar yr un cyfleoedd â'u cyfoedion o gefndiroedd mwy cefnog o ran safleoedd gofal plant ac addysg.

Yn ogystal â hynny, mae safleoedd gofal plant a chwarae yn rhoi cyfle delfrydol i blant a phobl ifainc wneud ymarfer corff drwy gael hwyl a chwarae. Mae'n fodd iddyn nhw ddysgu am fwyta'n iach a sut i fyw'n iach.

Lles economaidd

Mae cyflogadwyedd a chyfleoedd hyfforddiant yn rhan annatod o les economaidd y trigolion yn ardal Cwm Taf. Mae'r Asesiad o Ddigonolrwydd Gofal Plant yn ffordd bwysig o sicrhau bod digon o ddarpariaeth gofal plant ar gael. Mae hyn yn golygu bod modd i rieni fanteisio ar y cyfleoedd yma ac yn sicrhau bod diffyg gofal plant ddim yn atal pobl rhag dod allan o dlodi. Mae natur ddaearyddol Rhondda Cynon Taf yn golygu y gallai teithio fod yn anodd ar adegau, ac mae hyn yn ei gwneud hi'n fwy anodd i rieni ganfod swyddi. Mae'r swyddogion yn blaenoriaethu'r broses o sicrhau bod darpariaeth gofal plant ar gael mewn man sy'n galluogi rhieni i weithio neu gael hyfforddiant. Yn ogystal â hynny, bydd cyfleoedd hyfforddi sy'n ymwneud â gofal plant yn helpu trigolion Cwm Taf i wella eu lles economaidd ac yn sicrhau eu bod nhw'n meithrin y sgiliau sydd eu hangen i weithio yn y sector gofal plant.

Lles amgylcheddol

Weithiau, dim ond mewn amgylcheddau awyr agored diogel mewn safleoedd gofal plant a chwarae y caiff y plant gyfle i chwarae yn yr awyr agored. Mae datblygu ardaloedd awyr agored sy'n rhan o'r ddarpariaeth gofal plant a chwarae yn flaenoriaeth barhaus i swyddogion Cyngor Rhondda Cynon Taf. Bydd hyn yn atgyfnerthu nodau lles amgylcheddol Asesiad Llesiant Cwm Taf.

4. Poblogaeth

Mae sir Rhondda Cynon Taf yn ymestyn ar draws ardal cymoedd De Cymru, o Fannau Brycheiniog yn y gogledd hyd at gyrion Caerdydd yn y de. Mae'r sir yn gymysgedd o gymunedau trefol, maestrefol a gwledig ac mae'n ymestyn dros 424km sgwâr. Mae'r M4, yr A470 a'r A467 yn briffyrdd strategol sy'n cysylltu'r sir â rhanbarthau eraill.

Mae Cynllun Datblygu Lleol Cyngor Bwrdeistref Sirol Rhondda Cynon Taf (hyd at 2021) yn nodi tair prif dref – Aberdâr yn yr Ardal Strategaeth Ogleddol a Phontypridd a Llantrisant (gan gynnwys Tonysguboriau) yn yr Ardal Strategaeth Ddeheuol. Dyma'r prif safleoedd strategol sydd wedi'u cynnwys yn y Cynllun Datblygu Lleol a byddwn ni'n buddsoddi'n sylweddol ynddyn nhw ac yn eu hymestyn dros y 5 mlynedd nesaf. Mae nifer sylweddol o dai wedi'u hadeiladu yn Aberdâr a Llantrisant ers yr adroddiad Asesiad o Ddigonolrwydd Gofal Plant diwethaf yn 2014. Yn ogystal â hynny, rydyn ni'n bwriadu adeiladu rhagor o dai yno dros y pum mlynedd nesaf. Mae hyn wedi cael effaith ar anghenion pobl yn yr ardaloedd yma a'r ardaloedd cyfagos, a bydd yn parhau i wneud hynny yn y dyfodol. O ganlyniad i gyfyngiadau yn nhref Pontypridd, adeiladon ni dai i ddiwallu anghenion y dref mewn ardaloedd cyfagos, megis Pentre'r Eglwys, Llanilltud Faerdref, Trefforest a'r Beddau. Yn ogystal â hynny, rydyn ni wedi bwrw ymlaen â'r gwaith o adeiladu tai yn y Ddraenen Wen a Rhydfelen ers yr adroddiad llawn diwethaf yn 2014. Eto, mae'n debyg y caiff anghenion o ran gofal plant eu heffeithio gan y tai yma rydyn ni'n parhau i'w hadeiladu. Nododd y diweddariad ar yr Asesiad o Ddigonolrwydd Gofal Plant yn 2015 y byddai angen monitro Pentre'r Eglwys yn benodol o ran newidiadau i'r farchnad gofal plant a'r galw amdano. Bydd y broses o fonitro'r angen o ran gofal plant yn yr ardaloedd yma yn dal i fod yn flaenoriaeth gan y swyddogion yn 2017.

Mae'r Cynllun Datblygu Lleol yma'n rhestru aneddiadau allweddol yn ogystal â'r prif drefi yma. Dyma nhw:

Ardal Strategaeth Ogleddol

Glynrhedynog (Cwm Rhondda Fach)

Hirwaun (Cwm Cynon Uchaf)

Aberpennar (Cwm Cynon Isaf)

Y Porth (Cwm Rhondda Fach)

Tonypandy (Cwm Rhondda Fawr)

Treorci (Cwm Rhondda Fawr)

Ardal Strategaeth Ddeheuol

Llanharan (De Taf)

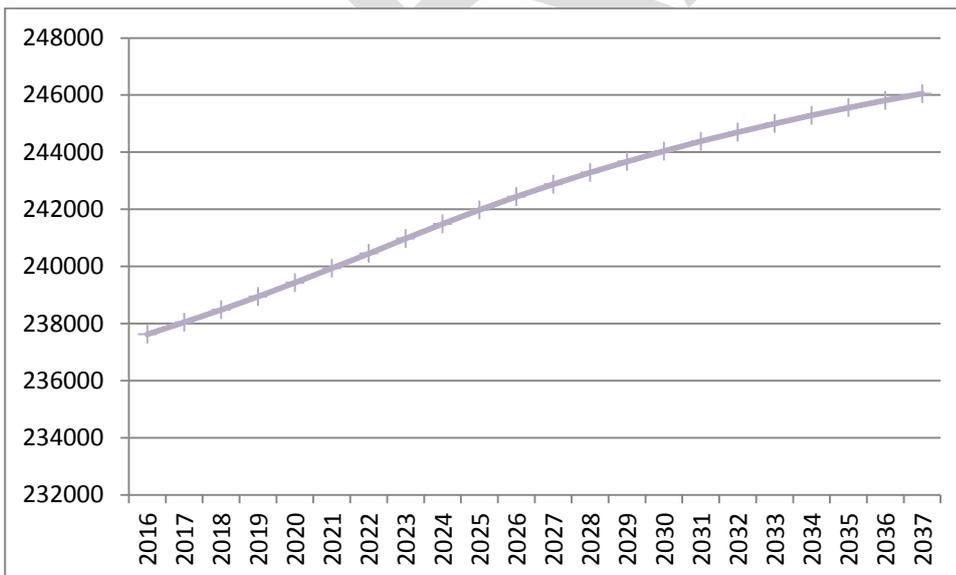
Tonyrefail (Gorllewin Taf)

Yn ardal Bryncae, sydd ar waelod Llanharan, mae llawer o dai newydd wedi cael eu hadeiladu ers yr adroddiad Asesiad o Ddigonolrwydd Gofal Plant diwethaf. Mae hyn wedi arwain at ragor o alw am leoedd addysg feithrin yn yr ardal. Rydyn ni wedi recriwtio Darparwr Addysg Cofrestredig nas cynhelir ychwanegol er mwyn ateb y cynnydd yn y galw am leoedd. Rydyn ni wedi caniatâu'r broses o adeiladu tai yn ardal Tonyrefail. Unwaith i'r gwaith ddechrau mynd rhagddo, mae'n debyg y bydd rhagor o alw am ddarpariaeth gofal plant yn ward Gorllewin Tonyrefail.

Ffigurau poblogaeth rhagweledig yr ardal Awdurdod lleol

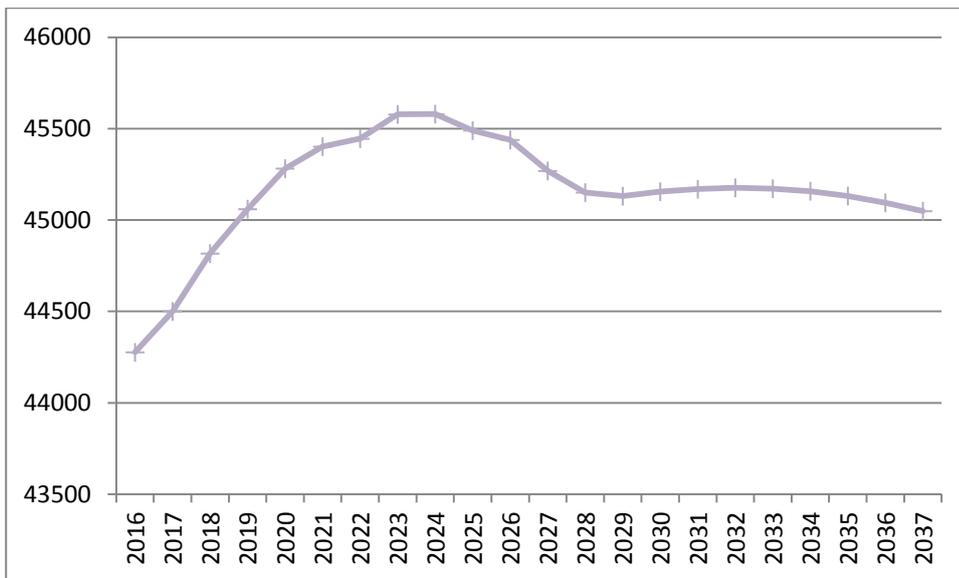
Mae data gan InfoBaseCymru yn awgrymu mai cyfanswm poblogaeth Cyngor Bwrdeistref Sirol Rhondda Cynon Taf yn 2016 oedd 237,626. Mae 44,122 o'r bobl yma rhwng 0 a 15 oed. Mae hyn yn cyfateb i 18.6% o gyfanswm y boblogaeth yn Rhondda Cynon Taf, sy'n uwch na'r cyfartaledd ar gyfer Cymru, sef 17.9%.¹

Mae'r amcangyfrifon o'r boblogaeth ar gyfer y 20 mlynedd nesaf yn awgrymu y bydd cyfanswm poblogaeth Rhondda Cynon Taf yn cynyddu 3.6%, a bydd nifer y bobl rhwng 0 a 15 oed yn cynyddu 2.1% (edrychwch ar y tablau isod).



Ffigwr 1: Amcangyfrifon o'r Boblogaeth ar gyfer yr 20 mlynedd nesaf – Pob Oedran

¹ <https://statscymru.llyw.cymru/Catalogue/Population-and-Migration/Population>

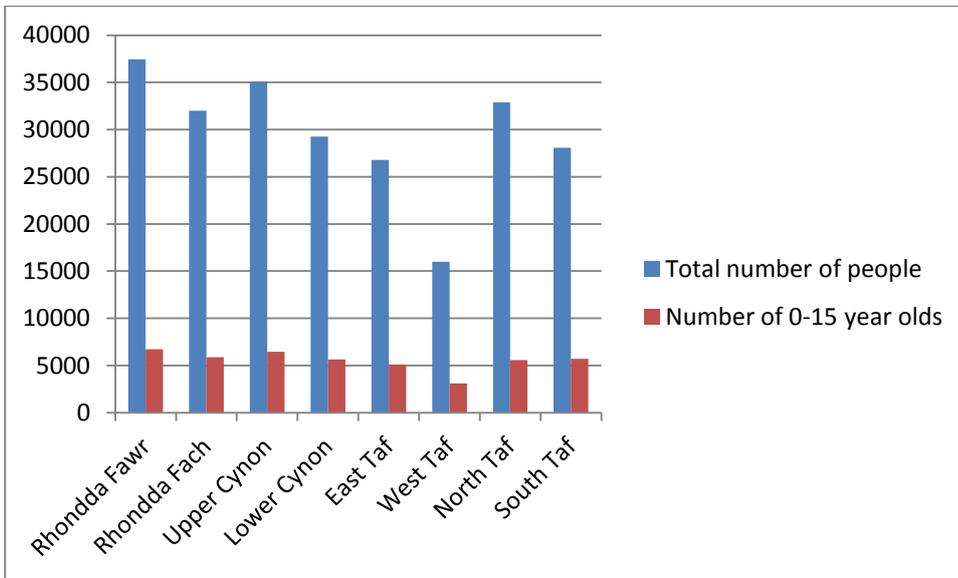


Ffigwr 2: Amcangyfrifon o'r Boblogaeth ar gyfer yr 20 mlynedd nesaf – Pobl rhwng 0 a 15 oed

Mae data geni byw diweddar yn awgrymu bod nifer y genedigaethau byw yn Rhondda Cynon Taf wedi gostwng o 2832 yn 2013 i 2759 yn 2016. Serch hynny, rydyn ni'n rhagweld y bydd nifer y bobl ifainc rhwng 0 ac 15 oed yn cynyddu o 44,277 yn 2016 i 45,580 yn 2024. Ar ôl hynny, rydyn ni'n rhagweld y bydd y nifer yn gostwng yn ôl i 45,049 yn 2037. Bydd hyn yn cyfateb â 18.3% o holl boblogaeth Rhondda Cynon Taf, sydd ychydig yn is na'r ganran bresennol (edrychwch ar y dudalen flaenorol). Caiff y cynnydd rydyn ni'n ei ragweld yn nifer y bobl rhwng 0 a 15 oed ei fonitro er mwyn sicrhau bod y ddarpariaeth gofal plant sydd ar gael yn diwallu anghenion pob grŵp oedran.

Data cyfredol am y boblogaeth

Yn seiliedig ar amcangyfrifon o'r boblogaeth yn 2015, mae'r tabl isod yn dangos cyfanswm poblogaeth pob ardal mewn perthynas â nifer y bobl rhwng 0 ac 15 oed.



Ffigwr 3: Cyfanswm y Boblogaeth ym mhob ardal

Dadansoddiad o'r ardal

Mae'r adran isod yn rhoi gwybodaeth am ddemograffig yr wyth ardal a gaiff eu defnyddio at ddiben yr adroddiad yma:

Cwm Rhondda Fawr



Ffigwr 4: Ardal ddaearyddol Cwm Rhondda Fawr

Ardal Cwm Rhondda Fawr yw'r cwm mwyaf allan o'r ddau Gwm Rhondda yn Rhondda Cynon Taf. Mae'n cynnwys cymunedau sy'n ymwestyn o Dreherbert i Drealaw. Y ddwy annedd allweddol yn yr ardal yma yw Treorci a Thonypany. Mae'n cynnwys dwy ardal Cymunedau yn Gyntaf a phedwar safle Dechrau'n Deg. Yn ôl Mynegai Amddifadedd Lluosog Cymru 2014, mae pump Ardal Gynnyrch Ehangach Haen Is yn yr ardal yma sydd ymhlith y 10% o Ardaloedd Cynnyrch Ehangach Haen Is mwyaf difreintiedig yng Nghymru.

Yn ôl data cyfrifiad 2011, y ganran gyfartalog ar gyfer y gweithgarwch economaidd yn y ward yw 69.0% Mae hyn yn is na'r cyfartaledd ar gyfer Rhondda Cynon Taf, sef 71.04%. Caiff 4.8% o'r rheiny sy'n economaidd anweithgar eu nodi fel rhai sy'n gofalu am eu cartref neu'u teuluoedd. Mae hyn ychydig yn uwch na'r gyfartaledd ar gyfer Rhondda Cynon Taf, sef 4.7%.

Cyfanswm poblogaeth Cwm Rhondda Fawr yw 37,437. O blith y rhain, mae:

- 1187 yn 2 oed neu'n iau
- 904 rhwng 3 a 4 oed
- 1309 rhwng 5 a 7 oed
- 1276 rhwng 8 a 10 oed
- 2031 rhwng 11 ac 15 oed

Felly, mae 6707 o blant a phobl ifainc rhwng 0 ac 15 oed yn ardal Cwm Rhondda Fawr, sef 17.9% o'r boblogaeth yn ei chyfanrwydd. Y cyfanswm a gafodd ei nodi yn yr Adroddiad Diweddarau ar gyfer yr Asesiad o Ddigonolrwydd Gofal Plant yn 2015 oedd 6785. Mae hyn yn golygu bod nifer y plant a'r bobl ifainc rhwng 0 ac 15 oed wedi gostwng 78 yn yr ardal yma.

Cwm Rhondda Fach



Ffigwr 5: Ardal ddaearyddol Cwm Rhondda Fach

Ardal Cwm Rhondda Fach yw'r cwm lleiaf allan o'r ddau Gwm Rhondda. Mae'n cynnwys cymunedau sy'n ymestyn o'r Maerdy i'r Cymer. Y ddwy annedd allweddol yn yr ardal yma yw Glynrhedynog a'r Porth. Mae'n cynnwys dwy ardal Cymunedau yn Gyntaf a saith safle Dechrau'n Deg. Yn ôl Mynegai Amddifadedd Lluosog Cymru 2014, mae wyth Ardal Gynnyrch Ehangach Haen Is yn yr ardal yma sydd ymhlith y 10% o Ardaloedd Cynnyrch Ehangach Haen Is mwyaf difreintiedig yng Nghymru.

Yn ôl data cyfrifiad 2011, y ganran gyfartalog ar gyfer y gweithgarwch economaidd yn y ward yw 66.3%. Mae hyn yn is na'r cyfartaledd ar gyfer Rhondda Cynon Taf, sef 71.04%. Caiff 5.8% o'r rheiny sy'n economaidd anweithgar eu nodi fel rhai sy'n gofalu am eu cartref neu'u teuluoedd. Mae hyn yn uwch na'r gyfartaledd ar gyfer Rhondda Cynon Taf, sef 4.7%.

Cyfanswm poblogaeth Cwm Rhondda Fach yw 31,987. O blith y rhain, mae:

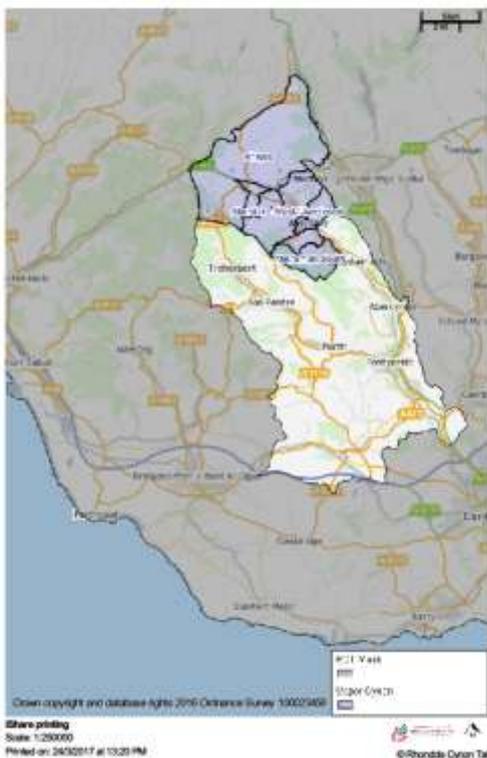
- 1150 yn 2 oed neu'n iau
- 863 rhwng 3 a 4 oed

- 1128 rhwng 5 a 7 oed
- 1036 rhwng 8 a 10 oed
- 1704 rhwng 11 ac 15 oed

Felly, mae 5881 o blant a phobl ifainc rhwng 0 ac 15 oed yn ardal Cwm Rhondda Fach, sef 18.4% o'r boblogaeth yn ei chyfanrwydd. Y cyfanswm a gafodd ei nodi yn yr Adroddiad Diweddarau ar gyfer yr Asesiad o Ddigonolrwydd Gofal Plant yn 2015 oedd 6003. Mae hyn yn golygu bod nifer y plant a'r bobl ifainc rhwng 0 ac 15 oed wedi gostwng 122 yn yr ardal yma.

Cafodd dalgylch ysgol Glynrhedynog, sydd yn yr ardal yma, ei ddewis yn un o'r ardaloedd peilot cyntaf ar gyfer arlwy addysg/gofal plant 30 awr Llywodraeth Cymru. Byddwn ni'n monitro sawl rhiant sy'n manteisio ar y cynnig, yn ogystal â gallu'r farchnad gofal plant i ateb unrhyw alw ychwanegol.

Cwm Cynon Uchaf



Ffigwr 6: Ardal ddaearyddol Cwm Cynon Uchaf

Mae ardal Cwm Cynon Uchaf yn cwmpasu rhan uchaf Cwm Cynon, o'r Rhigos i lawr i Dde Aberaman. Y brif dref ar gyfer yr ardal yma yw Aberdâr, ac mae hefyd yn cynnwys Hirwaun, sy'n annedd allweddol. Mae un ardal Cymunedau yn Gyntaf yn yr ardal, yn ogystal â dau safle Dechrau'n Deg. Yn ôl Mynegai Amddifadedd Lluosog Cymru 2014, mae tair Ardal Gynnyrch Ehangach Haen Is yn yr ardal yma sydd ymhlith y 10% o Ardaloedd Cynnyrch Ehangach Haen Is mwyaf difreintiedig yng Nghymru. Yn ogystal â hynny, mae'n gartref i un Ardal Gynnyrch Ehangach Haen Is sydd ymhlith y 10% o Ardaloedd Cynnyrch Ehangach Haen Is mwyaf difreintiedig yng Nghymru. O ganlyniad i hynny, mae modd gweld bod amrywiaeth eang o anghenion o ran yr economi, cymunedau a gofal plant yn yr ardal yma.

Yn ôl data cyfrifiad 2011, y ganran gyfartalog ar gyfer y gweithgarwch economaidd yn y ward yw 68.2%. Mae hyn yn is na'r cyfartaledd ar gyfer Rhondda Cynon Taf, sef 71.04%. Caiff 5.2% o'r rheiny sy'n economaidd anweithgar eu nodi fel rhai sy'n gofalu am eu cartref neu'u teuluoedd. Mae hyn yn uwch na'r gyfartaledd ar gyfer Rhondda Cynon Taf, sef 4.7%.

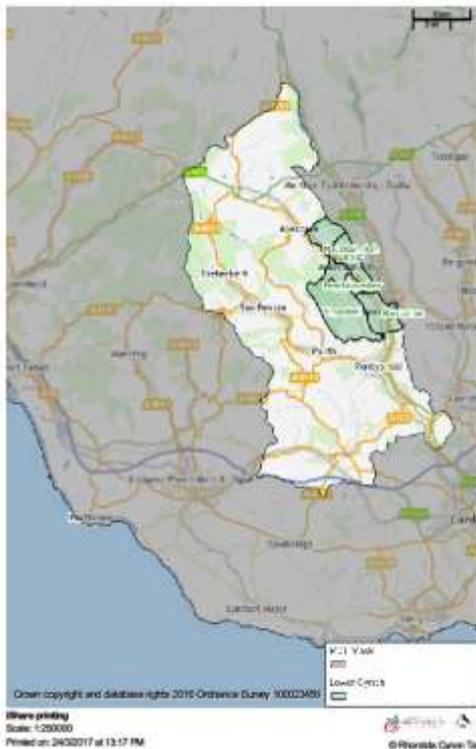
Cyfanswm poblogaeth Cwm Cynon Uchaf yw 35,046. O blith y rhain, mae:

- 1213 yn 2 oed neu'n iau
- 863 rhwng 3 a 4 oed
- 1309 rhwng 5 a 7 oed
- 1205 rhwng 8 a 10 oed
- 1855 rhwng 11 a 15 oed

Felly, mae 6445 o blant a phobl ifainc rhwng 0 ac 15 oed yn ardal Cwm Cynon Uchaf, sef 18.4% o'r boblogaeth yn ei chyfanrwydd. Y cyfanswm a gafodd ei nodi yn yr Adroddiad Diweddarau ar gyfer yr Asesiad o Ddigonolrwydd Gofal Plant yn 2015 oedd 6460. Mae hyn yn golygu bod nifer y plant a'r bobl ifainc rhwng 0 ac 15 oed wedi gostwng rhywfaint.

Cafodd dalgylch Ysgol Gymraeg Rhydywaun ei dewis yn un o'r ardaloedd peilot cyntaf ar gyfer arlwy addysg/gofal plant 30 awr Llywodraeth Cymru. Byddwn ni'n monitro faint o rieni sy'n manteisio ar y cynnig, yn ogystal â gallu'r farchnad gofal plant i ateb unrhyw alw ychwanegol. Yn benodol, bydd yr ardal beilot hon yn profi'r ddarpariaeth gofal plant cyfrwng Gymraeg sydd ar gael yn yr ardal yma.

Cwm Cynon Isaf



Ffigwr 7: Ardal ddaearyddol Cwm Cynon Isaf

Mae ardal Cwm Cynon Isaf yn cwmpasu'r ardal rhwng Cwm-bach ac Abercynon. Yr annedd allweddol yn yr ardal yma yw Aberpennar. Mae un ardal Cymunedau yn Gyntaf yn yr ardal, yn ogystal â thri safle Dechrau'n Deg. Yn ôl Mynegai Amddifadedd Lluosog Cymru 2014, mae pedwar Ardal Gynnyrch Ehangach Haen Is yn yr ardal yma sydd ymhlith y 10% o Ardaloedd Cynnyrch Ehangach Haen Is mwyaf difreintiedig yng Nghymru.

Yn ôl data cyfrifiad 2011, y ganran gyfartalog ar gyfer y gweithgarwch economaidd yn y ward yw 69.6 %. Mae hyn yn is na'r cyfartaledd ar gyfer Rhondda Cynon Taf, sef 71.04%. Caiff 5.5% o'r rheiny sy'n economaidd anweithgar eu nodi fel rhai sy'n gofalu am eu cartref neu'u teuluoedd. Mae hyn yn uwch na'r gyfartaledd ar gyfer Rhondda Cynon Taf, sef 4.7%.

Cyfanswm poblogaeth Cwm Cynon Isaf yw 29,245. O blith y rhain, mae:

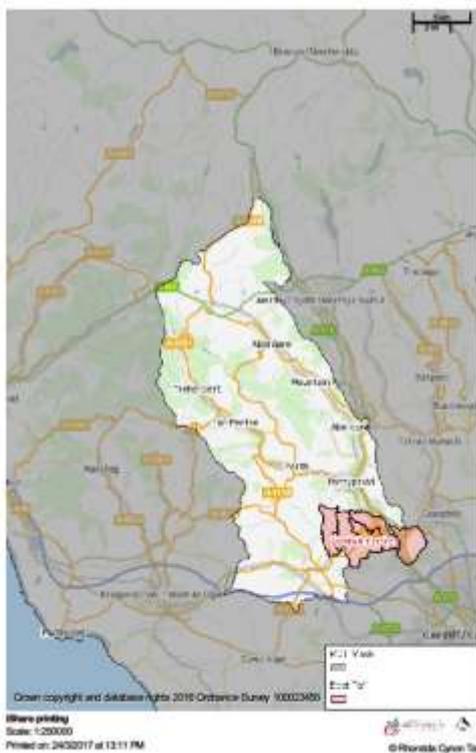
- 999 yn 2 oed neu'n iau
- 758 rhwng 3 a 4 oed
- 1163 rhwng 5 a 7 oed

- 1071 rhwng 8 a 10 oed
- 1635 rhwng 11 ac 15 oed

Felly, mae 5626 o blant a phobl ifainc rhwng 0 ac 15 oed yn ardal Cwm Cynon Isaf, sef 19.2% o'r boblogaeth yn ei chyfanrwydd. Y cyfanswm a gafodd ei nodi yn yr Adroddiad Diweddar ar gyfer yr Asesiad o Ddigonolrwydd Gofal Plant yn 2015 oedd 5637. Mae hyn yn golygu bod nifer y plant a'r bobl ifainc rhwng 0 ac 15 oed wedi gostwng rhywfaint.

Cafodd dalgylch ysgol Aberpennar, sydd yn yr ardal yma, ei dewis yn un o'r ardaloedd peilot cyntaf ar gyfer cynnig addysg/gofal plant 30 awr Llywodraeth Cymru. Byddwn ni'n monitro sawl rhiant sy'n manteisio ar y cynnig, yn ogystal â gallu'r farchnad gofal plant i ateb unrhyw alw ychwanegol.

Dwyrain Taf



Ffigwr 8: Ardal ddaearyddol Dwyrain Taf

At ddiben yr adroddiad yma, mae ardal Dwyrain Taf yn cwmpasu'r cymunedau rhwng y Beddau a Ffynnon Taf. Mae hefyd yn cynnwys cymunedau Pentre'r Eglwys a Llanilltud

Faerdref, sy'n prysur dyfu. Mae dwy ardal Dechrau'n Deg yn yr ardal, ond does dim ardaloedd Cymunedau yn Gyntaf.

Yn ôl Mynegai Amddifadedd Lluosog Cymru 2014, mae un Ardal Gynnyrch Ehangach Haen Is yn yr ardal yma sydd ymhlith y 10% o Ardaloedd Cynnyrch Ehangach Haen Is mwyaf difreintiedig yng Nghymru. Mae pedair Ardal Gynnyrch Ehangach Haen Is yn yr ardal yma sydd ymhlith y 10% o Ardaloedd Cynnyrch Ehangach Haen Is mwyaf difreintiedig yng Nghymru. O ganlyniad i hynny, mae modd gweld bod amrywiaeth eang o anghenion o ran yr economi, cymunedau a gofal plant yn yr ardal yma.

Yn ôl data cyfrifiad 2011, y ganran gyfartalog ar gyfer y gweithgarwch economaidd yn y ward yw 78.1%. Mae hyn yn uwch na'r gyfartaledd ar gyfer Rhondda Cynon Taf, sef 71.04%. Caiff 3.5% o'r rheiny sy'n economaidd anweithgar eu nodi fel rhai sy'n gofalu am eu cartref neu'u teuluoedd. Mae hyn yn is na'r gyfartaledd ar gyfer Rhondda Cynon Taf, sef 4.7%.

Cyfanswm poblogaeth Dwyrain Taf yw 26,773. O blith y rhain, mae:

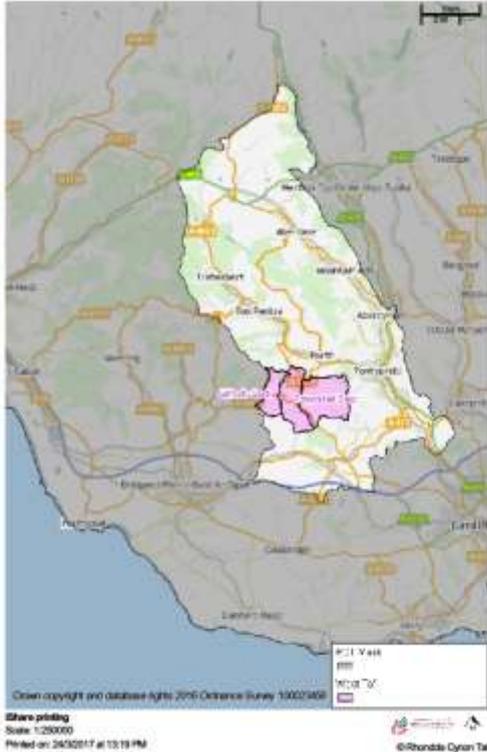
- 957 yn 2 oed neu'n iau
- 669 rhwng 3 a 4 oed
- 1007 rhwng 5 a 7 oed
- 988 rhwng 8 a 10 oed
- 1472 rhwng 11 ac 15 oed

Felly, mae 5093 o blant a phobl ifainc rhwng 0 ac 15 oed yn ardal Dwyrain Taf, sef 19.0% o'r boblogaeth yn ei chyfanrwydd. Y cyfanswm a gafodd ei nodi yn yr Adroddiad Diweddarau ar gyfer yr Asesiad o Ddigonolrwydd Gofal Plant yn 2015 oedd 5114. Mae hyn yn golygu bod nifer y plant a'r bobl ifainc rhwng 0 ac 15 oed wedi gostwng 21 yn yr ardal yma. Mae nifer sylweddol o dai wedi'u hadeiladu yn yr ardal ers yr adroddiad diweddarau yn 2015, ac mae'r gwaith yma'n dal i fynd rhagddo. O ganlyniad i hynny, mae'n rhesymol i ni ragweld y bydd y nifer yma'n codi eto dros y pum mlynedd nesaf.

Cafodd dalgylch Ysgol Bryncelynnog ei ddewis yn un o'r ardaloedd peilot cyntaf ar gyfer cynnig addysg/gofal plant 30 awr Llywodraeth Cymru. Byddwn ni'n monitro sawl rhiant sy'n manteisio ar y cynnig, yn ogystal â gallu'r farchnad gofal plant i ateb unrhyw alw ychwanegol. Mae'r dadansoddiad economaidd uchod yn awgrymu ei bod hi'n debyg y

bydd nifer uchel o bobl yn gymwys i fanteisio ar yr arlwy yn yr ardal yma. Bydd y swyddogion yn monitro gallu'r farchnad gofal plant yn yr ardal i ateb y galw cynyddol.

Gorllewin Taf



Ffigwr 9: Ardal ddaearyddol Gorllewin Taf

Mae ardal Gorllewin Taf yn cynnwys cymunedau'r Gilfach-goch a Thonyrefail. Yr annedd allweddol yn yr ardal yma yw Tonyrefail. Mae un ardal Cymunedau yn Gyntaf yn yr ardal, yn ogystal â dau safle Dechrau'n Deg. Yn ôl Mynegai Amddifadedd Lluosog Cymru 2014, mae dwy Ardal Gynnyrch Ehangach Haen Is yn yr ardal yma sydd ymhlith y 10% o Ardaloedd Cynnyrch Ehangach Haen Is mwyaf difreintiedig yng Nghymru.

Yn ôl data cyfrifiad 2011, y ganran gyfartalog ar gyfer y gweithgarwch economaidd yn y ward yw 69.1%. Mae hyn yn is na'r cyfartaledd ar gyfer Rhondda Cynon Taf, sef 71.04%. Caiff 5.2% o'r rheiny sy'n economaidd anweithgar eu nodi fel rhai sy'n gofalu am eu cartref neu'u teuluoedd. Mae hyn yn uwch na'r gyfartaledd ar gyfer Rhondda Cynon Taf, sef 4.7%.

Cyfanswm poblogaeth Gorllewin Taf yw 15,983. O blith y rhain, mae:

- 558 yn 2 oed neu'n iau
- 401 rhwng 3 a 4 oed
- 569 rhwng 5 a 7 oed
- 627 rhwng 8 a 10 oed
- 932 rhwng 11 ac 15 oed

Felly, mae 3087 o blant a phobl ifainc rhwng 0 ac 15 oed yn ardal Gorllewin Taf, sef 19.3% o'r boblogaeth yn ei chyfanrwydd. Y cyfanswm a gafodd ei nodi yn yr Adroddiad Diweddarau ar gyfer yr Asesiad o Ddigonolrwydd Gofal Plant yn 2015 oedd 3142. Mae hyn yn golygu bod nifer y plant a'r bobl ifainc rhwng 0 ac 15 oed wedi gostwng 55 yn yr ardal yma. Fel ardal Dwyrain Taf, rydyn ni wedi cymeradwyo sawl cais cynllunio i adeiladu nifer sylweddol o dai yn yr ardal yma. O ganlyniad i hynny, mae'n rhesymol rhagweld y bydd poblogaeth y plant â'r bobl ifainc rhwng 0 ac 15 oed yn cynyddu'n gyflym unwaith y bydd y gwaith yma'n mynd rhagddo. Mae'r un peth yn wir am anghenion pobl o ran gofal plant.

Gogledd Taf



Ffigwr 10: Ardal ddaearyddol Gogledd Taf

Mae ardal Gogledd Taf yn cynnwys yr ardaloedd o amgylch prif dref Pontypridd, o Gilfynydd i Drefforest. Mae un ardal Cymunedau yn Gyntaf yn yr ardal, yn ogystal â phedwar safle Dechrau'n Deg. Yn ôl Mynegai Amddifadedd Lluosog Cymru 2014, mae tair Ardal Gynnyrch Ehangach Haen Is yn yr ardal yma sydd ymhlith y 10% o Ardaloedd Cynnyrch Ehangach Haen Is mwyaf difreintiedig yng Nghymru.

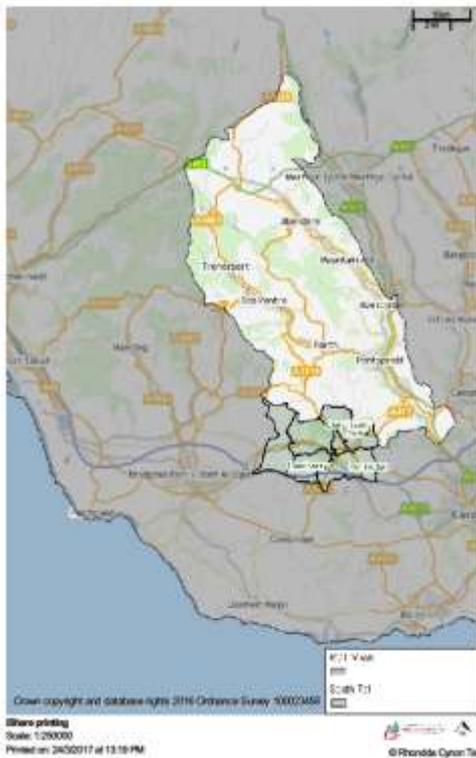
Yn ôl data cyfrifiad 2011, y ganran gyfartalog ar gyfer y gweithgarwch economaidd yn y ward yw 70.5 %. Mae hyn yn is na'r cyfartaledd ar gyfer Rhondda Cynon Taf, sef 71.04%. Caiff 4.3% o'r rheiny sy'n economaidd anweithgar eu nodi fel rhai sy'n gofalu am eu cartref neu'u teuluoedd. Mae hyn yn is na'r gyfartaledd ar gyfer Rhondda Cynon Taf, sef 4.7%.

Cyfanswm poblogaeth Gogledd Taf yw 32,878. O blith y rhain, mae:

- 1151 yn 2 oed neu'n iau
- 771 rhwng 3 a 4 oed
- 1069 rhwng 5 a 7 oed
- 975 rhwng 8 a 10 oed
- 1619 rhwng 11 ac 15 oed

Felly, mae 5585 o blant a phobl ifainc rhwng 0 ac 15 oed yn ardal Gogledd Taf, sef 17.0% o'r boblogaeth yn ei chyfanrwydd. Y cyfanswm a gafodd ei nodi yn yr Adroddiad Diweddarau ar gyfer yr Asesiad o Ddigonolrwydd Gofal Plant yn 2015 oedd 5531. Mae hyn yn golygu bod nifer y plant a'r bobl ifainc rhwng 0 ac 15 oed wedi cynyddu 54 yn yr ardal yma. Mae nifer sylweddol o dai wedi'u hadeiladu yn ardal Rhydfelen a'r Ddraenen Wen ers yr adroddiad diweddarau yn 2015 ac mae'n debyg mai hyn sy'n gyfrifol am y rhan fwyaf o'r cynnydd yma.

De Taf



Ffigwr 11: Ardal ddaearyddol De Taf

Mae ardal De Taf yn cwmpasu'r cymunedau rhwng Brynnau a Llantrisant. Mae'n cynnwys prif dref Llantrisant/Tonysguboriau, yn ogystal â Llanharan, sy'n annedd allweddol. Mae un ardal Cymunedau yn Gyntaf yn yr ardal, yn ogystal ag un safle Dechrau'n Deg. Does dim Ardal Gynnyrch Ehangach Haen Is yn yr ardal yma sydd ymhlith y 100 o Ardaloedd Cynnyrch Ehangach Haen Is mwyaf difreintiedig yng Nghymru. Yn ôl Mynegai Amddifadedd Lluosog Cymru 2014, mae pump Ardal Gynnyrch Ehangach Haen Is yn yr ardal yma sydd ymhlith y 10% o Ardaloedd Cynnyrch Ehangach Haen Is lleiaf difreintiedig yng Nghymru. Mae hyn yn awgrymu bod yr ardal yn weddol gefnog o'i chymharu ag ardaloedd eraill yn Rhondda Cynon Taf.

Yn ôl data cyfrifiad 2011, y ganran gyfartalog ar gyfer y gweithgarwch economaidd yn y ward yw 78.7%. Mae hyn yn uwch na'r gyfartaledd ar gyfer Rhondda Cynon Taf, sef 71.04%. Caiff 3.5% o'r rheiny sy'n economaidd anweithgar eu nodi fel rhai sy'n gofalu am eu cartref neu'u teuluoedd. Mae hyn yn is na'r gyfartaledd ar gyfer Rhondda Cynon Taf, sef 4.7%.

Cyfanswm poblogaeth De Taf yw 28,062. O blith y rhain, mae:

- 1107 yn 2 oed neu'n iau
- 744 rhwng 3 a 4 oed
- 1185 rhwng 5 a 7 oed
- 1105 rhwng 8 a 10 oed
- 1557 rhwng 11 ac 15 oed

Felly, mae 5698 o blant a phobl ifainc rhwng 0 ac 15 oed yn ardal De Taf, sef 20.3% o'r boblogaeth yn ei chyfanrwydd. Y cyfanswm a gafodd ei nodi yn yr Adroddiad Diweddar ar gyfer yr Asesiad o Ddigonolrwydd Gofal Plant yn 2015 oedd 5534. Mae hyn yn golygu bod nifer y plant a'r bobl ifainc rhwng 0 ac 15 oed wedi cynyddu 164 yn yr ardal yma. Mae'n debyg y bydd y cynnydd yma'n parhau dros y blynyddoedd nesaf, gan y bydd nifer sylweddol o dai a siopau'n cael eu hadeiladu yn yr ardal. Nodon ni fod gofynion gofal plant y rhieni yn yr ardal yma yn flaenoriaeth mewn adroddiadau blaenorol ar gyfer yr Asesiad o Ddigonolrwydd Gofal Plant. Mae hyn yn parhau i fod yn wir.

Dadansoddiad

Mae modd gweld cwmp yn y boblogaeth gyffredinol o blant rhwng 0 a 15 oed yn y rhan fwyaf o siroedd. Serch hynny, mae'n bwysig nodi y bydd ardaloedd lle caiff tai eu hadeiladu yn debyg o gael effaith ar y ffigurau yma dros y pum mlynedd nesaf.

Wrth ddadansoddi grwpiau oedran penodol, mae modd gweld bod y nifer cyffredinol uchaf o blant a phobl ifainc rhwng 0 ac 15 oed yn byw yng Nghwm Rhondda Fawr. Mae'r nifer leiaf o'r plant a'r bobl ifainc rhwng 0 ac 15 oed yn byw yn ardal Gorllewin Taf. Serch hynny, mae'n debyg fod hyn o ganlyniad i'r gwahaniaeth yn y ffigurau poblogaeth cyffredinol ar gyfer yr ardaloedd yma. Mae modd gweld bod canran uwch o blant a phobl ifainc rhwng 0 ac 15 oed yn ardal Gorllewin Taf, o'i chymharu â'r boblogaeth gyffredinol, na'r ganran ar gyfer Cwm Rhondda Fawr (19.3% i 17.9%). O ganlyniad i hynny, dylen ni ddadansoddi anghenion y teuluoedd yn y ddwy ardal ymhellach er mwyn gweld a oedd unrhyw ofynion ychwanegol o ran gofal plant.

Mae'r nifer fwyaf o blant a phobl ifainc ym mhob grŵp oedran penodol i'w gweld yng Nghwm Rhondda Fawr, ac eithrio'r grwpiau oedran rhwng 0 a 2 oed a rhwng 5 a 7 oed. Mae'r niferoedd ar gyfer y rhain yn uwch yn ardal Cwm Cynon Uchaf (mae nifer y plant rhwng 5 a 7 oed yr un peth â'r nifer yng Nghwm Rhondda Fawr). Mae hyn yn awgrymu y

dysten ni archwilio'r broses o ddatblygu gofal plant yn gyffredinol ar gyfer pob ystod oedran yng Nghwm Rhondda Fawr. Yn ogystal â hynny, dysten ni ystyried y broses o ddatblygu'r ddarpariaeth gofal plant ar gyfer y grŵp oedran cyn-ysgol yn ardal Cwm Cynon Uchaf. Mae hyn yn cyd-fynd â'r hyn rydyn ni'n ei wybod eisoes am y sector oedran cyn-ysgol yn yr ardal yma, gan mai nifer fach o ddarpariaeth sydd ar gael ar gyfer y grŵp oedran yma. Yn ogystal â hynny, mae'r galw am leoedd mewn darpariaeth cyn oed ysgol nas cynhelir yn yr ardal yma yn uchel iawn. Mae ein swyddogion wrthi'n ystyried sut y gallwn ni gynyddu nifer y Darparwyr Addysg Cofrestredig yn ardal Cwm Cynon Uchaf.

Y prif dueddiadau a'r ffactorau sy'n debyg o effeithio ar y ffigurau yma

Mae'r data geni byw ar gyfer y dair blynedd ddiwethaf yn awgrymu bod nifer y genedigaethau byw wedi gostwng o 2832 i 2759. Os bydd y tuedd yma'n parhau, bydd yn effeithio ar yr amcangyfrifon o'r boblogaeth. Byddai hyn yn awgrymu bod angen canolbwyntio ar ddatblygu gofal plant ar gyfer grwpiau oedran hŷn yn hytrach na phlant o dan ddwy oed. Serch hynny, rydyn ni eisoes wedi nodi bod nifer sylweddol o dai wrthi'n cael eu hadeiladu, yn arbennig yn ardaloedd Dwyrain Taf a De Taf. Bydd y gwaith yma'n cael effaith ar y boblogaeth o ran plant a phobl ifainc rhwng 0 ac 15 oed, ac ar y galw o ran gofal plant yn yr ardaloedd yma.

Mae ein gwaith ymgynghori â'r Ganolfan Byd Gwaith yn awgrymu ein bod ni heb weld unrhyw newidiadau sylweddol ym maes cyflogaeth yn Rhondda Cynon Taf dros y flwyddyn ddiwethaf. Yn ystod 2016, cafodd swyddi eu colli mewn cwmnïau yn Nhrefforest, Aberdâr a Thonysguboriau. Cafodd tua 89 o swyddi eu colli i gyd. Does dim cyfleoedd creu swyddi sylweddol wedi bod yn Rhondda Cynon Taf dros y flwyddyn ddiwethaf, er bod adran Cyllid a Thollau Ei Mawrhydi wedi cynnal nifer helaeth o ymgyrchoedd recriwtio. Mae'n debygol bod hyn wedi effeithio ar deuluoedd sy'n byw yn Rhondda Cynon Taf. Yn ogystal a hynny, recriwtiodd canolfan ddisbarthu Amazon yn Abertawe nifer resymol o staff. Serch hynny, swyddi tymhorol oedd y rhain fel y cyfryw.

Does dim data ar gael sy'n awgrymu bod y swyddi a gafodd eu colli wedi effeithio ar y galw am ofal plant yn yr ardaloedd yma. Yn yr un modd, dydy'r cyfleoedd creu swyddi y tu allan i'r Fwrdeistref Sirol heb arwain at unrhyw gynnydd amlwg yn y galw am ofal plant yn Rhondda Cynon Taf.

Mae'n bosibl y bydd y Cytundeb Dinas arfaethedig yn effeithio ar gyfleoedd swyddi yn y Sir dros y blynyddoedd nesaf, yn ogystal â'r gwaith o adeiladu Canolfan Dyffryn Taf ym Mhontypridd. Byddwn ni'n monitro'r farchnad gofal plant er mwyn gweld a fydd hyn yn effeithio ar anghenion gofal plant yn y dref ac mewn ardaloedd cyfagos.

DRAFT

5. Trosolwg – Mathau o Ofal Plant, Gwasanaethau a Lleoedd

At ddibenion yr adroddiad yma, rydyn ni wedi defnyddio data am ddarpariaeth gofrestrdig o'r ffurflenni Datganiad Hunanasesu Gwasanaeth a gafodd eu llenwi gan ddarparwyr gofal plant cofrestredig yn 2016. Nod yr arolwg oedd cael cipolwg o'r data am ddwy wythnos benodol – sef un wythnos yn ystod y tymor a oedd yn dechrau ar 11 Gorffennaf 2016, ac un wythnos yn ystod y gwyliau a oedd yn dechrau ar 8 Awst 2016. Roedd gofyn i'r rheiny sy'n darparu gofal plant yn ystod y tymor ysgol ac yn ystod y gwyliau gyflwyno data ar gyfer y ddwy wythnos. Yn gyffredinol, llanwodd 73.2% o'r darparwyr cofrestredig yn Rhondda Cynon Taf y ffurflen. Mae hyn yn uwch na'r ffigur ar gyfer Cymru gyfan, sef 70.5%. Yn Rhondda Cynon Taf, mae modd dadansoddi'r ffigur yma fel y ganlyn:

- 76.2% o warchodwyr plant
- 76.3% o ddarparwyr gofal plant diwrnod llawn
- 66.7% o ddarparwyr gofal plant y tu allan i oriau ysgol
- 71.8% o ddarparwyr gofal sesiynol
- 33.3% o ddarparwyr gofal chwarae mynediad agored

Rydyn ni wedi defnyddio data am ddarpariaeth anghofrestredig o holiaduron i ddarparwyr gofal plant a gafodd eu llenwi yn ystod Hydref 2016. Doedd nifer y ffurflenni a gafodd eu dychwelyd gan ddarparwyr gofal plant sesiynol a thu allan i oriau ysgol ddim yn fawr o'u cymharu â nifer y safleoedd y mae'r swyddogion yn gwybod amdany'n nhw yn Rhondda Cynon Taf.

Dydy hwn ddim yn drosolwg cyflawn o'r farchnad gofal plant yn Rhondda Cynon Taf, a dylech chi ei ddefnyddio'n ofalus. Dydyn ni ddim wedi defnyddio data'r Gwasanaeth Gwybodaeth i Deuluoedd na gwybodaeth leol i atgyfnerthu'r trosolwg yma o'r farchnad gofal plant. O ganlyniad i hynny, mae'r wybodaeth yn anghyflawn.

5.1 Nifer y Darparwyr Gofal Plant a'r Mathau o Wasanaethau (Cofrestredig ac Anghofrestredig / Wedi'u Cymeradwyo)

Mae'r tabl canlynol yn nodi pa ddarparwyr gofal plant sy'n darparu'r gwasanaethau canlynol ledled Rhondda Cynon Taf:

Math o ofal plant	Cofrestredig	Anghofrestredig / Wedi'u Cymeradwyo	Gwasanaethau Gofal Plant sydd ar gael	Cofrestredig	Anghofrestredig / Wedi'u Cymeradwyo
Gwarchodwr plant	117	0	Gofal plant diwrnod llawn drwy gydol y flwyddyn	104	0
			Gofal plant hanner diwrnod drwy gydol y flwyddyn	88	0
			Cyn i'r ysgol ddechrau	103	0
			Ar ôl yr ysgol	107	0
			Gofal cofleidiol	57	0
			Gofal yn ystod y gwyliau	96	0
			Arall (Dechrau'n Deg; cynllun Hwyl y Gwyliau; penwythnosau ar gais; gofal brys; gweithio yn gynnar yn y bore/gyda'r nos oherwydd gwaith shift)	9	0
Gofal Oriau Dydd					
Gofal Diwrnod Llawn	35	0	Meithrinfa diwrnod llawn drwy gydol y flwyddyn	29	0
			Meithrinfa hanner diwrnod drwy gydol y flwyddyn	18	0
			Cyn i'r ysgol ddechrau	11	0
			Cylch Chwarae / Cylch Meithrin (Bore)	13	0
			Cylch Chwarae / Cylch Meithrin (Prynhawn)	13	0
			Ar ôl yr ysgol	12	0
			Gofal cofleidiol	12	0
			Cinio	14	0
			Gofal yn ystod y gwyliau	18	0

			Crèche	0	0
			Arall (Dechrau'n Deg)	2	0
Gofal Sesiynol Diwrnod Llawn	29	5	Cylch Chwarae / Cylch Meithrin (Bore)	27	5
			Cylch Chwarae / Cylch Meithrin (Prynhawn)	8	0
			Gofal cofleidiol	8	1
			Cinio	2	0
			Arall	2	0
Crèches	0	0	Gweithredu drwy'r dydd	0	0
			Gweithredu yn y bore	0	0
			Gweithredu yn y prynhawn	0	0
			Gofal yn ystod y gwyliau	0	0
			Arall	0	0
Gofal y tu allan i oriau'r ysgol	9	6	Cyn i'r ysgol ddechrau	3	0
			Ar ôl yr ysgol	7	6
			Gofal yn ystod y gwyliau	3	0
			Sesiynau cynllun chwarae	1	0
			Arall	1	0
Darpariaeth Gofal Chwarae Mynediad Agored	5	4	Cyn i'r ysgol ddechrau	0	0
			Ar ôl yr ysgol	1	2
			Gofal yn ystod y gwyliau	5	0
			Sesiynau cynllun chwarae	1	2
			Arall	0	0
Nani	0	0	Gofal plant diwrnod llawn drwy gydol y flwyddyn	0	0
			Gofal plant hanner diwrnod drwy gydol y flwyddyn	0	0
			Cyn i'r ysgol ddechrau	0	0
			Ar ôl yr ysgol	0	0
			Gofal cofleidiol – lleoliad Addysg Gynnar rhan amser, e.e. cylch chwarae neu feithrinfa mewn ysgol	0	0

			Gofal yn ystod y gwyliau	0	0
			Arall	0	0
CYFANSWM	195	15			

Yn ogystal â'r ddarpariaeth gofal plant uchod, mae pob ysgol uwchradd yn Rhondda Cynon Taf yn darparu gweithgareddau allgyrsiol ar ôl yr ysgol ac yn ystod y gwyliau i bobl ifainc sy'n 11 oed a hŷn. Caiff hyn ei wneud drwy'r Gwasanaeth Ymgysylltu a Chyfranogiad Ieuenctid. Er nad gofal plant yw'r ddarpariaeth yma fel y cyfryw, mae llawer o rieni yn defnyddio'r gweithgareddau yma fel amgylchedd diogel i'w plant pan fyddan nhw ym mlwyddyn 7 neu 8. Mae hyn yn arbennig o wir yn ystod gwyliau ysgol.

Dosbarthiad Daearyddol y Darparwyr Gofal Plant a'r Gwasanaethau a gaiff eu darparu (Cofrestredig ac wedi'u heithrio / wedi'u cymeradwyo)

Isod, mae trosolwg o nifer y darparwyr sydd ym mhob un o'r ardaloedd yma, fesul math, yn ôl diffiniad AGGCC:

C = Cofrestredig A = Anghofrestredig	Lledled RhCT		Cwm Rhondda Fawr		Cwm Rhondda Fach		Cwm Cynon Uchaf		Cwm Cynon Isaf		Dwyrain Taf		Gorllewin Taf		Gogledd Taf		De Taf	
	C	A	C	A	C	A	C	A	C	A	C	A	C	A	C	A	C	A
Gwarchodwyr plant	117	0	12	0	9	0	17	0	11	0	21	0	7	0	15	0	25	0
Gofal Diwrnod Llawn	35	0	7	0	5	0	5	0	5	0	5	0	0	0	3	0	5	0
Sesiynol	29	5	6	2	5	2	1	1	4	0	6	0	2	0	4	0	1	0
Gofal y tu allan i oriau'r ysgol	9	6	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	3	1	4	1
Crèches	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Cynlluniau chwarae mynediad agored	5	4	0	1	1	0	2	2	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0
Cyfanswm y darparwyr	195	15	25	4	20	3	25	4	20	1	33	0	11	1	26	1	35	1

O'r tabl uchod, mae modd gweld bod y nifer fwyaf o ofalwyr plant cofrestredig yn gweithio yn ardal De Taf, tra bod y nifer leiaf yn ardal Gorllewin Taf. Yn ogystal â hynny, mae'r nifer fwyaf o glybiau y tu allan i'r ysgol cofrestredig i'w cael yn ardal De Taf, ac mae'r nifer fwyaf o ddarparwyr Gofal Plant Diwrnod Llawn i'w cael yn ardal Cwm Rhondda Fawr. Yno hefyd y mae'r nifer fwyaf o ddarparwyr Gofal Plant Sesiynol (ynghyd ag ardal Dwyrain Taf). Mae'r nifer fwyaf o ddarparwyr Gofal Plant Sesiynol i'w cael yn ardal Cwm Rhondda Fawr ac mae'r nifer fwyaf o glybiau y Tu Allan i'r Ysgol sydd heb eu cofrestru i'w cael yn ardal De Taf. Mae cefnogi lleoliadau (sydd heb eu cofrestru) i gofrestru gyda'r AGGCC yn flaenoriaeth barhaus i swyddogion.

Mae dadansoddiad mwy manwl o'r math o wasanaethau, a'u hiaith, sy'n cael eu cynnig gan ddarparwyr gofal plant ar gael yn adran 6.

5.2 Lleoedd gofal plant – Cyflenwad a galw am y mathau gwahanol o ofal plant

Darpariaeth gofrestredig – yn ystod tymor yr ysgol

Math o ofal plant	Tymor yr Ysgol					
	Lleoedd sydd wedi'u cofrestru gydag AGGCC	Nifer fwyaf y llefydd gofal plant sydd ar gael bob dydd	Nifer y plant sy'n defnyddio'r gwasanaeth	Nifer y lleoedd gwag	Nifer y plant sydd ar y rhestr aros	Nifer y lleoedd sydd eu heisiau <i>yn ôl arolygon rhieni</i>
Gwarchodwr plant	965	Diwrnod llawn 456 Hanner diwrnod 165 Cyn i'r ysgol ddechrau 347 Ar ôl yr ysgol 503 Gofal cofleidiol 109	996	Diwrnod llawn 252 Hanner diwrnod 106 Cyn i'r ysgol ddechrau 231 Ar ôl yr ysgol 214 Gofal cofleidiol 12	Tymor yr hydref 16 Tymor y gwanwyn 6 Tymor yr haf 26	Diwrnod llawn 30 Hanner diwrnod 9 Cyn i'r ysgol ddechrau 27 Ar ôl yr ysgol 38 Gofal cofleidiol 6
Gofal oriau dydd						
Meithrinfa – diwrnod llawn	1316	Diwrnod llawn 789 Hanner diwrnod AM 292 Hanner diwrnod PM 306 Cylch chwarae AM 159 Cylch chwarae PM 134 Cyn i'r ysgol ddechrau 71 Ar ôl yr ysgol 67 Gofal cofleidiol 98 Cinio 110	1973	Diwrnod llawn 441 Hanner diwrnod AM 153 Hanner diwrnod PM 227 Cylch chwarae AM 99 Cylch chwarae PM 110 Cyn i'r ysgol ddechrau 50 Ar ôl yr ysgol 39 Gofal cofleidiol 14 Cinio 66	Tymor yr hydref 31 Tymor y gwanwyn 6 Tymor yr haf 9	Diwrnod llawn 43 Hanner diwrnod AM 12 Hanner diwrnod PM 5 Cylch chwarae AM 10 Cylch chwarae PM 1 Cyn i'r ysgol ddechrau 14 Ar ôl yr ysgol 12 Gofal cofleidiol 7 Crèche 9 Cinio 1
Gofal sesiynol diwrnod llawn	653	Boreau 527 Prynhawniau 302	875	Boreau 228 Prynhawniau 255	Tymor yr hydref 51 Tymor y gwanwyn	Boreau 18 Prynhawniau 6

		Gofal cofleidiol 3 Cinio 36		Gofal cofleidiol 18	53 Tymor yr haf 66	Gofal cofleidiol 11 Cinio 3
Crèches	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gofal y tu allan i oriau'r ysgol	375	Cyn i'r ysgol ddechrau 96 Ar ôl yr ysgol 375	560	Cyn i'r ysgol ddechrau 75 Ar ôl yr ysgol 310	0	Cyn i'r ysgol ddechrau 69 Ar ôl yr ysgol 56
Darpariaeth Gofal Chwarae Mynediad Agored	260	62	283	0	0	4
Nani	0	0	0	0	0	0

Darpariaeth gofrestredig ac wedi'i heithrio – yn ystod tymor yr ysgol

Math o ofal plant	Tymor yr ysgol				
	Nifer fwyaf y llefydd gofal plant sydd ar gael bob dydd	Nifer y plant sy'n defnyddio'r gwasanaeth	Nifer y lleoedd gwag	Nifer y plant sydd ar y rhestr aros	Nifer y lleoedd sydd eu heisiau <i>yn ôl arolygon rhieni</i>
Gwarchodwr plant	0	0	0	0	0
Gofal oriau dydd					
Meithrinfa – diwrnod llawn	0	0	0	0	0
Gofal sesiynol diwrnod llawn	110	83	20	Tymor yr hydref 0 Tymor y gwanwyn 8 Tymor yr haf 0	0
Crèches	0	0	0	0	0

Gofal y tu allan i oriau'r ysgol	604	270	334	Tymor yr hydref 0 Tymor y gwanwyn 0 Tymor yr haf 5	0
Darpariaeth Gofal Chwarae Mynediad Agored	240	240	0	0	0
Nani	0	0	0	0	0

Darpariaeth wedi'i chofrestru – yn ystod gwyliau'r ysgol

Math o ofal plant	Gwyliau'r ysgol					
	Llefydd sydd wedi'u cofrestru gydag AGGCC	Nifer fwyaf y llefydd gofal plant sydd ar gael bob dydd	Nifer y plant sy'n defnyddio'r gwasanaeth	Nifer y lleoedd gwag	Nifer y plant sydd ar y rhestr aros	Nifer y lleoedd sydd eu heisiau yn ôl arolygon rhieni
Gwarchodwr plant		810	<u>Amser llawn</u> Haf 193 Hanner tymor mis Hydref 149 Nadolig 84 Hanner tymor mis Chwefror 161 Pasg 169 Hanner tymor mis Mai 145 <u>Rhan-amser</u> Haf 268 Hanner tymor mis Hydref 198 Nadolig 136	Gwyliau AM 167 Gwyliau PM 167	0	22

			<p>Hanner tymor mis Chwefror 220 Pasg 217 Hanner tymor mis Mai 203</p> <p><u>Yn ôl y galw</u> Haf 75 Hanner tymor mis Hydref 61 Nadolig 40 Hanner tymor mis Chwefror 55 Pasg 52 Hanner tymor mis Mai 59</p>			
Gofal oriau dydd						
Meithrinfa – diwrnod llawn		1055	<p><u>Amser llawn</u> Haf 143 Hanner tymor mis Hydref 55 Nadolig 32 Hanner tymor mis Chwefror 59 Pasg 54 Hanner tymor mis Mai 53</p> <p><u>Rhan-amser</u> Haf 637 Hanner tymor mis Hydref 173 Nadolig 76 Hanner tymor mis Chwefror 131 Pasg 127 Hanner tymor mis Mai 136</p> <p><u>Yn ôl y galw</u></p>	Gwyliau AM 42 Gwyliau PM 31	0	17

			Haf 59 Hanner tymor mis Hydref 23 Nadolig 15 Hanner tymor mis Chwefror 23 Pasg 38 Hanner tymor mis Mai 16			
Gofal sesiynol diwrnod llawn		488	<u>Amser llawn</u> Haf 158 <u>Rhan-amser</u> Haf 149 Hanner tymor mis Hydref 54 Nadolig 4 Hanner tymor mis Chwefror 6 Pasg 5 Hanner tymor mis Mai 0		0	0
Crèches	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gofal y tu allan i oriau'r ysgol		116	<u>Amser llawn</u> Haf 15 Hanner tymor mis Hydref 4 Nadolig 2 Hanner tymor mis Chwefror 17 Pasg 18 Hanner tymor mis Mai 18 <u>Rhan-amser</u> Haf 144 Hanner tymor mis	Gwyliau 197	0	28

			<p>Hydref 57 Nadolig 20 Hanner tymor mis Chwefror 114 Pasg 112 Hanner tymor mis Mai 110</p> <p><u>Y ôl y galw</u> Haf 36 Hanner tymor mis Hydref 0 Nadolig 0 Hanner tymor mis Chwefror 20 Pasg 30 Hanner tymor mis Mai 35</p>		
Darpariaeth Gofal Chwarae Mynediad Agored		269	<p><u>Amser llawn</u> Haf 13 Hanner tymor mis Hydref 30 Nadolig 0 Hanner tymor mis Chwefror 15 Pasg 40 Hanner tymor mis Mai 10</p> <p><u>Rhan-amser</u> Haf 79 Hanner tymor mis Hydref 45 Nadolig 22 Hanner tymor mis Chwefror 41 Pasg 56 Hanner tymor mis Mai 42</p>	0	11

			<u>Yn ôl y galw</u> Haf 158 Hanner tymor mis Hydref 85 Nadolig 0 Hanner tymor mis Chwefror 75 Pasg 85 Hanner tymor mis Mai			
Nani	0	0	0	0	0	0

DRAFT

Dosbarthiad daearyddol y llefydd gofal plant fesul math o ofal – Cyflenwad a Galw – yn ystod y tymor

Oherwydd bod nifer ymatebion y darparwyr cofrestredig mor fach, yn yr adran yma, rydyn ni wedi defnyddio'r data o'r ffurflenni Datganiad Hunanasesu Gwasanaeth a gafodd eu llenwi gan ddarparwyr gofal plant cofrestredig yn unig.

Cwm Rhondda Fawr

Math o ofal plant	Tymor yr ysgol					
	Llefydd sydd wedi'u cofrestru gydag AGGCC	Nifer fwyaf y llefydd gofal plant sydd ar gael bob dydd	Nifer y plant sy'n defnyddio'r gwasanaeth	Nifer y lleoedd gwag	Nifer y plant sydd ar y rhestr aros	Nifer y llefydd gofal plant sydd eu heisiau <i>yn ôl arolygon rhieni</i>
Gwarchodwr plant	96	Diwrnod llawn 41 Hanner diwrnod 30 Cyn i'r ysgol ddechrau 32 Ar ôl yr ysgol 35 Gofal cofleidiol 19	77	Diwrnod llawn 14 Hanner diwrnod 13 Cyn i'r ysgol ddechrau 10 Ar ôl yr ysgol 10 Gofal cofleidiol 6	0	Diwrnod llawn 2 Hanner diwrnod 2 Cyn i'r ysgol ddechrau 2 Ar ôl yr ysgol 5 Gofal cofleidiol 0
Gofal oriau dydd						
Meithrinfa – diwrnod llawn	269	Diwrnod llawn 79 Hanner diwrnod AM 42 Hanner diwrnod PM 51 Cylch chwarae AM 32 Cylch chwarae PM 12 Cyn i'r ysgol ddechrau 23 Ar ôl yr ysgol 19 Gofal cofleidiol 0 Cinio 0	208	Diwrnod llawn 54 Hanner diwrnod AM 51 Hanner diwrnod PM 57 Cylch chwarae AM 40 Cylch chwarae PM 15 Cyn i'r ysgol ddechrau 3 Ar ôl yr ysgol 7 Gofal cofleidiol 0 Cinio 0	0	Diwrnod llawn 4 Hanner diwrnod AM 2 Hanner diwrnod PM 0 Cylch chwarae AM 1 Cylch chwarae PM 0 Cyn i'r ysgol ddechrau 0 Ar ôl yr ysgol 0 Gofal cofleidiol 0 Crèche 2

						Cinio 0
Gofal sesiynol diwrnod llawn	126	Boreau 91 Prynhawniau 54 Gofal cofleidiol 0 Cinio 0	186	Boreau 7 Prynhawniau 15 Gofal cofleidiol 7	0	Boreau 2 Prynhawniau 1 Gofal cofleidiol 2 Cinio 0
Crèches	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gofal y tu allan i oriau'r ysgol	0	0	0	0	0	0
Darpariaeth Gofal Chwarae Mynediad Agored	0	0	0	0	0	0
Nani	0	0	0	0	0	0

Cwm Rhondda Fach

Math o ofal plant	Tymor yr ysgol					
	Llefydd sydd wedi'u cofrestru gydag AGGCC	Nifer fwyaf y llefydd gofal plant sydd ar gael bob dydd	Nifer y plant sy'n defnyddio'r gwasanaeth	Nifer y lleoedd gwag	Nifer y plant sydd ar y rhestr aros	Nifer y llefydd gofal plant sydd eu heisiau yn ôl arolygon rhieni
Gwarchodwr plant	56	Diwrnod llawn 27 Hanner diwrnod 6 Cyn i'r ysgol ddechrau 14 Ar ôl yr ysgol 25 Gofal cofleidiol 5	53	Diwrnod llawn 13 Hanner diwrnod 6 Cyn i'r ysgol ddechrau 6 Ar ôl yr ysgol 1 Gofal cofleidiol 0	Tymor yr hydref 3 Tymor y gwanwyn 3 Tymor yr haf 3	Diwrnod llawn 1 Hanner diwrnod 0 Cyn i'r ysgol ddechrau 1 Ar ôl yr ysgol 1 Gofal cofleidiol 0
Gofal oriau dydd						

Meithrinfa – diwrnod llawn	98	Diwrnod llawn 68 Hanner diwrnod AM 0 Hanner diwrnod PM 0 Cylch chwarae AM 60 Cylch chwarae PM 60 Cyn i'r ysgol ddechrau 0 Ar ôl yr ysgol 0 Gofal cofleidiol 0 Cinio 48	207	Diwrnod llawn 91 Hanner diwrnod AM 17 Hanner diwrnod PM 24 Cylch chwarae AM 39 Cylch chwarae PM 44 Cyn i'r ysgol ddechrau 0 Ar ôl yr ysgol 0 Gofal cofleidiol 0 Cinio 30	0	Diwrnod llawn 3 Hanner diwrnod AM 0 Hanner diwrnod PM 0 Cylch chwarae AM 1 Cylch chwarae PM 0 Cyn i'r ysgol ddechrau 3 Ar ôl yr ysgol 1 Gofal cofleidiol 0 Crèche 2 Cinio 0
Gofal sesiynol diwrnod llawn	112	Boreau 97 Prynhawniau 68 Gofal cofleidiol 2 Cinio 36	156	Boreau 60 Prynhawniau 53 Gofal cofleidiol 7	Tymor yr hydref 7 Tymor y gwanwyn 1 Tymor yr haf 0	Boreau 2 Prynhawniau 2 Gofal cofleidiol 0 Cinio 0
Crèches	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gofal y tu allan i oriau'r ysgol	0	0	0	0	0	0
Darpariaeth Gofal Chwarae Mynediad Agored	30	Cynllun chwarae 30	30	0	0	Ar ôl yr ysgol 1
Nani	0	0	0	0	0	0

Cwm Cynon Uchaf

Math o ofal plant	Tymor yr ysgol					
	Llefydd sydd wedi'u cofrestru gydag AGGCC	Nifer fwyaf y llefydd gofal plant sydd ar gael bob dydd	Nifer y plant sy'n defnyddio'r gwasanaeth	Nifer y lleoedd gwag	Nifer y plant sydd ar y rhestr aros	Nifer y llefydd gofal plant sydd eu heisiau <i>yn ôl arolygon rhieni</i>
Gwarchodwr plant	163	Diwrnod llawn 75 Hanner diwrnod 42 Cyn i'r ysgol ddechrau 61 Ar ôl yr ysgol 108 Gofal cofleidiol 25	175	Diwrnod llawn 59 Hanner diwrnod 19 Cyn i'r ysgol ddechrau 67 Ar ôl yr ysgol 82 Gofal cofleidiol 0	Tymor yr hydref 2 Tymor y gwanwyn 0 Tymor yr haf 1	0
Gofal oriau dydd						
Meithrinfa – diwrnod llawn	162	Diwrnod llawn 40 Hanner diwrnod AM 29 Hanner diwrnod PM 40 Cylch chwarae AM 22 Cylch chwarae PM 22 Cyn i'r ysgol ddechrau 17 Ar ôl yr ysgol 16 Gofal cofleidiol 22 Cinio 34	329	Diwrnod llawn 23 Hanner diwrnod AM 29 Hanner diwrnod PM 30 Cylch chwarae AM 2 Cylch chwarae PM 20 Cyn i'r ysgol ddechrau 16 Ar ôl yr ysgol 10 Gofal cofleidiol 0 Cinio 20	0	Diwrnod llawn 3 Hanner diwrnod AM 1 Hanner diwrnod PM 0 Cylch chwarae AM 0 Cylch chwarae PM 0 Cyn i'r ysgol ddechrau 1 Ar ôl yr ysgol 1 Gofal cofleidiol 1 Crèche 1 Cinio 0
Gofal sesiynol diwrnod llawn	30	Boreau 30 Prynhawniau 30 Gofal cofleidiol 0 Cinio 0	51	Boreau 27 Prynhawniau 64 Gofal cofleidiol 0	0	Boreau 1 Prynhawniau 0 Gofal cofleidiol 2 Cinio 0
Crèches	0	0	0	0	0	0

Gofal y tu allan i oriau'r ysgol	0	0	0	0	0	0
Darpariaeth Gofal Chwarae Mynediad Agored	100	100	85	0	0	Ar ôl yr ysgol 1
Nani	0	0	0	0	0	0

Cwm Cynon Isaf

Math o ofal plant	Tymor yr ysgol					
	Llefydd sydd wedi'u cofrestru gydag AGGCC	Nifer fwyaf y llefydd gofal plant sydd ar gael bob dydd	Nifer y plant sy'n defnyddio'r gwasanaeth	Nifer y lleoedd gwag	Nifer y plant sydd ar y rhestr aros	Nifer y llefydd gofal plant sydd eu heisiau yn ôl arolygon rhieni
Gwarchodwr plant	93	Diwrnod llawn 69 Hanner diwrnod 10 Cyn i'r ysgol ddechrau 44 Ar ôl yr ysgol 37 Gofal cofleidiol 8	125	Diwrnod llawn 38 Hanner diwrnod 14 Cyn i'r ysgol ddechrau 12 Ar ôl yr ysgol 9 Gofal cofleidiol 0	Tymor yr hydref 0 Tymor y gwanwyn 0 Tymor yr haf 9	Diwrnod llawn 0 Hanner diwrnod 1 Cyn i'r ysgol ddechrau 2 Ar ôl yr ysgol 3 Gofal cofleidiol 1
Gofal oriau dydd						
Meithrinfa – diwrnod llawn	157	Diwrnod llawn 124 Hanner diwrnod AM 59 Hanner diwrnod PM 59 Cylch chwarae AM 26 Cylch chwarae PM 26	278	Diwrnod llawn 76 Hanner diwrnod AM 0 Hanner diwrnod PM 0 Cylch chwarae AM 7 Cylch chwarae PM 11	0	Diwrnod llawn 0 Hanner diwrnod AM 1 Hanner diwrnod PM 1 Cylch chwarae AM 0 Cylch chwarae PM 0

		Cyn i'r ysgol ddechrau 24 Ar ôl yr ysgol 24 Gofal cofleidiol 31 Cinio 16		Cyn i'r ysgol ddechrau 28 Ar ôl yr ysgol 22 Gofal cofleidiol 1 Cinio 16		Cyn i'r ysgol ddechrau 0 Ar ôl yr ysgol 1 Gofal cofleidiol 0 Crèche 2 Cinio 0
Gofal sesiynol diwrnod llawn	72	Boreau 66 Prynhawniau 30 Gofal cofleidiol 0 Cinio 0	73	Boreau 43 Prynhawniau 30 Gofal cofleidiol 0	0	Boreau 0 Prynhawniau 1 Gofal cofleidiol 1 Cinio 0
Crèches	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gofal y tu allan i oriau'r ysgol	0	0	0	0	0	0
Darpariaeth Gofal Chwarae Mynediad Agored	0	0	0	0	0	0
Nani	0	0	0	0	0	0

Dwyrain Taf

Math o ofal plant	Tymor yr ysgol					
	Llefydd sydd wedi'u cofrestru gydag AGGCC	Nifer fwyaf y llefydd gofal plant sydd ar gael bob dydd	Nifer y plant sy'n defnyddio'r gwasanaeth	Nifer y lleoedd gwag	Nifer y plant sydd ar y rhestr aros	Nifer y llefydd gofal plant sydd eu heisiau yn ôl arolygon rhieni
Gwarchodwr plant	172	Diwrnod llawn 51 Hanner diwrnod 22	164	Diwrnod llawn 16 Hanner diwrnod 13	Tymor yr hydref 1 Tymor y gwanwyn	Diwrnod llawn 4 Hanner diwrnod 2

		Cyn i'r ysgol ddechrau 50 Ar ôl yr ysgol 67 Gofal cofleidiol 18		Cyn i'r ysgol ddechrau 20 Ar ôl yr ysgol 15 Gofal cofleidiol 4	0 Tymor yr haf 0	Cyn i'r ysgol ddechrau 6 Ar ôl yr ysgol 7 Gofal cofleidiol 4
Gofal oriau dydd						
Meithrinfa – diwrnod llawn	216	Diwrnod llawn 171 Hanner diwrnod AM 39 Hanner diwrnod PM 39 Cylch chwarae AM 0 Cylch chwarae PM 0 Cyn i'r ysgol ddechrau 0 Ar ôl yr ysgol 0 Gofal cofleidiol 0 Cinio 0	368	Diwrnod llawn 31 Hanner diwrnod AM 26 Hanner diwrnod PM 79 Cylch chwarae AM 6 Cylch chwarae PM 0 Cyn i'r ysgol ddechrau 0 Ar ôl yr ysgol 0 Gofal cofleidiol 0 Cinio 0	0	Diwrnod llawn 8 Hanner diwrnod AM 2 Hanner diwrnod PM 2 Cylch chwarae AM 1 Cylch chwarae PM 0 Cyn i'r ysgol ddechrau 2 Ar ôl yr ysgol 1 Gofal cofleidiol 2 Crèche 0 Cinio 0
Gofal sesiynol diwrnod llawn	149	Boreau 105 Prynhawniau 39 Gofal cofleidiol 1 Cinio 0	167	Boreau 27 Prynhawniau 2 Gofal cofleidiol 4	Tymor yr hydref 0 Tymor y gwanwyn 0 Tymor yr haf 22	Boreau 3 Prynhawniau 0 Gofal cofleidiol 2 Cinio 0
Crèches	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gofal y tu allan i oriau'r ysgol	60	Cyn i'r ysgol ddechrau 0 Ar ôl yr ysgol 60	60			
Darpariaeth Gofal Chwarae Mynediad Agored	0	0	0	0	0	0
Nani	0	0	0	0	0	0

Gorllewin Taf

Math o ofal plant	Tymor yr ysgol					
	Llefydd sydd wedi'u cofrestru gydag AGGCC	Nifer fwyaf y llefydd gofal plant sydd ar gael bob dydd	Nifer y plant sy'n defnyddio'r gwasanaeth	Nifer y lleoedd gwag	Nifer y plant sydd ar y rhestr aros	Nifer y llefydd gofal plant sydd eu heisiau <i>yn ôl arolygon rhieni</i>
Gwarchodwr plant	52	Diwrnod llawn 25 Hanner diwrnod 20 Cyn i'r ysgol ddechrau 29 Ar ôl yr ysgol 35 Gofal cofleidiol 10	31	Diwrnod llawn 34 Hanner diwrnod 26 Cyn i'r ysgol ddechrau 27 Ar ôl yr ysgol 22 Gofal cofleidiol 0	0	Diwrnod llawn 1 Hanner diwrnod 0 Cyn i'r ysgol ddechrau 1 Ar ôl yr ysgol 2 Gofal cofleidiol 0
Gofal oriau dydd						
Meithrinfa – diwrnod llawn	0	0	0	0	0	Diwrnod llawn 2 Hanner diwrnod AM 1 Hanner diwrnod PM 0 Cylch chwarae AM 2 Cylch chwarae PM 1 Cyn i'r ysgol ddechrau 0 Ar ôl yr ysgol 0 Gofal cofleidiol 0 Crèche 0 Cinio 1
Gofal sesiynol diwrnod llawn	44	Boreau 44 Prynhawniau 20 Gofal cofleidiol 0 Cinio 0	60	Boreau 15 Prynhawniau 4 Gofal cofleidiol 0	0	Boreau 1 Prynhawniau 0 Gofal cofleidiol 2 Cinio 1
Crèches	0	0	0	0	0	0

Gofal y tu allan i oriau'r ysgol	24	Cyn i'r ysgol ddechrau 0 Ar ôl yr ysgol 24	168			
Darpariaeth Gofal Chwarae Mynediad Agored	100	Ar ôl yr ysgol 100	92	0	0	0
Nani	0	0	0	0	0	0

Gogledd Taf

Math o ofal plant	Tymor yr ysgol					
	Llefydd sydd wedi'u cofrestru gydag AGGCC	Nifer fwyaf y llefydd gofal plant sydd ar gael bob dydd	Nifer y plant sy'n defnyddio'r gwasanaeth	Nifer y lleoedd gwag	Nifer y plant sydd ar y rhestr aros	Nifer y llefydd gofal plant sydd eu heisiau <i>yn ôl arolygon rhieni</i>
Gwarchodwr plant	140	Diwrnod llawn 90 Hanner diwrnod 31 Cyn i'r ysgol ddechrau 62 Ar ôl yr ysgol 57 Gofal cofleidiol 6	159	Diwrnod llawn 59 Hanner diwrnod 6 Cyn i'r ysgol ddechrau 22 Ar ôl yr ysgol 16 Gofal cofleidiol 0	Tymor yr hydref 1 Tymor y gwanwyn 1 Tymor yr haf 9	Diwrnod llawn 5 Hanner diwrnod 0 Cyn i'r ysgol ddechrau 1 Ar ôl yr ysgol 4 Gofal cofleidiol 0
Gofal oriau dydd						
Meithrinfa – diwrnod llawn	129	Diwrnod llawn 85 Hanner diwrnod AM 54 Hanner diwrnod PM 53 Cylch chwarae AM 8 Cylch chwarae PM	168	Diwrnod llawn 12 Hanner diwrnod AM 17 Hanner diwrnod PM 29 Cylch chwarae AM 8 Cylch chwarae PM	Tymor yr hydref 31 Tymor y gwanwyn 6 Tymor yr haf 9	Diwrnod llawn 5 Hanner diwrnod AM 3 Hanner diwrnod PM 1 Cylch chwarae AM 0 Cylch chwarae PM

		8 Cyn i'r ysgol ddechrau 0 Ar ôl yr ysgol 0 Gofal cofleidiol 32 Cinio 48		0 Cyn i'r ysgol ddechrau 0 Ar ôl yr ysgol 0 Gofal cofleidiol 0 Cinio 0		0 Cyn i'r ysgol ddechrau 1 Ar ôl yr ysgol 1 Gofal cofleidiol 0 Crèche 2 Cinio 0
Gofal sesiynol diwrnod llawn	88	Boreau 62 Prynhawniau 61 Gofal cofleidiol 0 Cinio 0	138	Boreau 49 Prynhawniau 87 Gofal cofleidiol 0	0	Boreau 2 Prynhawniau 1 Gofal cofleidiol 0 Cinio 0
Crèches	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gofal y tu allan i oriau'r ysgol	86	Cyn i'r ysgol ddechrau 56 Ar ôl yr ysgol 86	110			
Darpariaeth Gofal Chwarae Mynediad Agored	30	Ar ôl yr ysgol 30	76	0	0	0
Nani	0	0	0	0	0	0

De Taf

Math o ofal plant	Tymor yr ysgol					
	Llefydd sydd wedi'u cofrestru gydag AGGCC	Nifer fwyaf y llefydd gofal plant sydd ar gael bob dydd	Nifer y plant sy'n defnyddio'r gwasanaeth	Nifer y lleoedd gwag	Nifer y plant sydd ar y rhestr aros	Nifer y llefydd gofal plant sydd eu heisiau yn ôl arolygon rhieni
Gwarchodwr plant	193	Diwrnod llawn 81 Hanner diwrnod 21 Cyn i'r ysgol ddechrau 55	212	Diwrnod llawn 29 Hanner diwrnod 14 Cyn i'r ysgol ddechrau 67	Tymor yr hydref 2 Tymor y gwanwyn 2 Tymor yr haf 4	Diwrnod llawn 11 Hanner diwrnod 5 Cyn i'r ysgol ddechrau 11

		Ar ôl yr ysgol 59 Gofal cofleidiol 18		Ar ôl yr ysgol 59 Gofal cofleidiol 2		Ar ôl yr ysgol 8 Gofal cofleidiol 1
Gofal oriau dydd						
Meithrinfa – diwrnod llawn	285	Diwrnod llawn 222 Hanner diwrnod AM 69 Hanner diwrnod PM 64 Cylch chwarae AM 11 Cylch chwarae PM 6 Cyn i'r ysgol ddechrau 8 Ar ôl yr ysgol 8 Gofal cofleidiol 13 Cinio 0	415	Diwrnod llawn 154 Hanner diwrnod AM 13 Hanner diwrnod PM 8 Cylch chwarae AM 11 Cylch chwarae PM 6 Cyn i'r ysgol ddechrau 3 Ar ôl yr ysgol 0 Gofal cofleidiol 13 Cinio 0	0	Diwrnod llawn 16 Hanner diwrnod AM 2 Hanner diwrnod PM 1 Cylch chwarae AM 4 Cylch chwarae PM 0 Cyn i'r ysgol ddechrau 5 Ar ôl yr ysgol 5 Gofal cofleidiol 2 Crèche 0 Cinio 0
Gofal sesiynol diwrnod llawn	32	Boreau 32 Prynhawniau 0 Gofal cofleidiol 0 Cinio 0	44	Boreau 0 Prynhawniau 0 Gofal cofleidiol 0	Tymor yr hydref 44 Tymor y gwanwyn 52 Tymor yr haf 44	Boreau 7 Prynhawniau 1 Gofal cofleidiol 2 Cinio 2
Crèches	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gofal y tu allan i oriau'r ysgol	205	Cyn i'r ysgol ddechrau 40 Ar ôl yr ysgol 205	222			
Darpariaeth Gofal Chwarae Mynediad Agored	0	0	0	0	0	0
Nani	0	0	0	0	0	0

Dosbarthiad daearyddol y llefydd gofal plant fesul math o ofal – Cyflenwad a Galw – Gwyliau'r Ysgol

Cwm Rhondda Fawr

Math o ofal plant	Gwyliau'r ysgol					
	Llefydd sydd wedi'u cofrestru gydag AGGCC	Nifer fwyaf y llefydd gofal plant sydd ar gael bob dydd	Nifer y plant sy'n defnyddio'r gwasanaeth	Nifer y lleoedd gwag	Nifer y plant sydd ar y rhestr aros	Nifer y llefydd gofal plant sydd eu heisiau yn ôl arolygon rhieni
Gwarchodwr plant	96	57	<u>Amser llawn</u> Haf 4 Hanner tymor mis Hydref 4 Nadolig 4 Hanner tymor mis Chwefror 6 Pasg 4 Hanner tymor mis Mai 8 <u>Rhan-amser</u> Haf 34 Hanner tymor mis Hydref 24 Nadolig 26 Hanner tymor mis Chwefror 31 Pasg 26 Hanner tymor mis Mai 32 <u>Yn ôl y galw</u> Haf 6 Hanner tymor mis Hydref 6 Nadolig 6 Hanner tymor mis	Gwyliau AM 6 Gwyliau PM 5		3

			Chwefror 6 Pasg 6 Hanner tymor mis Mai 6			
Gofal oriau dydd						
Meithrinfa – diwrnod llawn		233	<u>Amser llawn</u> Haf 33 Hanner tymor mis Hydref 32 Nadolig 16 Hanner tymor mis Chwefror 34 Pasg 33 Hanner tymor mis Mai 34 <u>Rhan-amser</u> Haf 41 Hanner tymor mis Hydref 34 Nadolig 15 Hanner tymor mis Chwefror 34 Pasg 34 Hanner tymor mis Mai 33 <u>Yn ôl y galw</u> Haf 0 Hanner tymor mis Hydref 0 Nadolig 0 Hanner tymor mis Chwefror 0 Pasg 0 Hanner tymor mis Mai 0	Gwyliau AM 20 Gwyliau PM 10		2
Gofal sesiynol diwrnod		109	<u>Amser llawn</u> Haf 39			

llawn			<p>Hanner tymor mis Hydref 0 Nadolig 0 Hanner tymor mis Chwefror 0 Pasg 0 Hanner tymor mis Mai 0</p> <p><u>Rhan-amser</u> Haf 47 Hanner tymor mis Hydref 42 Nadolig 0 Hanner tymor mis Chwefror 0 Pasg 0 Hanner tymor mis Mai 0</p> <p><u>Yn ôl y galw</u> Haf 0 Hanner tymor mis Hydref 0 Nadolig 0 Hanner tymor mis Chwefror 0 Pasg 0 Hanner tymor mis Mai 0</p>			
Crèches		0	0	0	0	0
Gofal y tu allan i oriau'r ysgol		0	0	0	0	0
Darpariaeth Gofal Chwarae Mynediad Agored		0	0	0	0	0

Nani		0	0	0	0	0
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Cwm Rhondda Fach

Math o ofal plant	Gwyliau'r ysgol					
	Llefydd sydd wedi'u cofrestru gydag AGGCC	Nifer fwyaf y llefydd gofal plant sydd ar gael bob dydd	Nifer y plant sy'n defnyddio'r gwasanaeth	Nifer y lleoedd gwag	Nifer y plant sydd ar y rhestr aros	Nifer y llefydd gofal plant sydd eu heisiau yn ôl arolygon rhieni
Gwarchodwr plant		38	<u>Amser llawn</u> Haf 17 Hanner tymor mis Hydref 15 Nadolig 10 Hanner tymor mis Chwefror 15 Pasg 13 Hanner tymor mis Mai 19 <u>Rhan-amser</u> Haf 13 Hanner tymor mis Hydref 14 Nadolig 4 Hanner tymor mis Chwefror 13 Pasg 16 Hanner tymor mis Mai <u>Yn ôl y galw</u> Haf 1 Hanner tymor mis	Gwyliau AM 0 Gwyliau PM 0		3

			Hydref 1 Nadolig 0 Hanner tymor mis Chwefror 1 Pasg 1 Hanner tymor mis Mai 1			
Gofal oriau dydd						
Meithrinfa – diwrnod llawn		194	<u>Amser llawn</u> Haf 42 Hanner tymor mis Hydref 0 Nadolig 0 Hanner tymor mis Chwefror 0 Pasg 0 Hanner tymor mis Mai 0 <u>Rhan-amser</u> Haf 111 Hanner tymor mis Hydref 0 Nadolig 0 Hanner tymor mis Chwefror 0 Pasg 0 Hanner tymor mis Mai 0 <u>Yn ôl y galw</u> Haf 0 Hanner tymor mis Hydref 0 Nadolig 0 Hanner tymor mis Chwefror 0 Pasg 0 Hanner tymor mis Mai 0	Gwyliau AM 0 Gwyliau PM 0		1

Gofal sesiynol diwrnod llawn		128	<u>Amser llawn</u> Haf 46 Hanner tymor mis Hydref 0 Nadolig 0 Hanner tymor mis Chwefror 0 Pasg 0 Hanner tymor mis Mai 0 <u>Rhan-amser</u> Haf 67 Hanner tymor mis Hydref 9 Nadolig 4 Hanner tymor mis Chwefror 6 Pasg 5 Hanner tymor mis Mai 0 <u>Yn ôl y galw</u> Haf 0 Hanner tymor mis Hydref 0 Nadolig 0 Hanner tymor mis Chwefror 0 Pasg 0 Hanner tymor mis Mai 0			
Crèches		0	0	0	0	0
Gofal y tu allan i oriau'r ysgol		0	0	0	0	0
Darpariaeth Gofal		30	<u>Amser llawn</u>			

Chwarae Mynediad Agored			Haf 28 Hanner tymor mis Hydref 0 Nadolig 0 Hanner tymor mis Chwefror 0 Pasg 0 Hanner tymor mis Mai 0 <u>Rhan-amser</u> Haf 0 Hanner tymor mis Hydref 0 Nadolig 0 Hanner tymor mis Chwefror 0 Pasg 0 Hanner tymor mis Mai 0 <u>Yn ôl y galw</u> Haf 0 Hanner tymor mis Hydref 0 Nadolig 0 Hanner tymor mis Chwefror 0 Pasg 0 Hanner tymor mis Mai 0			
Nani		0	0	0	0	0

Cwm Cynon Uchaf

Math o ofal plant	Gwyliau'r ysgol					
	Llefydd sydd wedi'u cofrestru gydag AGGCC	Nifer fwyaf y llefydd gofal plant sydd ar gael bob dydd	Nifer y plant sy'n defnyddio'r gwasanaeth	Nifer y lleoedd gwag	Nifer y plant sydd ar y rhestr aros	Nifer y llefydd gofal plant sydd eu heisiau yn ôl arolygon rhieni
Gwarchodwr plant		194	<u>Amser llawn</u> Haf 48 Hanner tymor mis Hydref 34 Nadolig 13 Hanner tymor mis Chwefror 47 Pasg 38 Hanner tymor mis Mai 32 <u>Rhan-amser</u> Haf 65 Hanner tymor mis Hydref 45 Nadolig 23 Hanner tymor mis Chwefror 45 Pasg 46 Hanner tymor mis Mai 47 <u>Yn ôl y galw</u> Haf 3 Hanner tymor mis Hydref 1 Nadolig 0 Hanner tymor mis Chwefror 2 Pasg 3 Hanner tymor mis	Gwyliau AM 56 Gwyliau PM 56		0

			Mai 1			
Gofal oriau dydd						
Meithrinfa – diwrnod llawn		63	<u>Amser llawn</u> Haf 24 Hanner tymor mis Hydref 6 Nadolig 7 Hanner tymor mis Chwefror 8 Pasg 8 Hanner tymor mis Mai 8 <u>Rhan-amser</u> Haf 207 Hanner tymor mis Hydref 5 Nadolig 5 Hanner tymor mis Chwefror 4 Pasg 4 Hanner tymor mis Mai 4 <u>Yn ôl y galw</u> Haf 20 Hanner tymor mis Hydref 0 Nadolig 0 Hanner tymor mis Chwefror 0 Pasg 0 Hanner tymor mis Mai 0	Gwyliau AM 0 Gwyliau PM 0		0
Gofal sesiynol diwrnod llawn		60	<u>Amser llawn</u> Haf 44 Hanner tymor mis Hydref 0 Nadolig 0			

			<p>Hanner tymor mis Chwefror 0 Pasg 0 Hanner tymor mis Mai 0</p> <p><u>Rhan-amser</u> Haf 7 Hanner tymor mis Hydref 3 Nadolig 0 Hanner tymor mis Chwefror 0 Pasg 0 Hanner tymor mis Mai 0</p> <p><u>Yn ôl y galw</u> Haf 0 Hanner tymor mis Hydref 0 Nadolig 0 Hanner tymor mis Chwefror 0 Pasg 0 Hanner tymor mis Mai 0</p>			
Crèches		0	0	0	0	0
Gofal y tu allan i oriau'r ysgol		0	0	0	0	0
Darpariaeth Gofal Chwarae Mynediad Agored		109				

			Pasg 0 Hanner tymor mis Mai 0 <u>Rhan-amser</u> Haf 29 Hanner tymor mis Hydref 15 Nadolig 22 Hanner tymor mis Chwefror 26 Pasg 21 Hanner tymor mis Mai 27 <u>Yn ôl y galw</u> Haf 55 Hanner tymor mis Hydref 60 Nadolig 0 Hanner tymor mis Chwefror 60 Pasg 60 Hanner tymor mis Mai 60			
Nani		0	0	0	0	0

Cwm Cynon Isaf

Math o ofal plant	Gwyliau'r ysgol					
	Llefydd sydd wedi'u cofrestru gydag AGGCC	Nifer fwyaf y llefydd gofal plant sydd ar gael bob dydd	Nifer y plant sy'n defnyddio'r gwasanaeth	Nifer y lleoedd gwag	Nifer y plant sydd ar y rhestr aros	Nifer y llefydd gofal plant sydd eu heisiau yn ôl arolygon rhieni
Gwarchodwr plant		86	<u>Amser llawn</u> Haf 40 Hanner tymor mis Hydref 28 Nadolig 10 Hanner tymor mis Chwefror 30 Pasg 40 Hanner tymor mis Mai 36 <u>Rhan-amser</u> Haf 24 Hanner tymor mis Hydref 20 Nadolig 18 Hanner tymor mis Chwefror 20 Pasg 21 Hanner tymor mis Mai 21 <u>Yn ôl y galw</u> Haf 17 Hanner tymor mis Hydref 15 Nadolig 15 Hanner tymor mis Chwefror 18 Pasg 18 Hanner tymor mis	Gwyliau AM 5 Gwyliau PM 5		3

			Mai 18			
Gofal oriau dydd						
Meithrinfa – diwrnod llawn		129	<u>Amser llawn</u> Haf 20 Hanner tymor mis Hydref 7 Nadolig 5 Hanner tymor mis Chwefror 7 Pasg 7 Hanner tymor mis Mai 6 <u>Rhan-amser</u> Haf 106 Hanner tymor mis Hydref 30 Nadolig 26 Hanner tymor mis Chwefror 27 Pasg 27 Hanner tymor mis Mai 31 <u>Yn ôl y galw</u> Haf 5 Hanner tymor mis Hydref 6 Nadolig 4 Hanner tymor mis Chwefror 6 Pasg 6 Hanner tymor mis Mai 3	Gwyliau AM 0 Gwyliau PM 0		2
Gofal sesiynol diwrnod llawn		62	0			
Crèches		0	0	0	0	0

Gofal y tu allan i oriau'r ysgol		0	0	0	0	0
Darpariaeth Gofal Chwarae Mynediad Agored		0	0	0	0	0
Nani		0	0	0	0	0

Dwyrain Taf

Math o ofal plant	Gwyliau'r ysgol					
	Llefydd sydd wedi'u cofrestru gydag AGGCC	Nifer fwyaf y llefydd gofal plant sydd ar gael bob dydd	Nifer y plant sy'n defnyddio'r gwasanaeth	Nifer y lleoedd gwag	Nifer y plant sydd ar y rhestr aros	Nifer y llefydd gofal plant sydd eu heisiau yn ôl arolygon rhieni
Gwarchodwr plant		132	<u>Amser llawn</u> Haf 10 Hanner tymor mis Hydref 21 Nadolig 5 Hanner tymor mis Chwefror 11 Pasg 11 Hanner tymor mis Mai 11 <u>Rhan-amser</u> Haf 49 Hanner tymor mis Hydref 40 Nadolig 721 Hanner tymor mis	Gwyliau AM 11 Gwyliau PM 12		4

			Chwefror 41 Pasg 40 Hanner tymor mis Mai 34 <u>Yn ôl y galw</u> Haf 12 Hanner tymor mis Hydref 18 Nadolig 4 Hanner tymor mis Chwefror 8 Pasg 4 Hanner tymor mis Mai 13			
Gofal oriau dydd						
Meithrinfa – diwrnod llawn		83	<u>Amser llawn</u> Haf 6 Hanner tymor mis Hydref 0 Nadolig 0 Hanner tymor mis Chwefror 0 Pasg 0 Hanner tymor mis Mai 0 <u>Rhan-amser</u> Haf 17 Hanner tymor mis Hydref 0 Nadolig 0 Hanner tymor mis Chwefror 0 Pasg 5 Hanner tymor mis Mai 0 <u>Yn ôl y galw</u> Haf 0	Gwyliau AM 0 Gwyliau PM 0		1

			<p>Hanner tymor mis Hydref 0 Nadolig 0 Hanner tymor mis Chwefror 0 Pasg 0 Hanner tymor mis Mai 0</p>			
Gofal sesiynol diwrnod llawn		25	<p><u>Amser llawn</u> Haf 7 Hanner tymor mis Hydref 0 Nadolig 0 Hanner tymor mis Chwefror 0 Pasg 0 Hanner tymor mis Mai 0</p> <p><u>Rhan-amser</u> Haf 8 Hanner tymor mis Hydref 0 Nadolig 0 Hanner tymor mis Chwefror 0 Pasg 0 Hanner tymor mis Mai 0</p> <p><u>Yn ôl y galw</u> Haf 0 Hanner tymor mis Hydref 0 Nadolig 0 Hanner tymor mis Chwefror 0 Pasg 0 Hanner tymor mis Mai 0</p>			

Crèches		0	0	0	0	0
Gofal y tu allan i oriau'r ysgol		60	<u>Amser llawn</u> Haf 14 Hanner tymor mis Hydref 0 Nadolig 0 Hanner tymor mis Chwefror 14 Pasg 14 Hanner tymor mis Mai 14 <u>Rhan-amser</u> Haf 75 Hanner tymor mis Hydref 0 Nadolig 0 Hanner tymor mis Chwefror 50 Pasg 50 Hanner tymor mis Mai 45 <u>Yn ôl y galw</u> Haf 36 Hanner tymor mis Hydref 0 Nadolig 0 Hanner tymor mis Chwefror 20 Pasg 30 Hanner tymor mis Mai 35			
Darpariaeth Gofal Chwarae Mynediad Agored		0	0	0	0	0

Nani		0	0	0	0	0
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Gorllewin Taf

Math o ofal plant	Gwyliau'r ysgol					
	Llefydd sydd wedi'u cofrestru gydag AGGCC	Nifer fwyaf y llefydd gofal plant sydd ar gael bob dydd	Nifer y plant sy'n defnyddio'r gwasanaeth	Nifer y lleoedd gwag	Nifer y plant sydd ar y rhestr aros	Nifer y llefydd gofal plant sydd eu heisiau yn ôl arolygon rhieni
Gwarchodwr plant		42	<u>Amser llawn</u> Haf 6 Hanner tymor mis Hydref 5 Nadolig 2 Hanner tymor mis Chwefror 2 Pasg 5 Hanner tymor mis Mai 5 <u>Rhan-amser</u> Haf 9 Hanner tymor mis Hydref 7 Nadolig 4 Hanner tymor mis Chwefror 8 Pasg 7 Hanner tymor mis Mai 8 <u>Yn ôl y galw</u> Haf 3 Hanner tymor mis	Gwyliau AM 0 Gwyliau PM 0		0

			Hydref 4 Nadolig 4 Hanner tymor mis Chwefror 4 Pasg 4 Hanner tymor mis Mai 4			
Gofal oriau dydd						
Meithrinfa – diwrnod llawn		0	0	0	0	0
Gofal sesiynol diwrnod llawn		0	0	0	0	0
Crèches		0	0	0	0	0
Gofal y tu allan i oriau'r ysgol		24	<u>Amser llawn</u> Haf 1 Hanner tymor mis Hydref 4 Nadolig 2 Hanner tymor mis Chwefror 3 Pasg 4 Hanner tymor mis Mai 4 <u>Rhan-amser</u> Haf 33 Hanner tymor mis Hydref 30 Nadolig 15 Hanner tymor mis Chwefror 30 Pasg 35 Hanner tymor mis Mai 35			

			<u>Yn ôl y galw</u> Haf Hanner tymor mis Hydref Nadolig Hanner tymor mis Chwefror Pasg Hanner tymor mis Mai		
Darpariaeth Gofal Chwarae Mynediad Agored		100	<u>Amser llawn</u> Haf 2 Hanner tymor mis Hydref 15 Nadolig 0 Hanner tymor mis Chwefror 15 Pasg 20 Hanner tymor mis Mai 10 <u>Rhan-amser</u> Haf 19 Hanner tymor mis Hydref 10 Nadolig 0 Hanner tymor mis Chwefror 15 Pasg 15 Hanner tymor mis Mai 15 <u>Yn ôl y galw</u> Haf 71 Hanner tymor mis Hydref 20 Nadolig 0 Hanner tymor mis Chwefror 15 Pasg 20		

			Hanner tymor mis Mai 15			
Nani		0	0	0	0	0

Gogledd Taf

Math o ofal plant	Gwyliau'r ysgol					
	Llefydd sydd wedi'u cofrestru gydag AGGCC	Nifer fwyaf y llefydd gofal plant sydd ar gael bob dydd	Nifer y plant sy'n defnyddio'r gwasanaeth	Nifer y lleoedd gwag	Nifer y plant sydd ar y rhestr aros	Nifer y llefydd gofal plant sydd eu heisiau yn ôl arolygon rhieni
Gwarchodwr plant		113	<u>Amser llawn</u> Haf 41 Hanner tymor mis Hydref 29 Nadolig 26 Hanner tymor mis Chwefror 31 Pasg 31 Hanner tymor mis Mai 29 <u>Rhan-amser</u> Haf 25 Hanner tymor mis Hydref 6 Nadolig 5 Hanner tymor mis Chwefror 15 Pasg 16 Hanner tymor mis Mai 6	Gwyliau AM 24 Gwyliau PM 24		3

			<u>Yn ôl y galw</u> Haf 12 Hanner tymor mis Hydref 0 Nadolig 0 Hanner tymor mis Chwefror 0 Pasg 0 Hanner tymor mis Mai 0		
Gofal oriau dydd					
Meithrinfa – diwrnod llawn		75	<u>Amser llawn</u> Haf 3 Hanner tymor mis Hydref 5 Nadolig 0 Hanner tymor mis Chwefror 3 Pasg 0 Hanner tymor mis Mai 0 <u>Rhan-amser</u> Haf 36 Hanner tymor mis Hydref 35 Nadolig 0 Hanner tymor mis Chwefror 0 Pasg 0 Hanner tymor mis Mai 0 <u>Yn ôl y galw</u> Haf 34 Hanner tymor mis Hydref 17 Nadolig 11 Hanner tymor mis Chwefror 17	Gwyliau AM 22 Gwyliau PM 21	4

			Pasg 17 Hanner tymor mis Mai 13			
Gofal sesiynol diwrnod llawn		104	<u>Amser llawn</u> Haf 23 Hanner tymor mis Hydref 0 Nadolig 0 Hanner tymor mis Chwefror 0 Pasg 0 Hanner tymor mis Mai 0 <u>Rhan-amser</u> Haf 20 Hanner tymor mis Hydref 0 Nadolig 0 Hanner tymor mis Chwefror 0 Pasg 0 Hanner tymor mis Mai 0 <u>Yn ôl y galw</u> Haf 0 Hanner tymor mis Hydref 0 Nadolig 0 Hanner tymor mis Chwefror 0 Pasg 0 Hanner tymor mis Mai 0			
Crèches		0	0	0	0	0
Gofal y tu allan i		32	<u>Amser llawn</u>			

oriau'r ysgol			<p>Haf 0 Hanner tymor mis Hydref 0 Nadolig 0 Hanner tymor mis Chwefror 0 Pasg 0 Hanner tymor mis Mai 0</p> <p><u>Rhan-amser</u> Haf 36 Hanner tymor mis Hydref 27 Nadolig 5 Hanner tymor mis Chwefror 34 Pasg 27 Hanner tymor mis Mai 0</p> <p><u>Yn ôl y galw</u> Haf Hanner tymor mis Hydref Nadolig Hanner tymor mis Chwefror Pasg Hanner tymor mis Mai</p>			
Darpariaeth Gofal Chwarae Mynediad Agored		30	<p><u>Amser llawn</u> Haf 11 Hanner tymor mis Hydref 15 Nadolig 0 Hanner tymor mis Chwefror Pasg 20 Hanner tymor mis</p>			

			<p>Mai 0</p> <p><u>Rhan-amser</u> Haf 31 Hanner tymor mis Hydref 20 Nadolig 0 Hanner tymor mis Chwefror Pasg 20 Hanner tymor mis Mai 0</p> <p><u>Yn ôl y galw</u> Haf 4 Hanner tymor mis Hydref 5 Nadolig 0 Hanner tymor mis Chwefror Pasg 5 Hanner tymor mis Mai 0</p>			
Nani		0	0	0	0	0

De Taf

Math o ofal plant	Gwyliau'r ysgol					
	Llefydd sydd wedi'u cofrestru gydag AGGCC	Nifer fwyaf y llefydd gofal plant sydd ar gael bob dydd	Nifer y plant sy'n defnyddio'r gwasanaeth	Nifer y lleoedd gwag	Nifer y plant sydd ar y rhestr aros	Nifer y llefydd gofal plant sydd eu heisiau yn ôl arolygon rhieni
Gwarchodwr plant		126	<u>Amser llawn</u> Haf 27 Hanner tymor mis Hydref 13 Nadolig 14 Hanner tymor mis Chwefror Pasg 27 Hanner tymor mis Mai <u>Rhan-amser</u> Haf 49 Hanner tymor mis Hydref 42 Nadolig 29 Hanner tymor mis Chwefror Pasg 45 Hanner tymor mis Mai 46 <u>Yn ôl y galw</u> Haf 21 Hanner tymor mis Hydref 16 Nadolig 11 Hanner tymor mis Chwefror 16 Pasg 16 Hanner tymor mis Mai 16	Gwyliau AM 65 Gwyliau PM 65		5

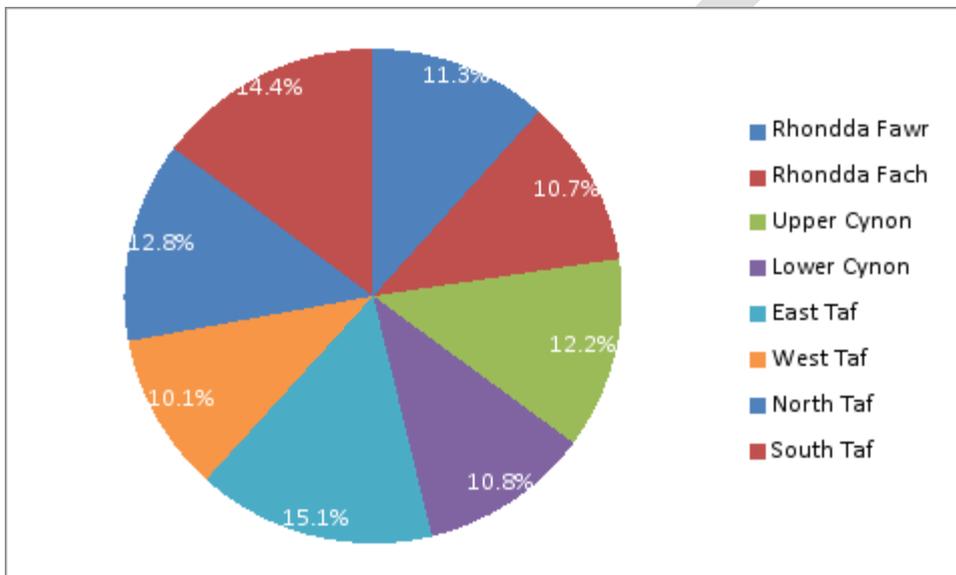
Gofal oriau dydd						
Meithrinfa – diwrnod llawn		278	<u>Amser llawn</u> Haf 15 Hanner tymor mis Hydref 5 Nadolig 4 Hanner tymor mis Chwefror 7 Pasg 6 Hanner tymor mis Mai 5 <u>Rhan-amser</u> Haf 119 Hanner tymor mis Hydref 69 Nadolig 30 Hanner tymor mis Chwefror 66 Pasg 57 Hanner tymor mis Mai 68 <u>Yn ôl y galw</u> Haf 0 Hanner tymor mis Hydref 0 Nadolig 0 Hanner tymor mis Chwefror 0 Pasg 15 Hanner tymor mis Mai 0	Gwyliau AM 0 Gwyliau PM 0		6
Gofal sesiynol diwrnod llawn		0	0	0	0	0
Crèches		0	0	0	0	0

Gofal y tu allan i oriau'r ysgol		0	0	0	0	0
Darpariaeth Gofal Chwarae Mynediad Agored		0	0	0	0	0
Nani		0	0	0	0	0

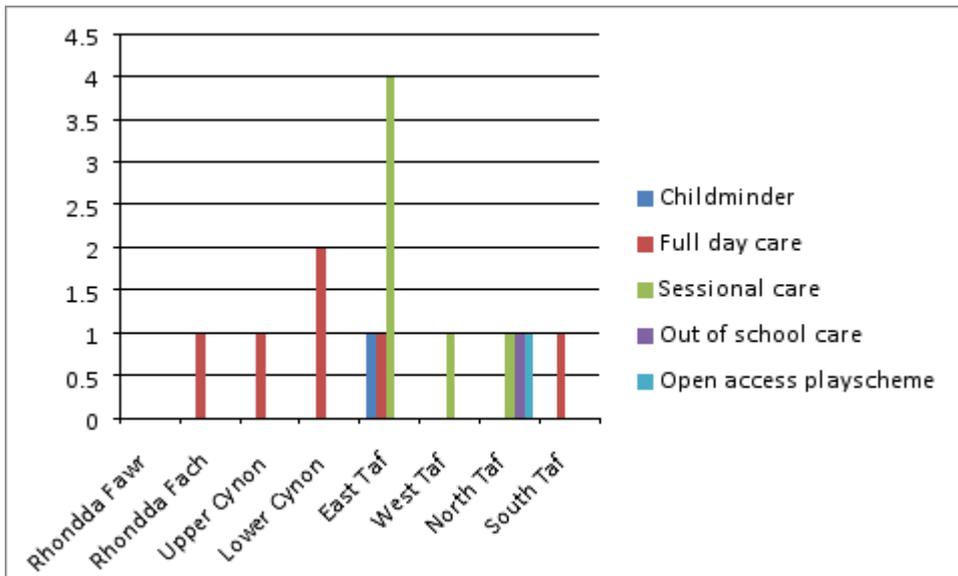
DRAFT

6. Darpariaeth Gofal Plant

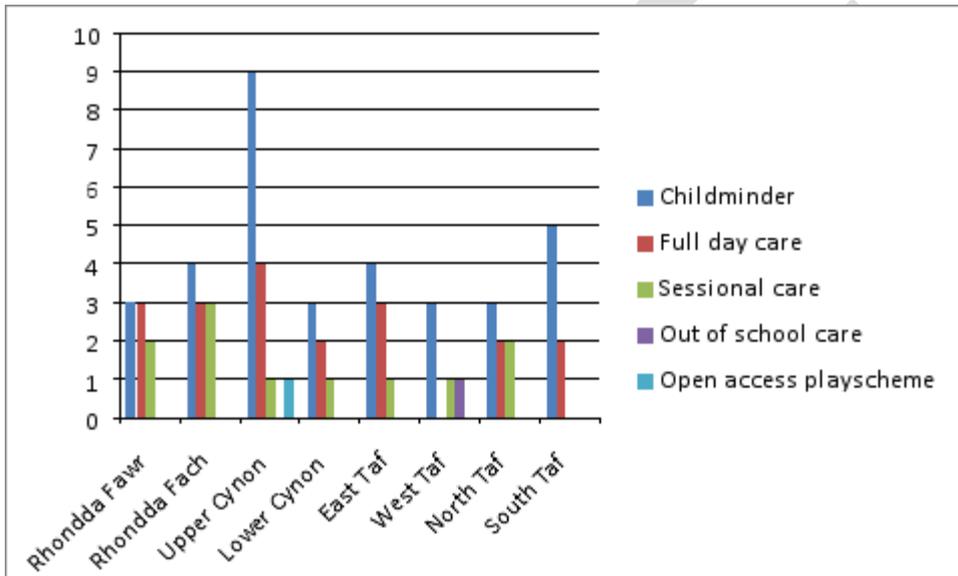
Gweler isod ddadansoddiad o'r mathau o ofal plant cofrestredig sydd ar gael ym mhob ardal yn ôl iaith. Mae darpariaeth cyfrwng Cymraeg ar gael ar draws yr wyth ardal, heblaw am ardal Rhondda Fawr. Mae nifer y darparwyr gofal sesiynol cyfrwng Cymraeg sydd wedi'u lleoli yn ardal Dwyrain Taf yn cyd-fynd â'r data o gyfrifiad 2011. Mae'r cyfrifiad yn nodi fod 15.1% o drigolion yr ardal yn ystyried eu hun yn siaradwyr Cymraeg. Dyma'r Ganran uchaf o fewn yr wyth ardal. De Taf sydd â'r ail ganran uchaf o ran nifer y siaradwyr Cymraeg. Ond, mae diffyg y ddarpariaeth gofal plant cyfrwng Cymraeg (heblaw am un darparwr gofal diwrnod llawn) yn awgrymu bod angen archwilio'r ardal hon ymhellach.



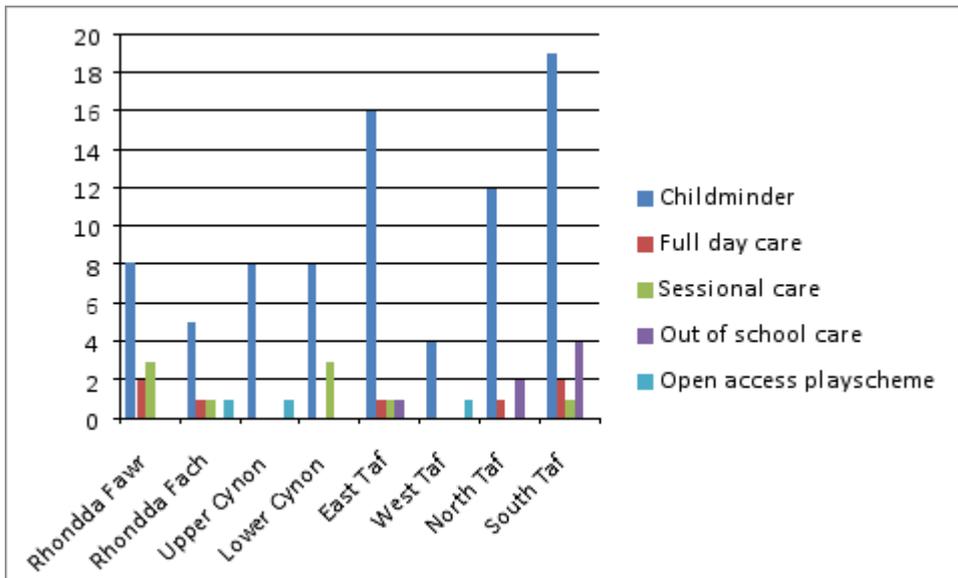
Ffigwr 12: Canran y siaradwyr Cymraeg yn ôl Cyfrifiad 2011



Ffigwr 13: Darpariaeth gofrestrdig - cyfrwng Cymraeg



Ffigwr 14: Darpariaeth gofrestrdig - Saesneg gyda rhai elfennau dwyieithog



Ffigwr 15: Darpariaeth gofrestrddig - Saesneg

DRAFT

6.1 Gwarchodwyr Plant

6.1.1 Dadansoddiad o'r Ddarpariaeth Gofal Plant sydd ar gael

'Gwarchod plant' yw'r math o ofal plant mwyaf cyfnewidiol sydd ar y farchnad. Yn 2016, collwyd 33 o leoedd gwarchod plant yn RhCT, a chollwyd 32 o leoedd dros dro.

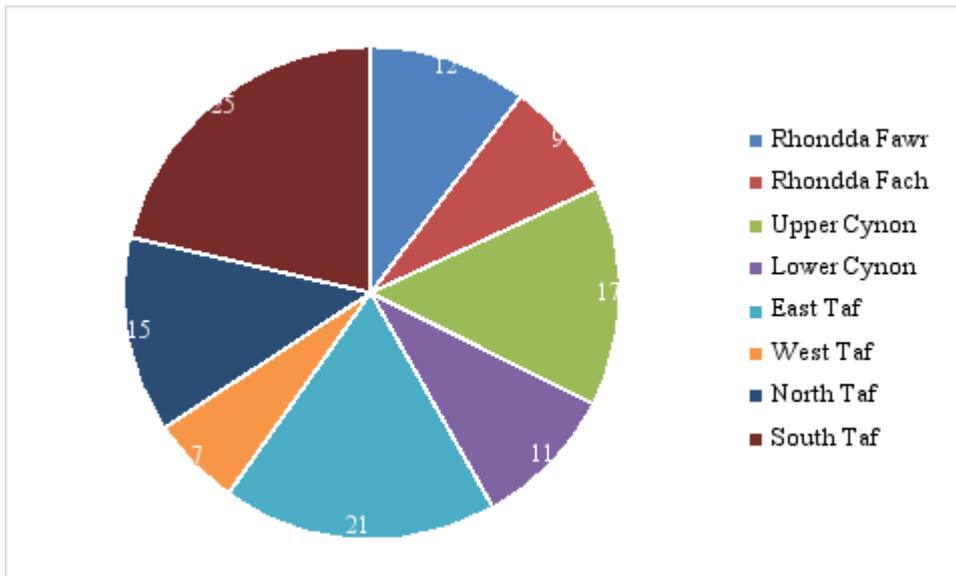
Cofrestrodd 15 o warchodwyr plant newydd. 2 yn ardal Rhondda Fawr, 1 yn Rhondda Fach, 2 yng Nghwm Cynon Uchaf, 1 yng Nghwm Cynon Isaf, 3 yn Nwyrain Taf, 3 yng Ngogledd Taf a 2 yn Ne Taf - gan arwain at golli 22 o leoedd newydd. Cofrestrodd 5 o'r darparwyr hyn ar ôl dyddiad cyflwyno Datganiad Hunanasesu'r Gwasanaeth (SASS). Nid yw'r rhain wedi'u cynnwys yn y data isod.

Terfynodd 5 o warchodwyr plant eu cofrestriad. 2 yng Nghwm Cynon Uchaf a Dwyrain Taf, ac 1 yng Ngorllewin Taf, a chollwyd 32 o leoedd dros dro.

Canslodd 10 o warchodwyr plant eu cofrestriad, 2 yng Nghwm Cynon Isaf, 6 yn Nwyrain Taf, 1 yng Ngogledd Taf ac 1 yn Ne Taf - gan arwain at golli 55 o leoedd. Heblaw am un, roedd y rhain cyn roedd dyddiad cwblhau'r SASS ym mis Awst. Dydyn nhw wedi'u cynnwys yn y data isod.

Mae'r diagram isod yn dangos bod y nifer fwyaf o warchodwyr plant sydd wedi'u cofrestru ag Arolygiaeth Gofal a Gwasanaethau Cymdeithasol Cymru (CSSIW) wedi'u lleoli yn ardal De Taf. Ardal Dwyrain Taf sydd â'r ail nifer fwyaf. Mae'r nifer leiaf o warchodwyr plant cofrestredig wedi'u lleoli yn ardal Gorllewin Taf. Rhondda Fach sydd â'r ail nifer leiaf.

Ar adeg ysgrifennu'r adroddiad hwn, mae 23 o'r gwarchodwyr plant hyn wedi'u nodi ar Rwydwaith Gwarchodwyr Plant RhCT. Mae'r rhain wedi cael eu hasesu yn erbyn cyfres o safonau ansawdd ac yn cael eu cefnogi gan Gydlynnydd Rhwydwaith. Maen nhw'n cynnig gofal preswyl drwy'r rhaglen 'Hwyl y Gwyliau' i blant sydd ag anghenion dysgu a chorfforol ychwanegol neu i blant sy'n agored i niwed. Mae 6 o'r rhain wedi'u lleoli yn Rhondda Fawr, 1 yn Rhondda Fach, 9 yng Nghwm Cynon Uchaf, 1 yng Nghwm Cynon Isaf, 1 yn Nwyrain Taf, 1 yng Ngorllewin Taf, 3 yng Ngogledd Taf ac 1 yn Ne Taf.



Ffigwr 16: Nifer y gwarchodwyr plant cofrestredig

Gwasanaethau sydd ar gael

	Rhondda Fawr	Rhondda Fach	Cynon Uchaf	Cynon Isaf	Dwyrain Taf	Gorllewin Taf	Gogled d Taf	De Taf
Cyfanswm y gwarchodwyr plant	12	9	17	11	21	7	15	25
Gofal Diwrnod Llawn	10	8	15	10	19	6	13	23
Gofal hanner diwrnod (AM)	8	5	13	9	18	4	13	23
Gofal hanner diwrnod (PM)	8	5	12	9	19	5	11	17
Cyn ysgol	10	6	16	11	20	6	13	19
Ar ôl yr ysgol	10	8	16	11	21	5	13	21
Gofal cofleidiol	8	3	6	3	15	2	6	23
Gofal yn ystod y gwyliau	10	8	13	10	19	4	9	16
Arall	1	1	4	0	0	0	1	20

Nifer y lleoedd sy'n cael eu llenwi gan blant sydd ag anghenion addysgol arbennig neu sydd angen gofal arbenigol oherwydd anabledd

O'r plant sy'n mynychu safleoedd gwarchod plant ac sydd ag anghenion ychwanegol, y math o gyflwr mwyaf cyffredin sy'n cael sylw yw anawsterau lleferydd, iaith a chyfathrebu. Mae'r gwarchodwyr plant sy'n rhan o'r rhwydwaith wedi derbyn hyfforddiant a chymorth

ychwanegol i allu cynnig gofal preswyl ac arbenigol i blant sy'n agored i niwed ac sydd ag anghenion dysgu a chorfforol ychwanegol. Mae hyrwyddo'r rhwydwaith i warchodwyr plant sydd newydd gofrestru yn flaenoriaeth i swyddogion.

	Rhondda Fawr	Rhondda Fach	Cynon Uchaf	Cynon Isaf	Dwyrain Taf	Gorllewin Taf	Gogledd Taf	De Taf
Cyfanswm y plant	17	4	13	1	3	4	10	2
Anawsterau lleferydd, iaith a chyfathrebu	5	0	4	0	3	2	3	1
Anhawster dysgu penodol (e.e. dyslecsia, ADHD, dyspraxia)	5	1	4	0	1	1	2	1
Anawsterau clywed	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	1
Anawsterau dysgu	4	0	6	0	0	0	3	0
Anawsterau gweld	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
Anawsterau emosiynol ac ymddygiadol	4	1	5	0	0	1	2	0
Corfforol	2	0	3	0	0	1	0	0
Cyflwr meddygol	1	1	2	0	0	0	1	0

I'r gwarchodwyr plant a nododd bod gan y plant gyflyrau meddygol eraill, roedd y rhain yn cynnwys epilepsi, Parlys yr Ymennydd a phlentyn sy'n cael ei fwydo drwy diwb.

Nifer y lleoedd Cymraeg a gafodd eu llenwi

Dim ond 1 gwarchodwr plant a nododd ei fod yn darparu ei wasanaeth drwy gyfrwng y Gymraeg. Mae'r darparwr wedi'i leoli yn ardal Dwyrain Taf. Mae 6 lle ar gael, ond ar adeg casglu'r data SASS, dim ond un lle oedd wedi'i llenwi. Roedd hwn yn lleoliad llawn amser yn ystod tymor yr ysgol a gwyliau'r ysgol.

Nododd un gwarchodwr plant ei fod yn darparu ei wasanaeth drwy gyfrwng y Gymraeg a Saesneg. Roedd y darparwr wedi'i leoli yn ardal Rhondda Fawr. Mae 8 lle ar gael. Roedd 4 lle wedi'u llenwi ar adeg casglu'r data SASS. Yn ystod tymor yr ysgol, roedd 1 lle yn lleoliad llawn amser, 2 yn rhan amser, ac 1 yn achlysurol. Mae'r un patrwm yn berthnasol yn ystod gwyliau'r ysgol.

Lleoedd Gwag

	Rhondda Fawr	Rhondda Fach	Cynon Uchaf	Cynon Isaf	Dwyrain Taf	Gorllewin Taf	Gogledd Taf	De Taf
Gofal Diwrnod Llawn	14	13	59	28	16	34	59	29
Gofal hanner diwrnod (AM)	13	6	19	14	11	23	6	14
Gofal hanner diwrnod (PM)	10	2	17	6	13	26	6	11
Cyn ysgol	10	6	67	12	20	27	22	67
Ar ôl yr ysgol	10	1	82	9	15	22	16	59
Gofal cofleidiol	6	0	0	0	4	0	0	2
Darpariaeth yn ystod y gwyliau (AM)	6	0	56	5	11	0	24	65
Darpariaeth yn ystod y gwyliau (PM)	5	0	56	5	12	0	24	65
CYFANSWM	74	28	356	79	102	132	157	312

Darpariaeth gofal diwrnod llawn sydd â'r nifer fwyaf o leoedd gwag i warchodwyr plant. Mae gan warchodwyr plant yn ardaloedd Cynon Uchaf a Gogledd Taf y nifer fwyaf o leoedd gwag ar gyfer y math hwn o wasanaeth. Roedd y nifer leiaf o leoedd gwag ar gyfer gwarchodwyr plant yn ardal Rhondda Fach.

Amseroedd agor, gan gynnwys y nifer sy'n cynnig oriau gofal plant hyblyg

Mae gwarchodwyr plant yn cynnig y gofal mwyaf hyblyg i rieni sydd eisiau gofal yn ystod oriau anarferol. Yn ystod tymor yr ysgol, mae 75% o warchodwyr plant a lenwodd eu SASS yn cynnig gofal cyn 8am a 26% yn cynnig gofal ar ôl 6pm. Does dim un o'r gwarchodwyr plant yn cynnig gofal dros nos yn ystod tymor yr ysgol, a dim ond 1 sy'n cynnig gwasanaeth dros nos yn ystod gwyliau'r ysgol. Mae 9% o warchodwyr plant yn cynnig gofal dros y penwythnos yn ystod tymor yr ysgol, ac 8% yn cynnig y gwasanaeth yn ystod gwyliau'r ysgol. Er bod gwarchodwyr plant yn fwy hyblyg o ran eu horiau agor a chau, dydyn nhw ddim yn darparu ar gyfer anghenion rhieni sy'n gweithio'r penwythnos neu gyda'r nos.

Ardal	Tymor yr Ysgol	Gwyliau'r Ysgol
Rhondda Fawr	Mae pob un o'r 12 gwarchodwr plant yn yr ardal hon yn nodi eu bod nhw'n cynnig	Mae 10 yn cynnig gofal yn ystod gwyliau'r ysgol cyn 8am.

	<p>gofal cyn 8am. Yr amser agor cynharaf yw 5am. Mae'r mwyafrif yn cynnig gofal o 7am.</p> <p>Mae 4 yn cynnig gofal ar ôl 6pm. Does dim un gwarchodwr plant yn cynnig gofal dros nos.</p> <p>Mae 2 yn cynnig gofal dros y penwythnos.</p>	<p>Mae 4 yn cynnig gofal ar ôl 6pm. Does dim un yn cynnig gofal dros nos.</p> <p>Mae 2 yn cynnig gofal dros y penwythnos.</p>
Rhondda Fach	<p>Mae 7 o'r 9 gwarchodwr plant yn cynnig gofal cyn 8am.</p> <p>Mae 2 yn cynnig gofal ar ôl 6pm. 7pm yw'r amser hwyraf a nodwyd.</p> <p>Does dim gwarchodwyr plant yn cynnig gofal dros nos neu ofal dros y penwythnos yn yr ardal hon.</p>	<p>Mae 7 yn cynnig gofal cyn 8am. Mae 1 yn cynnig gofal ar ôl 6pm, hyd at 7pm.</p> <p>Does dim un yn cynnig gofal dros nos neu ofal dros y penwythnos.</p>
Cynon Uchaf	<p>Mae 10 o'r 17 gwarchodwr plant yr ardal hon yn cynnig gofal cyn 8am. 7am yw'r amser cynharaf a nodwyd.</p> <p>Mae 5 yn cynnig gofal ar ôl 6pm. 7.30pm yw'r amser hwyraf.</p> <p>Does dim gwarchodwyr plant yn cynnig gofal dros nos yn yr ardal hon.</p> <p>Mae 3 yn cynnig gofal ar y penwythnos, ac mae 2 ohonyn nhw'n agor am 7.30am.</p>	<p>Mae 9 yn cynnig gofal cyn 8am. Mae 5 yn cynnig gofal ar ôl 6pm. Does dim un yn cynnig gofal dros nos.</p> <p>Mae 3 yn cynnig gofal dros y penwythnos.</p>
Cynon Isaf	<p>Mae 7 o'r 11 gwarchodwr plant yn cynnig gofal cyn 8am. 7am yw'r amser agor cynharaf.</p> <p>Mae 2 yn cynnig gofal ar ôl 6pm. Does dim un yn cynnig gofal dros nos.</p> <p>Mae 2 yn cynnig gofal dros y penwythnos.</p>	<p>Mae 5 yn cynnig gofal cyn 8am. Mae 2 yn cynnig gofal ar ôl 6pm. Does dim un yn cynnig gofal dros nos.</p> <p>Mae 2 yn cynnig gofal dros y penwythnos.</p>
Dwyrain Taf	<p>Mae 17 o'r 21 gwarchodwr plant yn cynnig gofal cyn 8am. 7am yw'r amser agor cynharaf.</p> <p>Mae 7 yn cynnig gofal ar ôl 6pm. 7pm yw'r amser hwyraf.</p> <p>Does dim un yn cynnig gofal dros nos neu ofal dros y penwythnos.</p>	<p>Mae 17 yn cynnig gofal cyn 8am. Mae 7 yn cynnig gofal ar ôl 6pm. Does dim un yn cynnig gofal dros nos neu ofal dros y penwythnos.</p>
Gorllewin Taf	<p>Mae 6 o'r 7 gwarchodwr plant yn cynnig gofal cyn 8am. 6am yw'r amser agor cynharaf.</p> <p>Mae 1 yn cynnig gofal ar ôl 6pm, hyd at 6.30pm.</p> <p>Does dim un yn cynnig gofal dros</p>	<p>Mae 5 yn cynnig gofal cyn 8am. Mae 1 yn cynnig gofal ar ôl 6pm. Does dim un yn cynnig gofal dros nos neu ofal dros y penwythnos.</p>

	nos neu ofal dros y penwythnos.	
Gogledd Taf	Mae 11 o'r 15 gwarchodwr plant yn cynnig gofal cyn 8am. 7am yw'r amser agor cynharaf. Mae 3 yn cynnig gofal ar ôl 6pm. Does dim un yn cynnig gofal dros nos. Mae 1 yn cynnig gofal dros y penwythnos.	Mae 9 yn cynnig gofal cyn 8am. Mae 1 yn cynnig gofal ar ôl 6pm. Does dim un yn cynnig gofal dros nos. Mae 1 yn cynnig gofal dros y penwythnos.
De Taf	Mae 18 o'r 25 gwarchodwr plant yn cynnig gofal cyn 8am. 7am yw'r amser agor cynharaf. Mae 6 yn cynnig gofal ar ôl 6pm. Does dim un yn cynnig gofal dros nos. Mae 2 yn cynnig gofal dros y penwythnos.	Mae 12 yn cynnig gofal cyn 8am. Mae 5 yn cynnig gofal ar ôl 6pm. Mae 1 yn cynnig gofal dros nos. Mae 1 yn cynnig gofal dros y penwythnos.

Amrediad Costau

Wrth lenwi'r ffurflen SASS, gofynnwyd i ddarparwyr gofnodi eu costau yn ôl yr awr. Nid oedd pob darparwr wedi cydymffurfio â hyn, gan nodi eu ffioedd yn ôl y sesiwn neu ddiwrnod yn lle. Felly, nid yw'n bosibl cymharu'r costau yn fanwl gywir.

At ddibenion yr adroddiad hwn, rydyn ni wedi cyfrif y gost bob awr ar gyfartaledd. Ar gyfartaledd, y gost bob awr ar gyfer gwarchodwyr plant RhCT yw £5.00 yr awr am bob math o wasanaeth heblaw am ofal cofleidiol sy'n costio £4.50 yr awr ar gyfartaledd. Mae hyn yn gynydd o 20.8%. Yn adroddiad yr Asiantaeth Cynnal Plant diwethaf, £4.14 oedd y gost bob awr ar gyfartaledd.

RhCT	Gofal Diwrnod Llawn	Hanner diwrnod AM	Hanner diwrnod PM	Cyn Ysgol	Ar ôl Ysgol	Gofal cofleidiol	Darpariaeth Gwyliau'r Ysgol AM	Darpariaeth Gwyliau'r Ysgol PM
Isafswm	£2.10	£3.00	£3.00	£3.25	£3.25	£3.50	£3.00	£3.00
Uchafswm	£62.50	£35.00	£32.50	£15.00	£17.50	£27.00	£39.25	£39.25
Cyfartaledd	£5.00	£5.00	£5.00	£5.00	£5.00	£4.50	£5.00	£5.00

Cost bob awr (ar gyfartaledd)	Gofal Diwrnod Llawn	Hanner diwrnod	Hanner diwrnod PM	Cyn Ysgol	Ar ôl Ysgol	Gofal cofleidiol	Darpariaeth Gwyliau'r Ysgol AM	Darpariaeth Gwyliau'r Ysgol PM
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		AM						
Rhondda Fawr	£30.00	£18.00	£11.50	£4.50	£4.75	£4.25	£4.75	£4.75
Rhondda Fach	£5.00	£12.35	£12.35	£4.60	£4.70	£4.70	£4.70	£4.70
Cynon Uchaf	£22.13	£12.50	£10.00	£5.00	£5.00	25.00	£9.70	£5.00
Cynon Isaf	£37.50	22.00	£22.00	£5.50	£5.75	£8.00	£22.00	£22.00
Dwyrain Taf	£4.75	£4.00	£4.25	£5.00	£5.00	£4.25	£4.00	£4.00
Gorllewin Taf	£4.50	£4.50	£4.50	£4.75	£4.75	£5.00	£4.50	£4.50
Gogledd Taf	£4.20	£4.25	£4.25	£6.50	£5.50	£12.13	£4.20	£4.25
De Taf	£4.00	£4.50	£4.50	£4.50	£4.50	£4.00	£4.50	£4.50

6.1.2 Crynodeb o Gryfderau a Gwendidau Allweddol

Cryfderau

- Nifer dda o warchodwyr plant cofrestredig ym mhob ardal o RhCT
- Cynnig ystod eang o wasanaethau, gan gynnwys oriau anarferol
- Gwasanaethau o ansawdd yn cael eu darparu i blant sy'n agored i niwed gan warchodwyr plant y Rhwydwaith

Gwendidau

- Nifer y gwarchodwyr plant cyfrwng Cymraeg
- Diffyg gwarchodwyr plant y Rhwydwaith mewn ardaloedd Rhondda Fach, Cynon Isaf, Dwyrain Taf, Gorllewin Taf a De Taf.

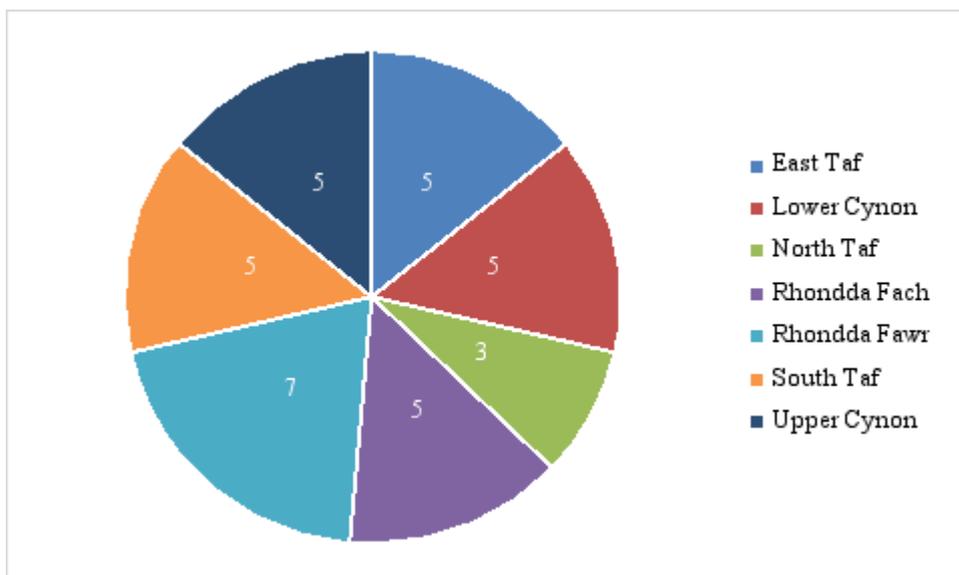
6.2 Gofal Diwrnod Llawn

6.2.1 Dadansoddi'r Ddarpariaeth Gofal Plant sydd ar gael

Ni chafodd darparwyr gofal diwrnod llawn newydd eu cofrestru yn 2016. Terfynodd 1 darparwr ei gofrestrriad yn ardal Rhondda Fach, gan arwain at golli 38 o leoedd dros dro. Digwyddodd hyn cyn terfyn amser y SASS. Nid yw'r rhain wedi'u cynnwys yn y data isod. Terfynodd 3 darparwr gofal plant diwrnod llawn eu cofrestrriad yn 2016. 1 yng Nghwm Cynon Uchaf ac 1 yn ardal De Taf, gan arwain at golli 84 o leoedd cofrestredig. Roedd y rhain cyn terfyn amser y SASS. Nid yw'r rhain wedi'u cynnwys yn y data isod.

Er y collwyd lleoedd, mae'r diagram isod yn dangos bod dyraniad eithaf cyfartal o ddarparwyr gofal diwrnod llawn ar draws RhCT, heblaw am Orllewin Taf sydd heb ddarparwr gofal diwrnod cyfan cofrestredig. Fodd bynnag, mae swyddogion yn ymwybodol o ddarpariaeth yn Ysgol Gynradd Abercerdin. Er ei bod wedi'i lleoli ar ben uchaf y Gilfach Goch, mae hi'n cael ei hystyried yn rhan o Gyngor Bwrdeistref Sirol Pen-y-bont ar Ogwr. Mae'r ysgol wedi'i chofrestru yn ddarparwr gofal diwrnod cyfan. Mae'n cynnig nifer o wasanaethau gan gynnwys clwb chwarae yn ystod y bore a darpariaeth ar ôl ysgol. Er bod y ddarpariaeth ym Mhen-y-bont ar Ogwr, mae nifer o blant sy'n byw yn ardal Gorllewin Taf RhCT yn manteisio arni.

Nid yw pob darparwr gofal diwrnod llawn cofrestredig yn gweithredu fel meithrinfeydd gofal diwrnod cyfan. Mae 17.1% o'r isod yn cynnig gofal sesiynol, yn ogystal â gofal cofleidiol i blant oed meithrin (6). Maen nhw wedi'u cofrestru yn ddarparwr gofal diwrnod llawn fel bod modd ehangu'r gwasanaethau sydd ar gael, nawr neu yn y dyfodol.



Ffigwr 17: Nifer y darparwyr gofal diwrnod llawn cofrestredig

Gwasanaethau sydd ar gael

	Rhondda Fawr	Rhondda Fach	Cynon Uchaf	Cynon Isaf	Dwyrain Taf	Gorllewin Taf	Gogledd Taf	De Taf
Cyfanswm y darparwyr gofal diwrnod llawn	7	5	5	5	5	0	3	5
Gofal Diwrnod Llawn	6	2	5	5	3	0	3	5
Gofal hanner diwrnod (AM)	5	1	2	4	1	0	2	3
Gofal hanner diwrnod (PM)	4	1	2	4	1	0	2	3
Cyn ysgol	3	0	2	3	0	0	1	2
Ar ôl yr ysgol	3	0	2	4	0	0	1	2
Gofal cofleidiol	2	0	2	5	0	0	2	1
Cylch Chwarae / Cylch Meithrin (AM)	2	3	1	4	1	0	1	1
Cylch Chwarae / Cylch Meithrin (PM)	2	3	1	4	1	0	1	1
Crèche	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cinio	1	1	5	4	1	0	2	0

Gofal yn ystod y gwyliau	5	1	3	3	0	0	3	3
Arall	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0

Nifer y lleoedd sy'n cael eu llenwi gan blant sydd ag anghenion addysgol arbennig neu sydd angen gofal arbenigol oherwydd anabledd

O'r plant sy'n mynychu safleoedd gofal diwrnod llawn sydd ag anghenion ychwanegol, y math o gyflwr mwyaf cyffredin sy'n cael sylw yw anawsterau lleferydd, iaith a chyfathrebu, yna anawsterau dysgu ac anawsterau emosiynol ac ymddygiadol. Mae darparwyr gofal diwrnod llawn yn rhan bwysig o'r rhaglen Hwyl y Gwyliau. Maen nhw'n cynnig gofal preswyl i blant sydd ag anghenion ychwanegol sydd wedi cael eu hatgyfeirio, yn ystod gwyliau'r ysgol.

	Rhondda Fawr	Rhondda Fach	Cynon Uchaf	Cynon Isaf	Dwyrain Taf	Gorllewin Taf	Gogledd Taf	De Taf
Cyfanswm y plant	33	8	14	30	11	0	27	11
Anawsterau lleferydd, iaith a chyfathrebu	7	3	2	5	2	0	2	2
Dysgu penodol (e.e. dyslecsia, ADHD, dyspraxia)	2	0	0	2	2	0	2	0
Anawsterau clywed	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	1
Anawsterau dysgu	5	2	2	3	1	0	2	2
Anawsterau gweld	1	0	1	2	0	0	1	1
Anawsterau emosiynol ac ymddygiadol	3	2	4	3	2	0	2	1
Corfforol	4	1	1	2	1	0	2	2
Cyflwr meddygol	3	1	3	3	2	0	2	1

Yn ôl y darparwyr gofal diwrnod llawn a nododd bod gan rai plant gyflyrau meddygol eraill, roedd y rhain yn cynnwys anhwylder awtistig, parlys yr ymennydd, syndrom Down ac epilepsi.

Nifer y lleoedd Cymraeg a gafodd eu llenwi

Nododd 6 darparwr gofal diwrnod llawn eu bod nhw'n darparu eu gwasanaethau drwy gyfrwng y Gymraeg. Mae 199 o leoedd cofrestredig ar gael ar un adeg, gyda chyfanswm

o 350 o blant yn manteisio ar eu gwasanaethau. Mae 1 o'r darparwyr wedi'i leoli yn ardal Rhondda Fach, 1 yng Nghwm Cynon Uchaf, 2 yng Nghwm Cynon Isaf, 1 yn Nwyrain Taf ac 1 yn Ne Taf. Mae 2 o'r safleoedd hyn yn ddarparwyr Dechrau'n Deg ac mae 4 yn ddarparwyr addysg cofrestredig.

Nododd 3 darparwr gofal diwrnod cyfan eu bod nhw'n darparu eu gwasanaeth yn Gymraeg a Saesneg. Mae 104 o leoedd cofrestredig ar gael ar un adeg gyda 90 yn manteisio ar eu gwasanaethau ar hyn o bryd. Mae 2 o'r rhain wedi'u lleoli yn Rhondda Fawr ac 1 yng Nghwm Cynon Isaf.

Lleoedd Gwag

	Rhondda Fawr	Rhondda Fach	Cynon Uchaf	Cynon Isaf	Dwyrain Taf	Gorllewin Taf	Gogledd Taf	De Taf
Gofal Diwrnod Llawn	54	91	23	76	31	-	12	154
Gofal hanner diwrnod (AM)	51	17	29	0	26	-	17	13
Gofal hanner diwrnod (PM)	57	24	30	0	79	-	29	8
Cyn ysgol	3	0	16	28	0	-	0	3
Ar ôl yr ysgol	7	0	10	22	0	-	0	0
Gofal cofleidiol	0	0	0	1	0	-	0	13
Cylch Chwarae / Cylch Meithrin (AM)	40	39	2	7	6	-	8	11
Cylch Chwarae / Cylch Meithrin (PM)	15	44	20	11	0	-	0	6
Crèche	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0
Cinio	0	30	20	16	0	-	0	0
Gofal yn ystod y gwyliau	20	0	0	0	0	-	22	0

O ran darparwyr gofal diwrnod llawn, mae'r nifer fwyaf o leoedd gwag yn berthnasol i ofal diwrnod llawn. Mae gan ddarparwyr yn ardal De Taf a Rhondda Fach y nifer fwyaf o

leoedd gwag ar gyfer y math yma o wasanaeth. Yn gyffredinol, mae'r nifer leiaf o leoedd gwag yn berthnasol i ddarparwyr gofal diwrnod llawn yn ardal Gogledd Taf.

Amseroedd agor, gan gynnwys y nifer sy'n cynnig oriau gofal plant hyblyg

O'r darparwyr gofal diwrnod llawn a lenwodd y ffurflen SASS, does dim un yn cynnig gofal dros nos neu ofal dros y penwythnos. Mae 40% yn cynnig gofal cyn 8am yn ystod tymor yr ysgol, a 37% yn cynnig hyn yn ystod gwyliau'r ysgol. Dim ond 1 darparwr sy'n cynnig gofal ar ôl 6pm (3% o'r cyfanswm).

Ardal	Tymor yr Ysgol	Gwyliau'r Ysgol
Rhondda Fawr	Mae 2 o'r 6 darparwr gofal diwrnod llawn yn yr ardal hon yn nodi eu bod nhw'n cynnig gofal cyn 8am/ Yr amser agor cynharaf yw 7am. Does dim un yn cynnig gofal ar ôl 6pm. Does dim un yn cynnig gofal dros nos neu dros y penwythnos.	Mae 1 yn cynnig gofal yn ystod gwyliau'r ysgol cyn 8am. Does dim un yn cynnig gofal ar ôl 6pm. Does dim un yn cynnig gofal dros nos neu dros y penwythnos.
Rhondda Fach	Mae 1 o'r 7 darparwr gofal diwrnod llawn yn cynnig gofal cyn 8am, gan agor am 7.30am. Does dim un yn cynnig gofal ar ôl 6pm. Does dim un yn cynnig gofal dros nos neu dros y penwythnos.	Mae 1 o'r 7 darparwr gofal diwrnod llawn yn cynnig gofal cyn 8am. Does dim un yn cynnig gofal ar ôl 6pm. Does dim un yn cynnig gofal dros nos neu dros y penwythnos.
Cynon Uchaf	Mae 2 o'r 5 darparwr gofal diwrnod llawn yn cynnig gofal cyn 8am. 6.30am yw'r amser cynharaf a nodwyd. Mae 1 yn cynnig gofal ar ôl 6pm, hyd at 6.30pm. Does dim un yn cynnig gofal dros nos neu dros y penwythnos.	Mae 2 yn cynnig gofal cyn 8am. Mae 1 yn cynnig gofal ar ôl 6pm. Does dim un yn cynnig gofal dros nos neu dros y penwythnos.
Cynon Isaf	Mae 2 o'r 5 darparwr gofal diwrnod llawn yn cynnig gofal cyn 8am. 7am yw'r amser cynharaf a nodwyd. Does dim un yn cynnig gofal ar ôl 6pm. Does dim un yn cynnig gofal dros nos neu dros y penwythnos.	Mae 2 yn cynnig gofal cyn 8am. Does dim un yn cynnig gofal ar ôl 6pm. Does dim un yn cynnig gofal dros nos neu dros y penwythnos.
Dwyrain Taf	Mae 2 o'r 5 darparwr gofal diwrnod llawn yn cynnig gofal cyn 8am. 7.30am yw'r amser cynharaf a	Mae 2 yn cynnig gofal cyn 8am. Does dim un yn cynnig gofal ar ôl 6pm.

	nodwyd. Does dim un yn cynnig gofal ar ôl 6pm. Does dim un yn cynnig gofal dros nos neu dros y penwythnos.	Does dim un yn cynnig gofal dros nos neu dros y penwythnos.
Gorllewin Taf	Dim darparwyr gofal diwrnod llawn ar gael yn yr ardal hon.	
Gogledd Taf	Mae 2 o'r 3 darparwr gofal diwrnod llawn yn cynnig gofal cyn 8am. 7am yw'r amser cynharaf a nodwyd. Does dim un yn cynnig gofal ar ôl 6pm. Does dim un yn cynnig gofal dros nos neu dros y penwythnos.	Mae 2 yn cynnig gofal cyn 8am. Does dim un yn cynnig gofal ar ôl 6pm. Does dim un yn cynnig gofal dros nos neu dros y penwythnos.
De Taf	Mae 3 o'r 5 darparwr gofal diwrnod llawn yn cynnig gofal cyn 8am. 7am yw'r amser cynharaf a nodwyd. Does dim un yn cynnig gofal ar ôl 6pm. Does dim un yn cynnig gofal dros nos neu dros y penwythnos.	Mae 3 yn cynnig gofal cyn 8am. Does dim un yn cynnig gofal ar ôl 6pm. Does dim un yn cynnig gofal dros nos neu dros y penwythnos.

Amrediad Costau

Wrth lenwi'r ffurflen SASS, gofynnwyd i ddarparwyr gofnodi eu costau yn ôl yr awr. Nid oedd pob darparwr wedi cydymffurfio â hyn, gan nodi eu ffioedd yn ôl y sesiwn neu ddiwrnod yn lle. Felly, nid yw'n bosibl cymharu'r costau yn fanwl gywir.

At ddibenion yr adroddiad hwn, rydyn ni wedi cyfrif y gost bob awr ar gyfartaledd. Ar gyfartaledd, y gost bob awr ar gyfer darparwyr gofal diwrnod llawn yn RhCT yw £37.00 am ofal diwrnod llawn a £10.50 ar gyfer gofal ar ôl ysgol. Roedd canllawiau'r SASS yn gofyn i ddarparwyr gyfrif eu cost yn ôl yr awr er mwyn sicrhau bod modd cymharu'r costau'n deg. Mae'n amlwg fod nifer o'r darparwyr gofal wedi camddeall y canllawiau gan nodi eu ffioedd yn ôl y sesiwn/diwrnod yn lle. Mae hyn wedi effeithio ar y data. Felly, nid oes cynrychiolaeth gywir o'r gost am ofal diwrnod llawn yn ôl yr awr yn RhCT. Felly, defnyddiwch y data isod yn ofalus.

RhCT	Gofal Diwrnod Llawn	Hanner diwrnod AM	Hanner diwrnod PM	Cyn Ysgol	Ar ôl Ysgol	Gofal coffeidiol	Cylch Chwarae / Cylch Meithrin (AM)	Cylch Chwarae / Cylch Meithrin (PM)	Cinio	Gofal yn ystod y gwyliau
Isafswm	£3.71	£4.67	£4.67	£3.50	£4.00	£3.25	£2.83	£2.83	£2.50	£2.88
Uchafswm	£145.00	£32.00	£28.50	£15.00	£16.00	£26.00	£12.00	£12.00	£3.00	£28.10
Cyfartaledd	£37.00	£21.50	£21.50	£9.00	£10.50	£10.00	£8.25	£7.50	£3.00	£16.50

Cost bob awr (ar gyfartaledd)	Gofal Diwrnod Llawn	Hanner diwrnod AM	Hanner diwrnod PM	Cyn Ysgol	Ar ôl Ysgol	Gofal coffeidiol	Cylch Chwarae / Cylch Meithrin (AM)	Cylch Chwarae / Cylch Meithrin (PM)	Cinio	Gofal yn ystod y gwyliau
Rhondda Fawr	£39.63	£24.00	£26.00	£9.00	£10.50	-	£12.00	-	£2.50	£17.00
Rhondda Fach	£20.41	£12.90	£12.90	-	-	-	£7.00	£7.00	-	-
Cynon Uchaf	£37.00	£15.50	£15.50	£9.25	£9.50	£3.25	£2.83	£2.83	£3.00	-
Cynon Isaf	£25.00	£16.00	£16.00	£5.00	£4.00	£8.75	£7.50	£7.50	£3.00	£5.85
Dwyrain Taf	£37.00	£29.00	£26.50	-	-	-	£12.00	£12.00	-	-
Gorllewin Taf	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Gogledd Taf	£42.00	£27.00	£27.00	£13.00	£15.00	£26.00	-	-	-	£14.00
De Taf	£39.00	£23.00	£21.50	£8.00	£16.00	£10.00	£9.00	£9.00	-	£21.50

6.2.2 Crynodeb o Gryfderau a Gwendidau Allweddol

Cryfderau

- Nifer dda o ddarparwyr gofal diwrnod llawn yn RhCT (heblaw am Orllewin Taf)
- Partner allweddol wrth ddarparu rhaglen 'Hwyl y Gwyliau' a chymorth ar gyfer plant sy'n agored i niwed a phlant sydd ag anghenion dysgu a chorfforol ychwanegol.
- Dewis da o ddarpariaeth Gymraeg.

Gwendidau

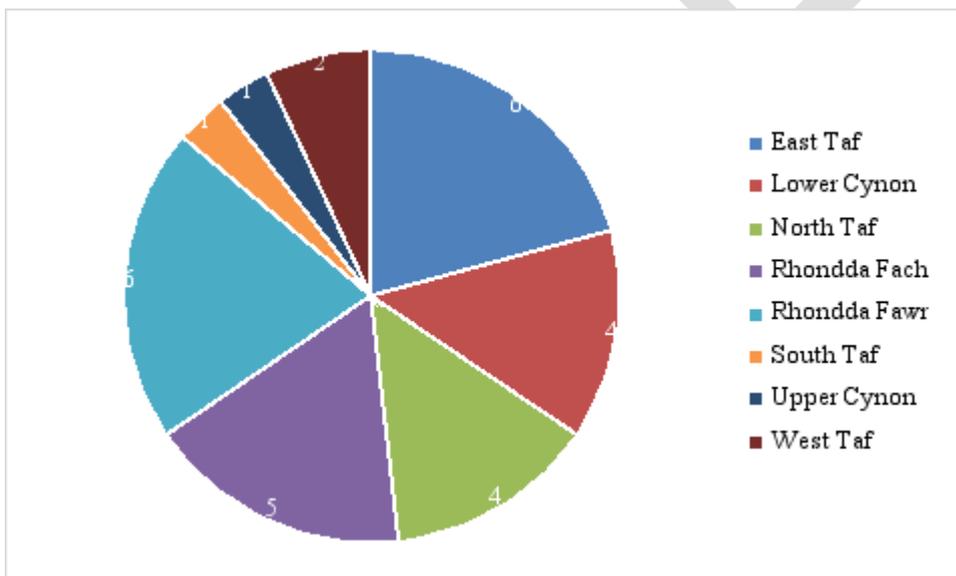
- Nifer fawr o leoedd gwag, yn enwedig yn ardaloedd De Taf a Rhondda Fach.
- Ddim fel arfer yn cynnig oriau gofal anarferol i rieni sy'n gweithio sifftiau neu oriau anghymdeithasol.

6.3 Gofal Sesiynol Diwrnod Llawn

6.3.1 Dadansoddi'r Ddarpariaeth Gofal Plant sydd ar gael

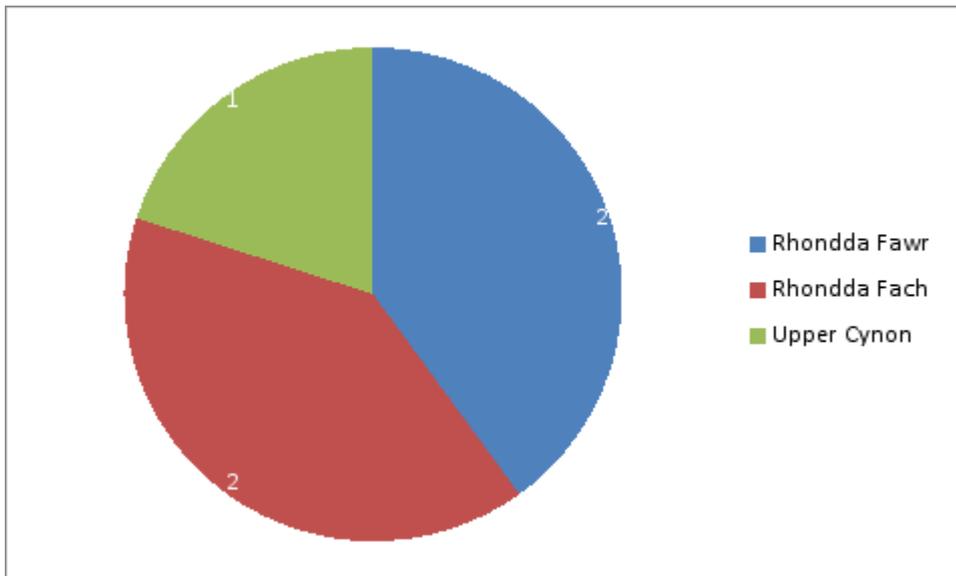
Cofrestrodd 1 darparwr gofal sesiynol yn ystod 2016 yn ardal Rhondda Fawr, gan greu 16 o leoedd cofrestredig. Terfynodd 2 safle eu cofrestriad. 1 yn Rhondda Fawr ac 1 yng Ngogledd Taf, gan arwain at golli 36 o leoedd dros dro. Canslodd 4 safle eu cofrestriad. 3 yng Ngogledd Taf ac 1 yn Ne Taf, gan arwain at golli 78 o leoedd cofrestredig dros dro. Cyfanswm y golled yn 2016 oedd 62 o leoedd cofrestredig a 36 o leoedd dros dro.

Mae'r diagram isod yn dangos fod y nifer fwyaf o ddarparwyr gofal sydd wedi'u cofrestru o dan Arolygiaeth Gofal a Gwasanaethau Cymdeithasol Cymru (CSSIW) wedi'u lleoli yn ardal Dwyrain Taf a Rhondda Fawr, wedi'u dilyn gan Rhondda Fach. Mae'r nifer leiaf o ddarparwyr sesiynol cofrestredig wedi'u lleoli yn ardal De Taf a Chynon Uchaf.



Ffigwr 18: Nifer y darparwyr gofal sesiynol cofrestredig

Roedd 5 darparwr gofal sesiynol a oedd heb eu cofrestru, wedi llenwi holiaduron ym mis Awst 2016. Roedd pob un o'r rhain yn sesiynau chwarae'r bore, 1 drwy gyfrwng y Gymraeg, 1 Cymraeg a Saesneg, 2 Saesneg gydag elfennau dwyieithog ac 1 drwy gyfrwng y Saesneg yn unig. Gweler yr ardaloedd ar y siart isod:



Ffigur 19: Nifer y darparwyr gofal sesiynol sydd heb eu cofrestru

Gwasanaethau sydd ar gael

	Rhondda Fawr	Rhondda Fach	Cynon Uchaf	Cynon Isaf	Dwyrain Taf	Gorllewin Taf	Gogled d Taf	De Taf
Cyfanswm y darparwyr gofal sesiynol	6	5	1	4	6	2	4	1
Gofal Diwrnod Llawn	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cyn ysgol	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ar ôl yr ysgol	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gofal cofleidiol	2	1	0	0	3	0	2	0
Cylch Chwarae / Cylch Meithrin (AM)	6	5	1	3	5	2	4	1
Cylch Chwarae / Cylch Meithrin (PM)	2	1	0	0	3	0	2	0
Crèche	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cinio	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0
Gofal yn ystod y gwyliau	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Nifer y lleoedd sy'n cael eu llenwi gan blant sydd ag anghenion addysgol arbennig neu sydd angen gofal arbenigol oherwydd anabledd

O'r plant sy'n derbyn gofal sesiynol ac sydd ag anghenion ychwanegol, y math o gyflwr mwyaf cyffredin sy'n cael sylw yw anawsterau lleferydd, iaith a chyfathrebu. Mae hwn yn gymharol â safleoedd gwarchod plant a gofal diwrnod llawn.

	Rhondda Fawr	Rhondda Fach	Cynon Uchaf	Cynon Isaf	Dwyrain Taf	Gorllewin Taf	Gogledd Taf	De Taf
Cyfanswm y plant	9	9	12	12	8	4	17	0
Anawsterau lleferydd, iaith a chyfathrebu	3	4	1	3	3	1	4	0
Anhawster dysgu penodol (e.e. dyslecsia, ADHD, dyspraxia)	2	1	0	0	0	1	2	0
Anawsterau clywed	1	0	1	0	0	0	2	0
Anawsterau dysgu	1	3	0	3	1	1	2	0
Anawsterau gweld	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0
Anawsterau emosiynol ac ymddygiadol	1	2	0	2	2	1	2	0
Corfforol	0	2	0	2	0	1	2	0
Cyflwr meddygol	1	2	1	2	1	2	2	0

Yn ôl y darparwyr gofal sesiynol a nododd bod gan rai plant gyflyrau meddygol eraill, roedd y rhain yn cynnwys anhwylder awtistig, parlys yr ymennydd, syndrom Down ac epilepsi.

Nifer y lleoedd Cymraeg a gafodd eu llenwi

Nododd 6 darparwr gofal sesiynol eu bod nhw'n darparu eu gwasanaethau drwy gyfrwng y Gymraeg. Mae 152 o leoedd cofrestredig ar gael ar un adeg, gyda 201 o blant yn manteisio ar eu gwasanaethau. Mae 4 o'r darparwyr hyn wedi'u lleoli yn ardal Dwyrain Taf, 1 yng Ngorllewin Taf ac 1 yng Ngogledd Taf. Mae 2 o'r safleoedd hyn yn ddarparwyr Dechrau'n Deg ac mae 4 yn ddarparwyr addysg cofrestredig.

Nododd 3 darparwr gofal sesiynol eu bod nhw'n darparu eu gwasanaeth yn Gymraeg a Saesneg. Mae 72 o leoedd cofrestredig ar gael ar un adeg, gyda 67 yn manteisio ar eu gwasanaethau ar hyn o bryd. Mae 1 o'r rhain wedi'i leoli yn Rhondda Fawr, 1 yn Rhondda Fach ac 1 yng Ngogledd Taf.

Lleoedd Gwag

	Rhondda Fawr	Rhondda Fach	Cynon Uchaf	Cynon Isaf	Dwyrain Taf	Gorllewin Taf	Gogledd Taf	De Taf
Gofal Diwrnod Llawn	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gofal hanner diwrnod (AM)	7	60	27	43	27	15	49	0
Gofal hanner diwrnod (PM)	15	53	64	30	2	4	87	0
Cyn ysgol	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ar ôl yr ysgol	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gofal cofleidiol	7	7	0	0	4	0	0	0
Darpariaeth yn ystod y gwyliau (AM)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Darpariaeth Gwyliau'r Ysgol (PM)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

O ran darpariaeth gofal sesiynol, mae'r nifer fwyaf o leoedd gwag yn berthnasol i ofal hanner diwrnod yn ystod y prynhawn. Mae gan ddarparwyr gofal yn ardaloedd Cynon Uchaf a Gogledd Taf y nifer fwyaf o leoedd gwag ar gyfer y math yma o wasanaeth. Mae'r nifer leiaf o leoedd gwag yn berthnasol i ofal cofleidiol.

Amseroedd agor, gan gynnwys y nifer sy'n cynnig oriau gofal plant hyblyg

Does dim un o'r darparwyr gofal sesiynol a lenwodd y ffurflen SASS yn cynnig gofal cyn 8am, ar ôl 6pm, dros nos neu dros y penwythnos. Ond, nid yw'r math yma o gofrestrriad yn caniatáu'r gwasanaethau hyn. Mae'r rhan fwyaf o ddarparwyr gofal sesiynol yn agor ar gyfer sesiynau 2½ i 3 awr. 8.45am yw'r amser agor cynharaf ar gyfer sesiwn y bore. 12.15pm yw'r amser cynharaf ar gyfer sesiwn y prynhawn.

Amrediad Costau

At ddibenion yr adroddiad hwn, rydyn ni wedi cyfrif y gost bob awr ar gyfartaledd. Ar gyfartaledd, y gost bob awr ar gyfer darparwyr gofal sesiynol yn RhCT yw £8.50 yr awr am ofal cofleidiol a grwpiau chwarae. Roedd canllawiau'r SASS yn gofyn i ddarparwyr gyfrif eu cost yn ôl yr awr er mwyn sicrhau bod modd cymharu'r costau'n deg. Mae'n amlwg fod nifer o'r darparwyr gofal wedi camddeall y canllawiau gan nodi eu ffioedd yn ôl y sesiwn/diwrnod yn lle. Mae hyn wedi effeithio ar y data. Felly, nid oes cynrychiolaeth gywir o'r gost am ofal diwrnod llawn yn ôl yr awr yn RhCT. Felly, defnyddiwch y data isod yn ofalus.

RhCT	Gofal Diwrnod Llawn	Cyn Ysgol	Ar ôl Ysgol	Gofal cofleidiol	Cylch Chwarae / Cylch Meithrin (AM)	Cylch Chwarae / Cylch Meithrin (PM)	Crèche	Cinio	Gofal yn ystod y gwyliau
Isafswm	-	-	-	£7.50	£2.83	£5.50	-	£4.00	-
Uchafswm	-	-	-	£12.00	£40.00	£13.00	-	£4.00	-
Cyfartaledd	-	-	-	£8.00	£8.50	£8.50	-	£4.00	-

Cost bob awr (ar gyfartaledd)	Gofal Diwrnod Llawn	Cyn Ysgol	Ar ôl Ysgol	Gofal cofleidiol	Cylch Chwarae / Cylch Meithrin (AM)	Cylch Chwarae / Cylch Meithrin (PM)	Crèche	Cinio	Gofal yn ystod y gwyliau
Rhondda Fawr	-	-	-	£7.50	£8.25	£6.00	-	-	-
Rhondda Fach	-	-	-	£11.00	£8.25	£8.50	-	£4.00	-
Cynon Uchaf	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cynon Isaf	-	-	-	-	£7.00	£7.00	-	-	-
Dwyrain Taf	-	-	-	£8.00	£12.00	£11.00	-	-	-
Gorllewin Taf	-	-	-	-	£8.75	£10.00	-	-	-
Gogledd Taf	-	-	-	£8.00	£9.00	£9.00	-	-	-
De Taf	-	-	-	-	£10.00	-	-	-	-

6.3.2 Crynodeb o Gryfderau a Gwendidau Allweddol

Cryfderau

- Nifer dda o ddarparwyr gofal sesiynol yn RhCT (heblaw am ardaloedd De Taf a Chynon Uchaf)
- Partner allweddol wrth ddarparu rhaglen 'Hwyl y Gwyliau' a chymorth ar gyfer plant sy'n agored i niwed a phlant sydd ag anghenion dysgu a chorfforol ychwanegol.
- Dewis da o ddarpariaeth Gymraeg.

Gwendidau

- Nifer o ddarparwyr gofal sesiynol yn RhCT heb eu cofrestru. Er eu bod nhw'n darparu gwasanaeth i rieni, does dim mesur o ansawdd neu addasrwydd y staff. Hefyd, nid oes modd i rieni fanteisio ar gymorth ariannol i'w helpu nhw â chost gofal plant.
- Diffyg gofal sesiynol yn ystod gwyliau'r ysgol.

6.4 Crèche

6.4.1 Dadansoddi'r Ddarpariaeth Gofal Plant sydd ar gael

Doedd dim un darparwr cofrestredig wedi nodi eu bod nhw'n cynnig cyfleusterau Crèche ar y ffurflen SASS.

Mae gan wasanaethau'r Blynnyddoedd Cynnar a'r Gwasanaethau Cymorth i Deuluoedd garfan Dechrau'n Deg benodol sy'n darparu cyfleusterau Crèche i rieni sy'n mynychu rhaglenni rhianta Dechrau'n Deg. Ar hyn o bryd, nid yw'r garfan wedi'i chofrestru. Mae'r garfan yn darparu sesiynau sy'n para am lai na 2 awr y dydd.

6.4.2 Crynodeb o Gryfderau a Gwendidau Allweddol

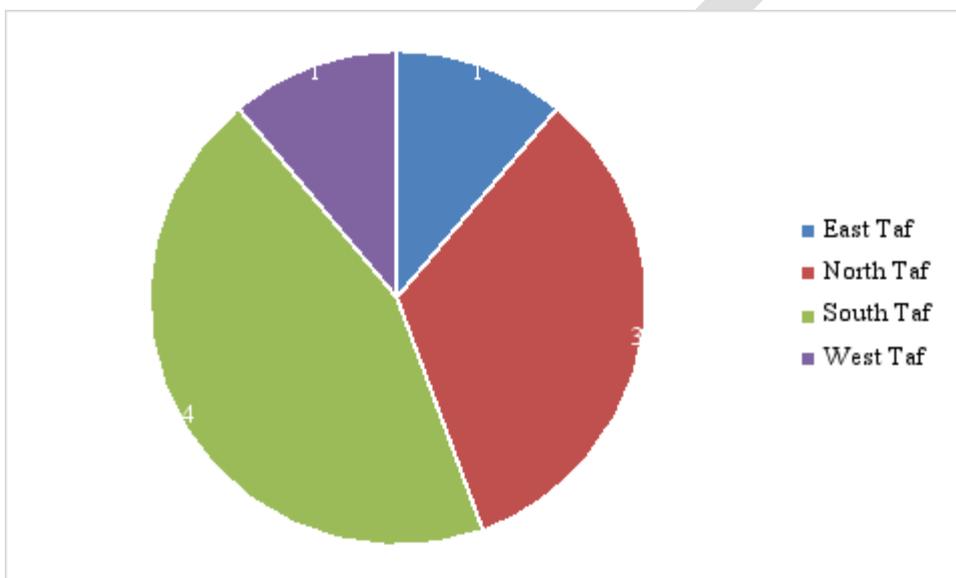
Mae Crèches yn cynnig gwasanaeth hyblyg i rieni sydd angen gofal plant afreolaidd neu ar fyr rybudd. Mae'r gwasanaeth yn elwa rhieni sydd mewn addysg neu hyfforddiant yn enwedig. Bydd swyddogion yn monitro'r angen am gyfleusterau Crèche ac yn hyrwyddo'r gwasanaeth lle bod angen.

6.5 Gofal y tu allan i'r Ysgol

6.5.1 Dadansoddi'r Ddarpariaeth Gofal Plant sydd ar gael

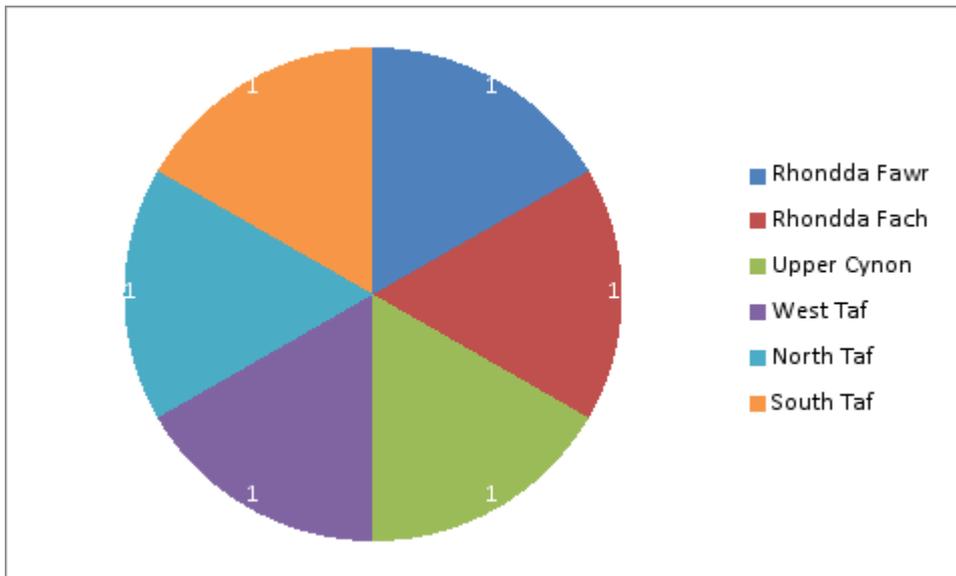
Cofrestrodd 1 darparwr gofal plant ar gyfer darpariaeth y tu allan i oriau ysgol yn 2016. Roedd y darparwr hwn wedi'i leoli yn ardal De Taf, gan greu 63 o leoedd cofrestredig newydd.

Mae'r diagram isod yn dangos fod y nifer fwyaf o ddarparwyr cofrestredig sy'n cynnig gofal y tu allan i oriau ysgol wedi'u lleoli yn ardal De Taf. Ardal Gogledd Taf sydd â'r ail nifer fwyaf. Yn ôl data SASS, does dim un darparwr gofal cofrestredig sy'n cynnig gofal y tu allan i oriau ysgol yn Rhondda Fawr, Rhondda Fach, Cynon Uchaf na Chynon Isaf.



Ffigwr 20: Nifer y darparwyr gofal plant cofrestredig sy'n cynnig gofal y tu allan i oriau ysgol

Mae gan RhCT nifer fawr o glybiau y tu allan i oriau ysgol sydd heb eu cofrestru. Mae hwn wedi bod yn flaenoriaeth i swyddogion ers adroddiad yr Asiantaeth Cynnal Plant diwethaf yn 2014. Llenwodd 5 darparwr sy'n darparu gofal y tu allan i oriau ysgol (heb eu cofrestru) holiaduron ym mis Awst 2016, er bod swyddogion yn ymwybodol o ddarparwyr eraill sy'n gweithredu o fewn y Fwrdeistref Sirol. Mae pob un o'r rheiny a lenwodd yr holiadur yn cynnig gofal plant ar ôl ysgol am lai na 2 awr y dydd. Mae pob un yn cynnig eu darpariaeth drwy gyfrwng y Gymraeg, heblaw am 1 safle yng Ngorllewin Taf sy'n darparu ei wasanaeth yn Saesneg yn unig. Gweler yr ardaloedd ar y siart isod:



Ffigwr 21: Nifer y darparwyr (sydd heb eu cofrestru) sy'n cynnig gofal y tu allan i oriau ysgol

Gwasanaethau sydd ar gael

	Rhondda Fawr	Rhondda Fach	Cynon Uchaf	Cynon Isaf	Dwyrain Taf	Gorllewin Taf	Gogled d Taf	De Taf
Cyfanswm y darparwyr sy'n cynnig gofal y tu allan i oriau ysgol	-	-	-	-	1	1	3	4
Cyn ysgol	-	-	-	-	0	0	2	1
Ar ôl Ysgol	-	-	-	-	0	1	2	4
Cyn ac ar ôl yr ysgol	-	-	-	-	0	0	0	1
Cynlluniau Chwarae	-	-	-	-	0	0	0	1
Gofal yn ystod y gwyliau	-	-	-	-	0	1	1	1

Nifer y lleoedd sy'n cael eu llenwi gan blant sydd ag anghenion addysgol arbennig neu sydd angen gofal arbenigol oherwydd anabledd

O'r plant hynny sy'n mynychu lleoliadau gofal y tu allan i oriau'r ysgol ac sydd ag anghenion ychwanegol, y cyflwr mwyaf cyffredin yw anghenion dysgu penodol, Anawsterau clywed a chyflyrau meddygol penodol. Mae'r rhain yn cynnwys Rett Syndrome, Parlys yr Ymennydd a Downs Syndrome.

	Rhondda Fawr	Rhondda Fach	Cynon Uchaf	Cynon Isaf	Dwyrain Taf	Gorllewin Taf	Gogledd Taf	De Taf
Cyfanswm y plant	-	-	-	-	7	17	31	0
Anawsterau lleferydd, iaith a chyfathrebu	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	0
Anhawster dysgu penodol (e.e. dyslecsia, ADHD, dyspraxia)	-	-	-	-	1	1	2	0
Anawsterau clywed	-	-	-	-	1	1	2	0
Anawsterau dysgu	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	0
Anawsterau gweld	-	-	-	-	1	0	1	0
Anawsterau emosiynol ac ymddygiadol	-	-	-	-	0	1	2	0
Corfforol	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	0
Cyflwr meddygol	-	-	-	-	1	1	2	0

Nifer y lleoedd Cymraeg a gafodd eu llenwi

Nododd 1 darparwr sy'n cynnig gofal y tu allan i oriau'r ysgol ei fod yn darparu ei wasanaethau drwy gyfrwng y Gymraeg. Mae 30 o leoedd cofrestredig ar gael ar un adeg, gyda 67 o blant yn manteisio ar eu gwasanaethau. Yn ôl data SASS, mae'r darparwr yma wedi'i leoli yng Ngogledd Taf.

Nid oedd un darparwr gofal y tu allan i oriau'r ysgol wedi nodi ei fod yn darparu ei wasanaeth drwy gyfrwng y Gymraeg a'r Saesneg.

Mae swyddogion yn ymwybodol bod 6 clwb ysgol cyfrwng Cymraeg sydd heb eu cofrestru yn gweithredu y tu allan i oriau'r ysgol. Mae darparwyr yn cael eu hannog yn gyson i gofrestru eu gwasanaethau a chynnig oriau hirach i rieni yn ystod tymor yr ysgol a gwyliau'r ysgol. Bydd y gwaith yn parhau dros y flwyddyn nesaf.

Lleoedd Gwag

	Rhondda Fawr	Rhondda Fach	Cynon Uchaf	Cynon Isaf	Dwyrain Taf	Gorllewin Taf	Gogledd Taf	De Taf
Cyn Ysgol	-	-	-	-	0	0	17	58
Ar ôl Ysgol	-	-	-	-	0	59	10	241

Gofal yn ystod y gwyliau	-	-	-	-	0	58	119	0
Cynlluniau Chwarae	-	-	-	-	0	0	0	0
Arall	-	-	-	-	0	0	0	74

O ran darpariaeth gofal y tu allan i oriau ysgol, mae'r nifer fwyaf o leoedd gwag ar gyfer gofal ar ôl yr ysgol. Ardal De Taf sydd â'r nifer fwyaf o'r lleoedd gwag hyn. Ardal Gogledd Taf sydd â'r nifer fwyaf o leoedd gwag ar gyfer darpariaeth yn ystod y gwyliau. Mae gan De Taf y nifer fwyaf o leoedd gwag o ran darpariaeth gofal cyn yr ysgol.

Amseroedd agor, gan gynnwys y nifer sy'n cynnig oriau gofal plant hyblyg

Yn unol â'r math o gofrestrriad, does dim un o'r clybiau y tu allan i oriau'r ysgol a lenwodd eu ffurflen SASS yn cynnig gofal dros nos neu dros y penwythnos. Mae 22% yn cynnig gofal cyn 8am yn ystod tymor yr ysgol (2), ac yn gostwng i 11% yn ystod gwyliau'r ysgol (1). Does dim un yn cynnig gofal ar ôl 6pm yn ystod tymor yr ysgol neu yn ystod gwyliau'r ysgol.

Dim ond 33% o'r safleoedd hyn sy'n cynnig gofal plant yn ystod y gwyliau (3). O'r rhain, mae pob un yn cynnig gofal yn ystod y gwyliau, heblaw am wyliau'r Nadolig - dim ond 1 sy'n cynnig y gwasanaeth yma. Mae'r nifer fach o glybiau ysgol sy'n cynnig gofal yn ystod y gwyliau yn bryder i swyddogion, gan fod rhieni yn nodi'n rheolaidd eu bod nhw angen gofal plant i blant oed ysgol yn ystod y gwyliau. Wrth lenwi'r holiadur, nododd 18.2% o'r rhieni sydd ddim yn defnyddio gwasanaethau gofal plant ar hyn o bryd, fod dim gofal plant ar gael yn ystod y gwyliau (62). Nododd 10.6% o'r rhieni sydd yn manteisio ar ofal plant yr un peth (11). Gall hyn awgrymu fod llawer o rieni sydd ddim yn defnyddio gwasanaethau gofal plant yn meddwl fod dim gofal plant ar gael yn ystod y gwyliau, er bod hwn yn anwir. Bydd y sefyllfa'n cael ei harchwilio dros y flwyddyn nesaf.

Cafodd RhCT ei ddewis yn un o weithredwyr cynnar rhaglen addysg/gofal plant 30 awr Llywodraeth Cymru. Yn sgil hyn, bydd sefydlu rhagor o glybiau gofal plant yn ystod y gwyliau yn flaenoriaeth i swyddogion yn 2017/18 er mwyn ymateb i'r galw tebygol.

Amrediad Costau

Wrth lenwi'r ffurflen SASS, gofynnwyd i ddarparwyr gofnodi eu costau yn ôl yr awr. Nid oedd pob darparwr wedi cydymffurfio â hyn, gan nodi eu ffioedd yn ôl y sesiwn neu ddiwrnod yn lle. Felly, nid yw'n bosibl cymharu'r costau yn fanwl gywir.

At ddibenion yr adroddiad hwn, rydyn ni wedi cyfrif y gost bob awr ar gyfartaledd. Ar gyfartaledd, y gost bob awr ar gyfer darparwyr gofal y tu allan i oriau'r ysgol yn RhCT yw £7.00 ar gyfer gofal ar ôl ysgol a £6.50 ar gyfer gofal cyn yr ysgol.

RhCT	Cyn Ysgol	Ar ôl Ysgol	Gofal cofleidiol	Sesiwn cynllun chwarae	Gofal yn ystod y gwyliau
Isafswm	£2.00	£3.00	£5.14	£28.00	£2.20
Uchafswm	£13.00	£15.00	£7.20	£28.00	£28.00
Cyfartaledd	£4.63	£7.00	£6.17	£28.00	£18.45

Cost bob awr (ar gyfartaledd)	Cyn Ysgol	Ar ôl Ysgol	Gofal cofleidiol	Sesiwn cynllun chwarae	Gofal yn ystod y gwyliau
Rhondda Fawr	-	-	-	-	-
Rhondda Fach	-	-	-	-	-
Cynon Uchaf	-	-	-	-	-
Cynon Isaf	-	-	-	-	-
Dwyrain Taf	-	£5.00	-	-	£16.00
Gorllewin Taf	-	£3.00	-	-	£20.90
Gogledd Taf	£7.50	£9.17	-	£28.00	£15.10
De Taf	£4.63	£9.25	£6.17	-	-

6.5.2 Crynodeb o Gryfderau a Gwendidau Allweddol

Cryfderau

- Dewis da o ddarparwyr gofal cofrestredig y tu allan i oriau'r ysgol ar gael yn ardal De Taf.
- Dewis da o ddarparwyr gofal cyfrwng Cymraeg y tu allan i oriau'r ysgol (er bod y rhan fwyaf heb eu cofrestru).

Gwendidau

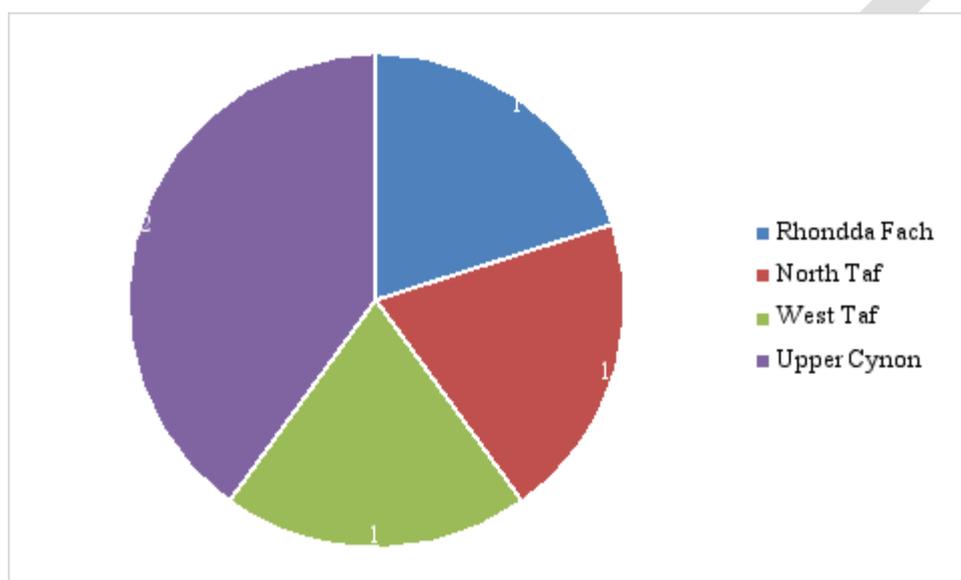
- Nifer o ddarparwyr gofal y tu allan i oriau'r ysgol yn RhCT heb eu cofrestru. Er eu bod nhw'n darparu gwasanaeth i rieni, does dim mesur o ansawdd neu addasrwydd y staff. Hefyd, nid oes modd i rieni fanteisio ar gymorth ariannol i'w helpu nhw â chost gofal plant.
- Diffyg darparwyr cofrestredig y tu allan i oriau'r ysgol yn Rhondda Fawr, Rhondda Fach, Cynon Uchaf a Chynon Isaf.
- Nifer fawr o leoedd gwag ar gyfer gofal ar ôl yr ysgol ar safleoedd cofrestredig.
- Nifer isel o ddarparwyr gofal y tu allan i oriau'r ysgol sy'n cynnig gofal yn ystod y gwyliau.

DRAFT

6.6 Darpariaeth Chwarae Mynediad Agored

6.6.1 Dadansoddi'r Ddarpariaeth Gofal Plant sydd ar gael

Mae'r diagram isod yn dangos fod y nifer fwyaf o ddarparwyr chwarae mynediad agored sydd wedi'u cofrestru â'r Arolygiaeth Gofal a Gwasanaethau Cymdeithasol Cymru (CSSIW) wedi'u lleoli yng Nghwm Cynon Uchaf. Yn ôl data'r SASS, does dim un darparwr chwarae mynediad agored yng Nghwm Cynon Isaf, Rhondda Fawr, Dwyrain Taf a De Taf.



Figwr 22: Nifer y darparwyr chwarae mynediad agored cofrestredig

Gwasanaethau sydd ar gael

	Rhondda Fawr	Rhondda Fach	Cynon Uchaf	Cynon Isaf	Dwyrain Taf	Gorllewin Taf	Gogled d Taf	De Taf
Cyfanswm y darparwyr chwarae mynediad agored	0	1	2	0	0	1	1	0
Cyn ysgol	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ar ôl Ysgol	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cynlluniau Chwarae	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cynlluniau chwarae yn ystod y gwyliau	0	1	2	0	0	1	1	0

Nifer y lleoedd sy'n cael eu llenwi gan blant sydd ag anghenion addysgol arbennig neu sydd angen gofal arbenigol oherwydd anabledd

O'r plant hynny sy'n mynychu cynlluniau chwarae mynediad agored ac sydd ag anghenion ychwanegol, y cyflwr mwyaf cyffredin oedd anawsterau corfforol, yna anawsterau dysgu, emosiynol ac ymddygiadol a chyflyrau meddygol penodol. Mae'r rhain yn cynnwys asthma, alergeddau ac eczema.

	Rhondda Fawr	Rhondda Fach	Cynon Uchaf	Cynon Isaf	Dwyrain Taf	Gorllewin Taf	Gogledd Taf	De Taf
Cyfanswm y plant	0	0	6	0	0	0	12	0
Anawsterau lleferydd, iaith a chyfathrebu	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Dysgu penodol (e.e. dyslecsia, ADHD, dyspraxia)	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0
Anawsterau clywed	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Anawsterau dysgu	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Anawsterau gweld	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Anawsterau emosiynol ac ymddygiadol	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0
Corfforol	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	0
Cyflwr meddygol	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0

Nifer y lleoedd Cymraeg a gafodd eu llenwi

Nododd 1 darparwr cynllun chwarae mynediad agored ei fod yn darparu ei wasanaethau drwy gyfrwng y Gymraeg. Mae 30 o leoedd cofrestredig ar gael ar un adeg, gyda 76 o blant yn manteisio ar eu gwasanaethau. Yn ôl data SASS, mae'r darparwr yma wedi'i leoli yng Ngogledd Taf.

Doedd dim un darparwr cynllun chwarae mynediad agored wedi nodi eu bod yn darparu eu gwasanaethau drwy gyfrwng y Gymraeg a'r Saesneg.

Lleoedd Gwaq

	Rhondda Fawr	Rhondda Fach	Cynon Uchaf	Cynon Isaf	Dwyrain Taf	Gorllewin Taf	Gogledd Taf	De Taf
--	--------------	--------------	-------------	------------	-------------	---------------	-------------	--------

Cyn Ysgol	-	0	0	-	-	0	0	-
Ar ôl Ysgol	-	0	0	-	-	0	0	-
Darpariaeth yn ystod y Gwyliau	-	0	0	-	-	0	0	-
Cynlluniau chwarae	-	0	0	-	-	0	0	-
Arall	-	0	0	-	-	0	0	-

Doedd dim un darparwr cofrestredig ar gyfer cynlluniau chwarae mynediad agored wedi nodi bod ganddynt leoedd gwag ar gyfer eu gwasanaethau.

Amseroedd agor, gan gynnwys y nifer sy'n cynnig oriau gofal plant hyblyg

Yn unol â'r math o gofrestrriad, doedd dim un o ddarparwyr y cynllun chwarae mynediad agored yn cynnig gofal dros nos neu dros y penwythnos. Does dim un yn cynnig gofal cyn 8am neu ar ôl 6pm.

Gan fod y darparwyr wedi'u cofrestru â'r Arolygiaeth Gofal a Gwasanaethau Cymdeithasol Cymru (CSSIW), mae modd iddyn nhw gynnig sesiynau chwarae sy'n para dros 2 awr. Mae 2 safle yng Nghwm Cynon Uchaf yn cynnig sesiynau o 10am tan 2pm ac o 9am tan 3pm. Nododd darparwyr eraill eu bod nhw'n cynnig 2 sesiwn o 2 awr bob dydd, gydag egwyl amser cinio.

Mae swyddogion yn awyddus i annog darparwyr y cynlluniau chwarae mynediad agored i ymestyn eu cofrestrriad. Byddai hyn yn cynnwys cynnig gofal plant â chost yn ystod amseroedd cinio, cyn ac ar ôl sesiynau'r cynllun chwarae. Bydd y model 'gofal chwarae' hwn yn caniatáu i rieni hwyluso pecyn gofal oriau hirach yn ystod gwyliau'r ysgol, ond am bris gostyngol (gan fod sesiynau'r cynllun chwarae yn rhad ac am ddim). Er bod hyn wedi bod yn flaenoriaeth ers adroddiad Yr Asiantaeth Cynnal Plant diwethaf yn 2014, dim ond 1 darparwr sy'n cynnig y gwasanaeth yma ar hyn o bryd. Bydd swyddogion yn parhau i hyrwyddo'r math yma o wasanaeth a chefnogi'r safleoedd lle bo'n bosib.

Amrediad Costau

Wrth lenwi'r ffurflen SASS, gofynnwyd i ddarparwyr gofnodi eu costau yn ôl yr awr, Nid oedd pob darparwr wedi cydymffurfio â hyn, gan nodi eu ffioedd yn ôl y sesiwn neu ddiwrnod yn lle. Felly, nid yw'n bosibl cymharu'r costau yn fanwl gywir.

At ddibenion yr adroddiad hwn, rydyn ni wedi cyfrif y gost bob awr ar gyfartaledd. Ar gyfartaledd, y gost bob awr ar gyfer darparwyr chwarae mynediad agored yn RhCT yw £2.13 yr awr am ofal cofleidiol a grwpiau chwarae.

RhCT	Cyn Ysgol	Ar ôl Ysgol	Sesiwn cynllun chwarae	Sesiwn cynllun chwarae yn ystod y gwyliau
Isafswm	-	-	-	£2.00
Uchafswm	-	-	-	£2.25
Cyfartaledd	-	-	-	£2.13

Cost bob awr (ar gyfartaledd)	Cyn Ysgol	Ar ôl Ysgol	Sesiwn cynllun chwarae	Sesiwn cynllun chwarae yn ystod y gwyliau
Rhondda Fawr	-	-	-	-
Rhondda Fach	-	-	-	-
Cynon Uchaf	-	-	-	£2.00
Cynon Isaf	-	-	-	-
Dwyrain Taf	-	-	-	-
Gorllewin Taf	-	-	-	-
Gogledd Taf	-	-	-	£2.25
De Taf	-	-	-	-

6.6.2 Crynodeb o Gryfderau a Gwendidau Allweddol

Cryfderau

- Mae RhCT yn cydnabod gwerth a phwysigrwydd cynlluniau chwarae mynediad agored i blant a theuluoedd. Caiff y cynlluniau eu hariannu gan Grant Gofal Plant y Tu Allan i Oriau Ysgol.
- Rhaglen hyfforddiant gynhwysfawr yn cynorthwyo gweithlu'r cynllun chwarae.

Gwendidau

- Nifer o gynlluniau chwarae mynediad agored heb eu cofrestru.
- Bydd diddymu'r rhaglen Cymunedau yn Gyntaf yn debygol o gael effaith wael ar ddarpariaeth cynlluniau chwarae mynediad agored yn RhCT.

- Stopiodd y gymdeithas chwarae ar gyfer RhCT 'Chwarae Plant' i fasnachu yn 2016, gan arwain at golli 4 cynllun chwarae wedi'u comisiynu.

DRAFT

6.7 Nani

6.7.1 Dadansoddi'r Ddarpariaeth Gofal Plant sydd ar gael

Nid yw swyddogion yn ymwybodol o unrhyw nanis sydd ar y gofrestr wirfoddol yn RhCT. Ond, gall hyn olygu fod nanis yn gweithio dros deuluoedd sy'n byw yn RhCT ond eu bod wedi'u cofrestru ag Awdurdodau Lleol cyfagos.

6.7.2 Crynodeb o Gryfderau a Gwendidau Allweddol

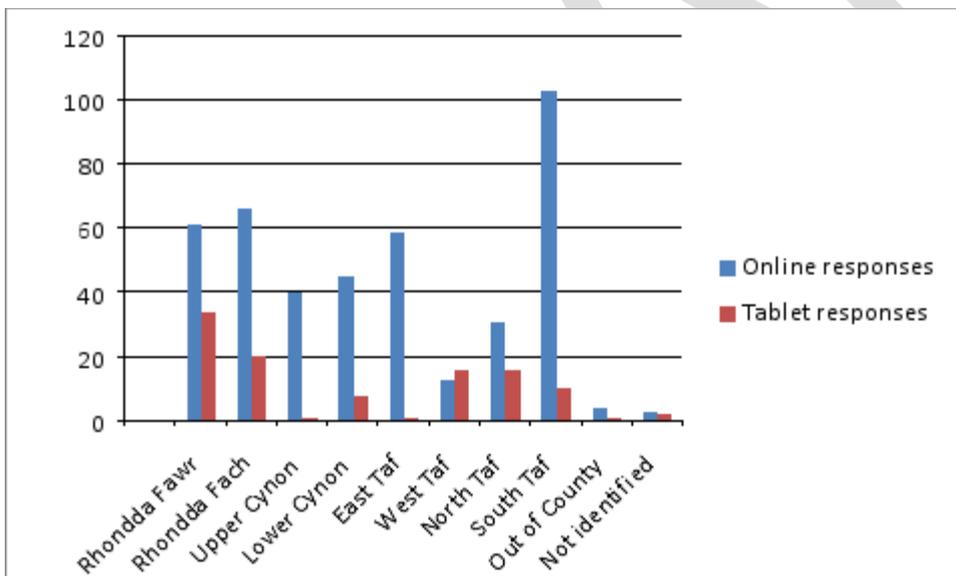
Mae'r manteision sy'n gysylltiedig â chael nani yn y cartref yn cynnwys darpariaeth hyblyg sy'n cael ei theilwra yn ôl amgylchiadau personol y teulu. Mae'n bosib y byddai hyrwyddo'r cynllun cofrestru gwirfoddol yn hyrwyddo'r math yma o ofal plant, yn enwedig i deuluoedd mawr sy'n teimlo fod y gost o ofal plant unigol yn ddrud.

7. Deall Anghenion Rhieni / Cynhalwyr / Gofalwyr

7.1 Golwg Gyffredinol o'r Ymgynghoriad

Sefydlwyd holiadur gan ddefnyddio templed Llywodraeth Cymru. Roedd yr holiadur ar gael i'w llenwi rhwng 7 Hydref ac 11 Tachwedd 2016. Bu swyddogion allgymorth y Gwasanaeth Gwybodaeth i Deuluoedd yn bresennol yn ystod nifer o grwpiau cymunedol h.y. grwpiau babanod a phlant bach, grwpiau tylino babanod, a grwpiau siarad a chwarae, er mwyn hyrwyddo'r holiadur i rieni. Yn ystod y sesiynau hyn, llenwodd 109 o rieni'r holiadur ar lechi digidol. Hefyd, dosbarthwyd taflenni gwybodaeth yn ystod y sesiynau er mwyn annog rhieni i lenwi'r holiadur ar-lein. Cafodd 425 o holiaduron eu llenwi ar-lein. Felly, cafodd cyfanswm o 534 o holiaduron eu llenwi.

O edrych ar y data yn ôl codau post, cafodd holiaduron eu llenwi gan bobl a oedd yn byw ym mhob ward o Riondda Cynon Taf. De Taf oedd wedi llenwi'r nifer fwyaf o holiaduron, a Gorllewin Taf oedd wedi llenwi'r nifer leiaf.



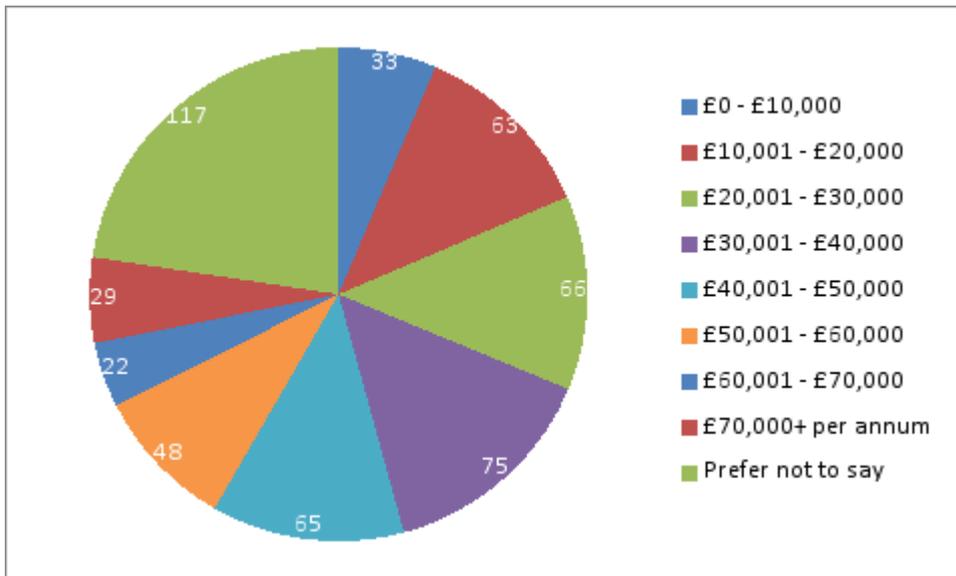
Ffigwr 23: Atebion i'r holiadur i rieni

O'r atebion a dderbyniwyd, mae 19.5% yn manteisio ar wasanaethau gofal plant ar hyn o bryd (104), dyw 63.7% ddim yn manteisio ar ofal plant ar hyn o bryd (340), gyda 2.1% o'r rhain yn bwriadu gwneud yn y dyfodol (11). Roedd 0.6% o'r atebwyr ar gyfnod mamolaeth (3) ac yn bwriadu manteisio ar wasanaethau gofal plant unwaith iddyn nhw ddychwelyd i'r gwaith.

Statws	Nifer
Rhiant / Cynhaliwr yn gweithio (ddim yn disgwyl babi)	383
Rhieni / Cynhaliwr mewn addysg neu hyfforddiant (ddim yn disgwyl babi)	13
Rhiant / Cynhaliwr yn chwilio am waith (ddim yn disgwyl babi)	11
Rhiant / Cynhaliwr yn chwilio am addysg neu hyfforddiant (ddim yn disgwyl babi)	0
Disgwyl babi neu ar gyfnod mamolaeth / tadolaeth gyda'i babi/fabi cyntaf	13
Mabwysiadu ei babi/fabi cyntaf	0
Rhiant / Cynhaliwr yn disgwyl babi neu ar gyfnod mamolaeth / tadolaeth sydd â phlant eraill	27
Rhiant / Cynhaliwr sydd yn y broses o fabwysiadu neu sydd ar absenoldeb mabwysiadu sydd â phlant eraill	3
Rhiant / Cynhaliwr sydd ddim mewn cyflogaeth	82
Rhieni / Cynhaliwr sydd ddim mewn addysg neu hyfforddiant	6

Nifer y rhieni yn ôl incwm blynyddol y cartref

Gweler isod nifer y rhieni/cynhalwyr a lenwodd yr holiadur yn ôl incwm eu cartref. Doedd 21.9% heb nodi incwm eu cartref (117). Nododd 30.3% fod incwm eu cartref yn is na £30,000 y flwyddyn (162). Mae'r rhan fwyaf o'r rhain yn byw yn ardaloedd Rhondda Fawr a Rhondda Fach. Nododd 18.5% fod incwm eu cartref yn uwch na £50,000 y flwyddyn (99). Mae'r rhan fwyaf o'r rhain yn byw yn ardal De Taf, a'r ail nifer fwyaf yn byw yn Nwyrain Taf.



Ffigwr 24: Incwm Blynnyddol y Cartref ar gyfartaledd

Nifer yn ôl Grŵp Ethnig

Nododd 1.3% o'r rhieni a lenwodd yr holiadur eu bod nhw'n perthyn i grŵp ethnig heblaw am 'gwyn' (7). O ystyried cyfrifiad 2011, mae'r Ffigwr yn is na phoblogaeth 'Du ac Ethnig Lleiafrifol' gyffredinol RhCT o 2.6% (o'i gymharu â Ffigwr Cymru gyfan o 4.4%).

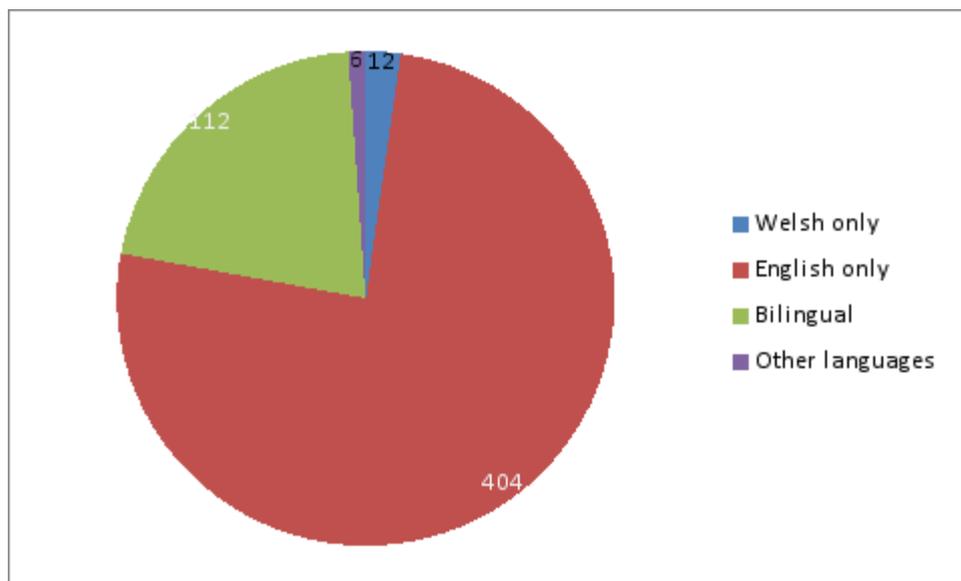
O'r rhain, mae 42.9% yn byw yn ardal Dwyrain Taf (3), 28.6% yn byw yn ardal De Taf (2), 14.3% yn byw yn Rhondda Fawr (1) ac 14.3% yn byw yng Nghwm Cynon Isaf (1).

Grŵp Ethnig	Nifer
Gwyn	515
Grwpiau ethnig cymysg / amrywiol	2
Asiaidd / Asiaidd Prydeinig	2
Du / Affricanaidd / Caribiaidd / Du Prydeinig	3
Grŵp Ethnig Arall	0
Ddim eisiau dweud	4

Iaith y rhieni/cynhalwyr (prif iaith y cartref)

Nododd 75.7% mai Saesneg oedd prif iaith y cartref, 21% fod y cartref yn ddwyieithog a 1.1% wedi nodi ieithoedd eraill. Nododd 2.2% o'r rhieni mai Cymraeg oedd prif iaith y

cartref. Mae hwn yn is na'r 12.3% a nodwyd yng nghyfrifiad 2011. Ond, mae'r data'n annhebygol o gynnwys y rheiny a nododd bod eu cartref yn ddwyieithog.



Ffigwr 25: Iaith y rhieni/cynhalwyr

Grŵp oedran y plant

Mae'r tabl isod yn dangos fod y nifer fwyaf o blant yn perthyn i'r grŵp 8-11 oed, a bod yr ail nifer fwyaf yn perthyn i'r grŵp oedran 5-7 oed. Nododd 151 o'r rhieni fod eu plant yn yr ysgol uwchradd (12-17 oed).

Oedran	Nifer
Dan 12 mis oed	61
12 - 18 mis	46
19 - 23 mis	32
2 oed	61
3 oed	60
4 oed	65
5 - 7 oed	208
8 - 11 oed	213
12 - 14 oed	93
15 -17 oed	58

Rhieni â phlant sydd ag anghenion addysgol arbennig neu anabledd

Anghenion Addysgol Arbennig / Anabledd	Nifer
Lleferydd ac Iaith	35
Anhawster dysgu penodol (dyslexia)	7
Anawsterau clywed	9
Anawsterau dysgu	17
Anawsterau gweld	8
Anawsterau emosiynol ac ymddygiadol	33
Corfforol	12
Cyflwr meddygol	41
Arall (nodwch)	13

Nodwyd y cyflyrau meddygol canlynol o dan 'Arall':

- Anhwylder Diffyg Canolbwyntio a Gorfywiogrwydd (ADHD)
- Awtistiaeth
- Parlys yr Ymennydd
- Traed Clwb
- Diabetes
- Syndrom Downs
- Dyslexia / Dyspraxia
- Epilepsi
- Oedi mewn datblygiad cyffredinol
- Mudandod dewisol

7.2 Defnydd presennol o'r ddarpariaeth gofal plant

7.2.1 Dadansoddiad o ddefnydd presennol y ddarpariaeth Gofal Plant

Math o wasanaethau sydd ar gael

Yn ystod tymor yr ysgol, y mathau o ofal plant mwyaf poblogaidd yw gofal diwrnod llawn, clybiau ar ôl ysgol a chlybiau brechwast am ddim.

Yn bennaf, caiff y math 'Arall' o ofal plant ei ddarparu gan aelodau o'r teulu/ mam-gu/ tad-cu.

Yn bennaf, caiff y math 'arall' o ofal plant ei ddarparu gan aelodau o'r teulu/ mam-gu/ tad-cu yn ystod gwyliau'r ysgol. Roedd rhieni hefyd wedi nodi clybiau chwaraeon/cyfleusterau awyr agored o dan 'arall'. Er bod y clybiau hyn ddim o reidrwydd yn fathau o ofal plant, maen nhw'n dal i gael eu defnyddio gan rieni.

O'r rheiny sy'n manteisio ar wasanaethau gwarchodwyr plant, mae 37% yn eu defnyddio ar gyfer gofal diwrnod llawn (30), 33% ar gyfer darpariaeth cyn yr ysgol (27) a 46.9% ar ôl ysgol (38). Mae 22% o'r rheiny sy'n manteisio ar wasanaethau gwarchodwyr plant yn eu defnyddio ar gyfer gofal yn ystod y gwyliau (22) a 7.4% ar gyfer gofal cofleidiol o amgylch addysg feithrin (6).

O'r rheiny sy'n defnyddio darparwyr gofal diwrnod llawn, mae 49.4% yn eu defnyddio ar gyfer gofal diwrnod llawn (49.4%), 13.8% ar gyfer sesiynau'r bore (12), 5.7% ar gyfer sesiynau'r prynhawn (5) ac 19.5% ar gyfer darpariaeth yn ystod gwyliau'r ysgol (17). Mae 8% o rieni yn defnyddio darparwyr gofal diwrnod llawn ar gyfer gofal cofleidiol (7), 16.1% ar gyfer darpariaeth cyn yr ysgol (14) ac 13.8% ar ôl ysgol (12).

Mae 60% o'r rhieni sy'n manteisio ar wasanaethau gofal sesiynol yn eu defnyddio ar gyfer grwpiau chwarae/Cylch Meithrin (18), a 20% yn eu defnyddio ar gyfer sesiynau'r prynhawn (6). Mae 36.7% yn eu defnyddio ar gyfer gwasanaethau gofal cofleidiol (11), sy'n awgrymu mai gofal sesiynol yw math o ofal plant mwyaf poblogaidd y gwasanaeth.

Nododd 65.4% o rieni eu bod nhw'n defnyddio crèche ar gyfer gofal diwrnod llawn (17). Doedd dim un darparwr wedi nodi ei fod wedi'i gofrestru'n wasanaeth crèche ar ei ffurflen SASS . Mae gwybodaeth gan swyddogion lleol yn awgrymu mai dim ond un crèche oedd wedi'i gofrestru yn RhCT ar adeg ysgrifennu'r adroddiad. Mae hwn yn awgrymu nad oedd rhieni yn deall y derminoleg a oedd yn berthnasol i'r math o ofal plant. Mae'n debygol yr oedden nhw'n cyfeirio at ddarpariaeth gofal diwrnod llawn.

O'r rheiny sy'n manteisio ar ddarpariaethau gofal plant y tu allan i oriau ysgol, mae 64% yn eu defnyddio ar ôl yr ysgol (57) a 31.5% yn eu defnyddio yn ystod gwyliau'r ysgol (28).

Nododd 2 riant eu bod nhw'n defnyddio gwasanaethau nani ar gyfer gofal diwrnod llawn. Nid oedd swyddogion yn ymwybodol o nanis sy'n gweithio yn RhCT ac sydd wedi'u cofrestru â'r cynllun cymeradwyo gwirfoddol. Roedd y ddau riant yn byw yn ardal Gogledd Taf.

Yn ystod tymor yr ysgol, nododd 91.2% o rieni eu bod nhw'n manteisio ar ofal plant o fewn yr Awdurdod Lleol (93), 3.9% y tu allan i'r Awdurdod Lleol (4) a nododd 4.9% eu bod yn defnyddio cymysgedd o'r ddau. O'r rheiny sy'n manteisio ar ddarpariaeth gofal plant y tu allan i RhCT, mae 3 yn defnyddio gwasanaethau gofal plant yng Nghaerdydd, 1 ym Mhen-y-bont ar Ogwr ac 1 ym Mro Morgannwg.

Yn ystod gwyliau'r ysgol, mae 77.7% yn defnyddio gofal plant o fewn yr Awdurdod Lleol (80), 11.7% y tu allan i'r Awdurdod (12) a 10.7% yn defnyddio cymysgedd o'r ddau. O'r rheiny sy'n manteisio ar ddarpariaeth gofal plant y tu allan i RhCT, mae 4 yn defnyddio gwasanaethau gofal plant yng Nghaerdydd, 3 ym Mro Morgannwg ac 1 ym Mhen-y-bont ar Ogwr.

Nifer y lleoedd sydd eu hangen ar gyfer plant sydd ag anghenion addysgol arbennig neu blant sydd angen gofal arbenigol oherwydd anabledd

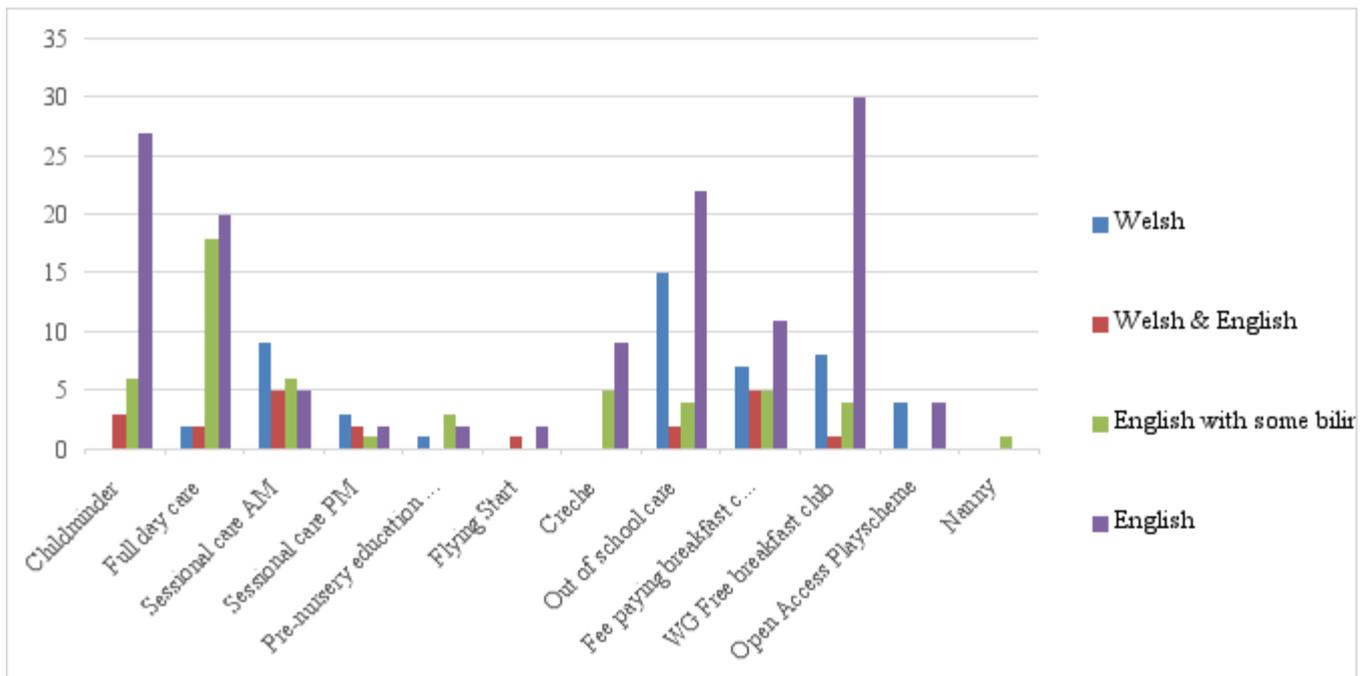
Ar hyn o bryd, mae RhCT yn cydlynu cynllun atyfeirio yn ystod gwyliau'r ysgol ar gyfer plant sydd ag anghenion ychwanegol a chorfforol, yn ogystal â phlant sy'n cael eu hystyried yn agored i niwed ac sydd angen gofal preswyl. Llwyddodd y rhaglen Hwyl y Gwyliau i gynorthwyo 991 o blant i fanteisio ar ofal plant a darpariaethau chwarae yn ystod pob gwyliau ysgol yn ystod 2016. Mae'r ddarpariaeth yn cynnwys darparwyr gofal diwrnod llawn, darparwyr gofal y tu allan i oriau ysgol, gwarchodwyr plant y rhwydwaith a

chynlluniau chwarae mynediad agored. Roedd angen cymorth ychwanegol ar 773 o'r plant hyn i fanteisio ar y ddarpariaeth ac roedd 191 o'r plant angen cludiant i'r ddarpariaeth agosaf. Cafodd 185 o'r plant hyn eu hatgyfeirio gan wasanaeth Carfan o Amgylch y Teulu (TAF) Rhondda Cynon Taf. Mae'r gwasanaeth yma'n cynorthwyo teuluoedd sy'n agored i niwed drwy gynnig pecyn cymorth pwrpasol. Yn ogystal â chynnig cymorth gwerthfawr i deuluoedd sy'n agored i niwed a phlant sydd ag anghenion ychwanegol a chorfforol, mae'r rhaglen hefyd yn cynorthwyo cynladwyedd lleoliadau gofal plant a chwarae.

Erbyn hyn, nid yw Rhondda Cynon Tad yn ariannu Cynllun Cymorth Lleoedd i gynorthwyo teuluoedd sy'n agored i niwed neu sydd ag incwm isel i fanteisio ar ddarpariaeth gofal plant y tu allan i oriau ysgol yn ystod tymor yr ysgol. Mae'r grant gofal plant y tu allan i oriau ysgol wedi cael ei ddefnyddio i gynnig cymorth uniongyrchol i blant ar safleoedd y tu allan i oriau ysgol yn ystod 2016/17. Dros y flwyddyn nesaf, bydd swyddogion yn cysylltu ag asiantaethau eraill ac adrannau o'r Cyngor i edrych ar sut i wella ffyrdd o helpu teuluoedd sy'n agored i niwed i fanteisio ar ddarpariaethau gofal plant.

Nifer y lleoedd yn ôl categori iaith

Saesneg yw iaith y rhan fwyaf o leoedd gofal plant. Y ddarpariaeth cyfrwng Cymraeg mwyaf poblogaidd yw gofal plant ar ôl oriau ysgol. Er hyn, dyw pob darpariaeth cyfrwng Cymraeg y tu allan i oriau'r ysgol heblaw am un, ddim wedi cael eu cofrestru. Mae hyn yn golygu bod rhieni'n methu â chael cymorth ariannol ar gyfer gofal plant drwy gynlluniau'r llywodraeth neu dalebau gofal plant eu cyflogwyr. Bydd swyddogion yn parhau i gynorthwyo'r safleoedd hyn i gofrestru â'r Arolygiaeth Gofal a Gwasanaethau Cymdeithasol Cymru (CSSIW) dros y flwyddyn nesaf. Bydd hyn yn bwysig o ystyried cynllun gofal plant/addysg 30 awr Llywodraeth Cymru, i'w weithredu yn nes ymlaen yn 2017. O ganlyniad i hyn, bydd modd i glybiau gynnig oriau gofal hirach yn ystod tymor yr ysgol a'r gwyliau.



Ffigwr 26: Dewis iaith yn ôl math o ofal plant:

Rhesymau dros ddefnyddio / peidio â defnyddio gofal plant

Nododd 93.4% o rieni mai'r prif reswm dros ddefnyddio gofal plant oedd oherwydd bod rhaid iddyn nhw fynd i'r gwaith (170). Yr ail brif reswm oedd gwella profiadau cymdeithasol a dysgu'r plentyn (22). Nododd 5 o rieni eu bod nhw'n defnyddio gofal plant at ddibenion addysg/astudio, a 2 tra'u bod nhw'n chwilio am waith.

Y rheswm mwyaf poblogaidd am beidio â defnyddio gofal plant oedd bod teulu a rhieni'n gofalu am eu plant (141). Y rhesymau eraill mwyaf poblogaidd oedd bod gofal plant yn rhy ddrud (115) a bod un neu ddau o'r rhieni gartref (85). Roedd y nifer fwyaf o atebion yn dod o rieni yn ardaloedd Rhondda Fawr a Rhondda Fach.

Nododd nifer o rieni does dim gofal plant ar gael pan maen nhw ei angen. Yr adegau mwyaf poblogaidd ar gyfer diffyg gofal plant oedd cyn 8am (71) ac yn ystod gwyliau'r ysgol (60). Nododd 42 o rieni eu bod angen darpariaeth gofal ar ôl 6pm, 13 dros nos, a 22 dros y penwythnos. Mae diffyg gofal plant yn ystod oriau anghyffredin yn bwynt sydd wedi cael ei nodi mewn adroddiadau'r Asiantaeth Cynnal Plant blaenorol. Mae'n parhau i fod yn flaenoriaeth i swyddogion yn Rhondda Cynon Taf. Ond, mae cynaladwyedd y ddarpariaeth hon yn broblem o hyd. Os ydy'r holiadur yn cynrychioli RhCT gyfan, mae'n debygol fydd dim digon o alw am ofal dros y penwythnos a dros nos i sicrhau cynaladwyedd y gwasanaethau hyn. Mae dadansoddiad o Adran 6 y ffurflenni SASS yn

dangos mai gwarchodwyr plant yn unig sy'n cynnig gofal plant ar adegau anghyffredin. Mae 75% yn cynnig gofal cyn 8am o'i gymharu â 40% o ddarparwyr gofal diwrnod llawn. Mae gofal ar ôl 6pm yn llai cyffredin. Dim ond 26% o warchodwyr plant sy'n cynnig y gwasanaeth yma a 3% o ddarparwyr gofal diwrnod llawn. Ar hyn o bryd, does dim un o'r darparwyr gofal a lenwodd y ffurflen SASS yn cynnig gofal dros nos. Dim ond 9% o warchodwyr plant sy'n cynnig gofal dros y penwythnos, a does dim un darparwr gofal diwrnod llawn yn cynnig y gwasanaeth yma.

Mae rhesymau eraill dros beidio â defnyddio gofal plant yn cynnwys:

- Rydw i'n gweithio oriau ysgol
- Does dim angen gofal plant arna i bob bore, mae trefnu gofal plant ar fyr rybudd yn anodd
- Rydw i'n gweithio gyda'r nos ac mae fy ngŵr yn gweithio yn ystod y dydd ac yn gallu gofalu am y plant
- Newidiais i fy ngyrfa i ddod yn warchodwr plant oherwydd doeddwn i ddim yn gallu dod o hyd i ofal plant addas
- Mae'r clwb ar ôl ysgol yn gorffen am 5.30pm a dydw i ddim yn cyrraedd yn ôl o'r gwaith tan 6pm
- Credaf ei fod yn bwysig iawn i fod yno i'ch plant felly rydw i'n gweithio oriau ysgol
- Mae sifftiau fy ngwraig yn caniatáu iddi fod yn hyblyg ar ôl oriau ysgol pan does dim teulu ar gael i ofalu am y plant
- Rydw i'n hunangyflogedig, felly mae modd addasu fy oriau gwaith yn ôl anghenion y plant

Hygyrchedd / Argaeledd a chost gofal plant

Mae'r tabl isod yn dangos adborth gan rieni ynglŷn â sut i wella hygyrchedd/argaeledd a chost gofal plant.

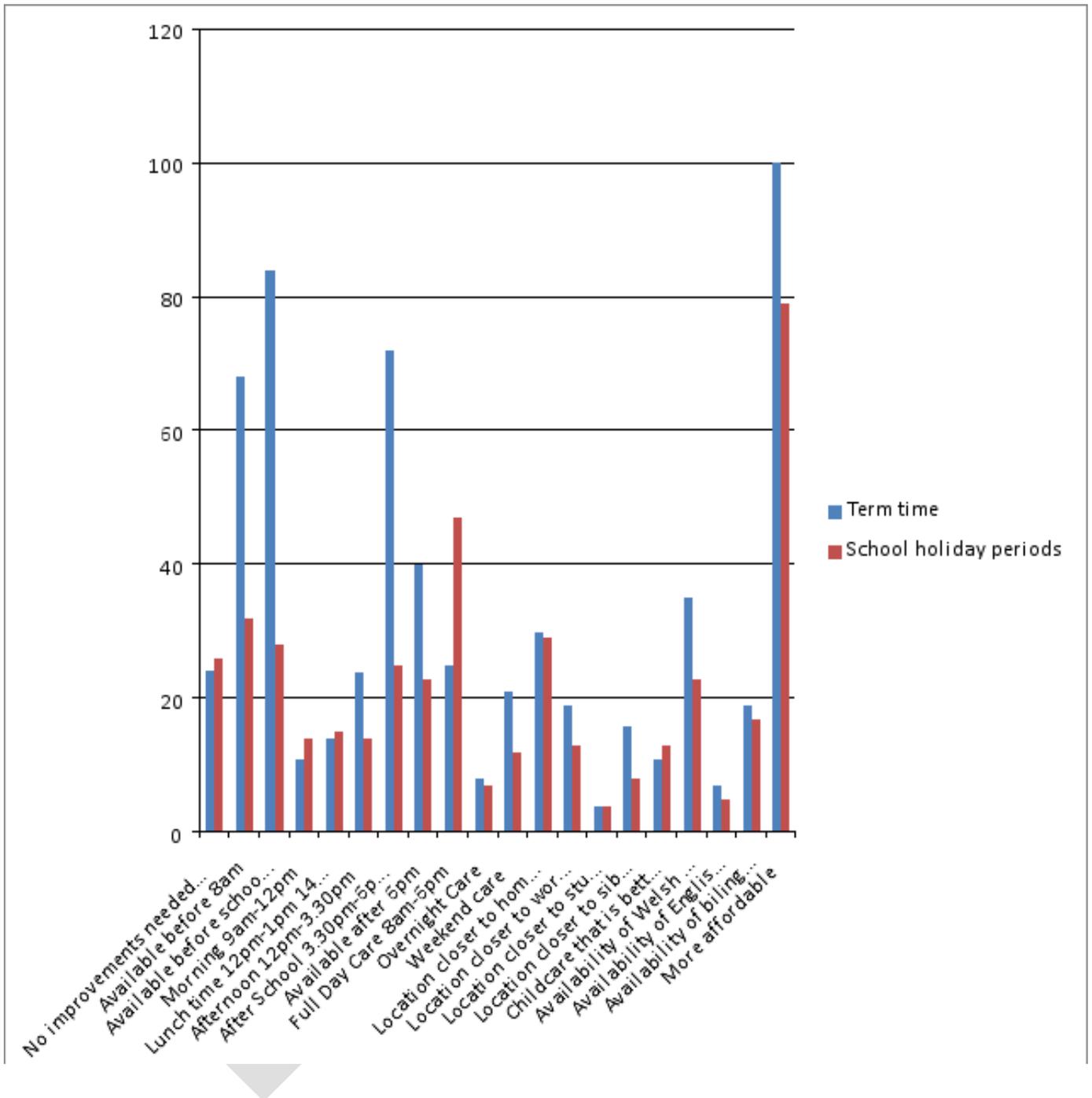
O ran darpariaeth yn ystod tymor yr ysgol, y gwelliannau mwyaf cyffredin sydd eu hangen yw:

- 18.7% gofal mwy fforddiadwy (100)
- 15.7% gofal cyn yr ysgol 7.30am-9am (84)
- 13.5% gofal ar ôl yr ysgol 3.30pm-6pm (72)

O ran gwyliau'r ysgol, y gwelliannau mwyaf cyffredin sydd eu hangen yw:

- 14.8% gofal mwy fforddiadwy (79)
- 8.8% gofal diwrnod llawn 8am-6pm (47)

- 6% gofal ar gael cyn 8am (32)



Dyma rai gwelliannau yr oedd rhieni wedi'u nodi yn y sylwadau:

Tymor yr ysgol

- Nid yw oriau agor lleoliadau gofal plant yn caniatáu digon o amser i rieni gyrraedd a theithio yn ôl o'r gwaith
- Gofal cofleidiol rhan amser ar gyfer plant 3 oed
- Darparu ar gyfer plentyn sydd ag anghenion ychwanegol

- Rhagor o gynlluniau chwarae yn ystod gwyliau'r ysgol fel bod modd i fy mhlant fynd yn ôl yr angen/ar fyr rybudd
- Gofal plant o ansawdd yn rhy ddrud - bron ddim yn werth mynd i'r gwaith
- Mae fy ngŵr yn gweithio siffts sy'n amrywio o wythnos i wythnos. Byddai newid y diwrnodau mae fy mhlant yn mynd i'r clwb ar ôl ysgol heb orfod talu ymlaen llaw yn fanteisiol

Gwyliau'r Ysgol

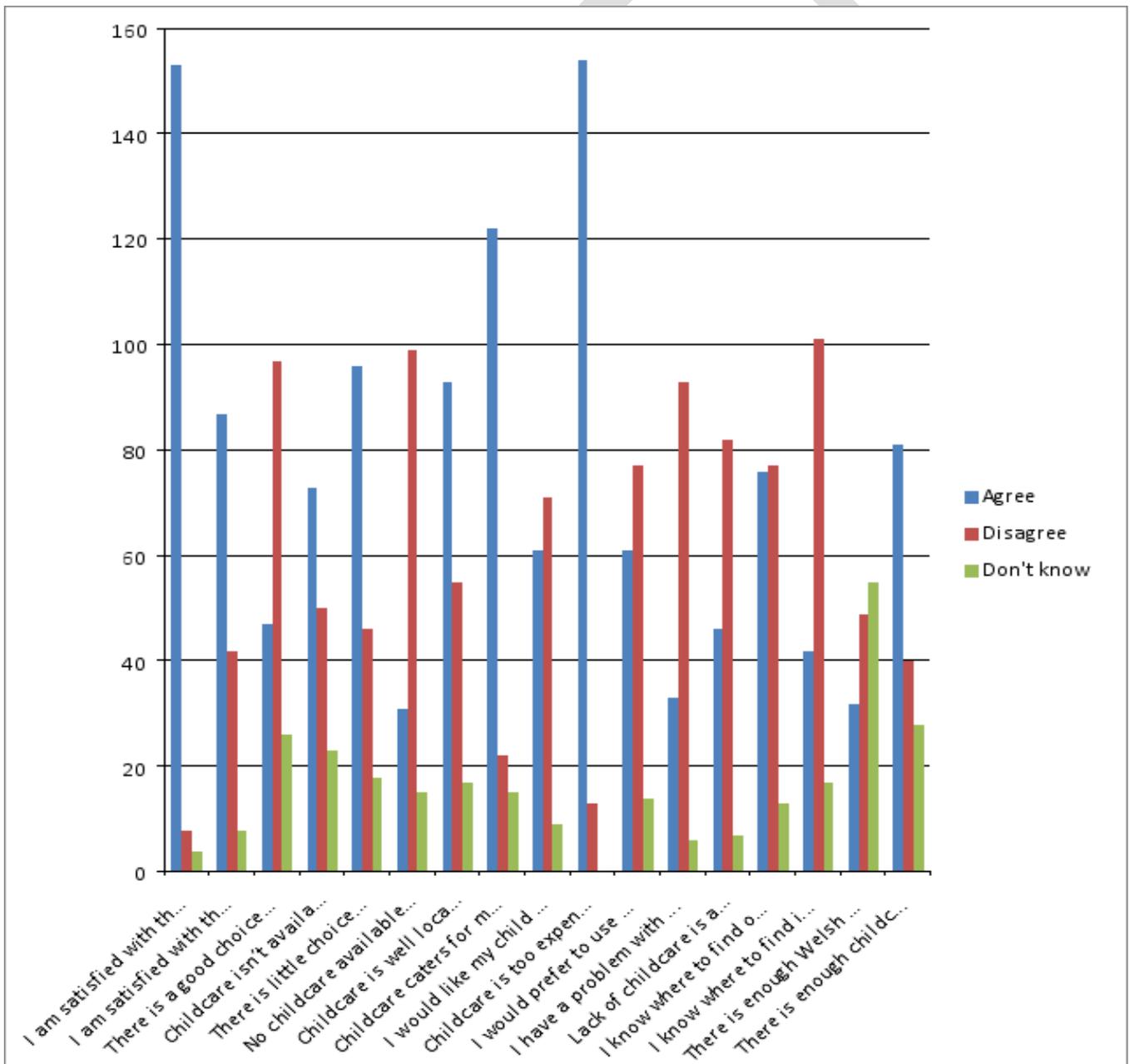
- Rhai cyfleoedd gofal plant cyfrwng Cymraeg yn RhCT yn ystod y gwyliau hyd at 11 oed. Ond, dydw i ddim yn ymwybodol o unrhyw ddarpariaeth ar ôl yr oedran hwn
- Er bod y clybiau gofal yn dda, dyma'r unig ddewis sydd ar gael ac mae'n ddrud i 2 blentyn
- Mae'n costio dros £250 yr wythnos i roi fy mhlant mewn cynllun chwarae dros gwyliau'r haf yn llawn amser. Rydw i'n disgwyl babi arall ym mis Mawrth a gyda chostau'r ysgol feithrin, bydd hi'n rhy ddrud i mi fynd i'r gwaith. Byddai darpariaeth ratach o ansawdd ardderchog yn ystod gwyliau'r ysgol yn fanteisiol. Os ydy'r ddarpariaeth eisoes yn bodoli, dydw i ddim wedi medru dod o hyd i unrhyw wybodaeth amdani
- Does dim lleoedd ar gael gyda gwarchodwyr plant lleol (Dwyrain Taf). Dim ond gofal ar gyfer 3 diwrnod y mae modd i mi ei gael, does dim clybiau fforddiadwy yn ystod y gwyliau ar gyfer 2 blentyn, a dim clwb ar ôl ysgol i chwarae gyda'u ffrindiau. Rydyn ni'n byw mewn ardal lle mae cyfran uwch o bobl yn gweithio. Dim byd ar gael gan y cyngor
- Angen rhagor o ddarpariaeth ar gyfer teuluoedd sy'n gweithio ac sydd ond yn cael cymryd 4/5 wythnos o gwyliau'r flwyddyn. Angen gofal ar gyfer o leiaf yr 13 wythnos lle bod plant ddim yn yr ysgol. Rydw i'n deall y gall rhieni gymryd gwyliau ar wahân i ofalu am y plant, ond mae hyn yn niweidiol i les y teulu. Fydd dim modd i ni dreulio amser gyda'n gilydd

Barn rhieni ynglŷn â'r math o ofal plant sydd ar gael

Mae'r tabl isod yn dangos barn rhieni ynglŷn â'r ddarpariaeth gofal plant yn Rhondda Cynon Taf. Mae 28.8% o rieni yn cytuno fod gofal plant yn rhy ddrud (154). Ond mae 28.7% ohonyn nhw hefyd yn fodlon ag ansawdd eu gofal plant yn ystod tymor yr ysgol (153). Mae'r ymateb yn gadarnhaol. Mae rhieni yn cydnabod fod y ddarpariaeth gofal

plant o ansawdd da ac yn addas i'w hanghenion. Ond, y pwynt sy'n codi droeon yw'r gost sy'n rhoi baich ariannol ar deuluoedd. Mae cynllun peilot Llywodraeth Cymru i weithredu rhaglen addysg/gofal plant 30 awr yn 2017 yn bwriadu mynd i'r afael â hyn. Yn benodol, bydd teuluoedd sydd ag incwm isel yn cael cymorth i ddelio â'r effaith y mae costau gofal plant yn ei chael ar eu hincwm gwario.

Nid yw 18.9% o rieni'n gwybod ble i ddod o hyd i wybodaeth ynglŷn â derbyn cymorth ariannol ar gyfer gofal plant. Mae hwn yn awgrymu fod angen hyrwyddo'r Gwasanaeth Gwybodaeth i Deuluoedd a gwefannau'r llywodraeth yn fwy effeithiol er mwyn hysbysu rhieni ynglŷn â'r math o gymorth sydd ar gael.



7.2.2 Crynodeb o gryfderau a gwendidau allweddol

Cryfderau

- Mae rhieni'n cydnabod gwerth darpariaeth gofal plant o ansawdd uchel
- Mae rhieni'n fodlon â'r ddarpariaeth gofal plant yn ystod tymor yr ysgol

Gwendidau

- Cost gofal plant, yn ystod tymor yr ysgol a gwyliau'r ysgol
- Darpariaeth cyn ac ar ôl yr ysgol yn ystod tymor yr ysgol
- Gofal dros nos a dros y penwythnos

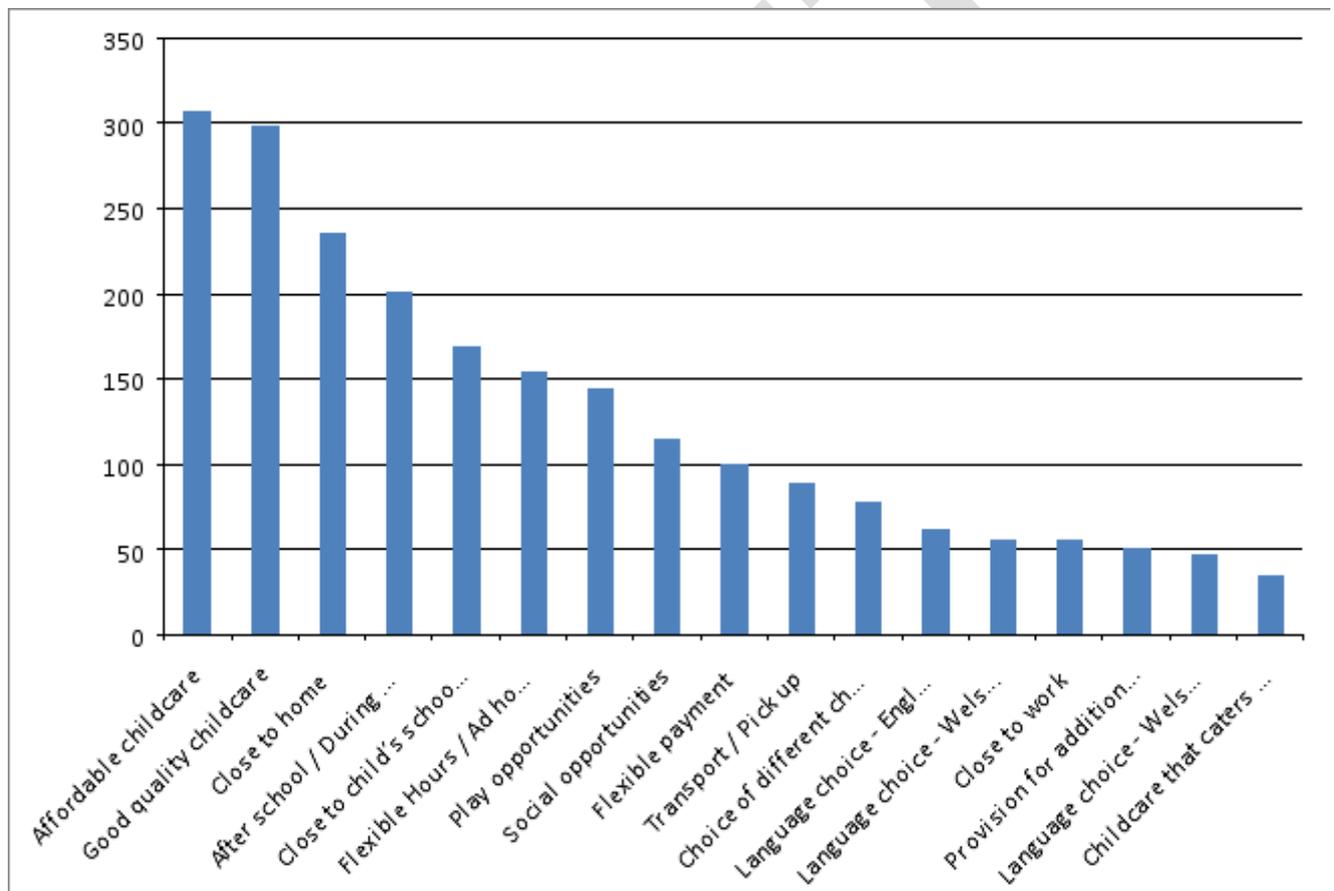
DRAFT

7.3 Galw am ddarpariaeth gofal plant

7.3.1 Dadansoddi'r galw am ofal plant

Mathau o wasanaethau sydd eu hangen

O'r rhieni sydd ddim yn defnyddio gofal plant ar hyn o bryd, nododd 77.9% y bydden nhw'n ystyried manteisio ar ofal plant a oedd yn fwy fforddiadwy (306), a nododd 76.1% y bydden nhw'n gwerthfawrogi gofal plant o ansawdd da (299). Byddai 60.1% yn chwilio am ofal plant sy'n agos i'w cartref (236), a byddai 51.1% angen gofal ar ôl ysgol neu yn ystod y gwyliau (201)



Nifer y lleoedd gofal plant a'r math o ofal byddai ei angen (llawn amser, rhan amser, yn ôl yr angen)

Gofynnwyd i rieni a oedd yn debygol o ddefnyddio gofal plant yn y dyfodol beth fyddai eu gofynion. Gofynnwyd i rieni roi tic ger pob math o ofal plant priodol, felly mae'n bosib eu bod wedi dewis mwy nag un opsiwn.

I'r rheiny a fyddai'n debygol o ddefnyddio gwasanaethau gwarchodwr plant, nododd 64.7% y byddan nhw'n defnyddio gofal diwrnod llawn (11), a 35.3% yn defnyddio gofal cofleidiol ar gyfer plant oed meithrin (6).

O ran darparwyr gofal diwrnod llawn, byddai 63.3% yn debygol o fanteisio ar ofal diwrnod llawn (19), a 36.7% ar ofal hanner diwrnod yn ystod y bore (11).

O ran darparwyr gofal sesiynol, byddai 80% yn debygol o fanteisio ar sesiynau cylchoedd chwarae/ meithrin yn ystod y bore (8), 50% ar gylchoedd chwarae / meithrin (5) a 50% ar ofal cofleidiol ar gyfer plant oed meithrin (5).

I'r rheiny a fyddai'n debygol o ddefnyddio gwasanaethau gofal y tu allan i oriau ysgol, byddai 78.6% ei angen ar gyfer gofal cyn yr ysgol (11) a 57.1% ar gyfer gofal ar ôl yr ysgol (8).

Byddai 24 o rieni eisiau manteisio ar gymorth eu teulu a ffrindiau.

Nifer y lleoedd sydd eu hangen yn ôl categori iaith

I'r rheiny sy'n debygol o ddefnyddio gwasanaethau gofal plant yn y dyfodol, nododd 51.5% y byddan nhw'n manteisio ar ofal plant Saesneg (17) a byddai 39.4% angen gofal plant drwy gyfrwng y Gymraeg a Saesneg (13). Dim ond 9.1% fyddai eisiau gofal plant drwy gyfrwng y Gymraeg (3).

Mae'r rheiny a fyddai eisiau gofal plant drwy gyfrwng y Gymraeg yn byw yn ardaloedd Gorllewin Taf, Gogledd Taf a De Taf.

Amseroedd gofal plant, gan gynnwys y nifer sy'n cynnig oriau gofal plant hyblyg.

Gofynnwyd i rieni pryd fyddan nhw angen gofal plant. Nododd 23.8% y byddan nhw angen gofal plant cyn 8am (88) a 15.4% ar ôl 6pm (57).

Byddai 4.3% angen gofal dros nos (16) a 7.3% dros y penwythnos (27). Byddai 21.1% angen gofal yn ystod gwyliau'r ysgol (78).

Fel y nodwyd mewn adrannau eraill, mae bron pob ysgol gynradd yn RhCT yn rhan o fenter 'Brecwast am Ddim' Llywodraeth Cymru. Mae'r clybiau hyn ar gael llai nag awr cyn i'r ysgol ddechrau, felly dydyn nhw ddim yn addas ar gyfer gofynion rhieni sy'n gweithio o

ran gofal plant. Bydd swyddogion yn cysylltu â chydweithwyr yn yr adran arlwyio i weld a oes cyfleoedd i ddatblygu gofal â thâl i ychwanegu at yr amseroedd y mae'r clybiau brecwast ar gael.

Oedrannau'r plant sydd angen gofal plant

O'r rheiny sy'n debygol o ddefnyddio gwasanaethau gofal plant yn y dyfodol, mae gan 38.1% ohonyn nhw blant o dan 12 mis oed (16), mae gan 11.9% blant rhwng 12 ac 18 mis oed (5), 9.5% â phlant rhwng 19 a 23 mis oed (4), 11.9% â phlant 2 oed (5), 4.8% â phlant 3 oed (2), 2.4% â phlant 4 oed a 21.4% â phlant 5-7 oed (9).

7.3.2 Crynodeb o gryfderau a gwendidau allweddol

Cryfderau

- Mae rhieni'n bwriadu defnyddio gwasanaethau gwarchodwyr plant a darparwyr gofal sesiynol ar gyfer gofal cofleidiol i blant oed meithrin
- Mae rhieni'n bwriadu defnyddio darpariaeth cyn ac ar ôl ysgol yn ystod tymor yr ysgol
- Mae rhieni yn cydnabod pwysigrwydd darpariaeth gofal plant o safon dda

Gwendidau

- Bydd angen archwilio ymhellach i'r diffyg darpariaeth cyfrwng Cymraeg yng Ngorllewin Taf, Gogledd Taf a De Taf
- Nid yw rhieni'n defnyddio gwasanaethau gofal plant oherwydd eu bod nhw'n eu hystyried i fod yn rhy ddrud
- Nid yw'r oriau agor yn ddigon hyblyg i rai rhieni

7.4 Rhwystrau i Ddarpariaeth Gofal Plant

7.4.1 Manteisio ar Ddarpariaeth Gofal Plant

O rieni plant sydd ag anabledd neu Anghenion Dysgu Ychwanegol a gymerodd ran yn yr arolwg i rieni, nododd 16.7% nad oes modd iddyn nhw ddefnyddio darpariaeth gofal plant oherwydd nad yw'n darparu ar gyfer anghenion ychwanegol eu plentyn (7). Serch hynny, o'r rheiny sy'n defnyddio darpariaeth gofal plant, nododd yr un ganran (16.7%) fod y ddarpariaeth gofal plant y maen nhw'n ei defnyddio'n darparu ar gyfer anghenion eu plentyn (7). Mae 3.5% o'r atebwyr yn cyfrif eu hunain yn anabl yn ôl diffiniad Deddf Cydraddoldeb. O'r rhieni yma, dim ond un sy'n defnyddio darpariaeth gofal plant ar hyn o bryd. Mae hon yn ddarpariaeth gan brosiect Dechrau'n Deg a nododd y rhieni mai'r buddion cymdeithasol ac addysgol oedd eu rheswm dros ddefnyddio'r ddarpariaeth.

7.4.2 Rhwystrau i grwpiau targed penodol

Mae rhwystrau i rieni a phlant sy'n defnyddio darpariaeth gofal plant yn parhau i beri pryder i swyddogion RhCT. Mae cynlluniau penodol yn cynnig gofal seibiant i rieni plant sydd ag anghenion addysgol a chorfforol penodol. Mae rhaglen Hwyl yr Haf y Gwasanaeth Blynyddoedd Cynnar a Chymorth i Deuluoedd yn enghraifft o hynny. Mae cyllid ar gyfer cymorth ychwanegol i ddefnyddio lleoliadau addysg Dechrau'n Deg a lleoliadau addysg nas cynhelir hefyd yn cynnig y cyfle i blant i ddefnyddio'r un ddarpariaeth â'u cyfoedion.

Mae'n ymddangos, yn sgil ymgynghori â'r grwpiau penodol eraill isod, fod cost gofal plant yn rhwystr allweddol iddyn nhw rhag defnyddio darpariaeth gofal plant gofrestrdig. O fis Medi 2017 bydd Llywodraeth Cymru'n cynnig 30 awr o addysg/ofal plant i blant 3 a 4 oed cymwys yn RhCT. Bydd hynny'n rhoi cymorth i rieni i dalu costau gofal plant ac felly bydd yn eu hannog i ddefnyddio darpariaeth gofrestrdig yn hytrach na dibynnu'n fwyaf aml ar ffrindiau a theulu. Yn achos rhieni sy'n ddi-waith ar hyn o bryd, efallai y bydd y cynnig newydd yma'n eu hannog i chwilio am swydd.

Bydd y gofal plant cenedlaethol newydd yn ddi-dreth, ac efallai bydd yn cymhell rhai rhieni yn y grwpiau canlynol i ddefnyddio darpariaeth gofal plant gofrestrdig.

(I) Rhieni sy'n Gweithio

Nododd 71.7% o atebwyr yr arolwg eu bod yn gweithio (383). O blith y rhain, dyw 42.9% ddim yn manteisio ar ddarpariaeth gofal plant ar hyn o bryd (229). Nododd 54.1% nad

oedden nhw'n defnyddio gofal plant oherwydd bod eu ffrindiau a'u teuluoedd yn gofalu am eu plant (124), ac ar ôl hynny nododd 32.8% fod gofal plant yn rhy ddrud (75). Ymhlith rhesymau eraill, roedd rhieni'n nodi eu bod yn newid patrymau sifftiau er mwyn osgoi costau gofal plant; eu bod yn gweithio yn ystod oriau ysgol neu hanner tymor yn unig; a'u bod yn hunangyflogedig ac felly roedden nhw'n fwy hyblyg o ran eu horiau gwaith. Nododd pump ohonyn nhw eu bod yn warchodwyr plant, ac felly roedd modd iddyn nhw ofalu am eu plant eu hunain ac ennill arian.

(ii) Rhieni sy'n chwilio am waith neu gyfleoedd i hyfforddi

Nododd 2.1% o atebwyr i'r arolwg i rieni eu bod yn chwilio am waith neu gyfleoedd hyfforddi (11). O blith y rhain, dyw 90.9% ddim yn defnyddio darpariaeth gofal plant ar hyn o bryd (10). Y prif reswm a gafodd ei nodi am hynny yw ei bod yn rhy ddrud (5). Ar ôl hynny, nododd unigolion eu bod nhw neu eu partneriaid yn rhieni sy'n aros gartref ac felly doedd dim angen gofal plant (4), neu fod eu ffrindiau neu eu teuluoedd yn gofalu am eu plant (2).

O'r atebwyr yma, nododd 8 mai fforddiadwyedd fyddai'r brif ffactor i'w hystyried. Ar ôl hynny cafodd ansawdd ei nodi gan 7, cafodd dulliau talu hyblyg ei nodi gan 4, cafodd pellter o'r cartref ei nodi gan 4, a chafodd cyfnodau ar ôl ysgol ac yn ystod gwyliau ei nodi gan 3.

(iii) Cartrefi Di-waith

Dyw 15.4% o atebwyr ddim yn gweithio ar hyn o bryd (82). O'r atebwyr yma, dyw 90.2% ddim yn defnyddio darpariaeth gofal plant ar hyn o bryd (74). Yn yr achosion yma, y prif reswm yw bod atebwyr neu eu partneriaid yn rhieni sy'n aros gartref (54), a chost uchel gofal plant yw'r rheswm nesaf ar ôl hynny (25).

Mewn teuluoedd lle mae un rhiant yn ddi-waith, mae modd i'r prosiect sy'n cael cyllid Ewropeaidd 'Rhieni, Gofal Plant a Chyflogaeth' roi cymorth ar hyn o bryd. Mae'n rhoi cymorth iddyn nhw i gael addysg, hyfforddiant a chyflogaeth. Mae cymorth ar gael i dalu cost darpariaeth gofal plant a dymchwel y rhwystr yma, er mwyn iddyn nhw fanteisio ar gyfleoedd o ran gwaith ac addysg.

(iv) Teuluoedd ag incwm bach

Nododd 30.3% o atebwyr yn yr arolwg i rieni mai £30,000 y flwyddyn neu is oedd incwm eu haelwyd (162). Dyw 74.7% o'r rhain ddim yn defnyddio gofal plant ar hyn o bryd (121). Y rhesymau blaenaf am hynny yw bod gofal plant yn rhy ddrud (49), bod yr unigolyn yn rhiant sy'n aros gartref (40), a bod ffrindiau a theulu'n gofalu am y plant (39).

Byddai 62.9% yn chwilio am ofal plant fforddiadwy pe baen nhw'n defnyddio darpariaeth gofal plant gofrestredig (102), byddai 56.2% yn chwilio am ofal plant o ansawdd uchel (91) a byddai 46.9% yn chwilio am ofal cartref sy'n agos i'w cartref (76). Ymhlith gofynion eraill, byddai 35.38% yn chwilio am ofal agos i ysgol eu plentyn (58), byddai 33.3% yn chwilio am ofal ar ôl ysgol ac yn ystod hanner tymor (54) a byddai 30.8% yn chwilio am ofal yn ystod oriau hyblyg/ofal ad hoc. (50).

(v) Teuluoedd un-riant

Nododd 14% o atebwyr yn yr arolwg i rieni eu bod nhw'n deuluoedd un-riant (75). Mae'r nifer uchaf o'r rhain yn byw yng Nghwm Rhondda Fawr (15) a Chwm Rhondda Fach (15). Heblaw'r rheiny, roedd 12 yn byw yn Ne Taf-elái ac roedd 10 yn byw yng Nghwm Cynon Isaf.

Mae 62.7% mewn gwaith neu addysg/hyfforddiant (47) a dyw 30.7% ddim mewn gwaith nac addysg/hyfforddiant (23). Mae 2.8% yn disgwyl plentyn neu maen nhw'n cael seibiant mamolaeth/tadolaeth (2) ac mae 4% yn chwilio am waith (3).

O'r rheiny sy'n gweithio neu sydd mewn addysg/hyfforddiant, dyw 72.3% ddim yn defnyddio gofal plant (34). Y rheswm mwyaf cyffredin dros hynny yw bod ffrindiau a theulu'n gofalu am eu plant (14), bod gofal plant yn rhy ddrud (13) ac na chaiff gofal plant ei ddarparu yn ystod yr amseroedd y mae ei angen (4). Ymhlith rhesymau eraill, nododd rhieni eu bod yn gweithio yn ystod oriau ysgol a'i bod yn anodd dod o hyd i ofal plant ad hoc.

O'r rheiny nad ydyn nhw mewn gwaith, addysg nac hyfforddiant, ac nad ydyn nhw'n chwilio am waith, mae'r rhan fwyaf yn rhieni sy'n aros gartref a does dim angen gofal plant arnyn nhw (14). Yr ail reswm mwyaf cyffredin yw bod gofal plant yn rhy ddrud (10).

Mae ymgynghorwyr Rhieni, Gofal Plant a Chyflogaeth wedi rhoi gwybod i swyddogion bod gofal plant yn rhwystr i'w cleientiaid rhag gwaith, addysg a hyfforddiant. Dyma rai o'r prif broblemau:

- Diffyg cyfleusterau gofal i blant hŷn
- Diffyg gwasanaethau casglu neu ddarpariaeth gofal ar ôl oriau meithrinfa
- Diffyg darpariaeth gofal plant ar ôl ysgol, yn enwedig ar safleoedd ysgolion
- Anawsterau i rieni sy'n dibynnu ar gludiant cyhoeddus o ran mynd â phlant i ddarpariaeth gofal plant

(vi) Teuluoedd o gefndiroedd ethnig lleiafrifol

Mae 2% o'r teuluoedd a gymerodd ran yn yr arolwg i rieni'n dod o gefndir ethnig lleiafrifol. O'r rhai sy'n gweithio, dyw 54.6% ddim yn defnyddio darpariaeth gofal plant (6). Y prif reswm dros hynny, a'r rheswm yn 36.3% o achosion, oedd bod ffrindiau a theulu'n edrych ar ôl eu plant (4). Ar ôl hynny, roedd 18.2% yn nodi bod gofal plant yn rhy ddrud (2).

Fel yn adroddiadau Asesiadau Digonolrwydd Gofal Plant, does dim tystiolaeth sy'n awgrymu nad oes modd i deuluoedd o gefndiroedd ethnig lleiafrifol ddefnyddio darpariaeth gofal plant bresennol, neu eu bod yn anfodlon gwneud hynny, oherwydd eu hethnigrwydd neu eu hiaith. Caiff hyn ei adolygu'n rheolaidd.

(vii) Teuluoedd plant sydd ag anghenion addysgol arbennig neu anabledd

Nododd 7.9% o atebwyr fod gan un neu fwy o'u plant anghenion addysgol arbennig neu anabledd (42). O'r rhain, dyw 76.2% ddim yn defnyddio darpariaeth gofal plant ar hyn o bryd (32). Mae 46.9% yn rhieni sy'n aros gartref (15). Mae 15.6% yn dibynnu ar ffrindiau a theulu i ofalu am eu plant (5), ac ar ôl hynny, mewn 12.5% o achosion doedd dim modd dod o hyd i ofal plant addas ar gyfer anghenion addysgol ychwanegol y plentyn (4). Nododd un atebydd ei fod yn rhannu'r amser gofal â'i bartner, ac mae'r ddau ohonyn nhw'n gweithio'n rhan amser i gynnal hynny.

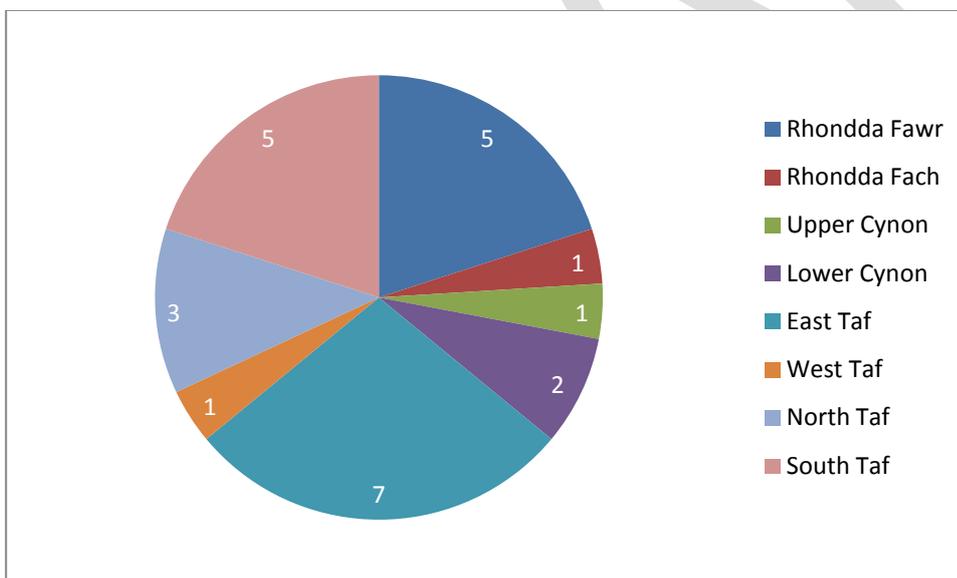
Mae 1.9% o rieni plant sydd ag anghenion addysgol neu gorfforol ychwanegol yn defnyddio gofal plant (10). O'r rhain, y prif reswm yw bod un rhiant neu'r ddau riant yn gweithio (9). Roedd rhesymau eraill yn cynnwys buddion addysgol i'r plentyn (1) a chymorth drwy gyllid cymorth llefydd (1).

8. Addysg Blynyddoedd Cynnar Rhan Amser (y Cyfnod Sylfaen) a Darpariaeth Dechrau'n Deg

8.1 Dadansoddiad o Addysg Blynyddoedd Cynnar Rhan Amser (y Cyfnod Sylfaen)

Nifer y darparwyr gofal plant sy'n cael cyllid i ddarparu Addysg Blynyddoedd Cynnar Rhan Amser

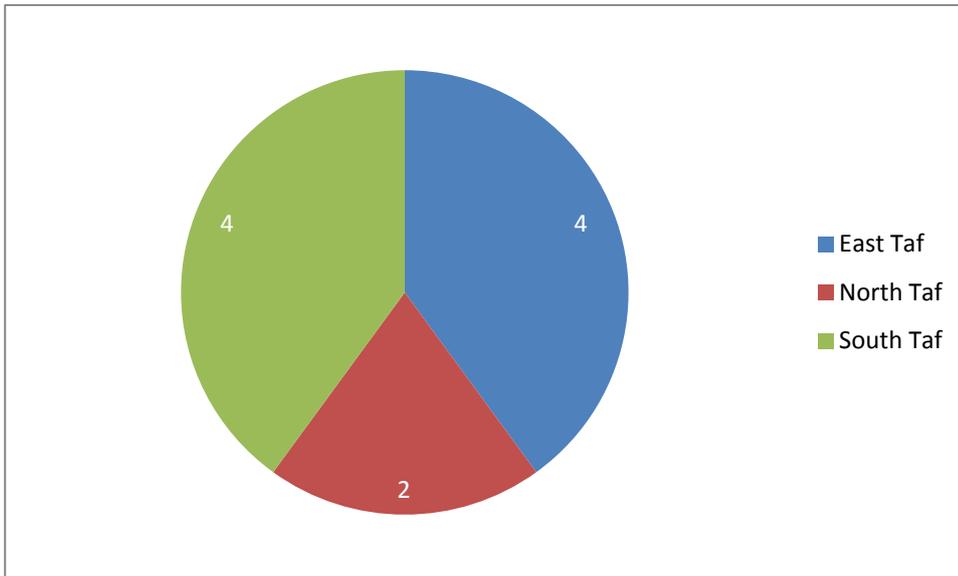
Ym mis Rhagfyr 2016, roedd 25 o Ddarparwyr Addysg Cofrestredig yn RhCT. Mae chwech o'r rhain wedi'u cofrestru'n ddarparwyr gofal diwrnod llawn, a darparwyr sesiynau gofal yw'r lleill. Yn Nwyrain ardal Taf-elái a De Taf-elái y mae'r nifer uchaf o Ddarparwyr Addysg Cofrestredig. Dim ond un Darparwr Addysg Cofrestredig sydd yng Nghwm Cynon Uchaf a Gorllewin Taf-elái. Does dim tystiolaeth benodol bod angen rhagor o Ddarparwyr Addysg Cofrestredig yng ngorllewin yr ardal. Er hynny, mae swyddogion yn gwybod bod angen rhagor o Ddarparwyr Addysg Cofrestredig yng Nghwm Cynon Uchaf ac maen nhw'n ystyried dulliau o ychwanegu at y nifer yma'n ymarferol.



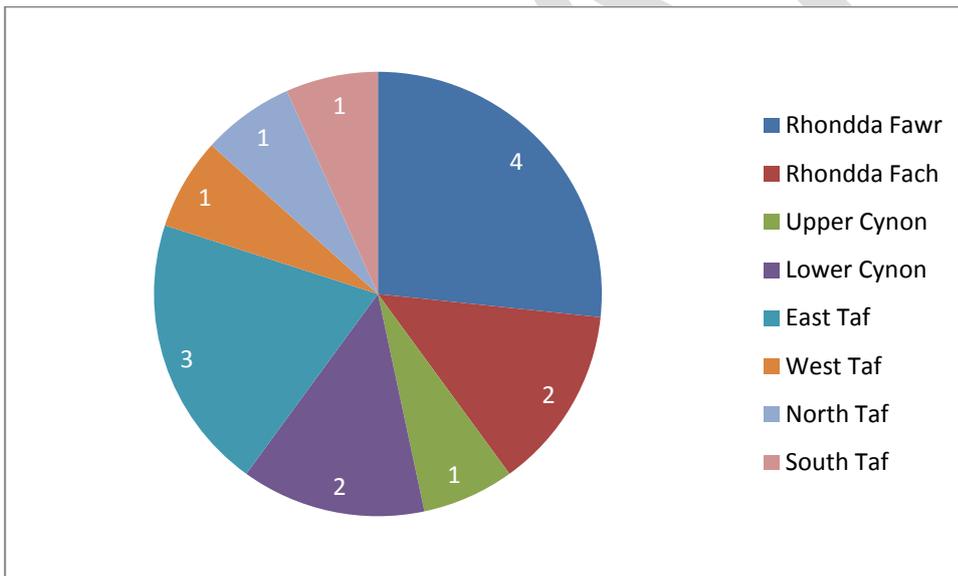
Ffigur 27: Dosbarthiad Darparwyr Addysg Cofrestredig

Mae 15 o'r Darparwyr Addysg Cofrestredig yn cynnal eu darpariaeth drwy gyfrwng y Gymraeg. Mae hynny'n bennaf oherwydd mai dim ond unwaith y flwyddyn, yn draddodiadol, y mae Ysgolion Cynradd Cymraeg yn derbyn disgyblion (bob mis Medi). Oherwydd hynny, does dim modd i'r plant hynny sydd wedi'u geni yn nhymhorau'r

Gwanwyn neu'r Haf gael addysg cyn oed derbyn meithrinfeydd, heblaw drwy Ddarparwyr Addysg Cofrestredig nas cynhelir.



Ffigur 28: Darparwyr Addysg Cofrestredig Cyfrwng Saesneg



Ffigur 29: Darparwyr Addysg Cofrestredig Cyfrwng Cymraeg

Mae pob Darparwr Addysg Cofrestredig yn dilyn cwricwlwm y Cyfnod Sylfaen ac mae Estyn yn arolygu'r rhain ac ysgolion a gynhelir yn yr un modd. Mae Athro Ymgynghorol y Blynyddoedd Cynnar yn cynorthwyo'r lleoliadau hyn er mwyn sicrhau y caiff egwyddorion y Cyfnod Sylfaen eu rhoi ar waith gan fodloni safonau Estyn.

Ar hyn o bryd mae RhCT yn cynnal cynllun arbrofol, lle mae staff o Ysgol Gynradd Gymraeg y dalgylch yn rhoi cymorth a chynghor i'r Darparwr Addysg Cofrestredig. Y gobaith yw y bydd hwn yn annog gwaith partneriaeth agosach rhwng y darparwr a'r ysgolion a bydd yn gwella trefniadau pontio er budd plant. Caiff canlyniad y peilot yma ei asesu ar ddiwedd tymor yr Haf 2017.

Mae swyddogion hefyd yn ystyried ffyrdd o ymgorffori'r broses gwneud cais am lefydd Darparwyr Addysg Cofrestredig ym mhroses Derbyn Disgyblion canolog ysgolion. Os bydd yn llwyddiannus, bydd yn cynorthwyo i rannu llefydd ysgolion/Darparwyr Addysg Cofrestredig rhwng plant cyn-oed y meithrin. Bydd hefyd yn cynorthwyo ysgolion i gynllunio llefydd meithrinfeydd/dosbarthiadau derbyn ymlaen llaw, yn enwedig pan fydd angen cymorth ar blant sydd ag anghenion addysgol a chorfforol ychwanegol. Bydd y gwaith yma'n cynorthwyo'r Cyngor i roi cynllun peilot Llywodraeth Cymru ar waith i gynnig 30 awr o addysg/ofal plant ar gyfer plant 3 a 4 oed (mae RhCT yn un o Awdurdodau Lleol y peilot).

Nifer yr ysgolion sy'n cael cyllid i ddarparu Addysg Blynnyddoedd Cynnar Rhan Amser

Ar hyn o bryd, mae RhCT yn ariannu addysg feithrin rhan amser (15 awr yr wythnos) ar gyfer plant o'r tymor ar ôl eu pen-blwydd yn 3 oed. Mae'n ariannu addysg feithrin llawn amser (30 awr yr wythnos) ar gyfer plant o'r tymor ar ôl eu pen-blwydd yn 4 oed. Mae hynny'n fwy na'r hyn y mae Llywodraeth Cymru'n ei argymhell, sef 10 awr yr wythnos.

Mae modd i'r rhan fwyaf o blant oed meithrin gael addysg cyn oed derbyn meithrinfeydd yn eu hysgol gynradd leol. Pan na fydd hynny'n bosibl, mae nifer cyfyngedig o lefydd ar gael mewn lleoliadau addysg cofrestredig preifat a wirfoddol nas cynhelir.

Ar hyn o bryd mae 102 o ysgolion cynradd sy'n cynnig addysg meithrinfeydd i blant 3 a 4 oed. Yn nhymor yr Haf 2016, roedd 878 o blant 3 oed yn cael eu haddysg feithrin mewn ysgolion ac roedd 2779 o blant 4 oed yn defnyddio'r ddarpariaeth yma.

Nifer y llefydd gofal plant a gafodd eu llenwi, yr oedd eu hangen ac a oedd ar gael

Ers 2015, mae nifer y plant sy'n manteisio ar eu lle mewn Darpariaeth Addysg Gofrestredig cyn oed derbyn i'r dosbarth meithrin wedi cynyddu 17.3% (o 375 yn nhymor yr Haf 2014 i 440 yn nhymor yr Haf 2016). Mae disgwyl i hynny gynyddu eto yn y flwyddyn academaidd bresennol ac efallai fod modd priodoli'r cynnydd i ymwybyddiaeth mwy o rieni

o'u cymhwysedd i ddefnyddio'r ddarpariaeth yma o'r tymor ar ôl pen-blwydd eu plentyn yn 3 oed.

Mae Darparwyr Addysg Cofrestredig ychwanegol wedi cael eu hadnabod ac maen nhw wedi cael cymorth i ddod yn ddarparwyr addysg. Ar hyn o bryd, mae'r Athro Ymgynghorol Blynyddoedd Cynnar yn gweithio gyda phedwar lleoliad ychwanegol er mwyn darparu ar gyfer y galw yn y dyfodol sydd wedi'i ragweld. Mae un yn lleoliad cyfrwng Saesneg yng Nghwm Rhondda Fawr, mae un yng Nghwm Rhondda Fach, mae un yn Nwyrain ardal Taf-elái ac mae un cyfrwng Cymraeg yn Ne Taf-elái.

Nifer y rhieni nad ydyn nhw'n hawlio a rhesymau dros hynny

Nododd 47 o atebwyr i'r arolwg i rieni nad oedden nhw'n gwybod am yr hawl. Nododd 41 fod eu plant mewn addysg llawn amser eisoes. Dyma rai o'r rhesymau dros beidio â hawlio mewn ymatebion ysgrifenedig:

- Rydw i'n gweithio'n llawn amser, felly does dim modd i mi fynd â'm plentyn yno ac oddi yno.
- Does dim llefydd yn fy narparwr nesaf.
- Doedd dim lleoliadau cofrestredig yn fy ardal pan roedd gen i hawl, heblaw rai Cymraeg.
- Rydw i'n anghytuno â pholisi RhCT o beidio â rhoi dewis i rieni o ran pwy sy'n cael eu hariannu.
- Doedd y dewis leoliad ddim wedi'i gofrestru [*i ddarparu addysg blynyddoedd cynnar*].

Yn ogystal â'r rheiny a nododd na fanteision nhw ar eu hawl, nododd 20 o atebwyr nad oedden nhw'n gwybod p'un a oedden nhw'n manteisio ar yr hawl ai peidio. Mae hynny'n awgrymu bod rhai rhieni o hyd yn ansicr am eu hawl i addysg gynnar a sut i fanteisio arni. Yn ôl pob tebyg bydd y mater yma'n parhau'n flaenoriaeth er mwyn symleiddio'r broses yn ystod 2017/18.

Gofal plant sydd ei angen ar rieni er mwyn eu galluogi i fanteisio ar eu hawl llawn

Nododd atebwyr i'r arolwg i rieni y byddai angen darpariaeth clwb brecwast (29) fwyaf o blith mathau gofal plant ychwanegol er mwyn eu helpu i fanteisio ar eu hawl i addysg gynnar. Ar ôl hynny roedd darpariaeth gofal ar ôl oriau meithrinfa/ysgol (24).

8.2 Crynodeb o'r prif gryfderau a'r prif wendidau

Cryfderau:

- Mae rhwydwaith ddatblygedig o Ddarparwyr Addysg Cofrestredig yn RhCT.
- Mae staff Derbyn Ysgolion a Darparwyr Addysg Cofrestredig yn gweithio'n well ar y cyd gan anelu at symleiddio'r broses dderbyn i lefydd addysg gynnar.
- Mae cysylltiadau pontio gwell rhwng ysgolion cynradd a Darparwyr Addysg Cofrestredig cyfrwng Cymraeg yn eu dalgylch.
- Mae'r Athro Ymgynghorol Blynyddoedd Cynnar yn rhoi llawer o gymorth

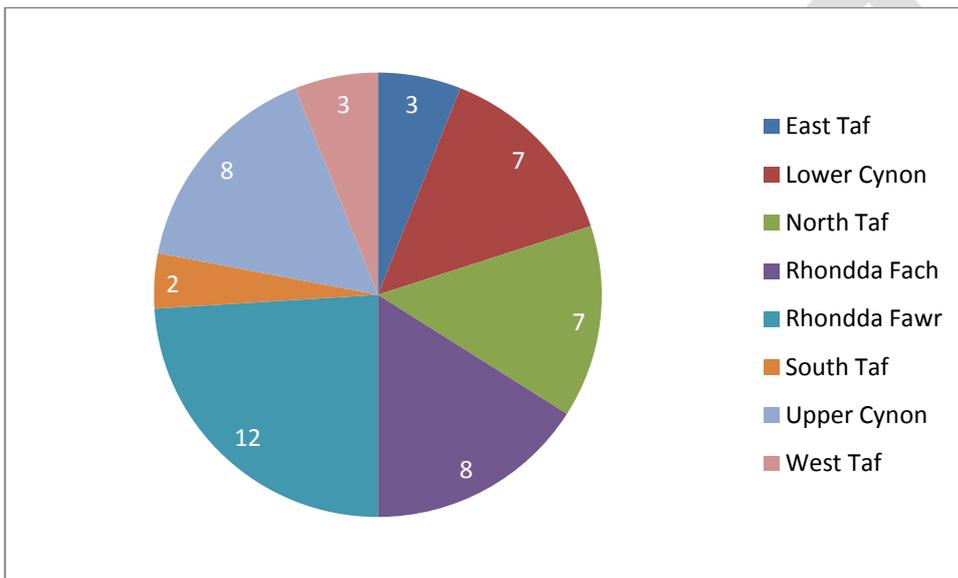
Gwendidau:

- Mae diffyg Darparwyr Addysg Cofrestredig Saesneg yn ardaloedd Cwm Cynon Uchaf a Chwm Cynon Isaf.
- Gallu ysgolion a Darparwyr Addysg Cofrestredig i gynnig llefydd i bob plentyn cyn- oed meithrin – mae'n bosibl y bydd peilot Llywodraeth Cymru i gynnig 30 awr o addysg/ofal plant yn rhoi rhagor o bwysau arnyn nhw.
- Gallu'r Athro Ymgynghorol Blynyddoedd Cynnar i gynnig cymorth ac arweiniad i bob Darparwr Addysg Cofrestredig cyfrwng Saesneg, yn enwedig gan fod swyddogion yn ceisio dod o hyd i ragor o Ddarparwyr Addysg Cofrestredig yn yr ardaloedd sydd wedi'u nodi.

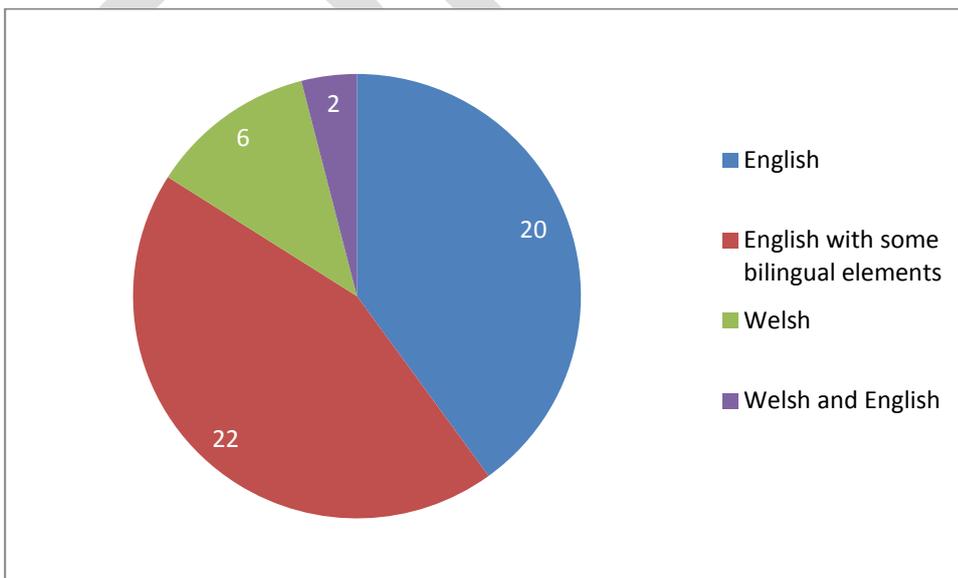
8.3 Dadansoddiad o Ddarpariaeth Dechrau'n Deg

Nifer y darparwyr gofal plant sy'n cael cyllid i ddarparu prosiect Dechrau'n Deg, gan gynnwys darpariaeth Dechrau'n Deg yn unig

Ar hyn o bryd, mae 50 o ddarparwyr yn cael cyllid i gynnal darpariaeth Dechrau'n Deg ar gyfer ychydig yn llai na 700 o blant cymwys yn RhCT. O'r lleoliadau yma, mae 10 yn ddarparwyr gofal oriau dydd, mae 18 yn ddarparwyr sesiynau gofal ac mae 22 yn warchodwyr plant cofrestredig. O'r darparwyr yma, mae 6 yn ddarparwyr Dechrau'n Deg yn unig, ac mae'r lleill yn 'economi gymysg'.



Ffigur 30: Dosbarthiad lleoliadau Dechrau'n Deg



Ffigur 31: Iaith lleoliadau Dechrau'n Deg

Nifer y rhieni sy'n byw mewn ardal Dechrau'n Deg ac sy'n defnyddio gofal plant am ddim

Mae 91 o atebwyr yr arolwg i rieni'n byw mewn ardal Dechrau'n Deg, a nododd 172 nad ydyn nhw'n gwybod p'un a ydyn nhw'n byw mewn ardal Dechrau'n Deg ai peidio. O'r rheiny sy'n gwybod eu bod yn byw mewn ardal Dechrau'n Deg, mae 22 ohonyn nhw'n defnyddio eu hawl yn rhan o brosiect Dechrau'n Deg. O'r rhain, mae 4 yn byw yn ardal Cwm Rhondda Fawr, mae 10 yn byw yng Nghwm Rhondda Fach, mae 3 yn byw yng Nghwm Cynon Uchaf, mae 1 yn byw yng Nghwm Cynon Isaf, mae 2 yn byw yng Ngorllewin ardal Taf-elái ac mae 2 yn byw yng Ngogledd Taf-elái.

Nifer y rhieni nad ydyn nhw'n defnyddio gofal plant am ddim a rhesymau

Dyw 60 o atebwyr ddim yn defnyddio darpariaeth Dechrau'n Deg. Mae plant 17 o atebwyr bellach yn rhy hen i'r rhaglen, ac mae gan 10 ohonyn nhw blant sy'n rhy ifanc. Doedd 14 ddim yn gwybod am eu hawl, doedd 2 ddim yn meddwl y byddai eu plant yn elwa, nododd 5 nad oedd darpariaeth cyfrwng Cymraeg addas a doedd 5 ddim am ddefnyddio lle yn y lleoliad Dechrau'n Deg lleol.

8.4 Crynodeb o'r prif gryfderau a'r prif wendidau

Cryfderau

- Cafodd rhestr gymeradwy o ddarparwyr ei chyflwyno ym mis Tachwedd 2015 er mwyn helpu i wella a monitro ansawdd darparwyr. Yn ogystal â hynny, y gobaith yw y caiff rhagor o ddarparwyr cyfrwng Cymraeg eu hannog i wneud cais i gynnal darpariaeth Dechrau'n Deg.

Gwendidau

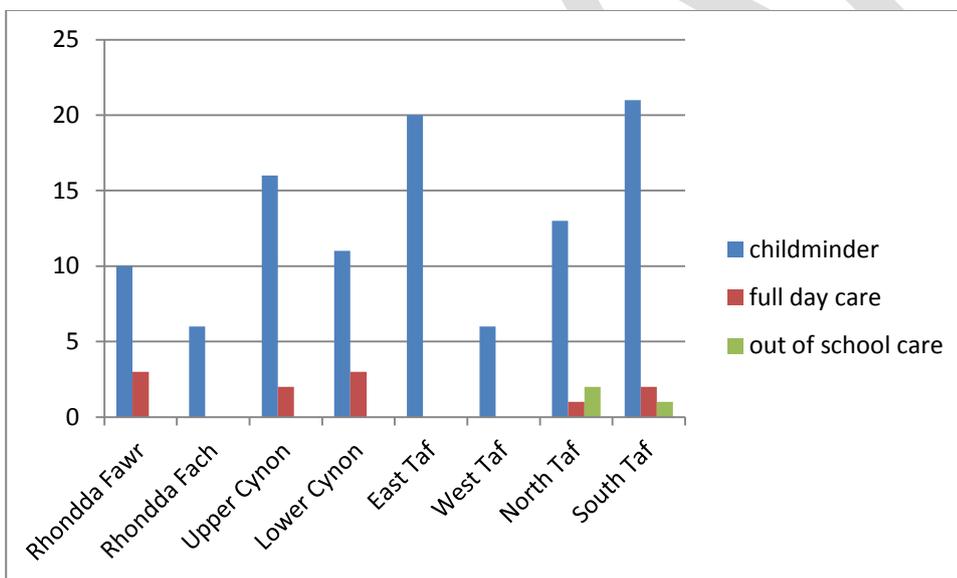
- Rhaid i Lywodraeth Cymru barhau i ariannu rhaglen Dechrau'n Deg er mwyn ei chynnal.

9. Darpariaeth Clybiau Brecwast am Ddim

9.1 Dadansoddiad o Ddarpariaeth Clybiau Brecwast am Ddim

Er nad gofal plant ydyw yn fanwl gywir, caiff menter Clybiau Brecwast am Ddim Llywodraeth Cymru ei defnyddio yn yr un modd gan lawer o deuluoedd sy'n gweithio. Yn RhCT, mae 107 o Glybiau Brecwast am Ddim Llywodraeth Cymru mewn Ysgolion Cynradd, Ysgolion Arbennig ac Unedau Cyfeirio Disgyblion.

Nododd 59.1% o ddarparwyr gofal plant eu bod yn darparu gofal cyn ysgol (117). Mae 103 o'r rhain yn warchodwyr plant. Mae 11 yn ddarparwyr gofal diwrnod llawn ac mae 3 o ddarparwyr gofal plant y tu allan i'r ysgol (gweler y tabl isod). Mae'r gwasanaethau yma'n codi tâl, ond mae modd iddyn nhw gynnig gofal yn gynharach yn y bore na menter Clybiau Brecwast am Ddim Llywodraeth Cymru. Oherwydd hynny, maen nhw'n fwy tebygol o fod yn addas i rieni sy'n gweithio. Mae hefyd yn bwysig cofio na fydd gan bob rhiant sy'n defnyddio'r gwasanaethau yma blant oed ysgol.



Ffigur 32: Dosbarthiad darparwyr gofal plant cyn ysgol

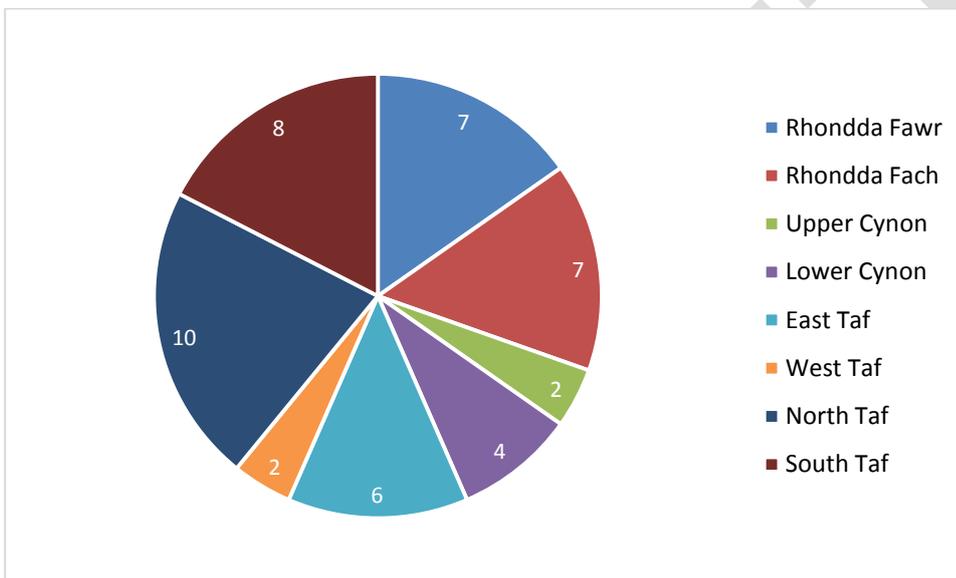
Mae'r data isod yn dangos nifer y llefydd sydd ar gael mewn clybiau brecwast Llywodraeth Cymru yn RhCT yn yr wythnos sy'n dechrau ar 22 Ionawr 2017. Mae clybiau ym mhob un o'r ardaloedd sydd wedi'u rhestru isod yn y ddwy iaith ac mae tair ysgol ddwyieithog yn RhCT. Bellach, dim ond un ysgol yn ardal De Taf-elái nad yw'n rhan o'r cynllun yma.

Ardal	Llefydd cyfrwng Saesneg sydd ar gael	Llefydd cyfrwng Cymraeg sydd ar gael	Llefydd dwyieithog sydd ar gael
Cwm Rhondda Fawr	695	91	0
Cwm Rhondda Fach	688	148	0
Cwm Cynon Uchaf	616	46	34
Cwm Cynon Isaf	719	54	0
Dwyrain Taf-elái	478	165	0
Gorllewin Taf-elái	315	42	0
Gogledd Taf-elái	489	114	67
De Taf-elái	415	101	108

10. Credyd Treth Gwaith / Credyd Cynhwysol a Gofal Plant â Chymorth Cyflogwyr / Gofal Plant Di-dreth

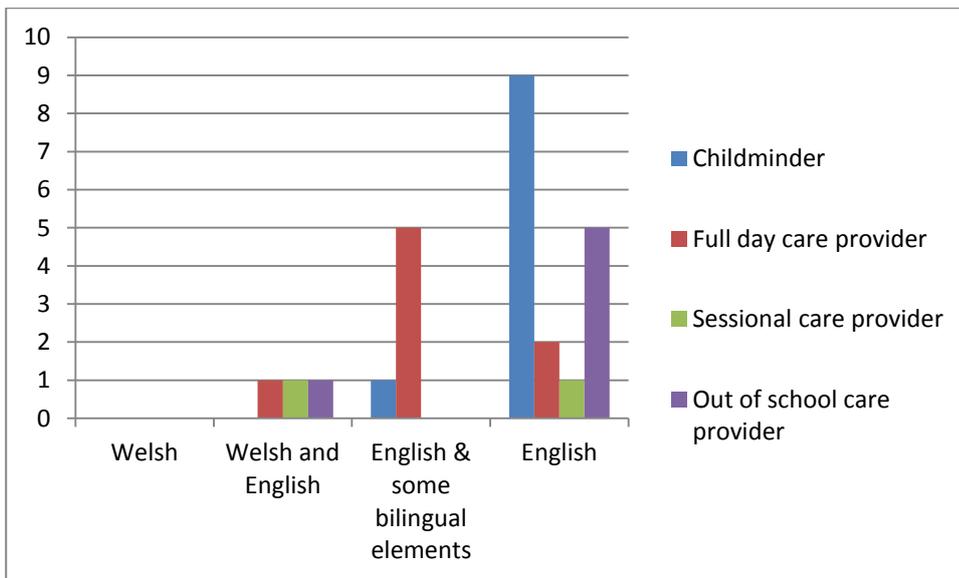
10.1 Dadansoddiad o Gredyd Treth Gwaith / Gredyd Cynhwysol a Gofal Plant â Chymorth Cyflogwyr / Gofal Plant Di-dreth

Nifer yr atebwyr sy'n hawlio fesul darparwr gofal plant a nifer y plant sy'n mynd iddyn nhw
Ar hyn o bryd, mae 8.6% o atebwyr i'r arolwg i rieni'n hawlio'r elfen gofal plant o gredyd treth gwaith/credyd cynhwysol (46). Mae modd gweld o'r siart isod bod y mwyafrif o hawlwr yn ardal Gogledd Taf-elái, ac mae'r mwyafrif ar ôl hynny yn Ne Taf-elái.



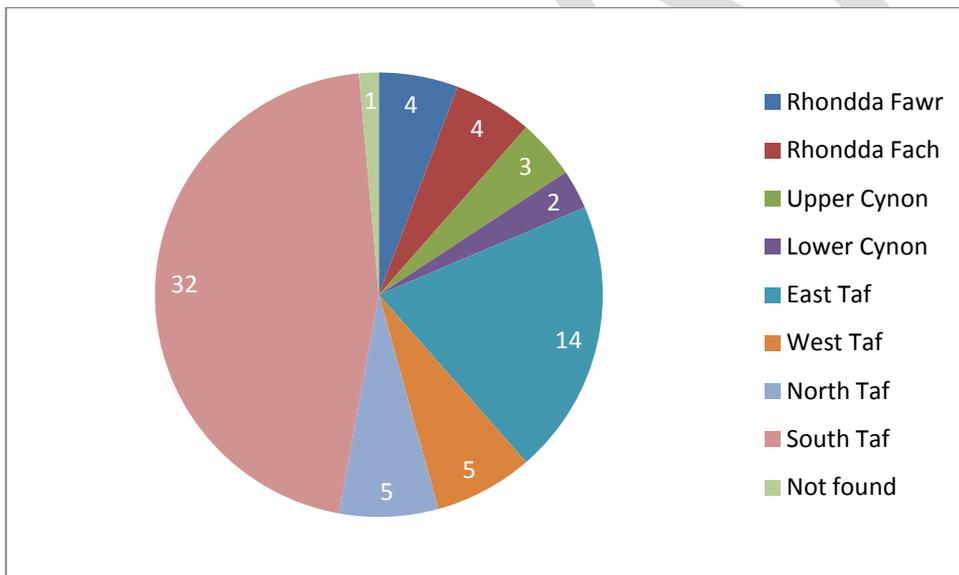
Ffigur 33: Rhieni sy'n hawlio'r elfen gofal plant o gredyd treth gwaith

O'r rhain, mae 10 yn defnyddio gwarchodwyr plant, mae 8 yn defnyddio darparwyr gofal diwrnod llawn, mae 2 yn defnyddio darparwyr sesiynau gofal ac mae 6 yn defnyddio darpariaeth y tu allan i'r ysgol. Mae modd gweld iaith darparwyr isod:



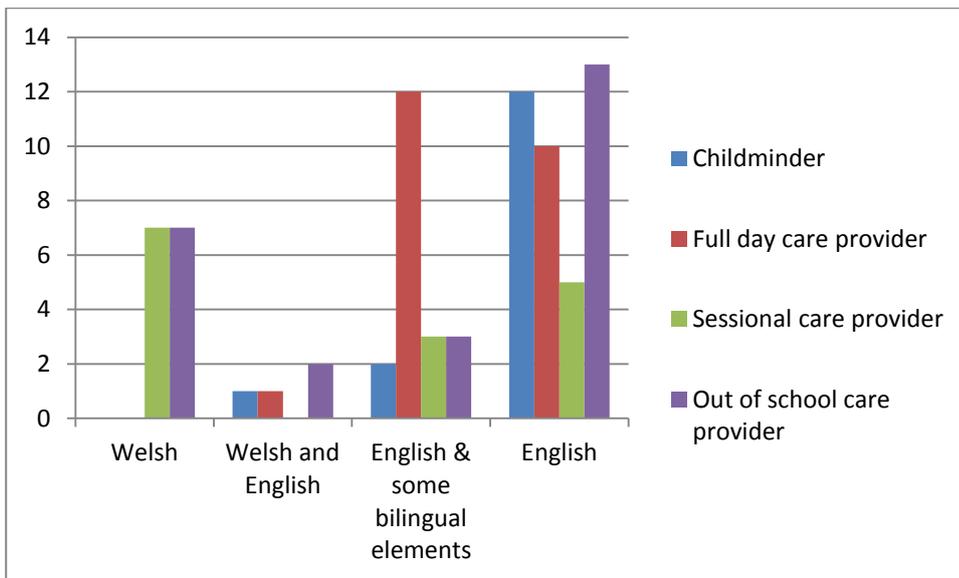
Ffigur 34: Dewis iaith y sawl a gymerodd sy'n hawlio'r elfen gofal plant o greydau treth gwaith

Ar hyn o bryd, mae 13.1% o atebwyr yn hawlio cymorth drwy gynllun sy'n cael cymorth y Cyflogwr fel Talebau Gofal Plant Drwy'r Cyflogwr (70). Mae'r rhan helaethaf o'r atebwyr yma'n byw yn ardal De Taf-elái (32), ac ar ôl hynny yn Nwyrain Taf-elái (14).



Ffigur 35: Rhieni sy'n defnyddio'r cynllun talebau gofal plant drwy'r Cyflogwr

O'r rhain, mae 15 yn defnyddio gwarchodwyr plant, mae 23 yn defnyddio darparwyr gofal diwrnod llawn, mae 15 yn defnyddio darparwyr sesiynau gofal ac mae 21 yn defnyddio darpariaeth 'tu allan o'r ysgol'. Mae modd gweld iaith darparwyr isod:

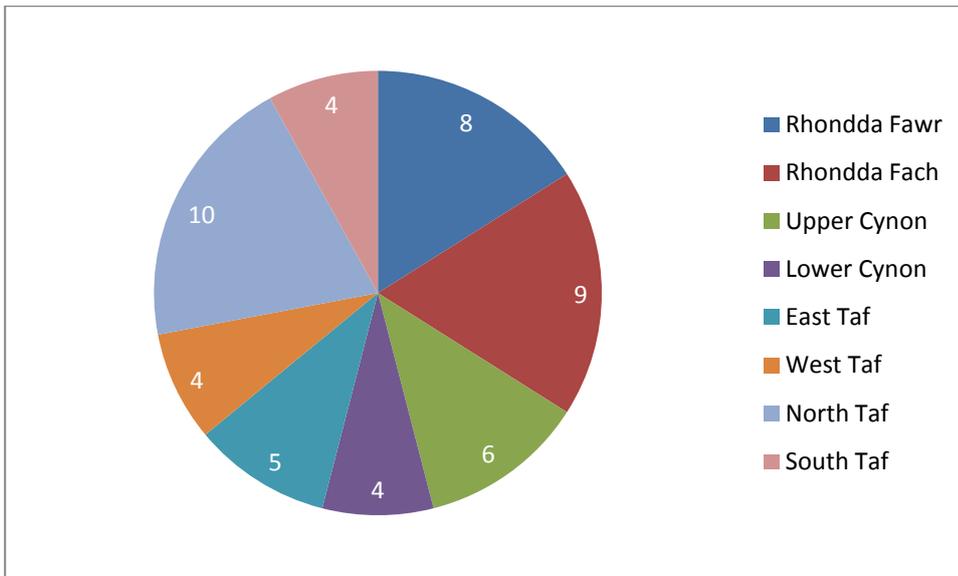


Ffigur 36: Dewis iaith yr atebwyr sy'n defnyddio'r Cynllun Talebau drwy'r Cyflogwr o ran iaith

Atebion rhieni o ardaloedd Dwyrain, Gogledd a De Taf-elái yn RhCT yw'r rhai uchod gan mwyaf. Byddai hynny'n awgrymu bod llawer o rieni sy'n gweithio yn yr ardaloedd yma (byddai data blaenorol yn yr adroddiad yma'n cadarnhau hynny). Byddai'r ffaith bod rhieni'n gymwys i hawlio credydau treth gwaith yn awgrymu bod eu hincwm yn gymharol fach, a byddai'r ffaith eu bod yn defnyddio cynlluniau talebau drwy'r Cyflogwr yn awgrymu bod y rhieni yma'n gweithio i gyflogwyr mwy o faint. Y cyflogwyr yma sy'n tueddu i gynnig y cynlluniau yma, yn hytrach na Mentrau Bach a Chanolig eu maint.

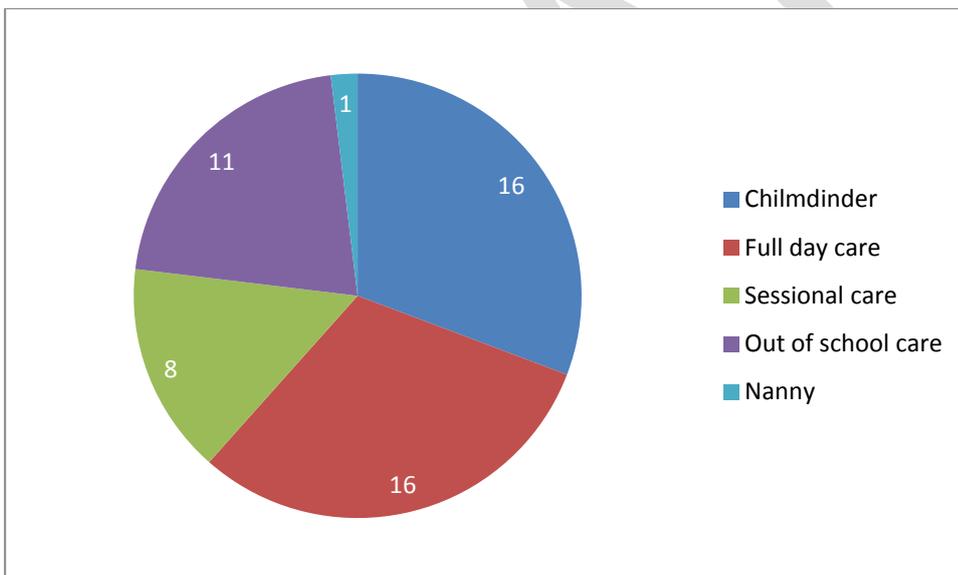
Nifer yr atebwyr sy'n bwriadu hawlio yn y dyfodol ac anghenion o ran gofal plant

Mae 9.4% o atebwyr yn yr arolwg i rieni'n bwriadu hawlio'r elfen gofal o gredyd treth gwaith/gredyd cynhwysol yn y dyfodol (50) Mae modd gweld dosbarthiad daearyddol y rhieni yma isod:



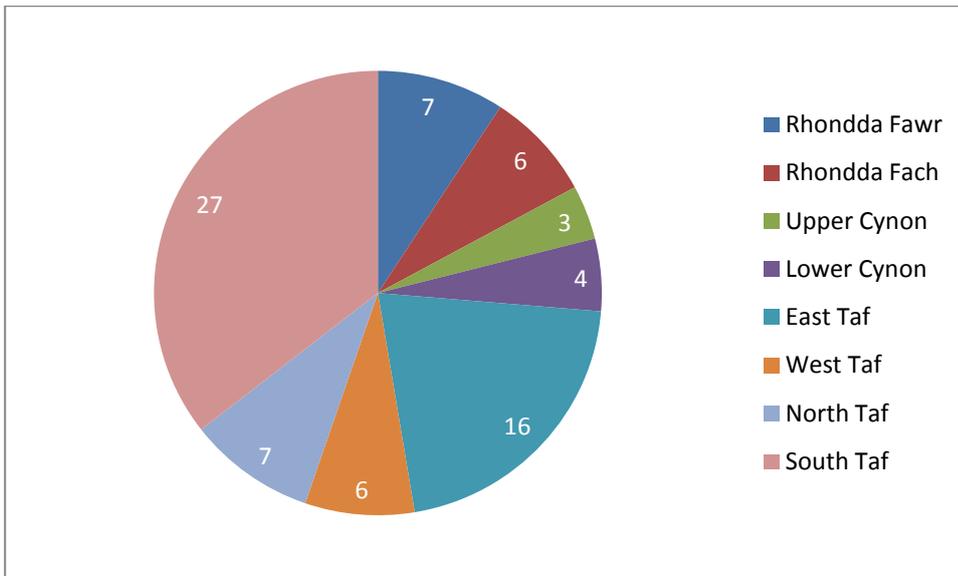
Ffigur 37: Rhieni sy'n bwriadu hawlio'r elfen gofal plant o gredydau treth gwaith

Mae modd gweld dadansoddiad o'r math o ofal plant y mae'r atebwyr yma'n bwriadu ei ddefnyddio isod:



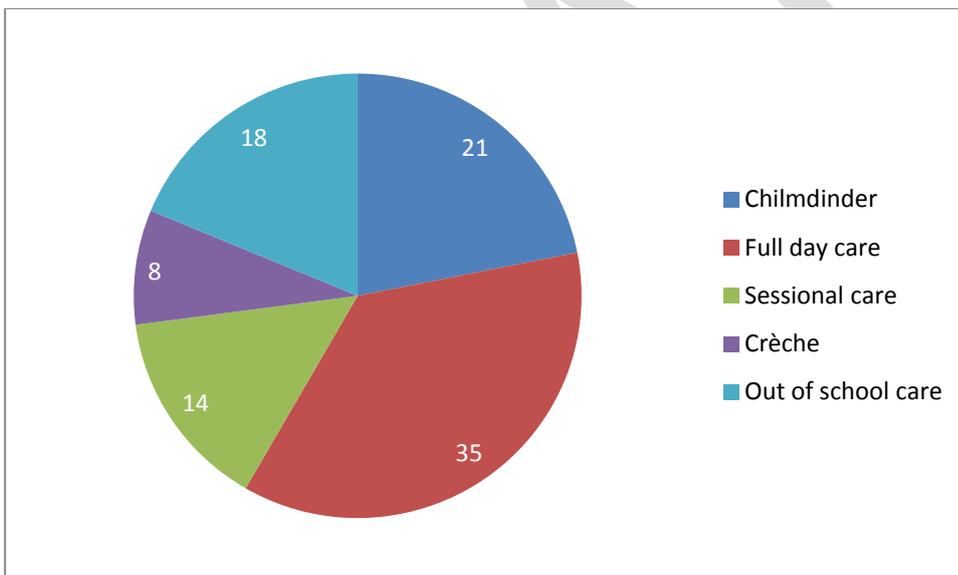
Ffigur 38: Y math o ofal plant y mae atebwyr yn bwriadu ei ddefnyddio pan fyddan nhw'n hawlio'r elfen gofal plant o gredydau treth gwaith

Mae 14.2% o atebwyr yn bwriadu defnyddio cynlluniau talebau gofal plant drwy'r cyflogwr yn y dyfodol (76). Mae modd gweld dosbarthiad daearyddol y rhieni yma isod:



Ffigur 39: Rhieni sy'n bwriadu defnyddio cynlluniau talebau gofal plant drwy'r Cyflogwr

Mae modd gweld dadansoddiad o'r math o ofal plant y mae'r atebwyr yma'n bwriadu ei ddefnyddio isod:



Ffigur 40: Y math o ofal plant y mae atebwyr yn bwriadu eu defnyddio pan fyddan nhw'n defnyddio cynlluniau talebau gofal plant drwy'r Cyflogwr

Nifer yr atebwyr nad ydyn nhw'n hawlio a rhesymau

Ar hyn o bryd, dyw 72.7% o atebwyr ddim yn hawlio'r elfen gofal plant o gredydau treth gwaith (388). Peidio â bod yn gymwys oedd rheswm 46.9% a'r fwyaf cyffredin (182). Ar ôl hynny, doedd 25.5% ddim yn siŵr p'un a oedden nhw'n gymwys (99) a doedd 24.7% ddim yn gwybod am yr elfen gofal plant o'r credyd treth gwaith (96).

Dyma resymau eraill a gafodd eu nodi:

- Gweithio'n rhan amser yn unig oherwydd diffyg cyfleusterau gofal i blant 8 a 9 oed; byddai'r rhiant yn gweithio'n llawn amser pe bai gofal plant ar gael (Cwm Rhondda Fach)
- Mae iechyd gwael yn atal y rhiant rhag gweithio
- Mae'r rhiant yn defnyddio gofal y tu allan i'r ysgol nad yw wedi'i gofrestru. Doedd gan rai rhieni ddim digon o wybodaeth ac felly cawson nhw eu cosbi am hawlio gormod o gredyd treth.

Dyw 86% o atebwyr ddim yn defnyddio cynlluniau talebau drwy'r cyflogwr ar hyn o bryd (459). Nododd 27.9% mai diffyg ymwybyddiaeth o'r cynlluniau neu beidio â bod yn gymwys oedd y rheswm dros hynny (129 yr un) a nododd 19% nad oedden nhw'n siŵr p'un a oedden nhw'n gymwys (87).

Dyma resymau eraill a gafodd eu nodi:

- Dyw'r lleoliad gofal plant ddim wedi'i gofrestru neu dyw'r lleoliad ddim yn derbyn talebau gofal plant.
- Mae aelodau o'r teulu'n gofalu am blant.
- Mae'r rhiant yn hunangyflogedig neu mae'n gweithio gartref.
- Dyw'r cyflogwr ddim yn cynnig y cynllun.
- Does dim digon o wybodaeth ar wefan Gwasanaeth Gwybodaeth i Deuluoedd am gynlluniau talebau drwy'r cyflogwr.

10.2 Crynodeb o'r prif gryfderau a'r prif wendidau

Cryfderau

- Mae nifer uchel o deuluoedd yn elwa ar yr elfen gofal plant o gredydau treth gwaith a thalebau gofal plant drwy'r gwaith.

Gwendidau

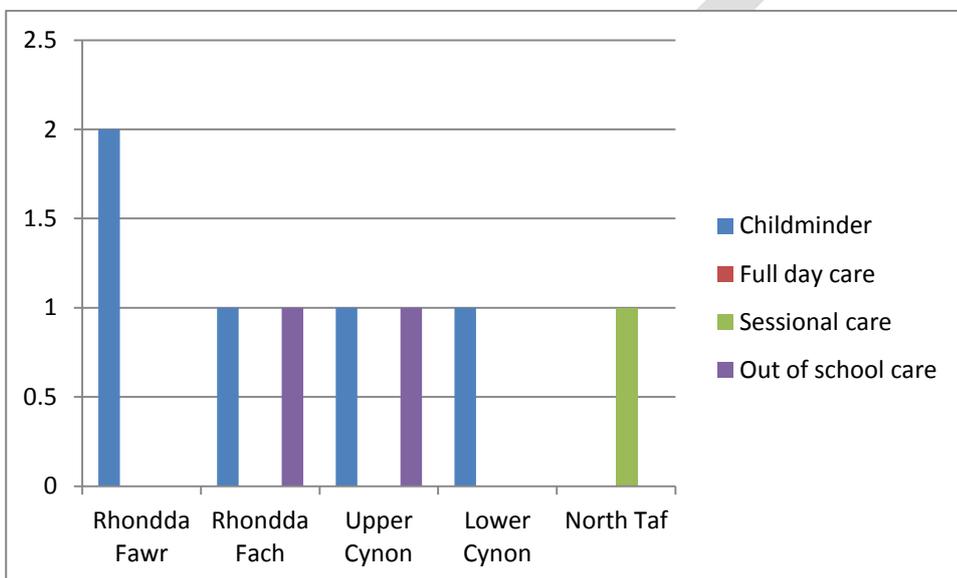
- Dyw rhai rhieni ddim yn gwybod am gymorth ariannol i dalu costau gofal plant sydd ar gael o hyd.

11. Cynaliadwyedd

Grantiau uniongyrchol/cyllid ar gyfer darparwyr gofal plant

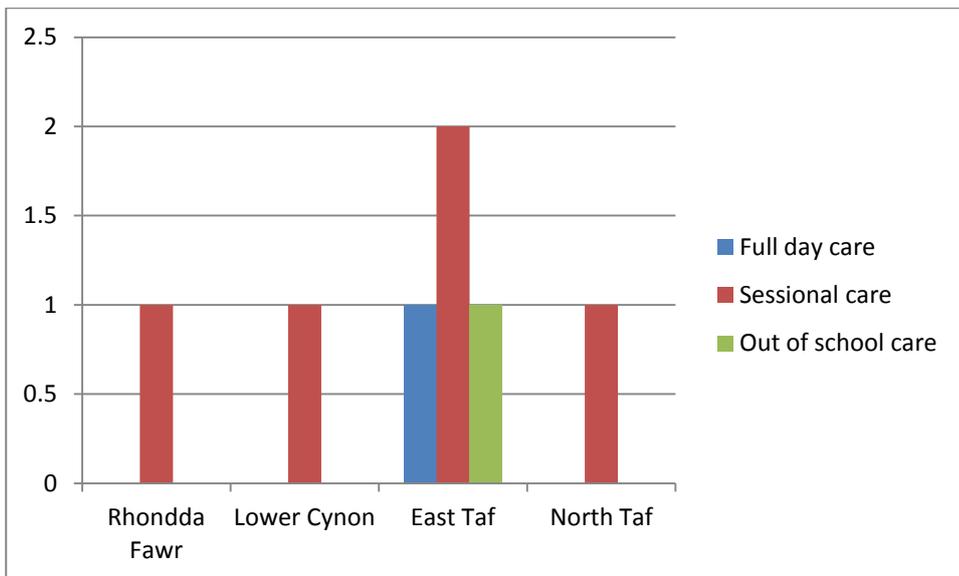
Ar hyn o bryd, mae RhCT yn cynnig dau fath o gynllun grant i ddarparwyr gofal plant – un i sefydlu darpariaeth newydd neu ehangu darpariaeth bresennol; ac un i wella cynaliadwyedd lleoliadau.

Yn ystod 2016/17, cafodd 8 grant eu dyfarnu i roi cymorth i ddarparwyr gofal plant newydd. Cafodd y rhain eu hariannu drwy ddefnyddio'r Grant Gofal Plant y Tu Allan i'r Ysgol a ddyfarnwyd i Riondda Cynon Taf gan Lywodraeth Cymru. Mae modd gweld dosbarthiad daearyddol gofal plant yn ôl math isod:



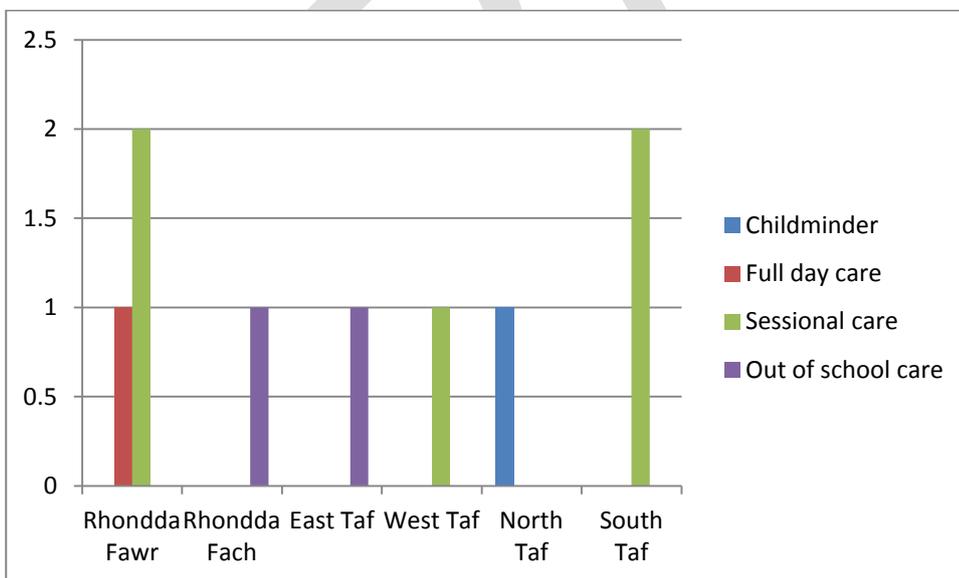
Ffigur 41: Grantiau darpariaeth newydd a ddyfarnwyd yn 2016/17 yn ôl math a lleoliad

Cafodd sawl grant ei ddyfarnu i roi cymorth i ddarparwyr gofal plant sefydledig i ehangu eu gwasanaethau. Yn achos tri o'r rhain, roedd modd i ddarparwyr gynnig gwasanaethau ar ôl oriau meithrinfa, ac roedd modd i dri arall ehangu er mwyn cynnig gwasanaethau ychwanegol i rieni pan fydd y cynllun peilot 30 awr o addysg/ofal plant yn dechrau ym mis Medi 2017. Roedd y grant arall yn gyfraniad at gost bws mini i leoliad y tu allan i'r ysgol, er mwyn ei alluogi i gynnig gwasanaethau casglu o ysgolion ychwanegol. Mae modd gweld dosbarthiad daearyddol gofal plant yn ôl math isod:



Ffigur 42: Grantiau ehangu darpariaeth a ddyfarnwyd yn 2016/17 yn ôl math a lleoliad

Cafodd 9 grant cynaliadwyedd eu dyfarnu yn ystod 2016/17. Roedd 3 yn rhoi cymorth i dalu costau staffio ac roedd 2 yn rhoi cymorth i dalu costau rhentu. Roedd un yn rhoi cymorth i leoliad nad oedd wedi'i gofrestru i dalu costau cofrestru, ac roedd yr arian a oedd yn weddill yn cyfrannu at gostau adnoddau a chyfarpar angenrheidiol. Mae modd gweld dosbarthiad daearyddol gofal plant yn ôl math isod:



Ffigur 43: Grantiau cynaliadwyedd a ddyfarnwyd yn 2016/17 yn ôl math a lleoliad gofal plant

Mae cyllid yn debygol o fod ar gael ar gyfer darpariaeth newydd, ac ar gyfer darpariaeth bresennol, ym mlwyddyn ariannol 2017/18. Unwaith eto, bydd yn dod o'r grant gofal plant ysgol a ddyfernir i Ronda Cynon Taf gan Lywodraeth Cymru. Blaenoriaeth grantiau fydd

roi cymorth i leoliadau i baratoi ar gyfer cynnydd a gaiff ei ragweld yn y galw oherwydd y cynnig o 30 awr o addysg/ofal plant 3 a 4 oed yn RhCT o fis Medi 2017, yn rhan o'r cynllun peilot. Caiff ei ddefnyddio yn yr un modd i roi cymorth i sefydlu lleoliadau gofal plant newydd pan gaiff bylchau eu darganfod yn y ddarpariaeth ar gyfer y cynllun peilot yma.

Dyw'r grantiau cynaliadwyedd a fydd ar gael i ddarparwyr gofal plant yn 2017/18 ddim wedi'u cadarnhau eto.

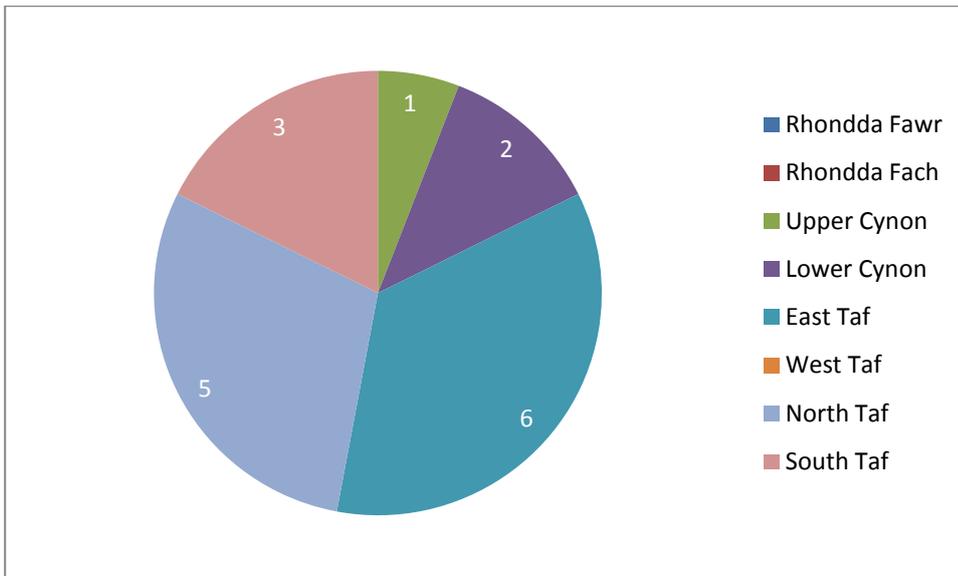
Cymorth arall i wella cynaliadwyedd

Mae swyddogion yn gwybod am y bwrn ariannol sydd ar ddarparwyr gofal plant o ran sicrhau bod gan aelodau o staff y cymwysterau diogelu, diogelwch bwyd a chymorth cyntaf diweddaraf. Er bod y ganolfan hyfforddi cyfnod sylfaen blynyddoedd cynnar yn cadw costau'r cyrsiau yma cyn ised â phosibl, mae'n anodd i rai darparwyr ariannu'r cyrsiau yma. I gynorthwyo gyda hynny, cafodd cyllid ei gynnig i leoliadau gofal plant yn ystod blwyddyn ariannol 2016/17 i brynu lleydd ar y cyrsiau yma. Cafodd 17 o lefydd eu prynu i ddarparwyr gofal plant ar gyrsiau Diogelu, cafodd 10 o lefydd eu prynu ar gyrsiau Hylendid Bwyd a chafodd 13 o lefydd eu prynu ar gyrsiau Cymorth Cyntaf. Cafodd staff o 11 o leoliadau fudd o'r cyllid yma.

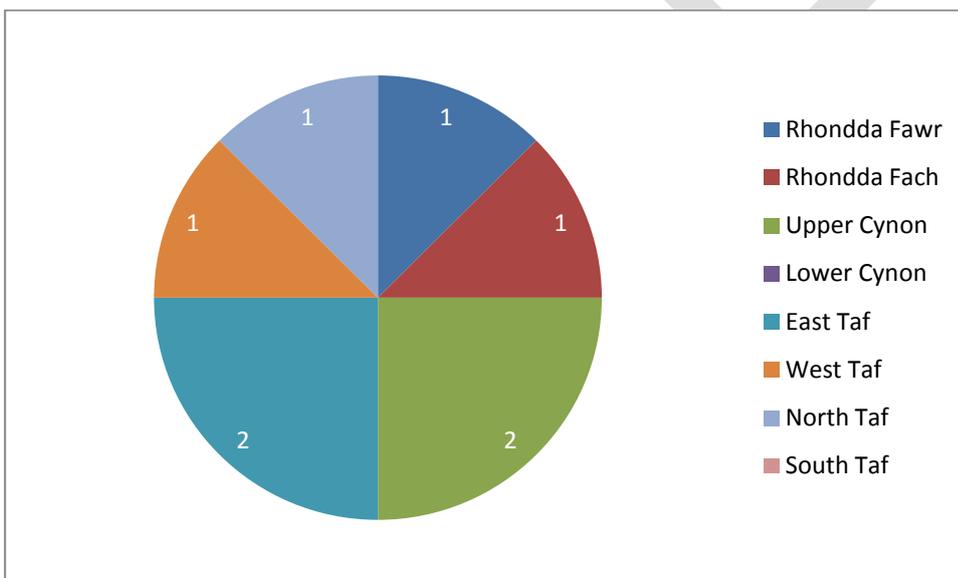
Mae swyddogion yn awyddus i gynnig y cymorth yma eto yn ystod y flwyddyn ariannol nesaf oherwydd bu adborth darparwyr yn gadarnhaol iawn, yn enwedig adborth lleoliadau sydd yng nghanol proses gofrestru Arolygiaeth Gofal a Gwasanaethau Cymdeithasol Cymru (AGGCC).

Achosion o ddiddymu aelodaeth AGGCC

Yn ystod 2016, diddymodd 17 o ddarparwyr gofal plant eu haelodaeth AGGCC. O'r rhain, roedd 10 yn warchodwyr plant, roedd 3 yn ddarparwyr gofal diwrnod llawn ac roedd 4 yn ddarparwyr sesiynau gofal. Gohiriodd 5 gwarchodwr plant, 1 darparwr gofal diwrnod llawn a 2 darparwr sesiynau gofal eu haelodaeth. Mae modd gweld y dosbarthiad daearyddol isod:



Ffigur 44: Nifer yr achosion o ddiddymu aelodaeth AGGCC yn 2016



Ffigur 45: Nifer yr achosion o ohirio aelodaeth AGGCC yn 2016

Mae'r ffaith bod cynifer o warchodwyr plant wedi stopio masnachu'n peri pryder. Amgylchiadau personol yw'r rheswm fwyaf tebygol dros hynny. Er hynny, mae rhywfaint o adborth i swyddogion am y datganiadau newydd ar gyfer y Datganiad Hunanasesu Gwasanaeth yn Haf 2016 yn awgrymu y diddymodd 2 warchodwr plant eu haelodaeth er mwyn osgoi gorfod eu cwblhau.

12. Y Cyffiniau

Yn rhan o'r asesiad yma, ymgynghorwyd ag Awdurdodau Lleol cyfagos er mwyn cael gwybod p'un a gawson nhw ymholiadau ynghylch gofal plant gan rieni sy'n byw yn RhCT. Yn ogystal â hynny, gofynnwyd i'r Gwasanaeth Gwybodaeth i Deuluoedd roi gwybod am bob cais am ofal plant yn RhCT gan deuluoedd sy'n byw mewn awdurdodau cyfagos. Cafwyd rhai ymatebion gan rieni mewn awdurdodau cyfagos yn yr ymgynghoriad a gafodd ei gynnal yn hydref 2016.

Caerffili

Nododd 3 o bobl a atebodd i ymgynghoriad Caerffili â rhieni eu bod yn defnyddio gofal plant yn RhCT yn ystod y tymor ac yn ystod gwyliau.

Fu dim ymholiadau i'r Gwasanaeth Gwybodaeth i Deuluoedd gan breswylwyr Caerffili ynghylch darpariaeth gofal plant yn RhCT.

Bro Morgannwg

Bu 10 ymholiadau dros y ffôn i Wasanaeth Gwybodaeth i Deuluoedd Bro Morgannwg gan breswylwyr RhCT yn ystod y flwyddyn ddiwethaf – un o ddwyrain ardal Taf-elái, 7 o dde Taf-elái a 2 o Taf-elái.

Ymholwyd ynghylch y canlynol:

- 1 x Gwarchodwr Plant
- 1 x Cylch Meithrin
- 1 x Meithrinfa Oriau Dydd
- 1 x Grŵp Chwarae
- 1 x Crèche

Doedd dim modd iddo roi gwybodaeth i ni am ymholiadau ar-lein neu dros e-bost.

Fu dim ymholiadau i'r Gwasanaeth Gwybodaeth i Deuluoedd gan breswylwyr Bro Morgannwg ynghylch Darpariaeth Gofal Plant yn RhCT.

Mae swyddogion wedi cael un ymateb gan riant sy'n byw ym Mro Morgannwg yn rhan o ymgynghoriad â rhieni RhCT. Dyw'r riant yma ddim yn defnyddio darpariaeth gofal plant ar hyn o bryd oherwydd ei bod yng nghanol seibiant mamolaeth. Pan fydd yn dechrau

gweithio eto, bydd yn chwilio am ddarpariaeth cyfrwng Cymraeg mewn lleoliad cyfleus ei gyrraedd o'i chartref.

Yn 2016 bu un ymholiad i swyddogion gan riant yn RhCT a oedd am ddefnyddio cyllid addysg feithrin ym Mro Morgannwg. Dyw RhCT ddim yn ariannu llefydd addysg cyn oed derbyn meithrinfeydd mewn siroedd eraill ac felly doedd dim modd i swyddogion gynorthwyo yn yr achos yma.

Merthyr Tudful

Bu tua 3 ymholiad i'r Gwasanaeth Gwybodaeth i Deuluoedd yn RhCT gan breswylwyr Merthyr Tudful ynghylch darpariaeth gofal plant. Cafodd y rhain eu cyfeirio at Wasanaeth Gwybodaeth i Deuluoedd yr awdurdod hwnnw.

Cafodd swyddogion 3 ymateb gan rieni sy'n byw ym Merthyr Tudful i'n hymgyngoriad â rhieni. Dyw'r rhain ddim yn defnyddio darpariaeth gofal ar gyfer eu plant ar hyn o bryd. Yn lle hynny mae teulu a ffrindiau'n darparu gofal plant ar eu cyfer (2), neu mae eu plant yn rhy hen (1). Nododd y ddau y mae eu ffrindiau a'u teulu'n darparu gofal plant y byddai'r gallu i ddefnyddio gofal plant fforddiadwy'n ffactor pe baen nhw'n manteisio ar ddarpariaeth. Byddai'r gallu i'w ddefnyddio ar ôl ysgol, yn ystod gwyliau, ac yn ystod oriau hyblyg hefyd yn ffactor.

Pen-y-bont ar Ogwr

Fu dim ymholiadau i'r Gwasanaeth Gwybodaeth i Deuluoedd gan breswylwyr Pen-y-bont ar Ogwr ynghylch darpariaeth Gofal Plant yn RhCT.

Fu dim ymatebion i ymgynghoriad â rhieni RhCT gan rieni a oedd yn byw ym Mhen-y-bont ar Ogwr.

Yn 2016 bu tri ymholiad i swyddogion gan rieni yn RhCT sy'n defnyddio darpariaeth gofal plant ym Mhen-y-bont ar Ogwr, a oedd am ddefnyddio eu hawl i gyllid ar gyfer addysg feithrin rhan amser. Dyw RhCT ddim yn ariannu llefydd cyn oed derbyn meithrin mewn siroedd eraill ar hyn o bryd.

Caerdydd

Fu dim ymholiadau i'r Gwasanaeth Gwybodaeth i Deuluoedd gan breswylwyr Caerdydd ynghylch darpariaeth gofal plant yn RhCT.

Bu un ymateb i'r ymgynghoriad â rhieni gan riant sy'n byw yng Nghaerdydd. Mae'r riant yma'n defnyddio darpariaeth gofal ar gyfer ei blant cyn oriau'r ysgol, ar ôl ysgol ac yn ystod gwyliau. Mae'n fodlon ar ansawdd ei ddarparwr gofal plant yn ystod y tymor ond nid yn ystod gwyliau'r ysgol.

DRAFT

13. Datblygu'r Gweithlu

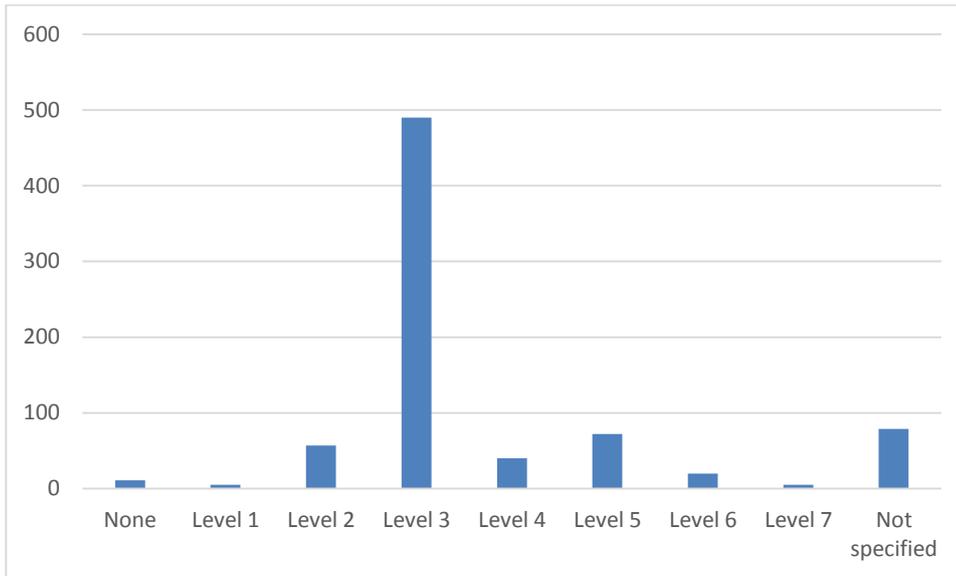
Mae'r sector gofal plant yn RhCT yn elwa ar staff hyfedr a chymwysedig. Mae gwaith wedi parhau yn ystod sawl blwyddyn i fireinio medrau ymarferwyr gofal plant ac i sicrhau y caiff Datblygiad Proffesiynol Parhaus ei annog a'i wella. Mae newidiadau i ofynion o ran cymwysterau yn y Safonau Gofynnol Cenedlaethol hefyd wedi rhoi mwy o bwyslais o lawer ar sicrhau bod y gweithlu wedi'i gymhwyso'n addas. Bu canolfan hyfforddi'r Gwasanaeth Blynyddoedd Cynnar a Chymorth i Deuluoedd, a chyllid drwy'r grant gofal plant y Tu Allan i'r Ysgol, yn hollbwysig i'r gwaith yma.

Yn sgil y newidiadau i addysg feithrin yn RhCT yn 2015 roedd cynnydd yn nifer y staff mewn ysgolion a ofynnodd am hyfforddiant i wella medrau. Roedd yr hyfforddiant yma'n amrywio o gymwysterau Cynorthwy-ydd Addysgu i gymwysterau maes gofal plant fel Gofal, Dysgu a Datblygu Plant. Roedd y newidiadau'n rhoi hyblygrwydd iddyn nhw i weithio mewn lleoliadau addysg/darpariaeth gofal plant ar ôl oriau ysgol sefydledig ar y pryd. Mae'r gwaith yn parhau, yn enwedig ar ôl iddi ddod i'r amlwg y cafodd RhCT ei dewis yn un o weithredwyr cynnar cynnig Llywodraeth Cymru o 30 awr o addysg/ofal plant.

At ddibenion yr adroddiad yma, caiff data ar gymwysterau a hyfforddiant presennol gweithlu maes gofal plant ei ddefnyddio o ddatganiadau o ddata darparwyr gofal plant ar gyfer y ffurflen Datganiad Hunanasesu Gwasanaeth ym mis Awst 2016. Yn ogystal â hynny, cafodd archwiliad Cwlwm o'r gweithlu ei ddadansoddi er mwyn dod i gasgliadau ar anghenion hyfforddi yn RhCT.

Isod y mae dadansoddiad o gymhwyster uchaf aelodau o staff a gafodd eu nodi yn natganiadau'r ffurflen Datganiad Hunanasesu Gwasanaeth gan ddarparwyr gofal. Mae gan 63% o ymarferwyr gymhwyster Lefel 3 (490). Rhaid i staff sy'n rheoli neu sy'n arwain lleoliadau gofal plant feddu ar gymhwyster o'r lefel yma neu uwch. Caiff hynny ei amlinellu yn y Safonau Gofynnol Cenedlaethol.

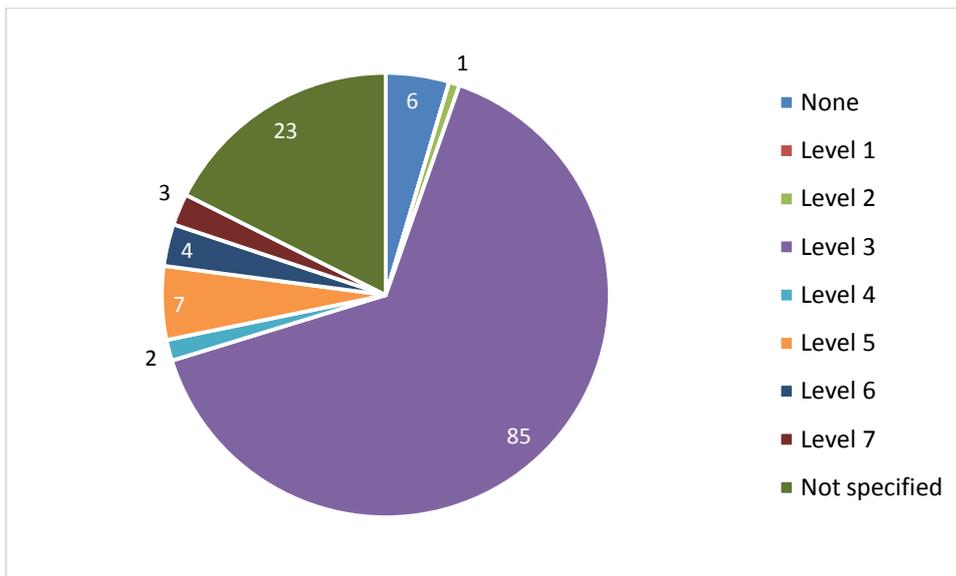
Mae gwaith wedi parhau yn ystod y blynyddoedd diwethaf, yn enwedig mewn lleoliadau Dechrau'n Deg, i wella medrau'r arweinwyr i gymwysterau Lefel 5. Mae 9.3% o ymarferwyr yn RhCT bellach yn meddu ar y cymhwyster yma (72). Cymhwyster Lefel 2 yw cymhwyster uchaf 7.3% o staff (57), cymhwyster Lefel 4 yw cymhwyster uchaf 5.1% o staff (40) a chymhwyster lefel 5 yw cymhwyster uchaf 2.6% o staff (20).



Ffigur 46: Lefel cymwysterau staff gofal plant yn RhCT

Cymwysterau gwarchodwyr plant

Y lefel uchaf o gymhwyster uchaf ymysg gwarchodwyr plant yw Lefel 7, ac roedd gan 2.3% ohonyn nhw gymhwyster o'r lefel yma (3). Serch hynny, dim ond mewn un achos roedd y cymhwyster yma mewn pwnc perthnasol i ofal plant yn y fframwaith Cymwysterau cydnabyddedig. Ar y pegwn arall, does gan 4.6% o warchodwyr plant ddim cymhwyster perthnasol i ofal plant (5) heblaw'r cwrs cyn cofrestru i warchodwyr plant, CYPOP5. O'r rhain, nododd dim atebwyr eu bod wrthi'n cwblhau cyrsiau cydnabyddedig. Nododd 64.9% o warchodwyr plant fod ganddyn nhw gymhwyster Lefel 3 (85). Mae hynny'n uwch na'r ganran gyfartalog sy'n meddu ar y lefel yma o gymhwyster yn RhCT, sef 63%. Mae modd gweld cymwysterau gwarchodwyr plant yn ôl lefel isod:



Ffigur 47: Cymwysterau gwarchodwyr plant yn ôl lefel

Adeg cyflwyno ffurflenni Datganiad Hunanasesu Gwasanaeth, roedd 16.8% o warchodwyr plant wrthi'n ennill cymhwyster Lefel 3 (22), roedd 5.3% wrthi'n ennill cymhwyster Lefel 4 (7), roedd 7.6% wrthi'n ennill cymhwyster Lefel 5 (10) ac roedd 1.5% wrthi'n ennill cymhwyster Lefel 6 (2). Doedd 43.5% ddim wrthi'n ennill unrhyw gymwysterau cydnabyddedig newydd (57), a nododd 25.2% ddim ateb (33).

Mae gwarchodwyr plant wedi ymgymryd â hyfforddiant arall gan gynnwys y canlynol yn y flwyddyn ddiwethaf:

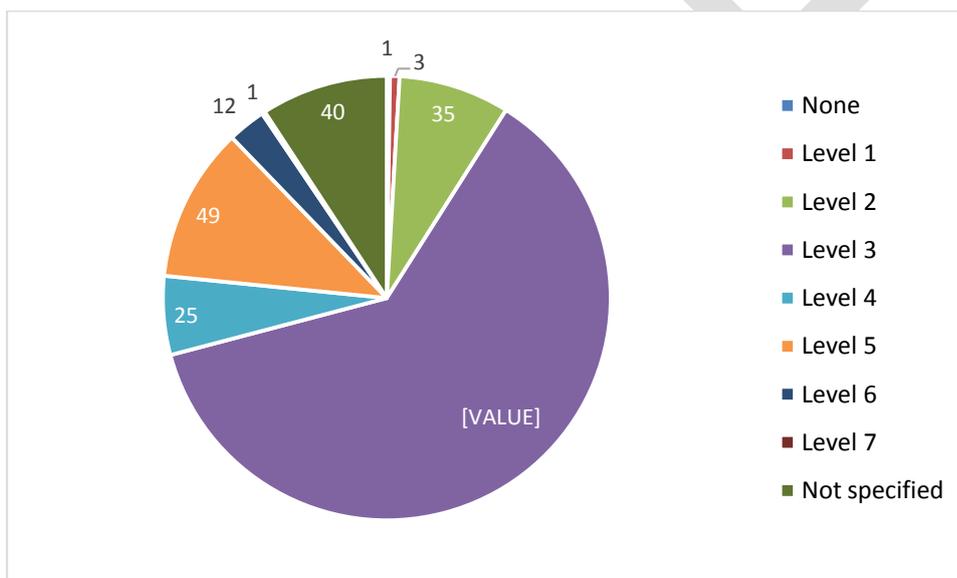
- Ymwybyddiaeth o awtistiaeth
- Traed prysur
- Rheoli Sylweddau Peryglus i lechyd
- Gweithdrefnau rhag trosglwyddo heintiau
- Cynllun Gwên
- Cymorth Cyntaf
- Lefel 3 gwaith chwarae
- Rhowch sylw i mi!
- Rheoli ymddygiad heriol
- Hyfforddiant i gydlynwyr AAA
- WellComm

Cafodd 21 o warchodwyr plant wiriadau'r Gwasanaeth Datgelu a Gwahardd newydd yn ystod 2016. Yn ogystal â hynny, aeth 29 ohonyn nhw ar hyfforddiant Diogelu, cwblhaodd

33 ohonyn nhw gyrsiau Hylendid Bwyd, ac adnewyddodd 8 ohonyn nhw eu cymwysterau Cymorth Cyntaf.

Cymwysterau darparwyr gofal diwrnod llawn

Dim ond mewn un darparwr gofal diwrnod llawn roedd aelod o staff yn meddu ar gymhwyster Lefel 7 perthnasol. Mae hwn yn gymhwyster gofal plant cydnabyddedig sydd wedi'i restru ar y fframwaith Cymwyseddau. Mae gan 62.1% o staff mewn lleoliadau diwrnod llawn gymhwyster Lefel 3 (270). Mae hynny'n ychydig yn is na'r gan gyfartalog yn RhCT sy'n meddu ar gymhwyster o'r lefel yma, sef 63%. Yn ôl y Fframwaith Cymwysterau, y cymhwyster cydnabyddedig i arweinwyr darparwyr sesiynau gofal yw Diploma Lefel 3 mewn Gofal, Dysgu a Datblygu Plant. Mae gan 11.3% o staff gymhwyster Lefel 5 (49). Mae modd gweld dadansoddiad o gymwysterau staff darparwyr gofal diwrnod llawn yn ôl lefel isod:



Ffigur 48: Lefel cymwysterau staff darparwyr gofal diwrnod llawn

Adeg cyflwyno'r ffurflenni Datganiad Hunanasesu Gwasanaeth, roedd 11.3% o staff mewn lleoliadau gofal diwrnod llawn wrthi'n ennill cymhwyster Lefel 3 (49), roedd 0.9% wrthi'n ennill cymhwyster Lefel 4 (4), roedd 14.3% wrthi'n ennill cymhwyster Lefel 5 (62) ac roedd 0.9% wrthi'n ennill cymhwyster Lefel 6 (4). Doedd 41.4% ddim wrthi'n ennill unrhyw gymwysterau cydnabyddedig newydd ar y pryd (180), a nododd 29.4% ddim ateb (128).

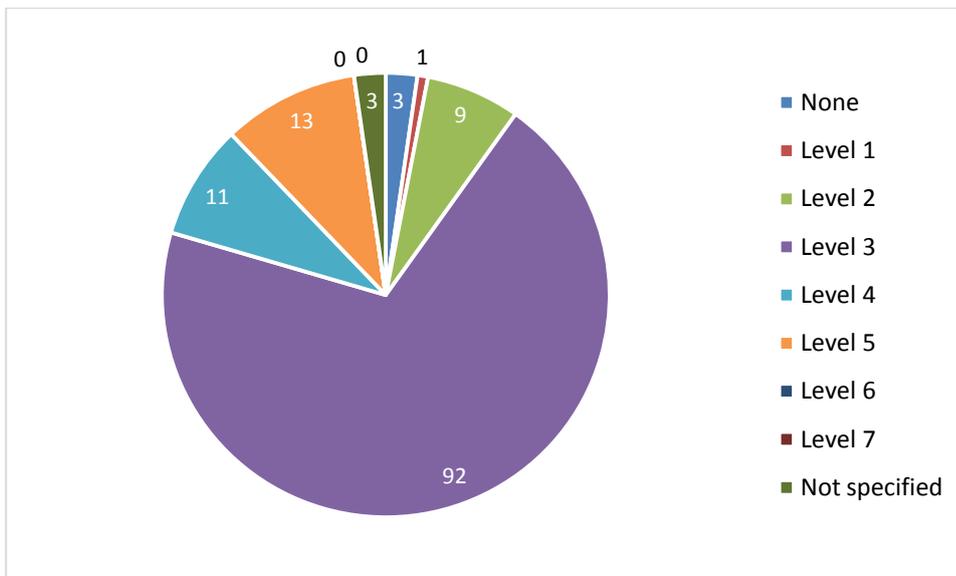
Mae gwarchodwyr plant wedi ymgymryd â hyfforddiant arall gan gynnwys y canlynol yn y flwyddyn ddiwethaf:

- Hyfforddiant anaffylacsis/triniaeth EpiPen
- Ymwybyddiaeth o awtistiaeth
- Amser cylch
- Cynllun Gwên
- Hyfforddiant Elklan
- Hyfforddiant swyddog tân
- Diogelwch bwyd
- Ysgolion Coedwig
- Yr wybodaeth ddiweddaraf am y Cyfnod Sylfaen
- Hyfforddiant Makaton
- Rheoli ymddygiad heriol
- Codi a chario
- Hyfforddiant Phonics
- Gwella rhifedd drwy chwarae
- Pontio i waith chwarae

Cafodd 113 o staff lleoliadau gofal diwrnod llawn wiriadau'r Gwasanaeth Datgelu a Gwahardd newydd yn ystod 2016. Yn ogystal â hynny, aeth 93 ohonyn nhw ar hyfforddiant Diogelu, cwblhaodd 83 ohonyn nhw gyrsiau Hylendid Bwyd, ac adnewyddodd 61 ohonyn nhw eu cymwysterau Cymorth Cyntaf.

Cymwysterau darparwyr sesiynau gofal

Mae gan 9.8% o ddarparwyr sesiynau gofal gymhwyster Lefel 5 (13), a hon yw'r lefel uchaf. Mae gan 69.7% gymhwyster Lefel 3, ac mae hynny'n uwch na ffigur gyfartalog RhCT, sef 63%. Yn ôl y Fframwaith Cymwysterau, y cymhwyster cydnabyddedig i arweinwyr darparwyr sesiynau gofal yw Diploma Lefel 3 mewn Gofal, Dysgu a Datblygu Plant. Mae gan 6.8% gymwysterau Lefel 2 (9) ac mae gan 8.3% gymwysterau Lefel 4. Mae modd gweld dadansoddiad o gymwysterau staff darparwyr sesiynau gofal yn ôl lefel isod:



Ffigur 49: Lefel cymwysterau darparwr sesiynau gofal

Adeg cyflwyno'r ffurflenni Datganiad Hunanwerthuso Gwasanaeth, roedd 10.6% o staff mewn lleoliadau sesiynau gofal wrthi'n ennill cymhwyster Lefel 3 (14), roedd 4.5% wrthi'n ennill cymhwyster Lefel 4 (6), roedd 28.8% wrthi'n ennill cymhwyster Lefel 5 (38) ac roedd 2.3% wrthi'n ennill cymhwyster Lefel 6 (3). Doedd 30.3% ddim wrthi'n ennill unrhyw gymwysterau cydnabyddedig newydd ar y pryd (40), a nododd 20.5% ddim ateb (27).

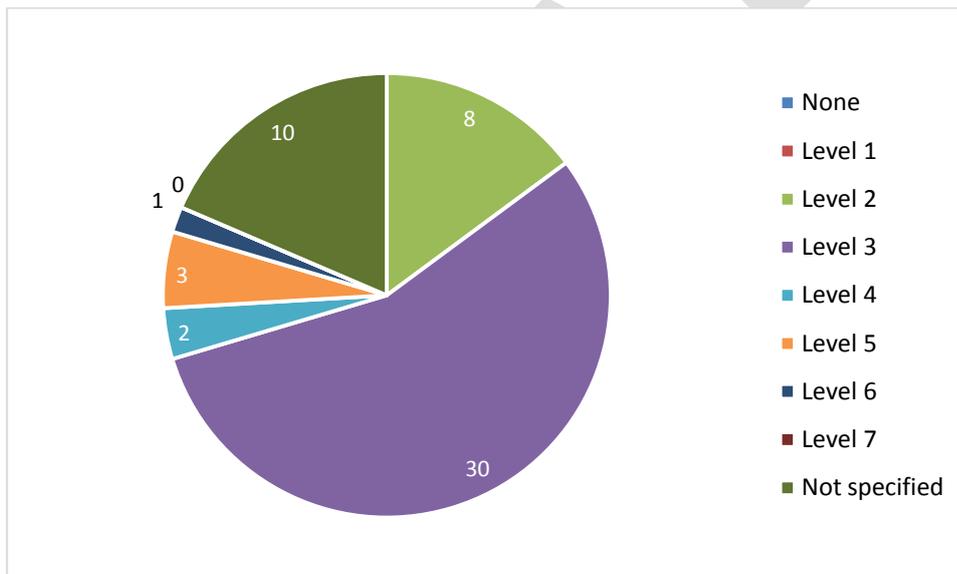
Mae staff lleoliadau sesiynau gofal wedi ymgymryd â hyfforddiant arall gan gynnwys y canlynol yn y flwyddyn ddiwethaf:

- Arfer gorau mewn cynadleddau achos
- Cynllun Gwên
- Ymwybyddiaeth anabledd
- Hyfforddiant Elklan
- Swyddog Tân
- Cymorth Cyntaf yn y Gwaith
- Hylendid Bwyd
- Modiwlau Cyfnod Sylfaen
- Rheoli heintiau
- Codi a chario
- Chwarae i Ddysgu
- Hyrwyddo Iechyd a Lles
- Hyfforddiant i Gydlynwyr AAA
- Hyfforddiant WellComm

Cafodd 38 o staff lleoliadau sesiynau gofal wiriadau'r Gwasanaeth Datgelu a Gwahardd newydd yn ystod 2016. Yn ogystal â hynny, aeth 17 ohonyn nhw ar hyfforddiant Diogelu, cwblhaodd 29 ohonyn nhw gyrsiau Hylendid Bwyd, ac adnewyddodd 16 ohonyn nhw eu cymwysterau Cymorth Cyntaf.

Cymwysterau darparwyr y tu allan i'r ysgol

Lefel 6 yw'r lefel uchaf o gymhwyster ymysg staff gofal plant y tu allan i'r ysgol. Cymhwyster cydnabyddedig yw hwn yn y fframwaith cymwysterau gwaith chwarae. Diploma Lefel 3 mewn Gwaith Chwarae yw'r cymhwyster cydnabyddedig i arwain lleoliadau gofal plant y tu allan i'r ysgol. Mae gan 55.6% o weithwyr a gafodd eu nodi yn y ffurflenni y cymhwyster yma (30). Mae gan 14.8% gymhwyster Lefel 2 (8), mae gan 3.7% Lefel 4 (2) ac mae gan 5.6% Lefel 5 (3). Mae modd gweld dadansoddiad o gymwysterau staff darparwyr gofal y tu allan i'r ysgol yn ôl lefel isod:



Ffigur 50: Lefel cymwysterau staff darparwyr gofal y tu allan i'r ysgol

Adeg cyflwyno'r Datganiad Hunanwerthuso Gwasanaeth, roedd 5.6% o staff mewn lleoliadau gofal diwrnod llawn wrthi'n ennill cymhwyster Lefel 3 (3), roedd 1.9% wrthi'n ennill cymhwyster Lefel 4 (1), roedd 16.7% wrthi'n ennill cymhwyster Lefel 5 (9) a doedd dim staff wrthi'n ennill cymhwyster Lefel 6. Doedd 66.7% ddim wrthi'n ennill unrhyw gymwysterau cydnabyddedig newydd ar y pryd (36), a nododd 7.4% ddim ateb (4).

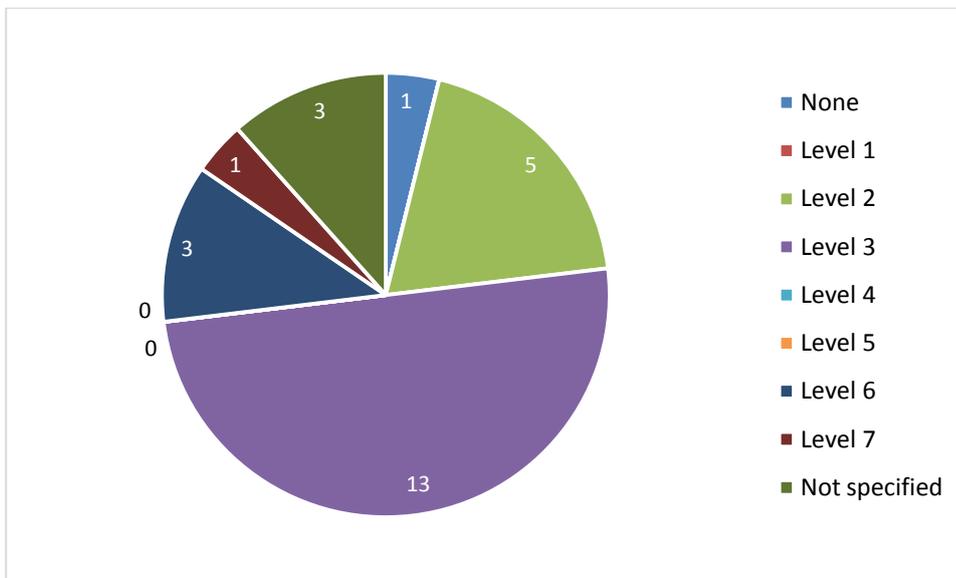
Mae staff lleoliadau'r tu allan i'r ysgol wedi ymgymryd â hyfforddiant arall gan gynnwys y canlynol yn y flwyddyn ddiwethaf:

- Rheoli ymddygiad
- Plant sydd wedi'u Hesgeuluso
- Gweithdrefnau rhag Trosglwyddo Heintiau
- Cydraddoldeb ac Amrywioldeb
- Diogelwch Tân
- Hyfforddiant Swyddog Tân
- Iechyd a Diogelwch
- Iaith a Chwarae
- Hyfforddiant Dyletswydd Atal
- Hyfforddiant Diogelu

Cafodd 17 o staff lleoliadau gofal y tu allan i'r ysgol wiriadau'r Gwasanaeth Datgelu a Gwahardd newydd yn ystod 2016. Yn ogystal â hynny, aeth 19 ohonyn nhw ar hyfforddiant Diogelu, cwblhaodd 21 ohonyn nhw gyrsiau Hylendid Bwyd, ac adnewyddodd 10 ohonyn nhw eu cymwysterau Cymorth Cyntaf.

Cymwysterau darparwyr cynlluniau chwarae mynediad agored

Lefel 7 yw'r lefel uchaf o gymhwyster sydd gan staff cynlluniau chwarae mynediad agored (1). Mae gan 50% o'r gweithlu gymhwyster Lefel 3 (13), ac mae gan 19.2% gymhwyster Lefel 2. Mae modd gweld cymwysterau staff cynlluniau chwarae mynediad agored yn ôl lefel isod:



Ffigur 51:

Adeg cyflwyno'r Datganiad Hunanasesu Gwasanaeth, roedd 23.1% o warchodwyr plant wrthi'n gweithio tuag at ennill cymhwyster Lefel 3 (6), roedd 7.7% wrthi'n ennill cymhwyster Lefel 4 (2), roedd 7.7% wrthi'n ennill cymhwyster Lefel 5 (2) a neb wrthi ar gyfer cymhwyster Lefel 6. Doedd 3.8% ddim wedi nodi ateb.

Mae staff cynlluniau chwarae mynediad agored wedi ymgymryd â hyfforddiant arall gan gynnwys y canlynol yn y flwyddyn ddiwethaf:

- Rheoli ymddygiad
- Iechyd a Diogelwch yn y Gweithle
- Gweithdai Ffrindiau Iach
- Hyfforddiant ar reoli plant yn ystod amser chwarae gwlyb
- Cwrs Playing with the Elements
- Hyfforddiant i Gydlynwyr AAA
- Hyfforddiant ar gamddefnyddio sylweddau
- Hyfforddiant 'transition into play'

Cafodd 6 aelod o staff cynlluniau chwarae mynediad agored wiriadau'r Gwasanaeth Datgelu a Gwahardd newydd yn ystod 2016. Yn ogystal â hynny, aeth 8 ohonyn nhw ar hyfforddiant Diogelu, neb ar gyfer cyrsiau Hylendid Bwyd, ac adnewyddodd 3 ohonyn nhw eu cymwysterau Cymorth Cyntaf.

Datblygu'r gweithlu – hyfforddiant arall

Yn ystod 2016, cafodd cyllid o'r grant gofal plant y tu allan i'r ysgol ei ddefnyddio i ariannu'r cyrsiau canlynol i weithwyr darparwyr y tu allan i'r ysgol a gweithwyr cynlluniau gofal:

- Rheoli Cynlluniau Chwarae'n Ystod Gwyliau'r Ysgol
- Dyfarniad a Thystysgrif Lefel 3 mewn Gwaith Chwarae
- Pontio i Waith Chwarae Lefel 3
- Ymwybyddiaeth o Awtistiaeth
- Gweithdy Guiding Positive Behaviour

Arolwg Cwlwm 2016 o'r Gweithlu

Mae Cwlwm, y sefydliad cyfun o sefydliadau gofal plant ymbarél yng Nghymru, yn llunio adroddiad archwilio gweithlu blynyddol. Ymatebodd 91 o ddarparwyr gofal plant yn RhCT i'r archwiliad yn 2016. Mae gan 51% o'r lleoliadau yma gymhwyster Lefel 3 mewn gofal plant ac mae gan 12% gymhwyster Lefel 3 mewn Gwaith Chwarae. Mae gan 17% gymhwyster Lefel 4/5 mewn gofal plant ac mae gan 4% gymhwyster Lefel 4/5 mewn Gwaith Chwarae.

Nododd 77% o leoliadau nad oes ganddyn nhw gyllideb hyfforddiant, a dyw 36% o staff ddim yn cael eu talu i fynychu cyrsiau hyfforddi. Mae hynny'n dangos bod gofynion hyfforddiant yn fwrn sylweddol ar leoliadau, oherwydd cost cyrsiau a chost cyflenwi a rhyddhau staff i'w mynychu.

Mae angen cymorth parhaus gan y sefydliadau ymbarél a'r Cyngor i gynnal proffesiynoldeb y farchnad gofal plant. Mae cyrsiau dan nawdd cymhorthdal a grantiau'n bwysig yn hyn o beth, fel cwrs carfan hyfforddi'r Gwasanaethau Blynyddoedd Cynnar a Chymorth i Deuluoedd a'r grant gofal plant y tu allan i'r ysgol. Caiff hwn ei ddefnyddio i gomisiynu neu ariannu cyrsiau hyfforddiant pan gaiff anghenion eu hadnabod.

14. Canlyniadau Ymgynghori â Rhanddeiliaid

Yn rhan o baratoi'r Asesiad o Ddigonolrwydd Gofal Plant, cafodd barnau rhanddeiliaid allweddol eu hystyried am y farchnad gofal plant yn RhCT. Dyma giplun ar yr ymatebion:

Grŵp Monitro Chwarae

Cafodd Grŵp Ymgynghorol Digonolrwydd Cyfleoedd Chwarae a Digonolrwydd Gofal Plant ar y Cyd ei sefydlu yn 2015. Mae aelodau o'r grŵp yn rhoi cyngor a chymorth yn rhan o gamau datblygu'r Asesiadau Digonolrwydd Cyfleoedd Chwarae a Gofal Plant.

Caiff darpariaeth chwarae yn RhCT ei chynnal gan sefydliadau'r sector gwirfoddol yn bennaf, naill ai drwy gyllid Cymunedau'n Gyntaf neu drwy gomisiwn yr Awdurdod Lleol. Bu gwaith parhaus yn ystod nifer o flynyddoedd i ddatblygu darpariaeth chwarae gofrestredig sy'n cynnig model chwarae a gofal plant cyfun. Yn rhan o hynny mae ffi a darpariaeth gofal plant gaeedig cyn sesiynau mynediad agored am ddim, yn ystod y sesiynau hynny ac ar eu hôl. Mae perthynas gwaith agos rhwng y ddwy garfan o fewn y Cyngor. Maen nhw'n rhannu gwybodaeth yn rheolaidd ac maen nhw'n gweithio gyda'i gilydd ar brosiectau ar y cyd.

Y Ganolfan Byd Gwaith

Ymgynghorwyd â swyddogion y Ganolfan Byd Gwaith ac ymgynghorwyr Rhieni, Gofal Plant a Chyflogaeth a gofynnwyd am eu barnau ar y rhwystrau i'w cleientiaid rhag gweithio. Yn gyffredinol, dyma'r prif rwystrau rhag cyflogaeth, cysylltiedig â gofal plant, i rieni yn RhCT yn eu tyb:

- Diffyg cyfleoedd gwaith addas nad ydyn nhw'n cynnwys sifftiau neu benwythnosau
- Diffyg gofal plant/gwarchodwyr plant sy'n casglu plant o'r ysgol, yn enwedig plant mewn addysg feithrin rhan amser
- Diffyg cyfleusterau gofal i blant hŷn
- Diffyg clybiau brechwast mewn rhai lleoliadau
- Dibynadwyedd rhieni ar gludiant cyhoeddus ac anawsterau o ran mynd â phlant i'r ysgol a mynd i'r gwaith
- Gofal plant a gaiff ei ddarparu o'r ysgol e.e. clybiau brechwast. Mae clybiau ar ôl ysgol cofrestredig yn tueddu i weithio'n well gyda rhieni.
- Peidio â bod yn gyfarwydd â gadael y plentyn/plant gyda theulu neu ffrindiau

Mae cysylltiadau agosach yn cael eu meithrin gydag ymgynghorwyr Rhieni, Gofal Plant a Chyflogaeth er mwyn rhannu gwybodaeth am rwystrau rhag gofal plant yn haws. Gobeithio y bydd hynny'n sicrhau bod modd i swyddogion adnabod bylchau yn y farchnad gofal plant a mynd i'r afael â nhw'n well.

Yr Adran Gynllunio

Mae cysylltiadau â'r adran gynllunio wedi gwella yn y blynyddoedd diwethaf a bellach, caiff hysbysiadau cais eu rhannu â swyddogion yn wythnosol. Mae'r adran gynllunio bellach wedi cael eu gwneud yn effro i'r swyddogion perthnasol i ymgynghori â nhw pan fyddan nhw'n cael ceisiadau cynllunio cysylltiedig â gofal plant yn benodol.

Yn ystod 2016, cafodd 14 o geisiadau cynllunio llawn neu amlinellol eu cymeradwyo i ddatblygu 10 uned o dai neu ragor. Dyma ddadansoddiad o'r ardaloedd:

Ardal	Cais
Cwm Rhondda Fawr	Trosi hen Neuadd Tref, clwb snwcer a chlwb nos yn 18 o unedau preswyl a 5 uned Fanwerthu.
	Amlinellol – cynllun arfaethedig i godi 8 tŷ pâr 3B ac i osod llefydd parcio yn eu cwrtil.
Cwm Rhondda Fach	Datblygu 14 o anheddau preswyl (fflatiau) ac ymgymryd â gwaith cysylltiedig.
	Dymchwel adeiladau ysgol presennol a chodi 25 annedd breswyl gan gynnwys gwaith tirlunio, gwaith gosod llefydd parcio a gwaith cysylltiedig arall.
Cwm Cynon Uchaf	Adnewyddu a throsi hen adeilad ysgol yn 26 o fflatiau 1 a 2 ystafell wely (defnydd C3) ac adeiladu 18 o dai newydd ar dir yn y cefn gan gynnwys mynediad addasedig, gwaith tirlunio a gwaith cysylltiedig.
	Dymchwel adeiladau ysgol presennol ac adeiladu 98 o unedau preswyl.
	Newid defnydd y lloiau uchaf i ddefnydd preswyl ar gyfer 12 o unedau. Defnyddio'r llawr gwaelod ar gyfer uned fanwerthu gan gynnwys gwneud addasiadau mewnol ac allanol cysylltiedig.
Cwm Cynon Isaf	Gwaith datblygu 9 annedd breswyl.
	Gwaith datblygu adeiladau preswyl newydd.
Dwyrain Taf-elái	Cynlluniau arfaethedig ar gyfer datblygiad preswyl a mynediad priffordd cysylltiedig, ysgol ar y safle, a gwaith a defnyddiau ategol ar

	dir yn Ystrad Barwig Isaf.
Gogledd Taf-elái	Gwaith adeiladu 9 uned gan gynnwys 8 rhandy ag 1 ystafell wely ac 1 tŷ â phedair ystafell wely, a gwaith cysylltiedig.
De Taf-elái	Cais materion sydd wedi'u cadw'n ôl am 5 annedd a gwaith priffordd a thirlunio cysylltiedig.
	Gwaith dymchwel hen dafarn ac adeiladu 18 o randai fforddiadwy.

Chafodd dim ceisiadau cynllunio am 10 uned neu ragor eu cymeradwyo yn ardal Gorllewin Taf-elái, er y cafodd gwaith datblygu sylweddol ei gymeradwyo yn yr ardal yma yn y blynyddoedd diwethaf sy'n parhau. Dyw'r adroddiad diweddar yma ddim yn ystyried datblygiadau tai a gafodd ganiatâd cynllunio llawn cyn 2016 ac sy'n cael eu hadeiladu ar hyn o bryd. Parheir i ymgynghori ag adroddiadau Asesiadau o Ddigonolrwydd Gofal Plant blaenorol er mwyn monitro'r galw am ofal plant yn sgil y datblygiadau yma. Drwy ddadansoddi data addysg o ran lle y gallai fod cynnydd yn nifer y llefydd ysgol sydd eu hangen (yn sgil datblygiadau tai), bydd swyddogion yn parhau i fonitro ym mha lefydd y gallai fod rhagor o alw am ddarpariaeth gofal plant. Yn ogystal â hynny, rhaid cofio bod gan ddatblygwyr gyfnod o bum mlynedd ar ôl y dyddiad y caiff caniatâd ei roi i ddechrau cynlluniau. Oherwydd hynny, mae'n bosibl y caiff ceisiadau a gafodd eu cymeradwyo yn 2016 eu gweithredu hyd at 2021, ac na fyddan nhw'n effeithio ar alw am ofal plant ar unwaith.

Sefydliadau Gofal Plant Ymbarél

Cafodd holiaduron eu hanfon i bob sefydliad ymbarél drwy eu partneriaeth, Cwlwm, er mwyn cael eu barn am y farchnad gofal plant yn RhCT. Dyma'r ymatebion a gafodd eu nodi:

Mudiad Meithrin

Nododd Mudiad Meithrin ei fod yn teimlo bod ystod foddhaol o ddarparwyr Cyfrwng Cymraeg yn RhCT, a bod ansawdd y lleoliadau yma'n dda. Caiff eu fforddiadwyedd ei ystyried yn rhagorol, a chafodd hyblygrwydd ac addasrwydd darpariaeth eu hystyried yn dda.

Mae Mudiad Meithrin yn teimlo bod angen codi proffil y Gymraeg, yn enwedig darpariaeth Dechrau'n Deg a'r cynllun peilot newydd o gynnis 30 awr o addysg/ofal plant yn hwyrach yn 2017. Rhaid hefyd gwneud rhagor i annog rhieni i ymddiddori yng ngofal ac addysg

cyfrwng Cymraeg yn rhan o gyflawni targed Llywodraeth Cymru o filiwn o siaradwyr Cymraeg erbyn 2050.

Mae gwelliannau i'r gwasanaeth yn RhCT yn cynnwys annog lleoliadau i ymestyn eu horiau agor gan wella hyblygrwydd i rieni. Bydd hynny'n bwysicach yn ystod y flwyddyn nesaf oherwydd y bydd y cynnig peilot 30 awr yn cael ei roi ar waith ledled RhCT.

Clybiau Plant Cymru

Er i Gyngor RhCT ariannu swydd Swyddog Datblygu rhan-amser i weithio gyda chlybiau tu allan i oriau'r ysgol a chlybiau gwyliau, sylwadau generig a gafodd eu derbyn gan Glybiau Plant Cymru ar draws Cymru. Maen nhw'n pwysleisio pwysigrwydd y Grant Gofal Plant y Tu Allan i Oriau Ysgol sy'n cael ei ddyrannu i Awdurdodau Lleol gan Lywodraeth Cymru ar gyfer datblygu darpariaeth gofal plant y tu allan i oriau'r ysgol ac yn ystod y gwyliau. Awgrymodd arolwg diweddar i rieni bod gofal yn ystod y gwyliau yn achosi problem iddyn nhw, a lle roedd darpariaeth ar gael, roedden nhw'n gyndyn i'w defnyddio oherwydd y gost.

Ymhlith yr awgrymiadau ar gyfer gwella, roedd 'sicrhau bod hyfforddiant digonol ar gyfer staff er mwyn iddyn nhw allu ennill y cymwysterau perthnasol', 'cynorthwyo lleoliadau i gofrestru gydag AGGCC' a 'rhagor o gymorth i staff er mwyn iddyn nhw ddarparu ar gyfer plant sydd ag anghenion dysgu a chorfforol ychwanegol'.

PACEY Cymru

Mae PACEY yn cydnabod bod Cyngor RhCT yn cynnig cymorth ac arweiniad i warchodwyr plant yn yr Awdurdod Lleol, er ei fod e o'r farn y gall fod rhagor o waith ymgysylltu rhwng yr Awdurdod Lleol a PACEY er mwyn datblygu'r cyfleoedd sydd ar gael i warchodwyr plant ymhellach. Ar hyn o bryd, mae hyfforddiant yn cael ei roi cyn cofrestru gan yr Awdurdod Lleol, er bod hyn yn debygol o newid yn 2017, a bydd darpar warchodwyr plant yn cael eu cyfeirio at PACEY i ymgymryd â hyfforddiant cyn cofrestru. Mae PACEY o'r farn y byddai ariannu ei gwrs hyfforddiant CYPOP5 ar-lein yn cynnig hyblygrwydd i ddarpar warchodwyr plant sydd ddim yn gallu ymgymryd â hyfforddiant mewn ystafell ddosbarth. Bydd hyn yn cael ei adolygu yn y flwyddyn ariannol 2016/17.

Gwasanaeth Gwybodaeth i Deuluoedd

Mae'r Gwasanaeth Gwybodaeth i Deuluoedd yn Rhondda Cynon Taf yn cyflogi dau Weithiwr Allgymorth, yn ogystal â Swyddog Cronfa Ddata. Mae'r Swyddogion Allgymorth yn codi proffil y gwasanaeth ac yn creu cysylltiadau gyda darparwyr gofal plant, adrannau eraill y Cyngor a mudiadau gwirfoddol / cymunedol. Maen nhw'n mynychu cyfarfodydd i deuluoedd a rhieni, yn ogystal ag achlysuron Cymunedau yn Gyntaf, er mwyn cynnig cyfeirio pobl at wasanaethau a rhoi gwybodaeth ynglŷn ag ystod o faterion sy'n ymwneud â swyddi a gofal plant.

Yn ystod 2016, cafwyd 210 o ymholiadau a oedd yn gysylltiedig â gofal plant (gan gynnwys cylchoedd rhieni a phlant bach). Roedd y rhan fwyaf o'r rhain drwy e-bost neu dros y ffôn. Roedd y mwyafrif ar gyfer gwarchodwyr plant (70), wedi'u dilyn gan Feithrinfeydd Oriau Dydd (47) a darparwyr Gofal Sesiynol cyfrwng Saesneg (43). Dydy sawl gwaith mae cronfa ddata'r Gwasanaeth Gwybodaeth i Deuluoedd yn cael ei chyrchu ar y wefan ddim yn cael ei gofnodi ar hyn o bryd ac felly, doedd dim modd i swyddogion cael gafael ar ddata ynglŷn â hynny.

Cafwyd y nifer fwyaf o ymholiadau yng Nghwm Cynon Uchaf, Gogledd Taf-elái a Chwm Rhondda Fawr. Cafwyd y nifer fwyaf o ymholiadau ar gyfer gwarchodwyr plant gan rieni yn ardal Cwm Rhondda Fawr. Yng Ngogledd Taf-elái roedd y nifer fwyaf o ymholiadau ar gyfer darparwyr gofal diwrnod llawn. Yng Nghwm Cynon Uchaf roedd y nifer fwyaf o ymholiadau ar gyfer darparwyr gofal sesiynol cyfrwng Cymraeg a Saesneg. Mae hyn yn cyfateb i ffynonellau eraill o wybodaeth ynghylch y galw posibl am ragor o ddarparwyr gofal sesiynol yn yr ardal yma.

	Gwarchodwyr plant	Clybiau Brechwast	Clybiau ar ôl yr Ysgol	Cylchoedd Meithrin	Meithrinfeydd Oriau Dydd	Dechrau'n Deg	Cylchoedd Chwarae cyfrwng Saesneg	Cyfanswm
Cwm Rhondda Fawr	14	0	1	0	2	0	6	34
Cwm Rhondda Fach	7	0	0	0	0	1	6	29
Cwm Cynon Uchaf	10	0	0	3	10	0	12	43

Cwm Cynon Isaf	10	0	0	0	0	0	1	15
Dwyrain Taf-elái	6	1	0	0	8	0	2	17
Gorllewin Taf-elái	0	0	0	0	3	0	4	7
Gogledd Taf-elái	13	0	1	0	16	1	10	42
De Taf-elái	10	0	0	0	8	0	2	23
Cyfanswm	70	1	2	3	47	2	43	168

Ysgolion

Buon ni'n ymgynghori ag ysgolion ynglŷn â'u barn am y ddarpariaeth gofal plant yn eu hardaloedd, a hefyd, ynglŷn â'r gofal plant maen nhw'n eu darparu ar hyn o bryd (os ydyn nhw'n darparu gofal) neu sydd gyda nhw ar eu safleoedd.

Ymatebodd un deg naw o ysgolion. Daeth y mwyafrif o'r ymatebion oddi wrth ysgolion yn ardal Cwm Rhondda Fach (4), wedi'u dilyn gan Gwm Rhondda Fawr a Gogledd Taf-elái (3 yr un). Dwy ysgol a ymatebodd ym mhob ardal arall, ar wahân i Dde Taf-elái, lle ymatebodd un ysgol yn unig.

Mae pob ysgol a ymatebodd yn cynnig menter brechwast am ddim Llywodraeth Cymru ar hyn o bryd.

Cwm Rhondda Fawr

Mae un ysgol yn cynnig gofal ar ôl yr ysgol a gofal cofleidiol i blant oedran meithrin. Mae cylchoedd chwarae sy'n codi tâl ar safleoedd dwy o'r ysgolion, ac mae un ysgol yn cynnal cylch rhieni a phlant bach. Mae un o'r ysgolion o'r farn nad oes digon o ddarpariaeth gofal plant yn yr ardal ac wedi derbyn ymholiadau cysylltiedig â gofal plant gan rieni.

Cwm Rhondda Fach

O'r ysgolion a ymatebodd, yr unig ddarpariaeth gofal plant ar safle ysgol yw un lleoliad Dechrau'n Deg. Mae tair o'r pedair ysgol yn gwybod bod gwarchodwyr plant yn cynnig gwasanaethau casglu plant o'u hysgolion. Mae dwy o'r ysgolion o'r farn nad oes digon o

ddarpariaeth gofal plant yn yr ardaloedd, a dydy un ohonyn nhw ddim yn gwybod. Mae un ysgol yn cydnabod ei bod hi'n debygol na fydd llawer o alw am ddarpariaeth yn ei hardal, o brofiad blaenorol. Mae un ysgol wedi derbyn ymholiad gan rieni ynglŷn â gofal cofleidiol ar gyfer plant oedran meithrin, er ei bod hi'n cwestiynu gallu'r rhieni i dalu am ddarpariaeth o'r fath.

Cwm Cynon Uchaf

Yn yr ardal yma, yr unig ofal plant ar safle ysgol (o'r ysgolion a ymatebodd) yw darpariaeth cylch chwarae a chynllun chwarae yn ystod y gwyliau rhad ac am ddim. Dydy'r naill ysgol na'r llall ddim wedi cael ymholiadau gan rieni ynglŷn ag anghenion gofal plant.

Cwm Cynon Isaf

Yn ardal Cwm Cynon Isaf, does dim darpariaeth gofal plant ar safle'r ysgolion (o'r rheiny a ymatebodd), ar wahân i gynllun chwarae yn ystod y gwyliau. Mae un ysgol o'r farn nad oes digon o ddarpariaeth gofal plant yn yr ardal ac mae wedi derbyn ymholiadau gan rieni ynglŷn â gofal plant. Does gan y naill ysgol na'r llall le ar eu safleoedd i sefydlu lleoliadau gofal plant, a dydyn nhw ddim o'r farn y byddai rhieni'n fodlon neu'n gallu talu am ddarpariaeth pe bai hi'n cael ei sefydlu.

Dwyrain Taf-elái

Mae gan un ysgol a ymatebodd yn yr ardal yma ystod eang o ddarpariaeth gofal plant sydd ar gael ar neu ger safle'r ysgol, gan gynnwys gofal plant ar ôl yr ysgol, cylch rhieni a phlant bach a gofal plant a chynlluniau chwarae yn ystod y gwyliau. Mae'r ddwy ysgol o'r farn nad oes digon o ddarpariaeth gofal plant yn yr ardal i ddiwallu anghenion eu rhieni, ac mae'r ddwy wedi derbyn ymholiadau gan rieni ynglŷn â gofal plant. Does gan un o'r ysgolion ddim digon o le ar ei safle i ddatblygu darpariaeth gofal plant, er iddi dderbyn bod angen hynny.

Gorllewin Taf-elái

Mae gan un o'r ysgolion (a ymatebodd) yn yr ardal yma glwb ar ôl yr ysgol anghofrestredig ar ei safle. Mae gan yr ysgol arall leoliad Dechrau'n Deg ar ei safle. Mae un ysgol o'r farn bod digon o ddarpariaeth gofal plant yn yr ardal, ond mae'r ysgol arall o'r farn nad oes digon. Dydy'r naill ysgol na'r llall ddim wedi derbyn ymholiadau gan rieni ynglŷn â gofal plant, er nad oes lle ar safleoedd yr ysgolion yma i ddatblygu darpariaeth gofal plant ychwanegol. Dywedodd un o'r ysgolion ei bod hi wedi agor clwb ar ôl yr ysgol yn

ddiweddar ond, oherwydd y gost (£5 fesul sesiwn), doedd e ddim yn llwyddiannus ac fe gafodd ei gau yn fuan wedyn.

Gogledd Taf-elái

Mae gan bob un o'r ysgolion yn yr ardal yma (o'r rheiny a ymatebodd) ddarpariaeth gofal plant ar ôl yr ysgol ar eu safleoedd. Mae gan un o'r rhain ofal cofleidiol ar gyfer plant oedran meithrin hefyd. Mae pob ysgol o'r farn nad oes digon o ddarpariaeth gofal plant yn eu hardaloedd ac maen nhw i gyd wedi derbyn ymholiadau gan rieni ynglŷn â darpariaeth gofal plant. Er gwaethaf yr awydd i gynnig gofal cofleidiol ar safle'r ysgol, does dim lle addas ar gael ar safle un o'r ysgolion i'w ddatblygu. O'r ddwy arall, mae un eisoes wedi datblygu darpariaeth gofal plant ac mae lle gan y llall, ond bydd angen ymchwilio i union ofynion y rhieni.

De Taf-elái

Dim ond un ysgol a ymatebodd yn yr ardal yma, er gwaetha'r ffaith bod Asesiad Digonolrwydd Gofal Plant blaenorol wedi dangos bod yr ardal yma'n un sy'n gofyn am ddarpariaeth gofal plant sylweddol. Mae'r ysgol yma wedi agor clwb ar ôl yr ysgol ar ei safle yn ddiweddar. Mae hi mewn ardal Dechrau'n Deg, er nad yw'r ddarpariaeth yn cael ei chynnal yn yr ysgol. Mae hi hefyd yn cynnig cylch rhieni a phlant bach. Mae'r ysgol yma o'r farn nad oes digon o ddarpariaeth gofal plant yn lleol ac mae hi wedi derbyn ymholiadau gan rieni ynglŷn â darpariaeth gofal plant. Mae fforddiadwyedd yn parhau i fod yn destun pryder i rieni yn yr ardal yma, ac yn ôl yr ysgol, dydy'r rhieni ddim yn dibynnu ar gymorth gyda chostau gofal plant trwy gynlluniau talebau cyflogwyr a chredydau treth.

Plant a phobl ifainc

Yn ôl adborth Asesiadau Digonolrwydd Gofal Plant blaenorol, mae diffyg darpariaeth gofal addas i bobl ifainc rhwng 11 a 14 oed, yn enwedig dros y gwyliau. Er gwaethaf y galw gan rieni, mae cynnal 'gofal' am yr ystod oedran yma'n anodd iawn. Felly, rhaid i rieni ddefnyddio clybiau chwaraeon a gweithgareddau i ddiwallu'r angen yma.

Cafwyd adborth gan blant ym mlynnyddoedd 5 a 6 sy'n mynychu clybiau gofal plant yn eu hysgolion er mwyn canfod yr hyn maen nhw'n ei hoffi am y clybiau a'r hyn yr hoffen nhw ei wneud pe bai clwb ar gael pan fyddan nhw'n dechrau yn yr ysgol uwchradd. Cafodd holiaduron eu dychwelyd gan bedwar lleoliad yn Rhondda Cynon Taf.

Cwm Rhondda Fawr

Dywedodd tri o'r plant yn yr ardal yma eu bod nhw o'r farn y bydd eu rhieni eisiau iddyn nhw fynychu darpariaeth gofal plant ar ôl yr ysgol unwaith iddyn nhw ddechrau yn yr ysgol uwchradd. Byddai dau ohonyn nhw'n fodlon mynychu darpariaeth o'r fath, ond fyddai'r tri arall ddim yn fodlon. Awgrymodd yr adborth na fydden nhw'n dymuno aros yn yr ysgol i 'dderbyn gofal' tra byddai eu ffrindiau a'u cyfoedion yn cael mynd adref. Fe hoffai'r rheiny a fyddai'n fodlon mynychu clwb gofal ar ôl yr ysgol ym mlwyddyn 7 gymryd rhan mewn ystod eang o weithgareddau. Roedd y rhain yn cynnwys celf a chrefft, gemau pêl a gweithgareddau penodol megis gwallt a harddwch, coginio a chanu. Roedden nhw hefyd yn awyddus i gymdeithasu gyda'u ffrindiau, chwarae gemau cyfrifiadur a chael y cyfle i wneud eu gwaith cartref.

Dwyrain Taf-elái

Dywedodd pob plentyn yn yr ardal yma (ar wahân i un) na fyddai eu rhieni am iddyn nhw fynychu clwb y tu allan i oriau'r ysgol unwaith iddyn nhw ddechrau ym mlwyddyn 7. Dywedodd un plentyn ei bod hi'n bosibl y bydd ei rieni am iddo fynychu'r clwb, ond dim ond i helpu gyda'r plant iau. Byddai dau o'r plant yn fodlon mynychu darpariaeth gofal ym mlwyddyn 7. Ymatebodd y gweddill ddim i'r cwestiwn yma. Roedd y gweithgareddau a nododd y plant ar gyfer plant hŷn a phobl ifainc yn debyg i'r rhai a nodwyd yn ardal Cwm Rhondda Fawr.

Sefydlodd y clwb y tu allan i oriau'r ysgol y mae'r plant yma'n ei fynychu, adeilad ar wahân ar gyfer gofalu am blant 8 oed a hŷn. Roedden nhw'n cael gwneud llawer o'r penderfyniadau ynglŷn â'r addurn, cyfarpar ac adnoddau yn yr adeilad newydd yma, ac mae'n amlwg mai eu lle nhw yw e. Mae iddo ystafell TG a lle i wneud gwaith cartref, ac felly mae yno awyrgylch 'clwb ieuenctid' yn hytrach na chlwb gofal plant lle mae rhywun yn 'gofalu' amdany'n nhw. Y gobaith yw y byddan nhw'n mynychu'r clwb o hyd ar ôl dechrau ym mlwyddyn 7 oherwydd, yn ôl adborth y rhieni yn yr ardal yma, mae angen darpariaeth gofal yn ystod y gwyliau ar gyfer yr ystod oedran yma. Mae swyddogion yn monitro llwyddiant y clwb yma ar gyfer plant hŷn yn ofalus i weld a fyddai modd sefydlu darpariaeth debyg mewn ardaloedd eraill yn RhCT.

Gorllewin Taf-elái

Byddai dau o'r tri phlentyn yn y grŵp oedran yma'n fodlon mynychu darpariaeth gofal y tu allan i oriau'r ysgol ac yn ystod y gwyliau ym mlwyddyn 7. Y prif reswm am hyn yw

oherwydd bydd eu ffrindiau hefyd yn ei mynychu. Mae'r gweithgareddau yr hoffen nhw gymryd rhan ynddyn nhw yn debyg i'r rhai sydd wedi'u crybwyll uchod.

De Taf-elái

Doedd yr un o'r plant yma o'r farn y bydd eu rhieni am iddyn nhw fynychu gofal y tu allan i oriau'r ysgol ar ôl dechrau ym mlwyddyn 7. Dim ond un a fyddai'n fodlon gwneud hynny pe bai gofyn iddo. Byddai'n well gan y plant sydd ddim yn fodlon mynychu gofal plant ar ôl cael eu pen-blwyddi'n 11 oed, fod yn eu cartrefi eu hunain neu dreulio amser gyda'u rhieni neu'u ffrindiau.

Nododd pob plentyn a ymatebodd yr hoffon nhw gael lle i gymdeithasu gyda'u ffrindiau a chael y cyfle i wneud gwaith cartref. Mae'n ddiddorol nodi mai merched oedd y rhan fwyaf o'r ymatebwyr a fyddai'n fodlon mynychu darpariaeth gofal o flwyddyn 7 ymlaen. Nododd y bechgyn y byddai'n well gyda nhw fynd adref neu gymdeithasu gyda'u ffrindiau y tu allan i leoliad yr ysgol.

15. Dadansoddi bylchau a meysydd i'w gwella

Mae'r data darpariaeth gofal plant sydd wedi'u dadansoddi yn yr adroddiad yma wedi cael eu cymryd o ddata y Datganiad Hunanasesu Gwasanaeth a lanwodd darparwyr cofrestredig ym mis Awst 2016. Oherwydd y rheolau diogelu data, does dim hawl i swyddogion wybod pa ddarparwyr gofal plant na lanwodd y Datganiad Hunanasesu Gwasanaeth. Roedd hawl gyda nhw i wybod pwy oedd y darparwyr anghofrestredig. Cysylltodd y swyddogion â chymaint o ddarparwyr anghofrestredig ag oedd yn bosibl er mwyn eu hannog i lenwi'r holiadur yma. Serch hynny, doedd hi ddim yn ofynnol yn gyfreithiol iddyn nhw wneud hynny ac felly, mae swyddogion yn gwybod bod bylchau yn y data yma hefyd.

Oherwydd bod swyddogion yn effro i'r ffaith mai darlun anghyflawn o'r farchnad gofal plant yn RhCT yw hwn, dylai'r dadansoddiad bylchau isod gael ei ddefnyddio'n ofalus, ac yn fan cychwyn ar gyfer ymchwiliad pellach yn unig. Yn ystod y flwyddyn sydd i ddod, bydd swyddogion yn ychwanegu gwybodaeth leol at y data yma yn ogystal â data'r Gwasanaeth Gwybodaeth i Deuluoedd, gan gysylltu â phob darparwr gofal plant sy'n hysbys, fel bydd darlun mwy cynhwysfawr ar gael.

Darpariaeth gofal plant i blant rhieni sy'n gweithio oriau anarferol

Mae gofal plant y tu allan i oriau gwaith arferol wedi cael ei amlygu'n gyson yn fwllch mewn Datganiadau Hunanasesu Gwasanaethau blaenorol. Mae nifer dda o ddarparwyr yn cynnig gofal cyn 8am yn ystod yr wythnos, gyda gwarchodwyr plant yn bennaf yn cynnig y gwasanaeth yma ar ôl 6pm. Unwaith eto, dim ond gwarchodwyr plant sy'n cynnig gofal ar y penwythnos. Does dim gwarchodwyr plant yn RhCT sy'n cynnig gofal dros nos. Er i rieni ddweud wrthon ni fod angen gofal dros nos ac ar y penwythnos arnyn nhw, mae swyddogion o'r farn nad oes digon o alw am hyn mewn gwirionedd ac na fyddai darpariaeth o'r fath yn gynaliadwy. Bydd gwaith ymgynghori â rhieni a darparwyr yn mynd rhagddo yn barhaus er mwyn sicrhau nad yw'r dadansoddiad yma'n newid dros y flwyddyn sydd i ddod. Byddwn ni'n ymgynghori ymhellach â darparwyr gofal plant i ganfod yr hyn sy'n eu rhwystro rhag cynnig gwasanaeth ar ôl 6pm yn ystod yr wythnos a thrwy gydol gwyliau'r ysgol. Mae'n amlwg y bydd ymestyn y ddau wasanaeth yma'n cynorthwyo rhieni sy'n gweithio yn sylweddol.

Darpariaeth gofal plant gyfrwng Cymraeg

Mae gan RhCT ystod dda o ofal plant sesiynol (gan gynnwys y rheiny sydd wedi'u cofrestru'n ddarparwyr gofal diwrnod llawn ond sydd ar hyn o bryd yn cynnig gofal sesiynol yn unig) a thu allan i oriau'r ysgol cyfrwng Cymraeg. Mae'r rhan fwyaf o Ddarparwyr Addysg Cofrestredig yn lleoliadau cyfrwng Cymraeg. Mae'r gwaith ymgynghori â rhieni yn awgrymu efallai bod angen recriwtio rhagor o warchodwyr plant cyfrwng Cymraeg yn ardal De Taf-elái er mwyn diwallu anghenion y lefel uchel o siaradwyr Cymraeg yn yr ardal. Bydd swyddogion hefyd yn edrych ar yr angen am ddarpariaeth cyfrwng Cymraeg yng Nghwm Rhondda Fawr a Chwm Cynon Uchaf. Un o'r prif flaenoriaethau ar gyfer y flwyddyn sydd i ddod hefyd fydd cynorthwyo lleoliadau gofal sesiynol / y tu allan i oriau'r ysgol cyfrwng Cymraeg i gofrestru gydag AGGCC.

Darpariaeth gofal plant ar gyfer categorïau iaith arall

Nododd un gwarchodwr plant yn ardal De Taf-elái ei fod yn cynnig gofal mewn iaith heblaw'r Gymraeg neu'r Saesneg. Ffrangeg oedd yr iaith yma.

Nododd tri ymateb i'r ymgynghoriad i rieni yr hoffon nhw ddarpariaeth gofal plant mewn iaith heblaw'r Gymraeg a'r Saesneg, er i un yn unig nodi pa iaith yr hoffai. Nododd y rhiant yma mai cyfrwng Almaeneg yr hoffai i'r gofal plant fod. Daeth y tri ymateb yma o ardal Gogledd Taf-elái. Serch hynny, does dim tystiolaeth i brofi nad oes modd i'r rhieni yma gael mynediad at ddarpariaeth gofal plant ar hyn o bryd. Ar hyn o bryd, does dim digon o alw i gyfiawnhau ymchwilio i ddatblygu darpariaeth gofal plant mewn unrhyw iaith arall heblaw'r Gymraeg a'r Saesneg.

Mathau o ofal plant sydd ar gael a'r lleoliad

Bydd swyddogion yn ymchwilio i'r galw am ofal cyn-ysgol yn ardal Cwm Cynon Uchaf, yn ogystal â gofal i blant 5-7 oed yng Nghwm Cynon Uchaf a Chwm Rhondda Fawr. Mae gofal i blant hŷn wedi cael ei amlygu mewn Datganiadau Hunanasesu Gwasanaethau blaenorol ac yn parhau i fod yn flaenoriaeth i swyddogion. Mae adnabod Darparwyr Addysg cyfrwng Saesneg yn ardal Cwm Cynon Uchaf hefyd yn parhau i fod yn flaenoriaeth barhaus i swyddogion.

Bydd swyddogion yn gweithio gyda Chydlynnydd y Rhwydwaith Gwarchod Plant i asesu a oes angen rhagor o warchodwyr plant yn ardaloedd Cwm Rhondda Fach, Gorllewin Taf-elái a Chwm Cynon Isaf, fel y mae'r dadansoddiad yn ei awgrymu. Does dim gofal plant diwrnod llawn cofrestredig yng Ngorllewin Taf-elái. Er nad yw swyddogion o'r farn bod

angen penodol am y math yma o ofal yn yr ardal yma, bydd hyn yn cael ei asesu yn ystod y flwyddyn sydd i ddod.

Mae gofal y tu allan i oriau'r ysgol yn parhau i fod yn flaenoriaeth i swyddogion, ac yn benodol, annog lleoliadau sydd heb gofrestru i gofrestru gydag AGGCC. Bydd swyddogion yn gweithio gyda Chlybiau Plant Cymru yn ystod y flwyddyn sydd i ddod i hyrwyddo'r math yma o ofal plant ledled RhCT. Bydd hyn yn cyd-fynd â datblygu rhagor o ofal yn ystod y gwyliau i ateb y galw sy'n cael ei ragweld ac a ddaw yn sgîl cynnig addysg /gofal plant 30 awr Llywodraeth Cymru. Bydd darparwyr gofal sesiynol hefyd yn cael eu hannog a'u cynorthwyo i ymestyn eu darpariaeth i gynnwys gwyliau'r ysgol.

Oedran y plant y mae gofal plant ar gael ar eu cyfer nhw

Bydd gofal plant ar gyfer plant 3 a 4 oed trwy gynnis peilot addysg / gofal plant 30 awr Llywodraeth Cymru yn flaenoriaeth dros y flwyddyn sydd i ddod. Bydd swyddogion yn gweithio gyda darparwyr presennol i ehangu eu gwasanaethau lle bo hynny'n bosibl ac i greu darpariaeth newydd os bydd y cynnig yn dangos bod bylchau yn y farchnad. Bydd swyddogion hefyd yn monitro'r cynnig peilot yma'n ofalus er mwyn canfod a yw'n cael effaith andwyol ar ddarpariaeth gofal plant ar gyfer grwpiau oedran eraill.

Fel sydd wedi'i grybwyll eisoes, mae rhyw fath o ofal, yn enwedig yn ystod y gwyliau, ar gyfer pobl ifainc 11 oed a hŷn yn parhau i fod yn destun pryder i rieni. Mae swyddogion yn parhau i weithio gydag adrannau eraill naill ai i ddatblygu darpariaeth addas neu gyfeirio rhieni at fathau eraill o ddarpariaeth yn haws.

Mae cynnig darpariaeth addysg gofrestredig yn parhau i fod yn destun pryder yn ardaloedd Cwm Cynon Isaf a Chwm Cynon Uchaf, yn enwedig trwy gyfrwng y Saesneg. Mae gwaith yn mynd rhagddo i geisio mynd i'r afael â'r bwlch yma.

Fforddiadwyedd gofal plant

Mae adborth gan rieni yn pwysleisio bod fforddiadwyedd yn destun pryder iddyn nhw o hyd. Roedd yn dda nodi bod y rhieni yn edrych ar ansawdd y ddarpariaeth yn ogystal â'r gost. Serch hynny, mae'n amlwg bod llawer o rieni yn dewis dibynnu ar ffrindiau a theulu i ddarparu gofal yn hytrach na gorfod gwario arian ar ofal plant.

Dydy RhCT ddim yn ariannu Clybiau Plant Cymru bellach a oedd yn eu galluogi i gynnig llefydd wedi'u cynorthwyo y tu allan i oriau ysgol ac yn ystod y gwyliau. Mae cymorth o'r math yma yn cael ei ystyried yn fewnol ac mae swyddogion yn cysylltu ag adrannau eraill i geisio sefydlu'r system orau i gynorthwyo teuluoedd sy'n agored i niwed.

Mae rhieni yn dweud wrthon ni y byddai hyblygrwydd o ran y sesiynau sydd wedi'u cadw o gymorth mawr iddyn nhw, yn enwedig i'r rheiny sy'n gweithio patrymau sifft amrywiol neu ar contractau dim oriau. Bydd swyddogion yn cysylltu â darparwyr gofal plant i bennu'r hyn sy'n eu rhwystro rhag cynnig contractau mwy hyblyg.

Fel sydd wedi'i grybwyll eisoes, yn RhCT mae nifer annerbyniol o fawr o ddarparwyr gofal plant sesiynol a gofal y tu allan i oriau'r ysgol sydd heb gofrestru. Mae gwaith wedi bod yn mynd rhagddo dros nifer o flynyddoedd i gynorthwyo'r lleoliadau yma i gofrestru gydag AGGCC ond mae hyn wedi bod yn aflwyddiannus i raddau helaeth. Bydd gwaith i ganfod y rhesymau pam does dim modd i'r lleoliadau yma gofrestru yn parhau neu pam dydyn nhw ddim yn barod i gofrestru. Efallai y bydd cyflwyno'r cynllun gofal plant di-dreth yn rhoi pwysau o du'r rhieni ar y lleoliadau yma i gofrestru, fel y bydd modd i rieni fanteisio ar hyn ac ar gynlluniau talebau cyflogwyr. Bydd swyddogion hefyd yn annog lleoliadau cofrestredig i gofrestru ar gyfer y cynllun gofal plant di-dreth fel y gall rhieni elwa o'r cynllun yma.

Mae fforddiadwyedd gofal plant i rieni sydd â phlant ag anghenion dysgu a chorfforol ychwanegol yn peri pryder o hyd. Mae cost offer arbenigol a chymorth staff ychwanegol yn broblem i ddarparwyr. Mae cyllid ychwanegol ar gael i blant sy'n defnyddio gofal Dechrau'n Deg, darparwyr addysg cofrestredig ac ar ôl iddyn nhw ddechrau yn yr ysgol, ond rhaid bodloni meini prawf penodol. Mae'r rhaglen Hwyl y Gwyliau hefyd yn cynnig cymorth i rieni sydd â phlant ag anghenion ychwanegol. Ar hyn o bryd, mae swyddogion yn cysylltu ag adrannau eraill i ganfod a oes modd symleiddio'r prosesau sy'n ymwneud â bodloni meini prawf ac asesu ar gyfer cymorth ychwanegol mewn perthynas â Dechrau'n Deg, Lleoliadau Addysg Cofrestredig ac ysgolion. Y gobaith yw y bydd hyn yn cynnig dull gweithredu mwy cydgysylltiedig mewn perthynas â chymorth ychwanegol.

Pryd mae gofal plant ar gael

Yn yr ymgynghoriad i rieni, roedd hi'n amlwg iawn bod y rhieni eisiau rhagor o ofal cyn yr ysgol ac oriau ychwanegol ar ôl yr ysgol yn ystod y tymor. Mae gofal plant yn ystod

gwyliau'r ysgol hefyd yn destun pryder ac mae llawer o rieni yn ei chael hi'n anodd dod o hyd i ofal plant addas. Er i rieni ddweud wrthon ni fod angen gofal dros nos ac ar y penwythnos arnyn nhw, ychydig o dystiolaeth sydd i brofi bod digon o alw i ddarparwyr wneud darpariaeth o'r fath yn gynaliadwy. Serch hynny, bydd swyddogion yn parhau i weithio gyda darparwyr i'w hannog i gynnig y gwasanaethau yma, os ydyn nhw o'r farn bod modd iddyn nhw wneud hynny.

Bydd swyddogion hefyd yn parhau i gynorthwyo darparwyr gofal sesiynol i gynnig gwasanaethau cofleidiol i blant oed meithrin. Eto, bydd hyn yn arbennig o ddoeth o ystyried cyflwyno cynnig peilot addysg / gofal plant 30 awr Llywodraeth Cymru.

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16. Asesiad o Ddigonolrwydd Gofal Plant – Cynllun Gweithredu

Isod mae'r blaenoriaethau a'r camau gweithredu allweddol ar gyfer swyddogion yn Rhondda Cynon Taf yn ystod y flwyddyn sydd i ddod. Y ffocws ar gyfer datblygu gofal plant eleni fydd sicrhau bod digon o gyflenwad i ymdopi ag unrhyw ofynion ychwanegol a ddaw yn sgîl cynnig addysg / gofal plant 30 awr Llywodraeth Cymru. Bydd swyddogion hefyd yn monitro'r cynnig 30 awr, ac yn cymryd camau os yw'n ymddangos bod y cynnig yn cael effaith andwyol ar ddewisiadau gofal plant ar gyfer plant mewn grwpiau oedran eraill.

Dyma'r blaenoriaethau allweddol ar gyfer RhCT yn 2017-18:

1. Recriwtio rhagor o warchodwyr plant yn yr ardaloedd peilot cychwynnol, yn enwedig gwarchodwyr plant cyfrwng Cymraeg
2. Recriwtio rhagor o warchodwyr plant cyfrwng Cymraeg yn ardal De Taf-elái
3. Recriwtio Darparwyr Addysg Cofrestredig cyfrwng Saesneg yn ardal Cwm Cynon Uchaf
4. Parhau i ddod o hyd i ffyrdd o symleiddio'r broses derbyn plant i addysg cyn-feithrin mewn ysgolion ac ar gyfer Darparwyr Addysg Cofrestredig nas cynhelir
5. Parhau i hyrwyddo'r Gwasanaeth Gwybodaeth i Deuluoedd i rieni a darparwyr gofal plant
6. Annog a chynorthwyo pob darparwr cofrestredig i gyflwyno Datganiad Hunanasesu Gwasanaeth i AGGCC yn y dyfodol
7. Annog a chynorthwyo lleoliadau i ymestyn eu gwasanaethau - i gynnwys oriau hwy yn ystod y tymor, rhagor o leoedd cofrestredig, neu agor yn ystod gwyliau'r ysgol
8. Annog a chynorthwyo lleoliadau sesiynol a lleoliadau y tu allan i oriau'r ysgol anghofrestredig i gofrestru gydag AGGCC.
9. Annog lleoliadau i gynnig gwasanaethau gofal cofleidiol i blant oedran meithrin
10. Archwilio'r galw am ofal plant cyfrwng Cymraeg ychwanegol yng Nghwm Rhondda Fawr a Chwm Cynon Uchaf
11. Archwilio'r galw am ofal sesiynol cyfrwng Saesneg newydd yn ardal Cwm Cynon Uchaf
12. Adnabod yr ysgolion o fewn ardal beilot gychwynnol y cynnig 30 awr a all fod â lle ar eu safleoedd i ddatblygu gofal plant cofleidiol a gofal ar ôl yr ysgol ac yn ystod y gwyliau

13. Sicrhau bod darparwyr gofal plant, ysgolion a rhieni yn cael gwybod y newyddion diweddaraf ynglŷn â rhoi'r cynnig 30 awr ar waith, drwy wefan y Cyngor, datganiadau i'r wasg, sioeau teithiol, digwyddiadau i ddarparwyr ac ymweliadau ysgol
14. Cysylltu ag AGGCC mewn perthynas â'r galw cynyddol posibl i leoliadau sy'n newid eu math o gofrestrriad yn sgîl y cynnig 30 awr
15. Monitro ac asesu'r angen am gyfleusterau crèche
16. Monitro caniatâd cynllunio ar gyfer datblygiadau tai er mwyn rhagweld y galw cynyddol posibl am ofal plant a llefydd sy'n cynnig addysg i blant cyn-feithrin
17. Monitro anghenion hyfforddiant staff gofal plant a chwarae i sicrhau bod y gweithlu â'r gallu i ddarparu ar gyfer y cynnydd posibl yn y galw yn sgîl y cynnig 30 awr
18. Hyrwyddo ac annog darparwyr gofal plant i gofrestru gyda Chyllid a Thollau ei Mawrhydi i gymryd rhan yn y cynllun gofal plant di-dreth
19. Hyrwyddo gwarchod plant yn opsiwn gyrfa
20. Hyrwyddo cofrestr wirfoddol ar gyfer nanis
21. Codi ymwybyddiaeth ymhlith rhieni am gymhwysedd ar gyfer addysg cyn-feithrin
22. Symleiddio meini prawf a phrosesau ar gyfer cymorth ychwanegol mewn lleoliadau gofal plant ar gyfer plant sydd ag anghenion dysgu a chorfforol ychwanegol
23. Cynorthwyo lleoliadau i ddileu'r nifer o lefydd gwag
24. Darparu hyfforddiant ar gyfer staff ysgolion er mwyn iddyn nhw fod â'r cymwysterau perthnasol i weithio mewn lleoliadau gofal plant, yn enwedig staff ysgolion cyfrwng Cymraeg

Childcare Sufficiency Assessment

Name of Local Authority: Rhondda Cynon Taf County Borough Council

Name of responsible officer: Denise Humphries

Date of Completion: March 2017



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1. Introduction

Principal Statement

All Local Authorities in Wales have a responsibility (under Section 22 of the Childcare Act 2006) to secure, as far as is reasonably practicable, sufficient childcare to meet the requirements of parents/carers who require childcare in order to work, undertake training/education or to prepare for work. Local Authorities have the lead role in facilitating the childcare market to ensure it meets the needs of parents/carers, particularly those on low incomes, those with children with disabilities or those who wish their children to attend Welsh medium provision.

Section 26 of the Childcare Act 2006 requires Local Authorities to prepare Childcare Sufficiency Assessments (CSA's) in order to have a clear understanding of the childcare provision in their area, the needs of parents/carers and to develop an action plan to address any gaps identified. This was updated in April 2016 with the introduction of the Childcare Act 2006 (Local Authority Assessment) (Wales) Regulations 2016. These changes aim to ensure that the CSA process is improved and in particular will result in:

- A more consistent and standardised approach to the way in which data is reported and captured
- Better clarity for Local Authorities on the information to be captured and that the statutory requirements of the duty are being met
- A more proportionate and less burdensome approach for Local Authorities
- Better alignment and integration with other key planning and assessment processes at a local and national level

Local Authorities are now required to produce a full Childcare Sufficiency Assessment every five years, rather than every three years as previously. Annual updates of the action plan will be introduced from 2018 onwards. New statutory guidance was issued in August 2016 to accompany the new regulations. These detail which organisations and stakeholders should be consulted in the preparation of the CSA, along with templates to be used by all Local Authorities.

Rhondda Cynon Taf (RCT) recognises that affordable, high quality childcare is vital to the prosperity of its residents, by supporting parents to enter education/training or the workplace. It is also vital to the wellbeing of the children, ensuring that they are being cared for in safe, stimulating environments that support and encourage their development.

RCT recognises the importance of a well trained, qualified workforce and supports a wide range of training opportunities and business support to the childcare market.

RCT is proud to have been chosen as one of the early implementers of the Welsh Governments' 30 hour education/childcare offer for eligible 3 and 4 year olds. This is a flagship policy which will aim to support parents into employment and reduce the negative effects of poverty on them and their children.

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DRAFT

1. Context

The changes to the CSA guidance in 2016 aim to ensure that Welsh Government is better able to compare the childcare picture in each of the 22 Welsh Local Authorities. To this end, officers in RCT have used the templates provided by Welsh Government in the creation of this CSA report.

As well as changes to the CSA guidance, the Care and Social Services Inspectorate Wales (CSSIW) has introduced new methods of data collection from registered childcare providers. There is now a requirement on regulated childcare providers to submit their data and service analysis electronically via the Self-Assessment of Service Statement (SASS). This will ensure that there will be a correlation of the data analysed in each CSA.

Completion of the online SASS by childcare providers in RCT was 73.2%. For the purposes of consistency, information used within this report, and the appendices, is based on the SASS and so will capture information from this percentage of the childcare market only. The findings within this report will therefore not be 100% accurate.

All data for unregulated/exempted childcare is taken from completed provider questionnaires provided in August 2016. Officers are aware of more unregistered childcare providers within RCT than the level of returns suggests. The data for unregistered providers is therefore also not 100% accurate.

Unless otherwise stated, all other data used within this report is correct as at 31st December 2016.

The guidance issued in 2016 suggests that Local Authorities use the population areas as used in the Local Well Being Needs Assessment undertaken by Public Service Boards. The locality areas used by the Cwm Taf Health Board for this purpose are Rhondda, Cynon, Taf and Merthyr Tydfil. For the purposes of this report, these areas are too big and would not produce any meaningful analysis of the childcare market in these areas. In order to aid comparison and analysis, the 52 wards within RCT have been grouped into eight geographical areas (see below). They have been grouped along Communities First areas, natural boundaries, and/or areas of roughly similar population rates.

Rhondda Fawr

Cwm Clydach
Llwynypia
Pentre
Tonypany
Trealaw
Treherbert
Treorchy
Ystrad

Rhondda Fach

Cymmer
Ferndale
Maerdy
Penygraig
Porth
Tylorstown
Ynyshir

Upper Cynon

Aberaman North
Aberaman South
Aberdare East
Aberdare West
Hirwaun
Penywaun
Rhigos

Lower Cynon

Abercynon
Cwmbach
Mountain Ash East
Mountain Ash West
Penrhiwceiber
Ynysyawl

East Taf

Beddau
Church Village
Llantwit Fardre
Taffs Well
Tonteg
Tyn-n-nant

West Taf

Gilfach Goch
Tonyrefail East
Tonyrefail West

North Taf

Cilfynydd
Glyncoch
Graig
Hawthorn
Pontypridd Town
Rhondda
Rhydyfelin
Trallwng
Treforest

South Taf

Brynna
Llanharan
Llanharry
Llantrisant Town
Pontyclun
Talbot Green

DRAFT

2. Partnership Working and Consultation

In the preparation of this CSA, a range of data sources have been used, along with the views of stakeholders in order to fully understand the childcare market and parental demands in RCT.

Data from the 2011 Census has been used to understand the demographics of the residents of RCT, along with the 'Assessments of Local Well-being – Common data set' produced by the Local Government Data Unit for Wales for the preparation of the Local Well Being Needs Assessments currently being undertaken. This will ensure consistency of data with the CSA's from other Local Authorities.

An online parental survey was undertaken from 7th October to 11th November 2016. This was developed using the template provided by Welsh Government and aimed to gather the views of parents on current supply of childcare, what the barriers to accessing childcare were, and what their future demand for childcare would be. This was accessible via the Council website, and was promoted on the Councils' Facebook and Twitter accounts, as well as through flyers distributed to a variety of settings. Family Information Service Outreach Workers attended several events and groups to promote the survey and enable parents to complete it via hand held tablets.

The views of children were also collected via paper questionnaires distributed to out of school childcare settings. The views of children in years 4 – 6 were particularly sought to establish their views on attending out of school childcare provision once they move to secondary school in year 7. Care for young people aged 11 -14 years has been a consistent message from parents in previous CSA reports and this consultation will help to shape services for this age range in the future.

The views of the Play Sufficiency Assessment working group have been considered when completing this CSA and officers work closely with Play colleagues to ensure that there is continuous development in the out of school and play workforce and provision. The views of childcare providers have been analysed via the SASS data and feedback from the childcare Umbrella Organisation's that support the childcare sector in Wales. Our neighbouring Local Authorities were also consulted in the preparation of this report.

3. Childcare Sufficiency Assessment & Local Well Being Needs Assessment

The Local Well Being Needs Assessment is currently being undertaken by Cwm Taf Public Health Board. The purpose of the Cwm Taf Well Being Assessment is to provide a picture of the current state of the wellbeing of citizens in Cwm Taf. It considers the seven wellbeing goals as stated in the Wellbeing of Future Generations (Wales) Act (2015), which are:

1. A prosperous Wales
2. A resilient Wales
3. A healthier Wales
4. A more equal Wales
5. A Wales of cohesive communities
6. A Wales of vibrant culture and thriving Welsh Language
7. A globally responsible Wales

For the purposes of the Wellbeing assessment, the areas of RCT and Merthyr Tydfil were split into the four locality areas of Rhondda, Cynon, Taff and Merthyr Tydfil. Although this will provide the Cwm Taf Public Services Board with information about the social, cultural, economic and environmental wellbeing of the people in these areas, they are not suitable for the purposes of the CSA.

In order to fully understand the supply and demand of childcare provision within RCT, it has been necessary to break these four locality areas down into eight geographical areas. The Rhondda locality area has been split into Rhondda Fawr and Rhondda Fach. The Cynon locality area has been split into Upper Cynon and Lower Cynon. And the Taf locality area has been split into four geographical areas – East Taf, West Taf, North Taf and South Taf. Further information on these areas and the demographics within them can be found in Section 4.

Cultural wellbeing

Supporting the delivery of childcare provision through the medium of Welsh will help the Public Services Board achieve their aims of cultural wellbeing in Cwm Taf. RCT has a good range of Welsh medium sessional and out of school childcare providers. Many of our Welsh Medium childcare settings are registered with Estyn to delivery nursery

education to three year olds who cannot access a pre-nursery place within maintained Welsh medium schools. This is helping to support the delivery and development of the Welsh language within RCT and provides a vital choice to parents who want their children to be bilingual.

Social wellbeing

Providing safe, stimulating environments for children can protect them from the adverse effects of social deprivation. The Flying Start programme within Wales is designed specifically to ensure that children from deprived areas are not disadvantaged and can have the same opportunities in childcare and education settings as their peers from more affluent backgrounds.

Childcare and play settings are also an ideal opportunity for children and young people to exercise by having fun and playing, and where they can learn about healthy eating and lifestyles.

Economic wellbeing

Employment and training opportunities are inextricably linked to the economic wellbeing of residents of Cwm Taf. The CSA has a vital role in ensuring that there is sufficient childcare available so that parents can access these opportunities and that lack of childcare is not a barrier to improving levels of poverty. The geographical nature of RCT makes travel links difficult and harder for parents to gain employment. Ensuring childcare provision is located where parents need it to access work or training is an ongoing priority for officers. Childcare related training opportunities will also help residents of Cwm Taf improve their economic wellbeing and equip them with the skills to work in the childcare sector.

Environmental wellbeing

Safe outdoor environments within childcare and play settings are sometimes the only opportunities children have to play outdoors. The development of outdoor spaces within our childcare and play provision is an ongoing priority for officers within RCT and will help support the environmental wellbeing aims of the Cwm Taf Wellbeing Assessment.

4. Population

Rhondda Cynon Taf covers an area of the South Wales Valleys stretching from the Brecon Beacons in the north, to the outskirts of Cardiff in the south. It comprises a mixture of urban, semi-suburban and rural communities and covers an area of 424 square kilometres. Strategic highway links with the wider region are provided by the M4, A470 and A465.

Within the RCTCBC Local Development Plan (to 2021), there are three principal towns – Aberdare in the Northern Strategy Area and Pontypridd and Llantrisant (including Talbot Green) in the Southern Strategy Area. These are the main strategic sites in the Local Development Plan and are subject to significant investment and expansion over the next 5 years. Aberdare and Llantrisant are areas where significant housing developments have been completed since the last full CSA report in 2014 and where more developments are planned over the next five years. This has therefore had an impact on childcare needs within these and surrounding areas, and will continue to do so in the future. Physical constraints within Pontypridd town itself has resulted in most residential developments to accommodate the needs of this principal town being provided in the nearby settlements of Church Village, Llantwit Fardre, Treforest and Beddau. Housing developments in Hawthorn and Rhydyfelin have also been ongoing since the last full report in 2014. Again, childcare needs in these areas are likely to be affected by continued housing developments. The 2015 CSA update report specifically identified the Church Village area as one that would need close monitoring for changes to the childcare market and demand. Monitoring of the childcare needs in these areas will remain a priority for officers during 2017.

In addition to these principal towns, the Local Development Plan also lists key settlements. These are:

Northern Strategy Area

Ferndale (Rhondda Fach)

Hirwaun (Upper Cynon)

Mountain Ash (Lower Cynon)

Porth (Rhondda Fach)

Tonypany (Rhondda Fawr)

Treorchy (Rhondda Fawr)

Southern Strategy Area:

Llanharan (South Taf)

Tonyrefail (West Taf)

The Bryncae area to the bottom end of Llanharan has seen significant housing development since the last CSA report. This has seen an increase in demand for nursery education places in this area, and an additional non-maintained Registered Education Provider has been recruited to fulfil the increased demand for places. Plans for housing developments have received planning approval in the Tonyrefail area and, once construction commences, is likely to see an increase in demand for childcare provision in the Tonyrefail West ward of this area.

Projected Population figures for the Local Authority area

Data from InfoBaseCymru suggests that the total population of Rhondda Cynon Taf County Borough Council in 2016 is 237,626 with a total of 44,122 0-15 year olds. This equates to 18.6% of the total population in RCT, which is higher than the Wales average of 17.9%.¹

The projected population estimates for the next 20 years suggest that the total population of RCT is going to increase by 3.6%, with the number of 0-15 year olds increasing by 2.1% (see tables below).

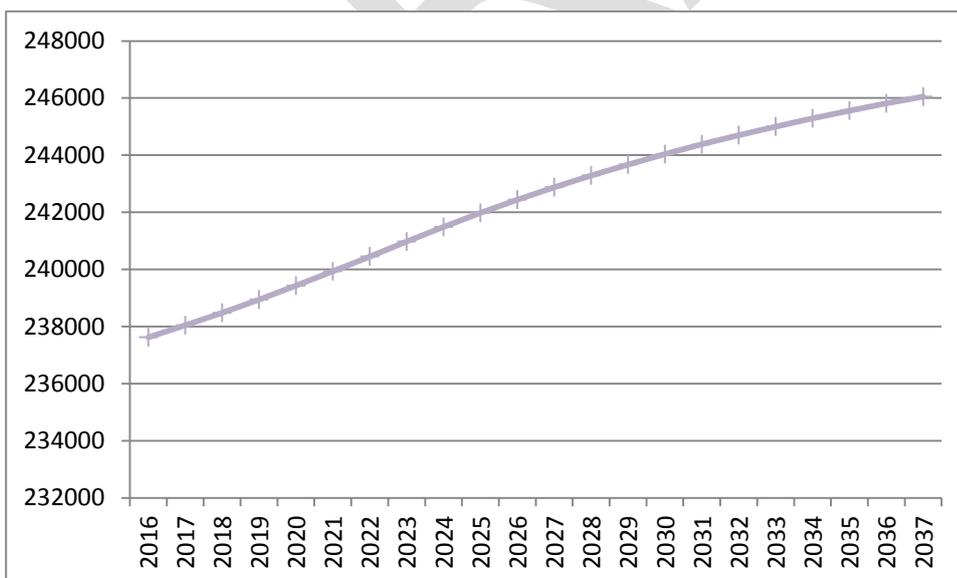


Figure 1: Population Projections next 20 years - All Ages

¹ <https://statswales.gov.wales/Catalogue/Population-and-Migration/Population>

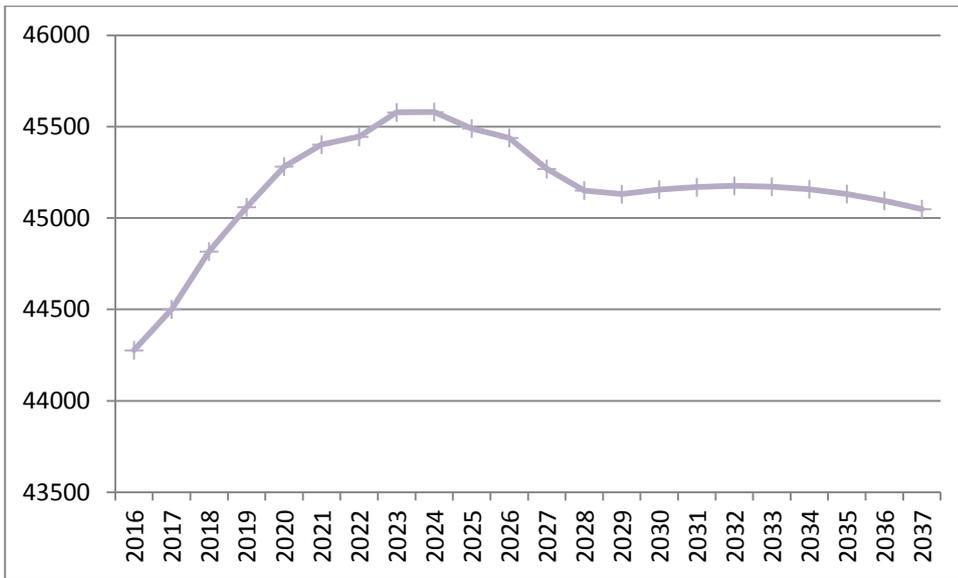


Figure 2: Population Projections next 20 years - 0-15 year olds

Recent live birth data suggests that the number of live births per year in RCT has decreased from 2832 in 2013 to 2759 in 2016. However, the projected number of all 0-15 year olds is set to increase from 44,277 in 2016 to peak in 2024 at 45,580 before settling back to 45,049 in 2037. This will equate to 18.3% of the total population of RCT, which is a slightly lower percentage than the situation now (see previous page). The projected increase in 0-15 year olds will be monitored to ensure that the childcare provision on offer is suitable for needs of each age range.

Current population data

Using mid 2015 population estimates, the table below shows the population totals for each area in relation to the number of 0-15 year olds.

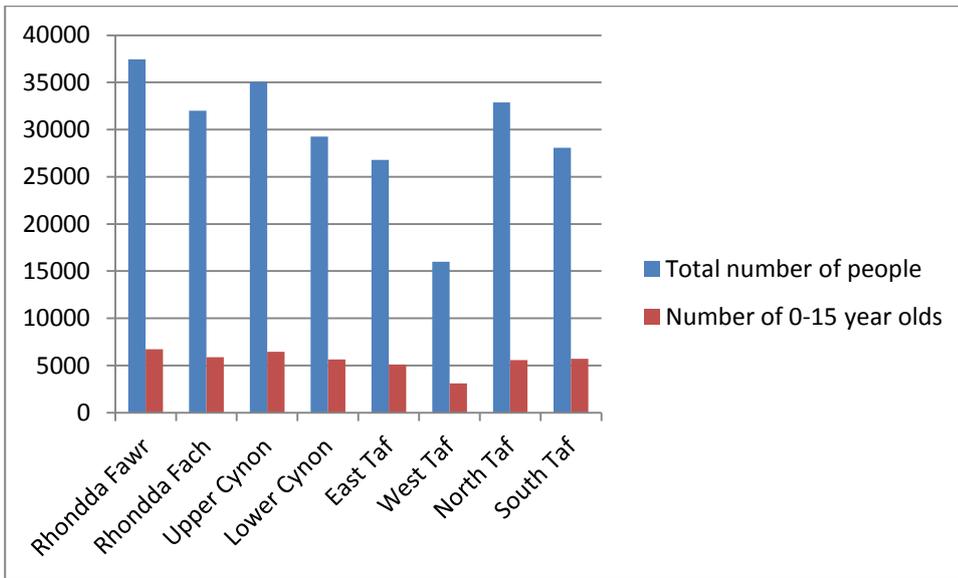


Figure 3: Total Population per area

Area analysis

The section below provides demographic information about the eight areas used for the purposes of this report:

Rhondda Fawr

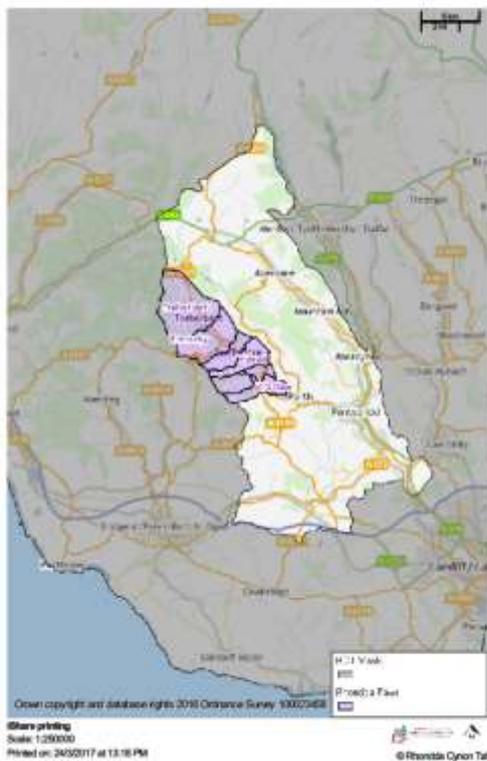


Figure 4: Rhondda Fawr geographical area

The Rhondda Fawr area is the larger of the two Rhondda Valleys within RCT and includes communities from Treherbert down to Trealaw. The key settlements in this area are Treorchy and Tonypany. It includes two Communities First areas and four Flying Start settings. According to the 2014 Wales Index of Multiple Deprivation (WIMD), there are five LSOA's in this area that are in Wales' 10% most deprived LSOA's.

According to 2011 census data, the average economic activity of the wards within this area is 69.0%. This is below the RCT average of 71.04%. 4.8% of those who are economically inactive are classed as looking after home or family. This is slightly higher than the RCT average of 4.7%.

Rhondda Fawr has a total population of 37,437, of which:

- 1187 are aged 2 years and under
- 904 are 3-4 years
- 1309 are 5-7 years
- 1276 are 8-10 years
- 2031 are 11-15 years

There are therefore 6707 children and young people aged 0-15 years in the Rhondda Fawr area or 17.9% of the total population. The total in the 2015 CSA Update Report was 6785, meaning that there has been a decrease of 78 in the population of 0-15 year olds in this area.

Rhondda Fach



Figure 5: Rhondda Fach geographical area

The Rhondda Fach area is the smaller of the Rhondda Valleys and consists of communities from Maerdy to Cymmer. The key settlements in this area are Ferndale and Porth. It includes two Communities First areas and seven Flying Start settings. According to the 2014 WIMD, there are eight LSOA's in this area that are in Wales' 10% most deprived LSOA's.

According to 2011 census data, the average economic activity of the wards within this area is 66.3%. This is below the RCT average of 71.04%. 5.8% of those who are economically inactive are classed as looking after home or family. This is higher than the RCT average of 4.7%.

Rhondda Fach has a total population of 31,987, of which:

- 1150 are aged 2 years and under
- 863 are 3-4 years
- 1128 are 5-7 years
- 1036 are 8-10 years

- 1704 are 11-15 years

There are therefore 5881 children and young people aged 0-15 years in the Rhondda Fach area or 18.4% of the total population. The total in the 2015 CSA Update Report was 6003, meaning that there has been a decrease of 122 in the population of 0-15 year olds in this area.

The Ferndale school catchment within this area has been chosen as one of the initial pilot areas for the Welsh Government 30 hour education/childcare offer. The take up of the offer by parents will be closely monitored, as will the ability of the childcare market to cater for any additional demand.

Upper Cynon

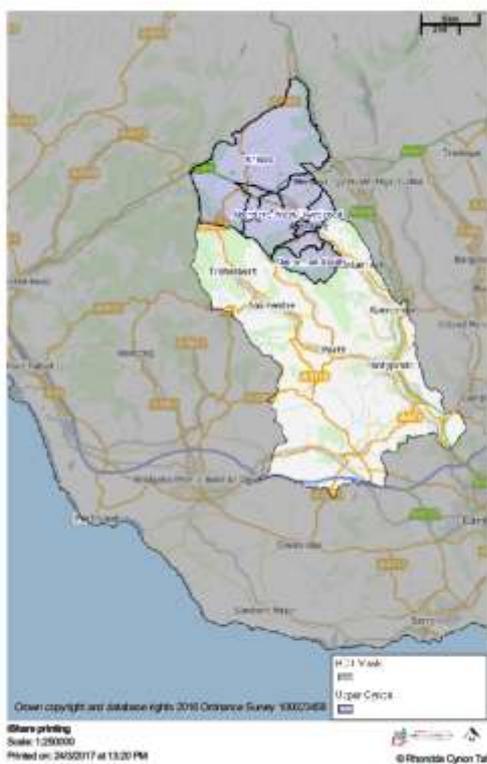


Figure 6: Upper Cynon geographical area

The Upper Cynon area encompasses the whole of the top end of the Cynon Valley from Rhigos down to Aberaman South. The principal town in this area is Aberdare, and also includes the key settlement of Hirwaun. This area is covered by one Communities First area and there are two Flying Start settings. According to the 2014 WIMD, there are three

LSOA's in this area that are in Wales' 10% most deprived LSOA's. It also includes one LSOA that is in Wales' 10% least deprived LSOA's. It can be seen, therefore, that there is a broad range of economies, communities and childcare needs within this area.

According to 2011 census data, the average economic activity of the wards within this area is 68.2%. This is below the RCT average of 71.04%. 5.2% of those who are economically inactive are classed as looking after home or family. This is higher than the RCT average of 4.7%.

Upper Cynon has a total population of 35,046, of which:

- 1213 are aged 2 years and under
- 863 are 3-4 years
- 1309 are 5-7 years
- 1205 are 8-10 years
- 1855 are 11-15 years

There are therefore 6445 children and young people aged 0-15 years in the Upper Cynon area or 18.4% of the total population. The total in the 2015 CSA Update Report was 6460, meaning that there has been a slight decrease of 15 in the population of 0-15 year olds in this area.

The YG Rhydywaun school catchment has been chosen as one of the initial pilot areas for the Welsh Government 30 hour education/childcare offer. The take up of the offer by parents will be closely monitored, as will the ability of the childcare market to cater for any additional demand. This pilot area will particularly test the Welsh medium childcare provision available within this area.

Lower Cynon

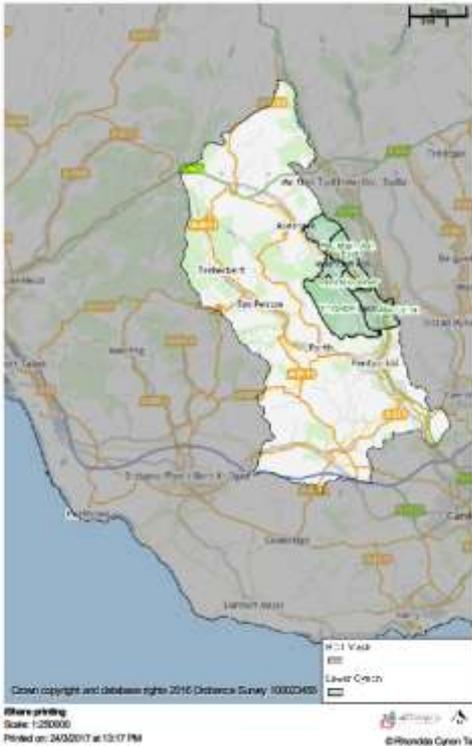


Figure 7: Lower Cynon geographical area

The Lower Cynon area covers the area from Cwmbach to Abercynon. The key settlement in this area is Mountain Ash. The area is covered by one Communities First area and has three Flying Start settings. According to the 2014 WIMD, there are four LSOA's in this area that are in Wales' 10% most deprived LSOA's.

According to 2011 census data, the average economic activity of the wards within this area is 69.6%. This is below the RCT average of 71.04%. 5.5% of those who are economically inactive are classed as looking after home or family. This is higher than the RCT average of 4.7%.

Lower Cynon has a total population of 29,245, of which:

- 999 are aged 2 years and under
- 758 are 3-4 years
- 1163 are 5-7 years
- 1071 are 8-10 years
- 1635 are 11-15 years

There are therefore 5626 children and young people aged 0-15 years in the Lower Cynon area or 19.2% of the total population. The total in the 2015 CSA Update Report was 5637, meaning that there has been a slight decrease of 11 in the population of 0-15 year olds in this area.

The Mountain Ash school catchment in this area has been chosen as one of the initial pilot areas for the Welsh Government 30 hour education/childcare offer. The take up of the offer by parents will be closely monitored, as will the ability of the childcare market to cater for any additional demand.

East Taf

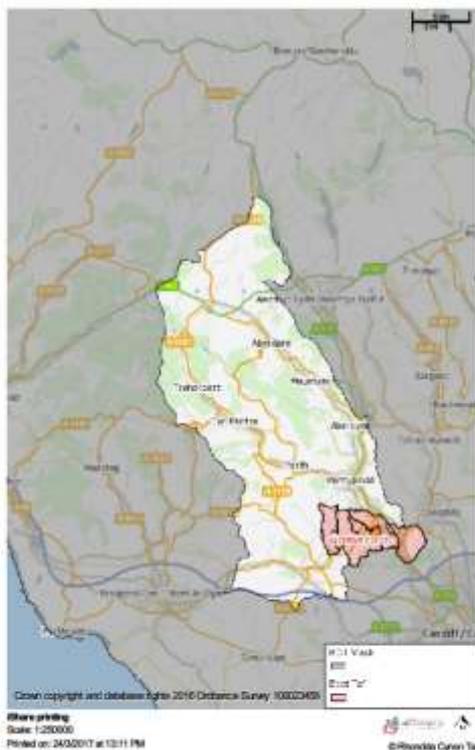


Figure 8: East Taf geographical area

The East Taf area, for the purposes of this report, covers the communities from Beddau to Taffs Well, and includes the rapidly expanding communities of Church Village and Llantwit Fardre. There are two Flying Start settings in this area and no Communities First areas. According to the 2014 WIMD, there is one LSOA in this area that are in Wales' 10% most deprived LSOA's. Four LSOA's in this area are in Wales' 10% least deprived LSOA's. It

can be seen, therefore, that there is a broad range of economies, communities and childcare needs within this area.

According to 2011 census data, the average economic activity of the wards within this area is 78.1%. This is higher than the RCT average of 71.04%. 3.5% of those who are economically inactive are classed as looking after home or family. This is lower than the RCT average of 4.7%.

East Taf has a total population of 26,773, of which:

- 957 are aged 2 years and under
- 669 are 3-4 years
- 1007 are 5-7 years
- 988 are 8-10 years
- 1472 are 11-15 years

There are therefore 5093 children and young people aged 0-15 years in the East Taf area or 19.0% of the total population. The total in the 2015 CSA Update Report was 5114, meaning that there has been a decrease of 21 in the population of 0-15 year olds in this area. This area has seen significant housing development since the 2015 update report, and continues to be an area of continuing development. It is reasonable, therefore, to assume that this slight decrease will reverse over the course of the next five years.

The Bryncelynnog school catchment area has been chosen as one of the initial pilot areas for the Welsh Government 30 hour education/childcare offer. The take up of the offer by parents will be closely monitored as will the ability of the childcare market to cater for any additional demand. The economic analysis above suggests that there is likely to be a high eligibility for the offer in this area, and so officers will be closely monitoring the capacity of the childcare market in this area to cater for the increased demand.

West Taf

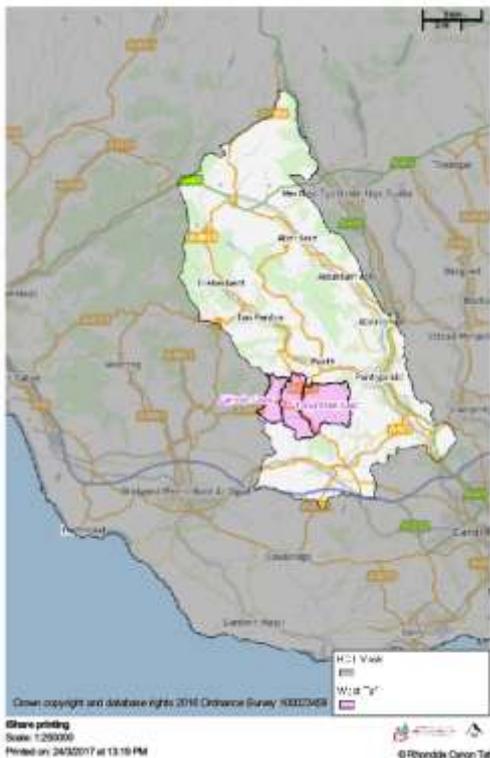


Figure 9: West Taf geographical area

The West Taf area includes the communities of Gilfach Goch and Tonyrefail. The key settlement of Tonyrefail is in this area. The area is covered by one Communities First area and has two Flying Start settings. According to the 2014 WIMD, there are two LSOA's in this area that are in Wales' 10% most deprived LSOA's.

According to 2011 census data, the average economic activity of the wards within this area is 69.1%. This is lower than the RCT average of 71.04%. 5.2% of those who are economically inactive are classed as looking after home or family. This is higher than the RCT average of 4.7%.

West Taf has a total population of 15,983, of which:

- 558 are aged 2 years and under
- 401 are 3-4 years
- 569 are 5-7 years
- 627 are 8-10 years
- 932 are 11-15 years

There are therefore 3087 children and young people aged 0-15 years in the West Taf area or 19.3% of the total population. The total in the 2015 CSA Update Report was 3142, meaning that there has been a decrease of 55 in the population of 0-15 year olds in this area. Similar to the East Taf area, several planning applications have been approved for significant housing developing in this area. It is therefore reasonable to presume that the population of 0-15 year olds, and childcare needs, will increase quickly once these housing developments are under way in earnest.

North Taf



Figure 10: North Taf geographical area

The North Taf area includes the areas around the principal town of Pontypridd, from Cilfynydd to Treforest. The area is covered by one Communities First area and has four Flying Start settings. According to the 2014 WIMD, there are three LSOA's in this area that are in Wales' 10% most deprived LSOA's.

According to 2011 census data, the average economic activity of the wards within this area is 70.5%. This is lower the RCT average of 71.04%. 4.3% of those who are economically

inactive are classed as looking after home or family. This is lower than the RCT average of 4.7%.

North Taf has a total population of 32,878, of which:

- 1151 are aged 2 years and under
- 771 are 3-4 years
- 1069 are 5-7 years
- 975 are 8-10 years
- 1619 are 11-15 years

There are therefore 5585 children and young people aged 0-15 years in the North Taf area or 17.0% of the total population. The total in the 2015 CSA Update Report was 5531, meaning that there has been an increase of 54 in the population of 0-15 year olds in this area. There have been significant housing developments in Rhydyfelin and Hawthorn since the 2015 update report, which are likely to account for most this increase.

South Taf



Figure 11: South Taf geographical area

The South Taf area covers the communities from Brynna to Llantrisant. It includes the principal town of Llantrisant/Talbot Green, and the key settlement of Llanharan. The area is covered by one Communities First area and has one Flying Start setting. There are no LSOA's in this area that are in Wales' top 100 most deprived LSOA's. According to the 2014 WIMD, there are five LSOA's in this area that are in Wales' 10% least deprived LSOA's. This suggests that this area is relatively affluent when compared to other areas of RCT.

According to 2011 census data, the average economic activity of the wards within this area is 78.7%. This is higher than the RCT average of 71.04%. 3.5% of those who are economically inactive are classed as looking after home or family. This is lower than the RCT average of 4.7%.

South Taf has a total population of 28,062, of which:

- 1107 are aged 2 years and under
- 744 are 3-4 years
- 1185 are 5-7 years
- 1105 are 8-10 years
- 1557 are 11-15 years

There are therefore 5698 children and young people aged 0-15 years in the South Taf area or 20.3% of the total population. The total in the 2015 CSA Update Report was 5534, meaning that there has been an increase of 164 in the population of 0-15 year olds in this area. This increase is set to rise over the next few years, as there is significant housing and retail development in this area. The childcare requirements of parents in this area were identified as a priority in previous CSA reports, and this continues to be the case.

Analysis

Although most of the areas are showing slight decreases in the overall population of 0-15 year olds from the 2015 CSA update report, it is important to note that pockets of development are likely to have an impact on these figures over the next five years.

When analysing specific age ranges, it can be seen that Rhondda Fawr area has the highest overall number of 0-15 year olds in RCT, whilst West Taf has the lowest. However, this is likely the result of differences in the overall population figures for these

areas. It can be seen that West Taf has a higher percentage of 0-15 year olds in comparison to the general population than Rhondda Fawr (19.3% to 17.9%). The childcare needs of families in both areas should therefore be analysed further to establish if there are any additional childcare requirements.

Rhondda Fawr has the highest number in all specific age ranges, except for 0-2 year olds and 5-7 year olds, which is higher in Upper Cynon (5-7 age range joint highest with Rhondda Fawr). This would suggest that general childcare development should be explored for all age ranges in Rhondda Fawr, whilst consideration should be given to development of pre-school children childcare provision in the Upper Cynon area. This correlates with existing knowledge of the pre-school sector in this area, as there is little current pre-school provision. Demand for non-maintained pre-nursery education places in this area is also high and officers are currently exploring options to extend the number of Registered Education Providers in the Upper Cynon area.

Main trends and factors likely to affect those figures

As indicated above, the live birth data for the last 3 years suggests that there is a decrease from 2832 to 2759. If this trend were to continue, it would have an impact on the population estimates and would suggest that childcare development would need to be concentrated on the older age ranges, rather than on care for the under two's. However, as previously mentioned, there is significant housing developments currently underway, particularly in the East Taf and South Taf areas. These will impact on the population of 0-15 year olds and subsequently the childcare demands in these areas.

Consultation with Jobcentre Plus suggests that there have not been any major employment changes in RCT in the last year. During 2016, there have been job losses at companies in Treforest, Aberdare and Talbot Green, totalling approximately 89 jobs. There have been no significant job creation opportunities within RCT over the last year, although HMRC have recruited widely. This is likely to have affected families living within RCT. The Amazon distribution centre in Swansea has also recruited a reasonable number of staff, although these have tended to be seasonal.

There is no data to suggest that the job losses detailed above have had an impact on childcare demand in these areas. Likewise, the job creation opportunities outside of the

County Borough have not resulted in any noticeable increases in demand for childcare within RCT.

The proposed City Deal may impact on employment opportunities in the County over the next few years, as will the Taff Vale development in Pontypridd. The childcare market will be monitored to determine if this will impact on childcare needs within the town and surrounding areas.

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5. Overview – Childcare Types, Services and Places

For the purposes of this report, the data for registered provision is taken from the SASS return completed by registered childcare providers in Summer 2016. The survey aimed to capture a snapshot of data for two agreed weeks – term time during week commencing 11th July 2016, and for holiday provision during week commencing 8th August 2016. For providers that deliver term time and holiday provision, they were required to complete data for both weeks. Overall, there was a 73.2% completion date by registered providers in RCT, compared to a 70.5% completion rate across Wales. In RCT, this can be broken down as follows:

- 76.2% of childminders
- 76.3% of full day care providers
- 66.7% of out of school care providers
- 71.8% of sessional care providers
- 33.3% of open access play providers

The data for unregistered provision is taken from provider questionnaires completed in Autumn 2016. The number of returns received by unregistered sessional and out of school providers was not high in relation to the number of settings that officers are aware are operating within RCT.

This is not a complete overview of the childcare market in RCT and should be used with some caution. Family Information Service data and local knowledge have not been used to supplement this overview of the childcare market, and it is therefore incomplete.

5.1 Number of Childcare Providers & Type of Services (Registered and Unregistered / Approved)

The following table shows the breakdown of childcare providers offering the following services throughout RCT:

Childcare Type	Registered	Unregistered / Approved	Childcare Services Offered	Registered	Unregistered / Approved
Childminder	117	0	Full day care throughout the year	104	0
			Half day care throughout the year	88	0
			Before school	103	0
			After school	107	0
			Wraparound	57	0
			Holiday Provision	96	0
			Other (Flying Start; Holiday Fun Time scheme; weekends on request; emergency care; early morning/late evening to cover shift work)	9	0
Day Care					
Full Day Care	35	0	Full day nursery throughout the year	29	0
			Half day nursery throughout the year	18	0
			Before school	11	0
			Morning Playgroup / Cylch Meithrin	13	0
			Afternoon Playgroup / Cylch Meithrin	13	0
			After school	12	0
			Wraparound	12	0
			Lunch	14	0
			Holiday Provision	18	0
			Crèche	0	0
			Other (Flying Start)	2	0
Sessional Day Care	29	5	Morning Playgroup / Cylch Meithrin	27	5
			Afternoon Playgroup / Cylch Meithrin	8	0
			Wraparound	8	1
			Lunch	2	0
			Other	2	0
Crèches	0	0	Operates Full Day	0	0
			Operates Mornings	0	0
			Operates Afternoons	0	0

			Holiday Provision	0	0
			Other	0	0
Out of School Care	9	6	Before School	3	0
			After School	7	6
			Holiday Provision	3	0
			Playscheme sessions	1	0
			Other	1	0
Open Access Play Provision	5	4	Before School	0	0
			After School	1	2
			Holiday Provision	5	0
			Playscheme sessions	1	2
			Other	0	0
Nanny	0	0	Full day care throughout the year	0	0
			Half day care throughout the year	0	0
			Before school	0	0
			After school	0	0
			Wraparound a part time Early Education placement, e.g. playgroup or school nursery	0	0
			Holiday provision in the school holidays	0	0
			Other	0	0
TOTAL	195	15			

In addition to the childcare provision above, each secondary school in RCT delivers extracurricular activities after school and during holiday periods for young people aged 11+ through the Youth Engagement and Participation Service. Although not officially childcare, these activities are used by many parents as a safe environment for their children during the first couple of years at secondary school, particularly during holiday periods.

Geographical Distribution of Childcare Providers & Services provided (Registered and Excepted / Approved)

Below is an overview of the number of providers in each of the areas, per type, as defined by CSSIW:

R = Registered UR = Unregistered	RCT Wide		Rhondda Fawr		Rhondda Fach		Upper Cynon		Lower Cynon		East Taf		West Taf		North Taf		South Taf	
	R	UR	R	UR	R	UR	R	UR	R	UR	R	UR	R	UR	R	UR	R	UR
Childminders	117	0	12	0	9	0	17	0	11	0	21	0	7	0	15	0	25	0
Full Day Care	35	0	7	0	5	0	5	0	5	0	5	0	0	0	3	0	5	0
Sessional	29	5	6	2	5	2	1	1	4	0	6	0	2	0	4	0	1	0
Out of School Care	9	6	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	3	1	4	1
Crèches	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Open Access Playschemes	5	4	0	1	1	0	2	2	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0
Total providers	195	15	25	4	20	3	25	4	20	1	33	0	11	1	26	1	35	1

From the table above, it can be seen that South Taf has the highest number of registered childminders whilst West Taf has the least. South Taf also has the highest number of registered Out of School clubs, whilst Rhondda Fawr has the most Full Day Care providers, as well as the highest number of registered Sessional Care providers (along with East Taf). Rhondda Fawr has the highest number of unregistered Sessional Care providers in RCT whilst South Taf has the most unregistered Out of School clubs. Supporting unregistered settings to go through the CSSIW registration process is an ongoing priority for officers.

A more detailed analysis of the type and language of services offered by childcare providers can be found in Section 6.

5.2 Childcare Places – Supply and Demand per Childcare Type

Registered Provision – Term Time

Childcare Type	Term Time					
	Places as per CSSIW registration	Maximum capacity of childcare places available daily	Number of children using service	Number of vacancies	Number of children on waiting list	Number of childcare places required <i>as stated in parental survey results</i>
Childminder	965	Full day 456 Half day 165 Before school 347 After school 503 Wraparound 109	996	Full day 252 Half day 106 Before school 231 After school 214 Wraparound 12	Autumn term 16 Spring term 6 Summer term 26	Full day 30 Half day 9 Before school 27 After school 38 Wraparound 6
Day Care						
Full Day Nursery	1316	Full day 789 Half day AM 292 Half day PM 306 Playgroup AM 159 Playgroup PM 134 Before school 71 After school 67 Wraparound 98 Lunch 110	1973	Full day 441 Half day AM 153 Half day PM 227 Playgroup AM 99 Playgroup PM 110 Before school 50 After school 39 Wraparound 14 Lunch 66	Autumn term 31 Spring term 6 Summer term 9	Full day 43 Half day AM 12 Half day PM 5 Playgroup AM 10 Playgroup PM 1 Before school 14 After school 12 Wraparound 7 Crèche 9 Lunch 1
Sessional Day Care	653	Mornings 527 Afternoons 302 Wraparound 3 Lunch 36	875	Mornings 228 Afternoons 255 Wraparound 18	Autumn term 51 Spring term 53 Summer term 66	Mornings 18 Afternoons 6 Wraparound 11 Lunch 3
Crèches	0	0	0	0	0	0

Out of School Care	375	Before school 96 After school 375	560	Before school 75 After school 310	0	Before school 69 After school 56
Open Access Play Provision	260	62	283	0	0	4
Nanny	0	0	0	0	0	0

Excepted and Approved Provision – Term Time

Childcare Type	Term Time				
	Maximum capacity of childcare places available daily	Number of children using service	Number of vacancies	Number of children on waiting list	Number of childcare places required <i>as stated in parental survey results</i>
Childminder	0	0	0	0	0
Day Care					
Full Day Nursery	0	0	0	0	0
Sessional Day Care	110	83	20	Autumn term 0 Spring term 8 Summer term 0	0
Crèches	0	0	0	0	0
Out of School Care	604	270	334	Autumn term 0 Spring term 0 Summer term 5	0
Open Access Play	240	240	0	0	0

Provision					
Nanny	0	0	0	0	0

Registered Provision – School Holidays

Childcare Type	School Holidays					
	Places as per CSSIW registration	Maximum capacity of childcare places available daily	Number of children using service	Number of vacancies	Number of children on waiting list	Number of childcare places required as stated in parental survey results
Childminder		810	<u>Full time</u> Summer 193 October half term 149 Christmas 84 February half term 161 Easter 169 May half term 145 <u>Part time</u> Summer 268 October half term 198 Christmas 136 February half term 220 Easter 217 May half term 203 <u>Ad Hoc</u>	Holiday AM 167 Holiday PM 167	0	22

			Summer 75 October half term 61 Christmas 40 February half term 55 Easter 52 May half term 59			
Day Care						
Full Day Nursery		1055	<u>Full time</u> Summer 143 October half term 55 Christmas 32 February half term 59 Easter 54 May half term 53 <u>Part time</u> Summer 637 October half term 173 Christmas 76 February half term 131 Easter 127 May half term 136 <u>Ad Hoc</u> Summer 59 October half term 23 Christmas 15 February half term 23 Easter 38 May half term 16	Holiday AM 42 Holiday PM 31	0	17
Sessional Day Care		488	<u>Full time</u>		0	0

			Summer 158 <u>Part time</u> Summer 149 October half term 54 Christmas 4 February half term 6 Easter 5 May half term 0			
Crèches	0	0	0	0	0	0
Out of School Care		116	<u>Full time</u> Summer 15 October half term 4 Christmas 2 February half term 17 Easter 18 May half term 18 <u>Part time</u> Summer 144 October half term 57 Christmas 20 February half term 114 Easter 112 May half term 110 <u>Ad Hoc</u> Summer 36 October half term 0 Christmas 0 February half term 20 Easter 30 May half term 35	Holiday 197	0	28

Open Access Play Provision		269	<u>Full time</u> Summer 13 October half term 30 Christmas 0 February half term 15 Easter 40 May half term 10 <u>Part time</u> Summer 79 October half term 45 Christmas 22 February half term 41 Easter 56 May half term 42 <u>Ad Hoc</u> Summer 158 October half term 85 Christmas 0 February half term 75 Easter 85 May half term 75		0	11
Nanny	0	0	0	0	0	0

Geographical Distribution of Childcare Places per Childcare Type – Supply and Demand – Term Time

Since the return from unregistered providers was so low, the data included in this section is taken from the SASS returns of registered providers only.

Rhondda Fawr

Childcare Type	Term Time					
	Places as per CSSIW registration	Maximum capacity of childcare places available daily	Number of children using service	Number of vacancies	Number of children on waiting list	Number of childcare places required <i>as stated in parental survey results</i>
Childminder	96	Full day 41 Half day 30 Before school 32 After school 35 Wraparound 19	77	Full day 14 Half day 13 Before school 10 After school 10 Wraparound 6	0	Full day 2 Half day 2 Before school 2 After school 5 Wraparound 0
Day Care						
Full Day Nursery	269	Full day 79 Half day AM 42 Half day PM 51 Playgroup AM 32 Playgroup PM 12 Before school 23 After school 19 Wraparound 0 Lunch 0	208	Full day 54 Half day AM 51 Half day PM 57 Playgroup AM 40 Playgroup PM 15 Before school 3 After school 7 Wraparound 0 Lunch 0	0	Full day 4 Half day AM 2 Half day PM 0 Playgroup AM 1 Playgroup PM 0 Before school 0 After school 0 Wraparound 0 Crèche 2 Lunch 0
Sessional Day Care	126	Mornings 91 Afternoons 54 Wraparound 0	186	Mornings 7 Afternoons 15 Wraparound 7	0	Mornings 2 Afternoons 1 Wraparound 2

		Lunch 0				Lunch 0
Crèches	0	0	0	0	0	0
Out of School Care	0	0	0	0	0	0
Open Access Play Provision	0	0	0	0	0	0
Nanny	0	0	0	0	0	0

Rhondda Fach

Childcare Type	Term Time					
	Places as per CSSIW registration	Maximum capacity of childcare places available daily	Number of children using service	Number of vacancies	Number of children on waiting list	Number of childcare places required as stated in parental survey results
Childminder	56	Full day 27 Half day 6 Before school 14 After school 25 Wraparound 5	53	Full day 13 Half day 6 Before school 6 After school 1 Wraparound 0	Autumn term 3 Spring term 3 Summer term 3	Full day 1 Half day 0 Before school 1 After school 1 Wraparound 0
Day Care						
Full Day Nursery	98	Full day 68 Half day AM 0 Half day PM 0 Playgroup AM 60 Playgroup PM 60 Before school 0 After school 0	207	Full day 91 Half day AM 17 Half day PM 24 Playgroup AM 39 Playgroup PM 44 Before school 0 After school 0	0	Full day 3 Half day AM 0 Half day PM 0 Playgroup AM 1 Playgroup PM 0 Before school 3 After school 1

		Wraparound 0 Lunch 48		Wraparound 0 Lunch 30		Wraparound 0 Crèche 2 Lunch 0
Sessional Day Care	112	Mornings 97 Afternoons 68 Wraparound 2 Lunch 36	156	Mornings 60 Afternoons 53 Wraparound 7	Autumn term 7 Spring term 1 Summer term 0	Mornings 2 Afternoons 2 Wraparound 0 Lunch 0
Crèches	0	0	0	0	0	0
Out of School Care	0	0	0	0	0	0
Open Access Play Provision	30	Playscheme 30	30	0	0	After school 1
Nanny	0	0	0	0	0	0

Upper Cynon

Childcare Type	Term Time					
	Places as per CSSIW registration	Maximum capacity of childcare places available daily	Number of children using service	Number of vacancies	Number of children on waiting list	Number of childcare places required as stated in parental survey results
Childminder	163	Full day 75 Half day 42 Before school 61 After school 108 Wraparound 25	175	Full day 59 Half day 19 Before school 67 After school 82 Wraparound 0	Autumn term 2 Spring term 0 Summer term 1	0
Day Care						

Full Day Nursery	162	Full day 40 Half day AM 29 Half day PM 40 Playgroup AM 22 Playgroup PM 22 Before school 17 After school 16 Wraparound 22 Lunch 34	329	Full day 23 Half day AM 29 Half day PM 30 Playgroup AM 2 Playgroup PM 20 Before school 16 After school 10 Wraparound 0 Lunch 20	0	Full day 3 Half day AM 1 Half day PM 0 Playgroup AM 0 Playgroup PM 0 Before school 1 After school 1 Wraparound 1 Crèche 1 Lunch 0
Sessional Day Care	30	Mornings 30 Afternoons 30 Wraparound 0 Lunch 0	51	Mornings 27 Afternoons 64 Wraparound 0	0	Mornings 1 Afternoons 0 Wraparound 2 Lunch 0
Crèches	0	0	0	0	0	0
Out of School Care	0	0	0	0	0	0
Open Access Play Provision	100	100	85	0	0	After school 1
Nanny	0	0	0	0	0	0

Lower Cynon

Childcare Type	Term Time					
	Places as per CSSIW registration	Maximum capacity of childcare places available daily	Number of children using service	Number of vacancies	Number of children on waiting list	Number of childcare places required as stated in parental survey results
Childminder	93	Full day 69	125	Full day 38	Autumn term 0	Full day 0

		Half day 10 Before school 44 After school 37 Wraparound 8		Half day 14 Before school 12 After school 9 Wraparound 0	Spring term 0 Summer term 9	Half day 1 Before school 2 After school 3 Wraparound 1
Day Care						
Full Day Nursery	157	Full day 124 Half day AM 59 Half day PM 59 Playgroup AM 26 Playgroup PM 26 Before school 24 After school 24 Wraparound 31 Lunch 16	278	Full day 76 Half day AM 0 Half day PM 0 Playgroup AM 7 Playgroup PM 11 Before school 28 After school 22 Wraparound 1 Lunch 16	0	Full day 0 Half day AM 1 Half day PM 1 Playgroup AM 0 Playgroup PM 0 Before school 0 After school 1 Wraparound 0 Crèche 2 Lunch 0
Sessional Day Care	72	Mornings 66 Afternoons 30 Wraparound 0 Lunch 0	73	Mornings 43 Afternoons 30 Wraparound 0	0	Mornings 0 Afternoons 1 Wraparound 1 Lunch 0
Crèches	0	0	0	0	0	0
Out of School Care	0	0	0	0	0	0
Open Access Play Provision	0	0	0	0	0	0
Nanny	0	0	0	0	0	0

East Taf

Childcare Type	Term Time					
	Places as per CSSIW registration	Maximum capacity of childcare places available daily	Number of children using service	Number of vacancies	Number of children on waiting list	Number of childcare places required as stated in parental survey results
Childminder	172	Full day 51 Half day 22 Before school 50 After school 67 Wraparound 18	164	Full day 16 Half day 13 Before school 20 After school 15 Wraparound 4	Autumn term 1 Spring term 0 Summer term 0	Full day 4 Half day 2 Before school 6 After school 7 Wraparound 4
Day Care						
Full Day Nursery	216	Full day 171 Half day AM 39 Half day PM 39 Playgroup AM 0 Playgroup PM 0 Before school 0 After school 0 Wraparound 0 Lunch 0	368	Full day 31 Half day AM 26 Half day PM 79 Playgroup AM 6 Playgroup PM 0 Before school 0 After school 0 Wraparound 0 Lunch 0	0	Full day 8 Half day AM 2 Half day PM 2 Playgroup AM 1 Playgroup PM 0 Before school 2 After school 1 Wraparound 2 Crèche 0 Lunch 0
Sessional Day Care	149	Mornings 105 Afternoons 39 Wraparound 1 Lunch 0	167	Mornings 27 Afternoons 2 Wraparound 4	Autumn term 0 Spring term 0 Summer term 22	Mornings 3 Afternoons 0 Wraparound 2 Lunch 0
Crèches	0	0	0	0	0	0
Out of School Care	60	Before school 0 After school 60	60			
Open Access Play	0	0	0	0	0	0

Provision						
Nanny	0	0	0	0	0	0

West Taf

Childcare Type	Term Time					
	Places as per CSSIW registration	Maximum capacity of childcare places available daily	Number of children using service	Number of vacancies	Number of children on waiting list	Number of childcare places required <i>as stated in parental survey results</i>
Childminder	52	Full day 25 Half day 20 Before school 29 After school 35 Wraparound 10	31	Full day 34 Half day 26 Before school 27 After school 22 Wraparound 0	0	Full day 1 Half day 0 Before school 1 After school 2 Wraparound 0
Day Care						
Full Day Nursery	0	0	0	0	0	Full day 2 Half day AM 1 Half day PM 0 Playgroup AM 2 Playgroup PM 1 Before school 0 After school 0 Wraparound 0 Crèche 0 Lunch 1
Sessional Day Care	44	Mornings 44 Afternoons 20 Wraparound 0 Lunch 0	60	Mornings 15 Afternoons 4 Wraparound 0	0	Mornings 1 Afternoons 0 Wraparound 2 Lunch 1

Crèches	0	0	0	0	0	0
Out of School Care	24	Before school 0 After school 24	168			
Open Access Play Provision	100	After school 100	92	0	0	0
Nanny	0	0	0	0	0	0

North Taf

Childcare Type	Term Time					
	Places as per CSSIW registration	Maximum capacity of childcare places available daily	Number of children using service	Number of vacancies	Number of children on waiting list	Number of childcare places required as stated in parental survey results
Childminder	140	Full day 90 Half day 31 Before school 62 After school 57 Wraparound 6	159	Full day 59 Half day 6 Before school 22 After school 16 Wraparound 0	Autumn term 1 Spring term 1 Summer term 9	Full day 5 Half day 0 Before school 1 After school 4 Wraparound 0
Day Care						
Full Day Nursery	129	Full day 85 Half day AM 54 Half day PM 53 Playgroup AM 8 Playgroup PM 8 Before school 0 After school 0 Wraparound 32	168	Full day 12 Half day AM 17 Half day PM 29 Playgroup AM 8 Playgroup PM 0 Before school 0 After school 0 Wraparound 0	Autumn term 31 Spring term 6 Summer term 9	Full day 5 Half day AM 3 Half day PM 1 Playgroup AM 0 Playgroup PM 0 Before school 1 After school 1 Wraparound 0

		Lunch 48		Lunch 0		Crèche 2 Lunch 0
Sessional Day Care	88	Mornings 62 Afternoons 61 Wraparound 0 Lunch 0	138	Mornings 49 Afternoons 87 Wraparound 0	0	Mornings 2 Afternoons 1 Wraparound 0 Lunch 0
Crèches	0	0	0	0	0	0
Out of School Care	86	Before school 56 After school 86	110			
Open Access Play Provision	30	After school 30	76	0	0	0
Nanny	0	0	0	0	0	0

South Taf

Childcare Type	Term Time					
	Places as per CSSIW registration	Maximum capacity of childcare places available daily	Number of children using service	Number of vacancies	Number of children on waiting list	Number of childcare places required as stated in parental survey results
Childminder	193	Full day 81 Half day 21 Before school 55 After school 59 Wraparound 18	212	Full day 29 Half day 14 Before school 67 After school 59 Wraparound 2	Autumn term 2 Spring term 2 Summer term 4	Full day 11 Half day 5 Before school 11 After school 8 Wraparound 1
Day Care						
Full Day Nursery	285	Full day 222	415	Full day 154	0	Full day 16

		Half day AM 69 Half day PM 64 Playgroup AM 11 Playgroup PM 6 Before school 8 After school 8 Wraparound 13 Lunch 0		Half day AM 13 Half day PM 8 Playgroup AM 11 Playgroup PM 6 Before school 3 After school 0 Wraparound 13 Lunch 0		Half day AM 2 Half day PM 1 Playgroup AM 4 Playgroup PM 0 Before school 5 After school 5 Wraparound 2 Crèche 0 Lunch 0
Sessional Day Care	32	Mornings 32 Afternoons 0 Wraparound 0 Lunch 0	44	Mornings 0 Afternoons 0 Wraparound 0	Autumn term 44 Spring term 52 Summer term 44	Mornings 7 Afternoons 1 Wraparound 2 Lunch 2
Crèches	0	0	0	0	0	0
Out of School Care	205	Before school 40 After school 205	222			
Open Access Play Provision	0	0	0	0	0	0
Nanny	0	0	0	0	0	0

Geographical Distribution of Childcare Places per Childcare Type – Supply and Demand – School Holidays

Rhondda Fawr

Childcare Type	School Holidays					
	Places as per CSSIW registration	Maximum capacity of childcare places available daily	Number of children using service	Number of vacancies	Number of children on waiting list	Number of childcare places required <i>as stated in parental survey results</i>
Childminder	96	57	<u>Full time</u> Summer 4 October half term 4 Christmas 4 February half term 6 Easter 4 May half term 8 <u>Part time</u> Summer 34 October half term 24 Christmas 26 February half term 31 Easter 26 May half term 32 <u>Ad Hoc</u> Summer 6 October half term 6 Christmas 6 February half term 6 Easter 6 May half term 6	Holiday AM 6 Holiday PM 5		3

Day Care						
Full Day Nursery		233	<u>Full time</u> Summer 33 October half term 32 Christmas 16 February half term 34 Easter 33 May half term 34 <u>Part time</u> Summer 41 October half term 34 Christmas 15 February half term 34 Easter 34 May half term 33 <u>Ad Hoc</u> Summer 0 October half term 0 Christmas 0 February half term 0 Easter 0 May half term 0	Holiday AM 20 Holiday PM 10		2
Sessional Day Care		109	<u>Full time</u> Summer 39 October half term 0 Christmas 0 February half term 0 Easter 0 May half term 0 <u>Part time</u>			

			Summer 47 October half term 42 Christmas 0 February half term 0 Easter 0 May half term 0 <u>Ad Hoc</u> Summer 0 October half term 0 Christmas 0 February half term 0 Easter 0 May half term 0			
Crèches		0	0	0	0	0
Out of School Care		0	0	0	0	0
Open Access Play Provision		0	0	0	0	0
Nanny		0	0	0	0	0

Rhondda Fach

Childcare Type	School Holidays					
	Places as per CSSIW registration	Maximum capacity of childcare places available daily	Number of children using service	Number of vacancies	Number of children on waiting list	Number of childcare places required <i>as stated in parental survey</i>

					<i>results</i>
Childminder		38	<u>Full time</u> Summer 17 October half term 15 Christmas 10 February half term 15 Easter 13 May half term 19 <u>Part time</u> Summer 13 October half term 14 Christmas 4 February half term 13 Easter 16 May half term <u>Ad Hoc</u> Summer 1 October half term 1 Christmas 0 February half term 1 Easter 1 May half term 1	Holiday AM 0 Holiday PM 0	3
Day Care					
Full Day Nursery		194	<u>Full time</u> Summer 42 October half term 0 Christmas 0 February half term 0 Easter 0 May half term 0 <u>Part time</u> Summer 111	Holiday AM 0 Holiday PM 0	1

			<p>October half term 0 Christmas 0 February half term 0 Easter 0 May half term 0</p> <p>Ad Hoc Summer 0 October half term 0 Christmas 0 February half term 0 Easter 0 May half term 0</p>		
Sessional Day Care		128	<p><u>Full time</u> Summer 46 October half term 0 Christmas 0 February half term 0 Easter 0 May half term 0</p> <p><u>Part time</u> Summer 67 October half term 9 Christmas 4 February half term 6 Easter 5 May half term 0</p> <p>Ad Hoc Summer 0 October half term 0 Christmas 0 February half term 0 Easter 0</p>		

			May half term 0			
Crèches		0	0	0	0	0
Out of School Care		0	0	0	0	0
Open Access Play Provision		30	<u>Full time</u> Summer 28 October half term 0 Christmas 0 February half term 0 Easter 0 May half term 0 <u>Part time</u> Summer 0 October half term 0 Christmas 0 February half term 0 Easter 0 May half term 0 <u>Ad Hoc</u> Summer 0 October half term 0 Christmas 0 February half term 0 Easter 0 May half term 0			
Nanny		0	0	0	0	0

Upper Cynon

Childcare Type	School Holidays					
	Places as per CSSIW registration	Maximum capacity of childcare places available daily	Number of children using service	Number of vacancies	Number of children on waiting list	Number of childcare places required as stated in parental survey results
Childminder		194	<u>Full time</u> Summer 48 October half term 34 Christmas 13 February half term 47 Easter 38 May half term 32 <u>Part time</u> Summer 65 October half term 45 Christmas 23 February half term 45 Easter 46 May half term 47 <u>Ad Hoc</u> Summer 3 October half term 1 Christmas 0 February half term 2 Easter 3 May half term 1	Holiday AM 56 Holiday PM 56		0
Day Care						

Full Day Nursery		63	<u>Full time</u> Summer 24 October half term 6 Christmas 7 February half term 8 Easter 8 May half term 8 <u>Part time</u> Summer 207 October half term 5 Christmas 5 February half term 4 Easter 4 May half term 4 <u>Ad Hoc</u> Summer 20 October half term 0 Christmas 0 February half term 0 Easter 0 May half term 0	Holiday AM 0 Holiday PM 0		0
Sessional Day Care		60	<u>Full time</u> Summer 44 October half term 0 Christmas 0 February half term 0 Easter 0 May half term 0 <u>Part time</u> Summer 7 October half term 3 Christmas 0 February half term			

			0 Easter 0 May half term 0 <u>Ad Hoc</u> Summer 0 October half term 0 Christmas 0 February half term 0 Easter 0 May half term 0			
Crèches		0	0	0	0	0
Out of School Care		0	0	0	0	0
Open Access Play Provision		109	<u>Full time</u> Summer 0 October half term 0 Christmas 0 February half term 0 Easter 0 May half term 0 <u>Part time</u> Summer 29 October half term 15 Christmas 22 February half term 26 Easter 21 May half term 27 <u>Ad Hoc</u> Summer 55 October half term 60			

			Christmas 0 February half term 60 Easter 60 May half term 60			
Nanny		0	0	0	0	0

Lower Cynon

Childcare Type	School Holidays					
	Places as per CSSIW registration	Maximum capacity of childcare places available daily	Number of children using service	Number of vacancies	Number of children on waiting list	Number of childcare places required as stated in parental survey results
Childminder		86	<u>Full time</u> Summer 40 October half term 28 Christmas 10 February half term 30 Easter 40 May half term 36 <u>Part time</u> Summer 24 October half term 20 Christmas 18 February half term 20 Easter 21	Holiday AM 5 Holiday PM 5		3

			May half term 21 <u>Ad Hoc</u> Summer 17 October half term 15 Christmas 15 February half term 18 Easter 18 May half term 18			
Day Care						
Full Day Nursery		129	<u>Full time</u> Summer 20 October half term 7 Christmas 5 February half term 7 Easter 7 May half term 6 <u>Part time</u> Summer 106 October half term 30 Christmas 26 February half term 27 Easter 27 May half term 31 <u>Ad Hoc</u> Summer 5 October half term 6 Christmas 4 February half term 6 Easter 6 May half term 3	Holiday AM 0 Holiday PM 0		2

Sessional Day Care		62	0			
Crèches		0	0	0	0	0
Out of School Care		0	0	0	0	0
Open Access Play Provision		0	0	0	0	0
Nanny		0	0	0	0	0

East Taf

Childcare Type	School Holidays					
	Places as per CSSIW registration	Maximum capacity of childcare places available daily	Number of children using service	Number of vacancies	Number of children on waiting list	Number of childcare places required as stated in parental survey results
Childminder		132	<u>Full time</u> Summer 10 October half term 21 Christmas 5 February half term 11 Easter 11 May half term 11 <u>Part time</u> Summer 49 October half term 40	Holiday AM 11 Holiday PM 12		4

			Christmas721 February half term 41 Easter 40 May half term 34 <u>Ad Hoc</u> Summer 12 October half term 18 Christmas 4 February half term 8 Easter 4 May half term 13			
Day Care						
Full Day Nursery		83	<u>Full time</u> Summer 6 October half term 0 Christmas 0 February half term 0 Easter 0 May half term 0 <u>Part time</u> Summer 17 October half term 0 Christmas 0 February half term 0 Easter 5 May half term 0 <u>Ad Hoc</u> Summer 0 October half term 0 Christmas 0 February half term 0	Holiday AM 0 Holiday PM 0		1

			Easter 0 May half term 0			
Sessional Day Care		25	<u>Full time</u> Summer 7 October half term 0 Christmas 0 February half term 0 Easter 0 May half term 0 <u>Part time</u> Summer 8 October half term 0 Christmas 0 February half term 0 Easter 0 May half term 0 <u>Ad Hoc</u> Summer 0 October half term 0 Christmas 0 February half term 0 Easter 0 May half term 0			
Crèches		0	0	0	0	0
Out of School Care		60	<u>Full time</u> Summer 14 October half term 0 Christmas 0 February half term 14 Easter 14 May half term 14			

			<u>Part time</u> Summer 75 October half term 0 Christmas 0 February half term 50 Easter 50 May half term 45 <u>Ad Hoc</u> Summer 36 October half term 0 Christmas 0 February half term 20 Easter 30 May half term 35			
Open Access Play Provision		0	0	0	0	0
Nanny		0	0	0	0	0

West Taf

Childcare Type	School Holidays					
	Places as per CSSIW registration	Maximum capacity of childcare places available daily	Number of children using service	Number of vacancies	Number of children on waiting list	Number of childcare places required as stated in parental survey results
Childminder		42	<u>Full time</u> Summer 6	Holiday AM 0 Holiday PM 0		0

			October half term 5 Christmas 2 February half term 2 Easter 5 May half term 5 <u>Part time</u> Summer 9 October half term 7 Christmas 4 February half term 8 Easter 7 May half term 8 <u>Ad Hoc</u> Summer 3 October half term 4 Christmas 4 February half term 4 Easter 4 May half term 4			
Day Care						
Full Day Nursery		0	0	0	0	0
Sessional Day Care		0	0	0	0	0
Crèches		0	0	0	0	0
Out of School Care		24	<u>Full time</u> Summer 1 October half term 4 Christmas 2 February half term 3 Easter 4 May half term 4			

			<u>Part time</u> Summer 33 October half term 30 Christmas 15 February half term 30 Easter 35 May half term 35 <u>Ad Hoc</u> Summer October half term Christmas February half term Easter May half term		
Open Access Play Provision		100	<u>Full time</u> Summer 2 October half term 15 Christmas 0 February half term 15 Easter 20 May half term 10 <u>Part time</u> Summer 19 October half term10 Christmas 0 February half term 15 Easter 15 May half term 15 <u>Ad Hoc</u> Summer 71 October half term		

			20 Christmas 0 February half term 15 Easter 20 May half term 15			
Nanny		0	0	0	0	0

North Taf

Childcare Type	School Holidays					
	Places as per CSSIW registration	Maximum capacity of childcare places available daily	Number of children using service	Number of vacancies	Number of children on waiting list	Number of childcare places required as stated in parental survey results
Childminder		113	<u>Full time</u> Summer 41 October half term 29 Christmas 26 February half term 31 Easter 31 May half term 29 <u>Part time</u> Summer 25 October half term 6 Christmas 5 February half term 15 Easter 16	Holiday AM 24 Holiday PM 24		3

			May half term 6 <u>Ad Hoc</u> Summer 12 October half term 0 Christmas 0 February half term 0 Easter 0 May half term 0			
Day Care						
Full Day Nursery		75	<u>Full time</u> Summer 3 October half term 5 Christmas 0 February half term 3 Easter 0 May half term 0 <u>Part time</u> Summer 36 October half term 35 Christmas 0 February half term 0 Easter 0 May half term 0 <u>Ad Hoc</u> Summer 34 October half term 17 Christmas 11 February half term 17 Easter 17 May half term 13	Holiday AM 22 Holiday PM 21		4

Sessional Day Care		104	<u>Full time</u> Summer 23 October half term 0 Christmas 0 February half term 0 Easter 0 May half term 0 <u>Part time</u> Summer 20 October half term 0 Christmas 0 February half term 0 Easter 0 May half term 0 <u>Ad Hoc</u> Summer 0 October half term 0 Christmas 0 February half term 0 Easter 0 May half term 0			
Crèches		0	0	0	0	0
Out of School Care		32	<u>Full time</u> Summer 0 October half term 0 Christmas 0 February half term 0 Easter 0 May half term 0 <u>Part time</u> Summer 36 October half term			

			<p>27 Christmas 5 February half term 34 Easter 27 May half term 30</p> <p><u>Ad Hoc</u> Summer October half term Christmas February half term Easter May half term</p>			
Open Access Play Provision		30	<p><u>Full time</u> Summer 11 October half term 15 Christmas 0 February half term 0 Easter 20 May half term 0</p> <p><u>Part time</u> Summer 31 October half term 20 Christmas 0 February half term 0 Easter 20 May half term 0</p> <p><u>Ad Hoc</u> Summer 4 October half term 5 Christmas 0 February half term 0</p>			

			Easter 5 May half term 0			
Nanny		0	0	0	0	0

South Taf

Childcare Type	School Holidays					
	Places as per CSSIW registration	Maximum capacity of childcare places available daily	Number of children using service	Number of vacancies	Number of children on waiting list	Number of childcare places required as stated in parental survey results
Childminder		126	<u>Full time</u> Summer 27 October half term 13 Christmas 14 February half term 19 Easter 27 May half term <u>Part time</u> Summer 49 October half term 42 Christmas 29 February half term 47 Easter 45 May half term 46 <u>Ad Hoc</u> Summer 21 October half term 16 Christmas 11 February half term 16	Holiday AM 65 Holiday PM 65		5

			Easter 16 May half term 16			
Day Care						
Full Day Nursery		278	<u>Full time</u> Summer 15 October half term 5 Christmas 4 February half term 7 Easter 6 May half term 5 <u>Part time</u> Summer 119 October half term 69 Christmas 30 February half term 66 Easter 57 May half term 68 <u>Ad Hoc</u> Summer 0 October half term 0 Christmas 0 February half term 0 Easter 15 May half term 0	Holiday AM 0 Holiday PM 0		6
Sessional Day Care		0	0	0	0	0
Crèches		0	0	0	0	0
Out of School Care		0	0	0	0	0
Open Access Play Provision		0	0	0	0	0
Nanny		0	0	0	0	0

6. Supply of Childcare

Below is an analysis of registered childcare types in each area by language. As can be seen there is a range of registered Welsh medium provision across the eight areas, except for the Rhondda Fawr area. The high number of Welsh medium sessional care providers in the East Taf area correlates with the 2011 census data that reports that 15.1% of residents in this area identify themselves as Welsh speakers. This is the highest percentage within the eight areas. South Taf has the next highest percentage of Welsh speakers and the lack of Welsh medium childcare in this area (except for one full day care provider) suggests that further exploration in this area may be required.

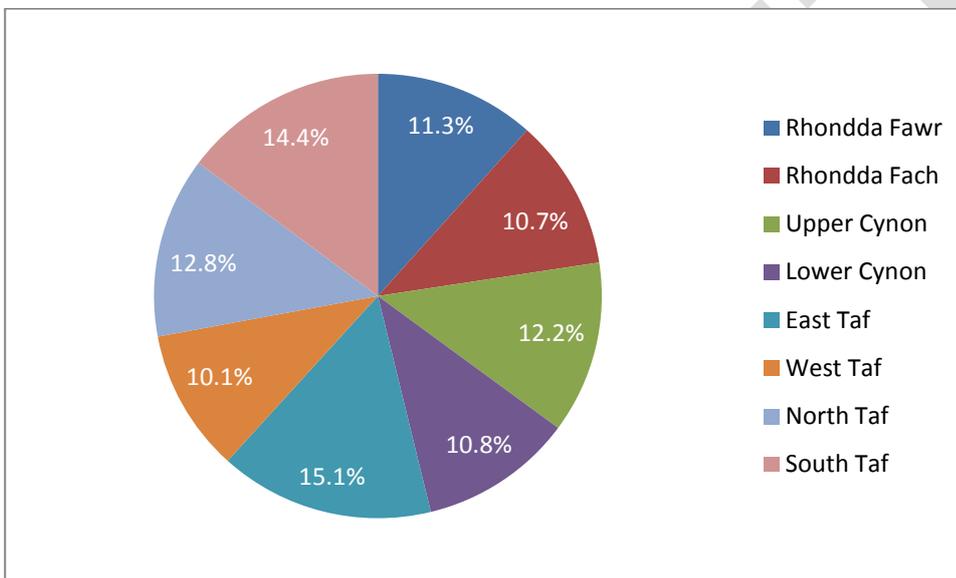


Figure 12: Percentage of Welsh speakers according to 2011 Census

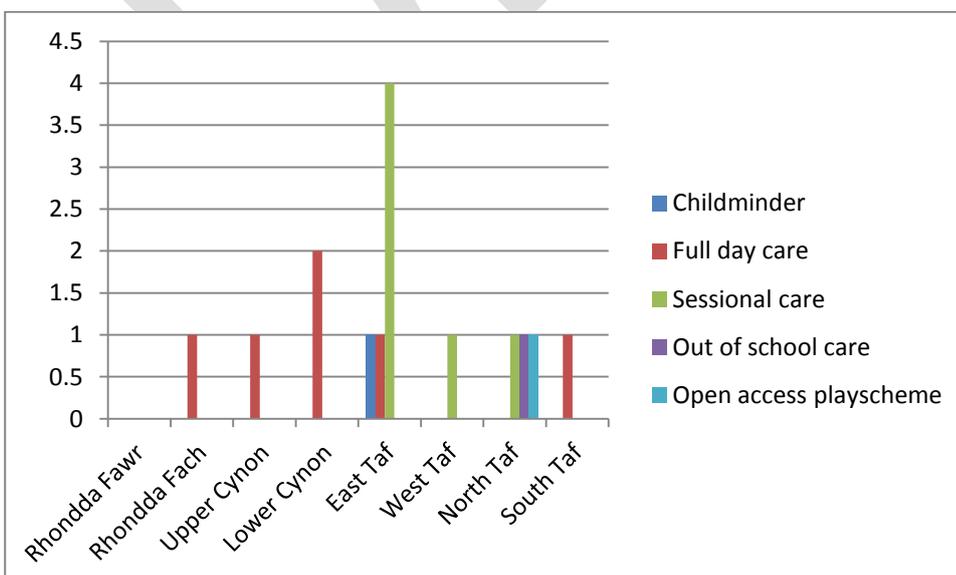


Figure 13: Registered provision – Welsh medium

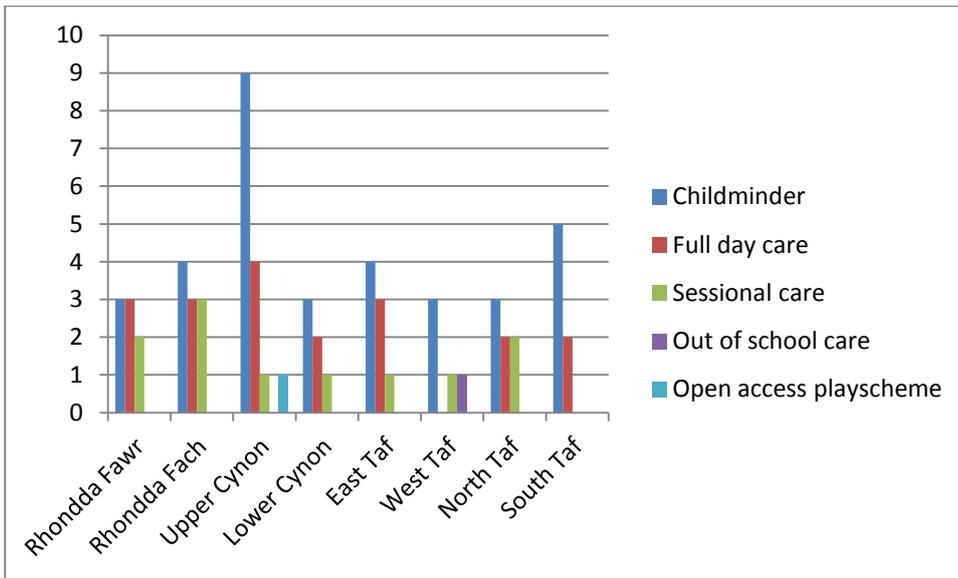


Figure 14: Registered provision - English with some bilingual elements

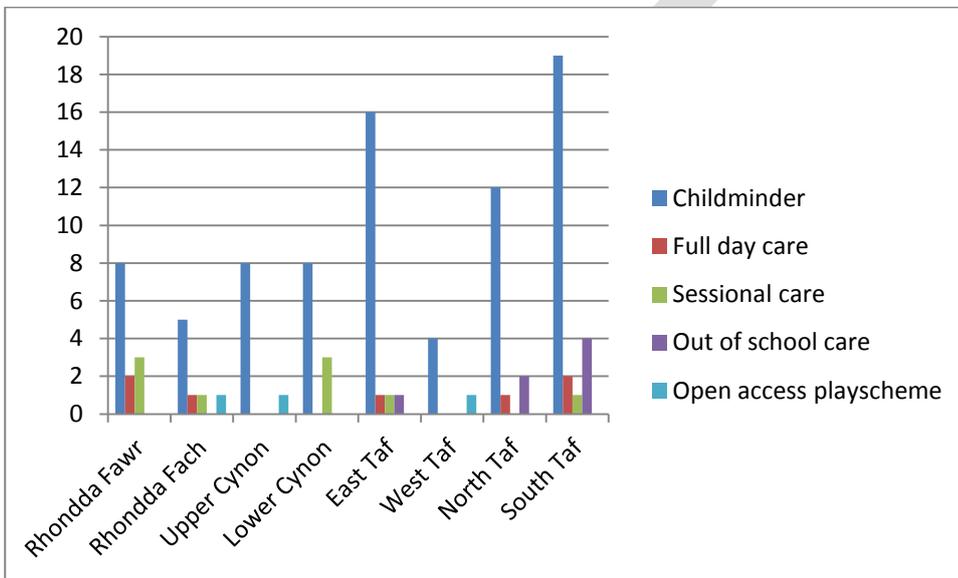


Figure 15: Registered provision – English medium

6.1 Childminder

6.1.1 Analysis of Supply of Childcare Provision

Childminding tends to be the childcare type with the most fluidity within the market. In 2016, there was a net loss of 33 childminding places throughout RCT, plus the temporary loss of 32 places.

There were 15 newly registered childminders in total, two in the Rhonda Fawr area, one in Rhondda Fach, two in Upper Cynon, one in Lower Cynon, three in East Taf, three in North Taf and two in South Taf, resulting in 22 new places in total. Five of these providers were registered after the SASS completion time and so are not included in the data below.

Five childminders suspended their registration, two each in the Upper Cynon and East Taf area, and one in West Taf area, with the temporary loss of 32 places.

Ten childminders cancelled their registration, two in Lower Cynon, six in East Taf, one in North Taf and one in South Taf, resulting in the loss of 55 places. Of these, all but one was before the SASS was due to be completed in August 2016 and are not therefore included in the data below.

The diagram below illustrates that the highest number of CSSIW registered childminders are in the South Taf area of RCT, followed by East Taf. The lowest number of registered childminders is in West Taf, followed by Rhondda Fach.

At the time of writing, 23 of these childminders are on the RCT Childminding Network. These are childminders who have been assessed against a set of quality standards and are supported by a Network Co-ordinator. They offer respite care to children with additional learning and physical needs or those deemed vulnerable through the Holiday Fun Time programme. Six of these are in Rhondda Fawr, one in Rhondda Fach, nine in Upper Cynon, one in Lower Cynon, one in East Taf, one in West Taf, three in North Taf and one in South Taf.

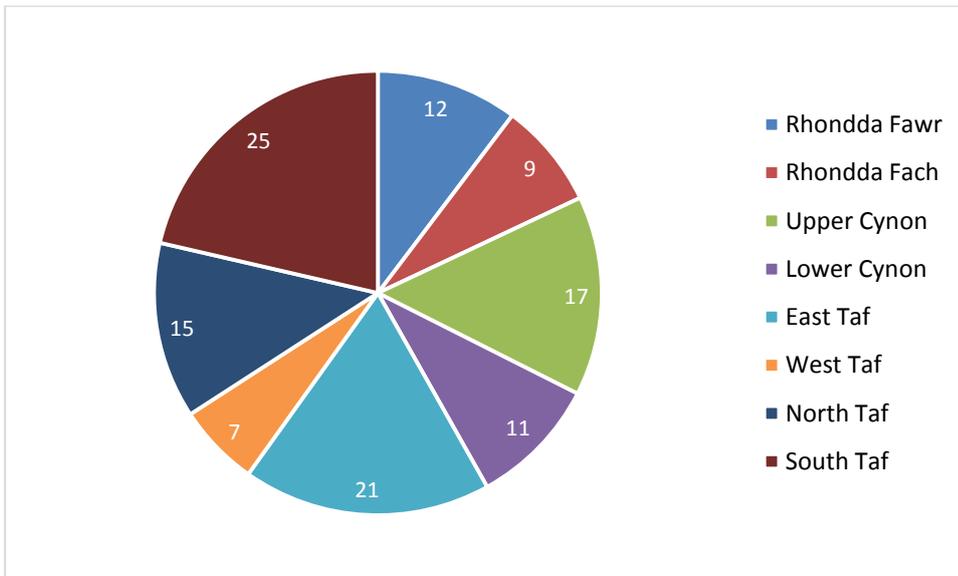


Figure 16: Number of registered childminders

Range of services provided

	Rhondda Fawr	Rhondda Fach	Upper Cynon	Lower Cynon	East Taf	West Taf	North Taf	South Taf
Total number of childminders	12	9	17	11	21	7	15	25
Full day care	10	8	15	10	19	6	13	23
Half day care (AM)	8	5	13	9	18	4	13	23
Half day care (PM)	8	5	12	9	19	5	11	17
Before school	10	6	16	11	20	6	13	19
After school	10	8	16	11	21	5	13	21
Wraparound	8	3	6	3	15	2	6	23
Holiday provision	10	8	13	10	19	4	9	16
Other	1	1	4	0	0	0	1	20

Number of places filled by children who have special educational needs or who require specialist care due to a disability

Of those children attending childminding settings with additional needs, the most common type of condition supported is speech, language and communication difficulties. Network childminders have received additional training and support to offer respite and specialist

care to vulnerable children and those with additional learning and physical needs. The promotion of the network to newly registered childminders remains a priority for officers.

	Rhondda Fawr	Rhondda Fach	Upper Cynon	Lower Cynon	East Taf	West Taf	North Taf	South Taf
Total number of children	17	4	13	1	3	4	10	2
Speech and language and communication difficulties	5	0	4	0	3	2	3	1
Specific learning (e.g. dyslexia, ADHD, dyspraxia)	5	1	4	0	1	1	2	1
Hearing difficulties	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	1
Learning difficulties (e.g. global developmental delay)	4	0	6	0	0	0	3	0
Visual difficulties	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
Emotional and behavioural difficulties	4	1	5	0	0	1	2	0
Physical	2	0	3	0	0	1	0	0
Medical condition	1	1	2	0	0	0	1	0

For those childminders that indicated that children in their care had other medical conditions, these include epilepsy, cerebral palsy and the child needing tube feeding.

Number of Welsh language places filled

Only one childminder indicated that they delivered their service through the medium of Welsh. This provider is in the East Taf area of RCT. There are six places available, but at the time of the SASS data being collected, only one place was filled. This was a full time placement, for both term time and school holiday periods.

One childminder indicated that they deliver their service through both Welsh and English medium. This provider is in the Rhondda Fawr area. There are eight available places, with four being filled at the time of the SASS data collection. During term time, one is a full time placement, two are part time and one is ad hoc. The same pattern is replicated during school holiday periods.

Vacancies

	Rhondda Fawr	Rhondda Fach	Upper Cynon	Lower Cynon	East Taf	West Taf	North Taf	South Taf
Full day care	14	13	59	28	16	34	59	29
Half day care (AM)	13	6	19	14	11	23	6	14
Half day care (PM)	10	2	17	6	13	26	6	11
Before school	10	6	67	12	20	27	22	67
After school	10	1	82	9	15	22	16	59
Wraparound	6	0	0	0	4	0	0	2
Holiday provision (AM)	6	0	56	5	11	0	24	65
Holiday provision (PM)	5	0	56	5	12	0	24	65
TOTAL	74	28	356	79	102	132	157	312

It can be seen that for childminders, the largest number of vacancies are for full day care, with childminders in the Upper Cynon and North Taf areas having the highest number of vacancies for this type of service. The lowest number of vacancies overall are for childminders in the Rhondda Fach area.

Opening times, including the number offering flexible childcare hours

Childminders offer the most flexible care for parents who require atypical hours. During term time, 75% of the childminders who completed their SASS return offer care before 8am with 26% offering care after 6pm. No childminders offer overnight care during term time, with only one offering the service during the school holiday periods. 9% of the childminders offer care at weekends in term time, with 8% offering this service during school holiday periods. Although childminders are more flexible with regards to their opening and closing times, they do not sufficiently cater for the needs of parents who work weekend or overnight shifts.

Area	Term time	School holiday periods
Rhondda Fawr	All 12 childminders in this area state that they offer care before 8am. The earliest opening time is 5am, with most others offering	Ten offer care during the school holiday periods before 8am. Four offer care after 6pm. None offer overnight care.

	<p>care from 7am. Four offer care after 6pm. No childminders offer overnight care. Two offer weekend care.</p>	<p>Two offer weekend care.</p>
Rhondda Fach	<p>Seven of the 9 childminders offer care before 8am. Two offer care after 6pm, with 7pm the latest time stated. No childminders in this area offer overnight care nor weekend care.</p>	<p>Seven offer care before 8am. One offer care after 6pm, up to 7pm. None offer overnight care nor weekend care.</p>
Upper Cynon	<p>Ten of the 17 childminders in this area offer care before 8am, with 7am being the earliest start time listed. Five offer care after 6pm, with 7.30pm being the latest time. No childminders in this area offer overnight care. Three offer care at weekends, with two opening at 7.30am.</p>	<p>Nine offer care before 8am. Five offer care after 6pm. None offer overnight care. Three offer weekend care.</p>
Lower Cynon	<p>Seven of the 11 childminders offer care before 8am, with 7am being the earliest opening time. Two offer care after 6pm. None offer overnight care. Two offer weekend care.</p>	<p>Five offer care before 8am. Two offer care after 6pm. None offer overnight care. Two offer weekend care.</p>
East Taf	<p>17 of the 21 childminders offer care before 8am, with 7am being the earliest opening time. Seven offer care after 6pm, with 7pm being the latest time stated. None offer overnight care, nor weekend care.</p>	<p>17 offer care before 8am. Seven offer care after 6pm. None offer overnight care, nor weekend care.</p>
West Taf	<p>Six of the 7 childminders offer care before 8am, with 6am being the earliest opening time. One offer care after 6pm to 6.30pm. None offer overnight care, nor weekend care.</p>	<p>Five offer care before 8am. One offers care after 6pm. None offer overnight care, nor weekend care.</p>
North Taf	<p>11 out of 15 childminders offer care before 8am, with 7am being the earliest opening time. Three offer care after 6pm. None offer overnight care.</p>	<p>Nine offer care before 8am. One offers care after 6pm. None offer overnight care. One offer weekend care.</p>

	One offers weekend care.	
South Taf	18 of the 25 childminders offer care before 8am, with 7am being the earliest opening time. Six offer care after 6pm. None offer overnight care. Two offer weekend care.	12 offer care before 8am. Five offer care after 6pm. One offers overnight care. One offer weekend car.

Range of charges

When completing the SASS return, providers were asked to report their range of fees in terms of an hourly rate. Some providers did not comply with this and instead reported their sessional or daily fees. Therefore, it is not possible to gather a true comparison of prices charged.

For the purposes of this report, the median hourly cost has been calculated and for the whole of RCT, the median cost per hour for childminders is £5.00 per hour for all services other than wraparound care where the median cost is £4.50 per hour. This is an increase of 20.8% from the average costs reported in the 2015 CSA update report of £4.14 per hour.

RCT wide	Full Day Care	Half Day AM	Half Day PM	Before School	After School	Wrap-around	Holiday Provision AM	Holiday Provision PM
Min	£2.10	£3.00	£3.00	£3.25	£3.25	£3.50	£3.00	£3.00
Max	£62.50	£35.00	£32.50	£15.00	£17.50	£27.00	£39.25	£39.25
Median	£5.00	£5.00	£5.00	£5.00	£5.00	£4.50	£5.00	£5.00

Median cost per hour	Full Day Care	Half Day AM	Half Day PM	Before School	After School	Wrap-around	Holiday Provision AM	Holiday Provision PM
Rhondda Fawr	£30.00	£18.00	£11.50	£4.50	£4.75	£4.25	£4.75	£4.75
Rhondda Fach	£5.00	£12.35	£12.35	£4.60	£4.70	£4.70	£4.70	£4.70
Upper Cynon	£22.13	£12.50	£10.00	£5.00	£5.00	25.00	£9.70	£5.00
Lower Cynon	£37.50	22.00	£22.00	£5.50	£5.75	£8.00	£22.00	£22.00
East Taf	£4.75	£4.00	£4.25	£5.00	£5.00	£4.25	£4.00	£4.00

West Taf	£4.50	£4.50	£4.50	£4.75	£4.75	£5.00	£4.50	£4.50
North Taf	£4.20	£4.25	£4.25	£6.50	£5.50	£12.13	£4.20	£4.25
South Taf	£4.00	£4.50	£4.50	£4.50	£4.50	£4.00	£4.50	£4.50

6.1.2 Summary of Key Strengths and Weaknesses

Strengths

- Good number of registered childminders in all areas of RCT
- Offer wide range of services, including atypical hours
- Quality of service offered by Network childminders to vulnerable

Weaknesses

- Number of Welsh medium childminders
- Lack of Network childminders in Rhondda Fach, Lower Cynon, East Taf, West Taf and South Taf

6.2 Full Day Care

6.2.1 Analysis of Supply of Childcare Provision

There were no new full day care providers registered during 2016. One provider suspended their registration in the Rhondda Fach area, resulting in the temporary loss of 38 places. This was before the SASS completion deadline meaning that they are not included in the data below. Three full day care providers cancelled their registration during 2016, one in Upper Cynon and one in South Taf, resulting in the loss of 84 registered places. Both of these were before the SASS completion date and so are not included in the data below.

Despite the loss of places detailed above, the diagram below illustrates that there remains a fairly even spread of full day care providers throughout RCT, with the exception of West Taf that does not have any registered full day care providers. However, officers are aware of a provision based in Abercerdin Primary School which, although at the top end of the Gilfach Goch ward, actually sits within Bridgend County Borough Council. They are registered as a full day care provider and provide a range of services including a morning playgroup and after school provision. Although this is in Bridgend, this provision does benefit many children who reside in the West Taf area of RCT.

It is important to note that not all providers registered for full day care operate as full day care nurseries. 17.1% of those listed below offer sessional care, as well as wraparound care for nursery aged children (6). They have registered as full day care so that the range of services they offer can be extended, whether now or in the future.

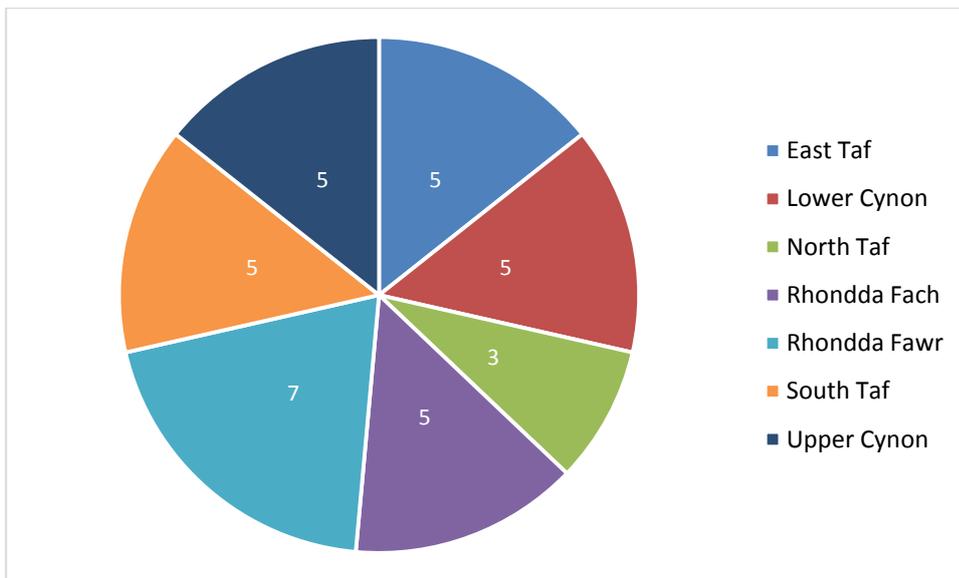


Figure 17: Number of registered full day care providers

Range of services provided

	Rhondda Fawr	Rhondda Fach	Upper Cynon	Lower Cynon	East Taf	West Taf	North Taf	South Taf
Total number of Full day care providers	7	5	5	5	5	0	3	5
Full day care	6	2	5	5	3	0	3	5
Half day care (AM)	5	1	2	4	1	0	2	3
Half day care (PM)	4	1	2	4	1	0	2	3
Before school	3	0	2	3	0	0	1	2
After school	3	0	2	4	0	0	1	2
Wraparound	2	0	2	5	0	0	2	1
Playgroup / Cylch Meithrin (AM)	2	3	1	4	1	0	1	1
Playgroup / Cylch Meithrin (PM)	2	3	1	4	1	0	1	1
Crèche	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Lunch	1	1	5	4	1	0	2	0
Holiday provision	5	1	3	3	0	0	3	3
Other	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0

Number of places filled by children who have special educational needs or who require specialist care due to a disability

Of those children attending full day care settings with additional needs, the most common type of condition supported is speech, language and communication difficulties, followed by learning difficulties and emotional and behavioural difficulties. Full day care providers are an important part of the Holiday Fun Time programme and provide respite care to referred children with additional and learning needs through school holiday periods.

	Rhondda Fawr	Rhondda Fach	Upper Cynon	Lower Cynon	East Taf	West Taf	North Taf	South Taf
Total number of children	33	8	14	30	11	0	27	11
Speech and language and communication difficulties	7	3	2	5	2	0	2	2
Specific learning (e.g. dyslexia, ADHD, dyspraxia)	2	0	0	2	2	0	2	0
Hearing difficulties	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	1
Learning difficulties (e.g. global developmental delay)	5	2	2	3	1	0	2	2
Visual difficulties	1	0	1	2	0	0	1	1
Emotional and behavioural difficulties	3	2	4	3	2	0	2	1
Physical	4	1	1	2	1	0	2	2
Medical condition	3	1	3	3	2	0	2	1

For those full day care providers that indicated that children in their care had other medical conditions, these include autistic spectrum disorder, cerebral palsy, Down's syndrome and epilepsy.

Number of Welsh language places filled

Six full day care providers reported that they deliver their services through the medium of welsh. There are 199 registered places available at any one time, with 350 children currently accessing their services in total. One of these providers is based in the Rhondda Fach area, one in Upper Cynon, two in Lower Cynon, one in East Taf and one in South

Taf. Two of these settings are Flying Start providers and four are Registered Education Providers.

Three full day care providers indicated that they deliver their service through Welsh and English. There are 104 registered places available with 90 children currently accessing their services. Two of these are based in Rhondda Fawr and one in Lower Cynon.

Vacancies

	Rhondda Fawr	Rhondda Fach	Upper Cynon	Lower Cynon	East Taf	West Taf	North Taf	South Taf
Full day care	54	91	23	76	31	-	12	154
Half day care (AM)	51	17	29	0	26	-	17	13
Half day care (PM)	57	24	30	0	79	-	29	8
Before school	3	0	16	28	0	-	0	3
After school	7	0	10	22	0	-	0	0
Wraparound	0	0	0	1	0	-	0	13
Playgroup / Cylch Meithrin (AM)	40	39	2	7	6	-	8	11
Playgroup / Cylch Meithrin (PM)	15	44	20	11	0	-	0	6
Crèche	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0
Lunch	0	30	20	16	0	-	0	0
Holiday provision	20	0	0	0	0	-	22	0

For full day care providers, the largest number of vacancies are for full day care, with providers in the South Taf and Rhondda Fach areas having the highest number of vacancies for this type of service. The lowest number of vacancies overall are for full day care providers in the North Taf area.

Opening times, including the number offering flexible childcare hours

Of those full day care providers who completed the SASS return, none offer care overnight or weekend care. 40% offer care before 8am during term time, with 37% offering this during school holiday periods. Only one provider offers care after 6pm (3% of the total).

Area	Term time	School holiday periods
Rhondda Fawr	Two of the six full day care providers in this area state that they offer care before 8am. The earliest opening time is 7am. None offer care after 6pm. None offer overnight care or weekend care.	One offers care during the school holiday periods before 8am. None offer care after 6pm. None offer overnight care or weekend care.
Rhondda Fach	One of the 7 full day care providers offers care before 8am, opening at 7.30am. None offer care after 6pm. None offer overnight care or weekend care.	One of the 7 full day care providers offers care before 8am. None offer care after 6pm. None offer overnight care or weekend care.
Upper Cynon	Two of the 5 full day care providers offer care before 8am, with 6.30am being the earliest start time listed. One offers care after 6pm, to 6.30pm. None offer overnight care or weekend care.	Two offer care before 8am. One offers care after 6pm. None offer overnight care or weekend care.
Lower Cynon	Two of the 5 full day care providers offer care before 8am, with 7am being the earliest start time listed. None offer care after 6pm. None offer overnight care or weekend care.	Two offer care before 8am. None offer care after 6pm. None offer overnight care or weekend care.
East Taf	Two of the 5 full day care providers offer care before 8am, with 7.30am being the earliest start time listed. None offer care after 6pm. None offer overnight care or weekend care.	Two offer care before 8am. None offer care after 6pm. None offer overnight care or weekend care.
West Taf	No full day care providers in this area	
North Taf	Two of the 3 full day care providers offer care before 8am, with 7am being the earliest start time listed. None offer care after 6pm. None offer overnight care or weekend care.	Two offer care before 8am. None offer care after 6pm. None offer overnight care or weekend care.

South Taf	Three of the 5 full day care providers offer care before 8am, with 7am being the earliest start time listed. None offer care after 6pm. None offer overnight care or weekend care.	Three offer care before 8am. None offer care after 6pm. None offer overnight care or weekend care.
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Range of charges

When completing the SASS return, providers were asked to report their range of fees in terms of an hourly rate. Some providers did not comply with this and instead reported their sessional or daily fees. Therefore, it is not possible to gather a true comparison of prices charged.

For the purposes of this report, the median hourly cost has been calculated and for the whole of RCT, the median cost per hour for full day care providers is calculated at £37.00 per hour for full day care and £10.50 per hour for after school provision. The SASS guidance stated that providers were to calculate an hourly fee to input into the SASS so that a fair comparison could be made of fees charged. It is clear that many settings misunderstood this guidance and instead inputted sessional or daily rates. This has distorted the data and is not a true representation of the hourly cost of full day care in RCT. The data below should therefore be used with caution.

RCT wide	Full Day Care	Half Day (AM)	Half Day (PM)	Before School	After School	Wrap-around	Playgroup / Cylch Meithrin (AM)	Playgroup / Cylch Meithrin (PM)	Lunch	Holiday Provision
Min	£3.71	£4.67	£4.67	£3.50	£4.00	£3.25	£2.83	£2.83	£2.50	£2.88
Max	£145.00	£32.00	£28.50	£15.00	£16.00	£26.00	£12.00	£12.00	£3.00	£28.10
Median	£37.00	£21.50	£21.50	£9.00	£10.50	£10.00	£8.25	£7.50	£3.00	£16.50

Median cost per hour	Full Day Care	Half Day (AM)	Half Day (PM)	Before School	After School	Wrap-around	Playgroup / Cylch Meithrin (AM)	Playgroup / Cylch Meithrin (PM)	Lunch	Holiday Provision

Rhondda Fawr	£39.63	£24.00	£26.00	£9.00	£10.50	-	£12.00	-	£2.50	£17.00
Rhondda Fach	£20.41	£12.90	£12.90	-	-	-	£7.00	£7.00	-	-
Upper Cynon	£37.00	£15.50	£15.50	£9.25	£9.50	£3.25	£2.83	£2.83	£3.00	-
Lower Cynon	£25.00	£16.00	£16.00	£5.00	£4.00	£8.75	£7.50	£7.50	£3.00	£5.85
East Taf	£37.00	£29.00	£26.50	-	-	-	£12.00	£12.00	-	-
West Taf	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
North Taf	£42.00	£27.00	£27.00	£13.00	£15.00	£26.00	-	-	-	£14.00
South Taf	£39.00	£23.00	£21.50	£8.00	£16.00	£10.00	£9.00	£9.00	-	£21.50

6.2.2 Summary of Key Strengths and Weaknesses

Strengths

- Good number of full day care providers throughout RCT (except West Taf)
- Key partner in delivery of Holiday Fun Time programme and other support for vulnerable children and those with additional learning and physical needs
- Good selection of Welsh medium provision

Weaknesses

- High number of vacancies, particularly in South Taf and Rhondda Fach areas
- Do not typically offer atypical hours for parents working shifts or unsociable hours

6.3 Sessional Day Care

6.3.1 Analysis of Supply of Childcare Provision

One new sessional care provider registered during 2016 in the Rhondda Fawr area, with the creation of 16 registered places. Two settings suspended their registration, one in Rhondda Fawr and one in North Taf, resulting in the temporary loss of 36 places. Four settings cancelled their registration, three in North Taf and one in South Taf, resulting in the loss of 78 registered places. There was therefore a net loss of 62 registered places in 2016 and the temporary loss of 36 places.

The diagram below illustrates that the highest number of CSSIW registered sessional care providers are in the East Taf and Rhondda Fawr areas of RCT, followed by Rhondda Fach. The lowest number of registered sessional providers are in South Taf and Upper Cynon.

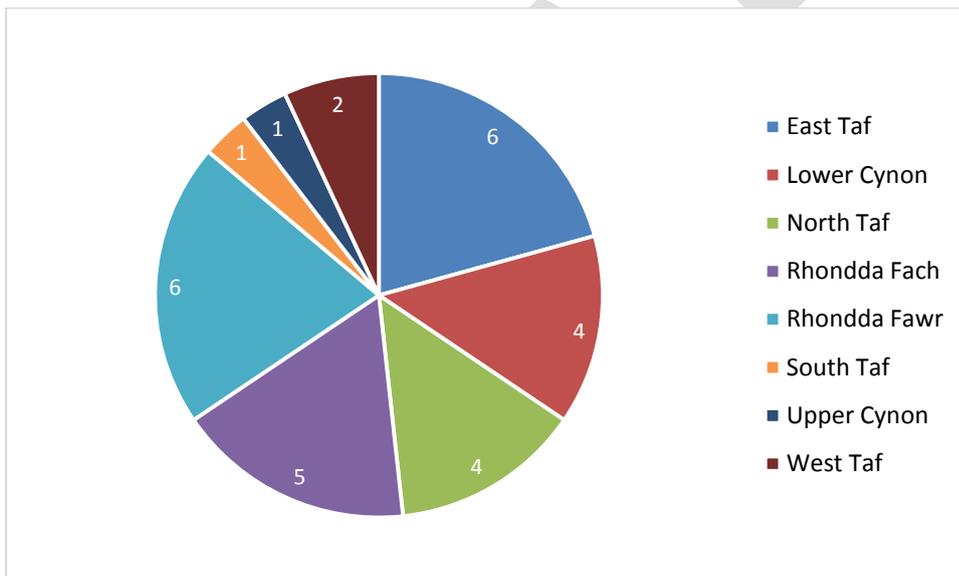


Figure 18: Number of registered sessional care providers

There were five unregistered sessional care providers who completed questionnaires in August 2016. All of these offer morning only playgroup sessions, one through the medium of Welsh, one Welsh and English, two English with bilingual elements and one through the medium of English only. The geographical areas are shown in the chart below:

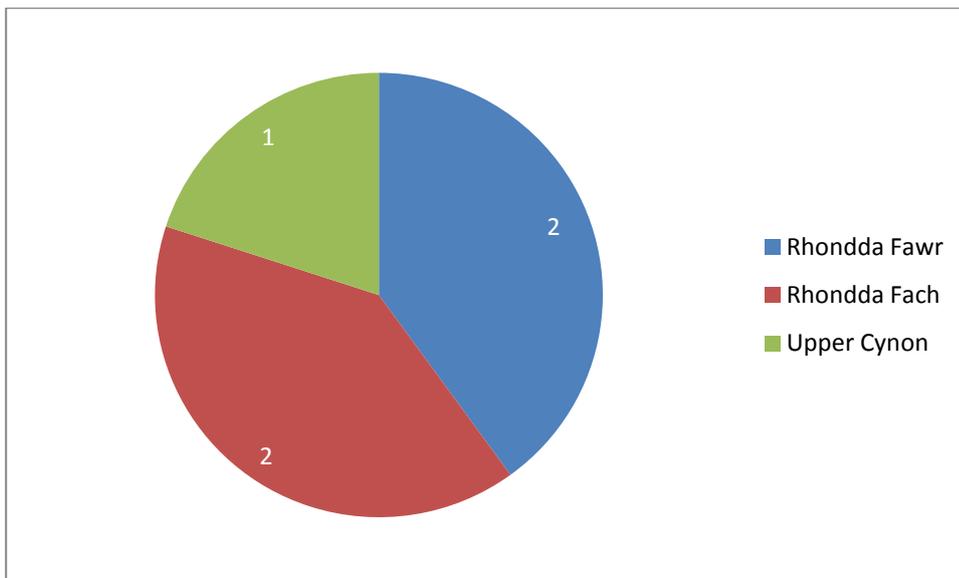


Figure 19: Number of unregistered sessional care providers

Range of services provided

	Rhondda Fawr	Rhondda Fach	Upper Cynon	Lower Cynon	East Taf	West Taf	North Taf	South Taf
Total number of Sessional care providers	6	5	1	4	6	2	4	1
Full day care	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Before school	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
After school	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wraparound	2	1	0	0	3	0	2	0
Playgroup / Cylch Meithrin (AM)	6	5	1	3	5	2	4	1
Playgroup / Cylch Meithrin (PM)	2	1	0	0	3	0	2	0
Crèche	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Lunch	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0
Holiday provision	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Number of places filled by children who have special educational needs or who require specialist care due to a disability

Of those children attending sessional care providers with additional needs, the most common type of condition supported is speech, language and communication difficulties. This is comparable with the conditions most commonly found in childminder and full day care settings.

	Rhondda Fawr	Rhondda Fach	Upper Cynon	Lower Cynon	East Taf	West Taf	North Taf	South Taf
Total number of children	9	9	12	12	8	4	17	0
Speech and language and communication difficulties	3	4	1	3	3	1	4	0
Specific learning (e.g. dyslexia, ADHD, dyspraxia)	2	1	0	0	0	1	2	0
Hearing difficulties	1	0	1	0	0	0	2	0
Learning difficulties (e.g. global developmental delay)	1	3	0	3	1	1	2	0
Visual difficulties	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0
Emotional and behavioural difficulties	1	2	0	2	2	1	2	0
Physical	0	2	0	2	0	1	2	0
Medical condition	1	2	1	2	1	2	2	0

For those sessional care providers that indicated that children in their care had other medical conditions, these include autistic spectrum disorder, cerebral palsy, Down's syndrome and epilepsy.

Number of Welsh language places filled

Six sessional care providers reported that they deliver their services through the medium of Welsh. There are 152 registered places available at any one time, with 201 children currently accessing their services in total. Four of these providers is based in the East Taf area, one in West Taf and one in North Taf. Two of these settings are Flying Start providers and four are Registered Education Providers.

Three sessional care providers indicated that they deliver their service through Welsh and English. There are 72 registered places available with 67 children currently accessing their services. One of these is based in Rhondda Fawr, one in Rhondda Fach and one in North Taf.

Vacancies

	Rhondda Fawr	Rhondda Fach	Upper Cynon	Lower Cynon	East Taf	West Taf	North Taf	South Taf
Full day care	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Half day care (AM)	7	60	27	43	27	15	49	0
Half day care (PM)	15	53	64	30	2	4	87	0
Before school	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
After school	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wraparound	7	7	0	0	4	0	0	0
Holiday provision (AM)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Holiday provision (PM)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

It can be seen that for sessional care providers, the largest number of vacancies are for afternoon half day care, with providers in the Upper Cynon and North Taf areas having the highest number of vacancies for this type of service. The lowest number of vacancies is for wraparound care.

Opening times, including the number offering flexible childcare hours

No sessional care providers who completed the SASS return offer care before 8am, after 6pm, overnight or at weekends. However, this registration type does not allow for this level of service. Most sessional care providers open for 2½ to 3 hour sessions, with 8.45am the earliest opening time for the morning session. The earliest afternoon session starts at 12.15pm.

Range of charges

For the purposes of this report, the median hourly cost has been calculated and for the whole of RCT, the median cost per hour for sessional care providers is calculated at £8.50 per hour for wraparound and playgroup provision. The SASS guidance stated that

providers were to calculate an hourly fee to input into the SASS so that a fair comparison could be made of fees charged. It is clear that many settings misunderstood this guidance and instead inputted sessional or daily rates. This has distorted the data and is not a true representation of the hourly cost of full day care in RCT. The data below should therefore be used with caution.

RCT wide	Full Day Care	Before School	After School	Wrap-around	Playgroup / Cylch Meithrin (AM)	Playgroup / Cylch Meithrin (PM)	Crèche	Lunch	Holiday Provision
Min	-	-	-	£7.50	£2.83	£5.50	-	£4.00	-
Max	-	-	-	£12.00	£40.00	£13.00	-	£4.00	-
Median	-	-	-	£8.00	£8.50	£8.50	-	£4.00	-

Median cost per hour	Full Day Care	Before School	After School	Wrap-around	Playgroup / Cylch Meithrin (AM)	Playgroup / Cylch Meithrin (PM)	Crèche	Lunch	Holiday Provision
Rhondda Fawr	-	-	-	£7.50	£8.25	£6.00	-	-	-
Rhondda Fach	-	-	-	£11.00	£8.25	£8.50	-	£4.00	-
Upper Cynon	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lower Cynon	-	-	-	-	£7.00	£7.00	-	-	-
East Taf	-	-	-	£8.00	£12.00	£11.00	-	-	-
West Taf	-	-	-	-	£8.75	£10.00	-	-	-
North Taf	-	-	-	£8.00	£9.00	£9.00	-	-	-
South Taf	-	-	-	-	£10.00	-	-	-	-

6.3.2 Summary of Key Strengths and Weaknesses

Strengths

- Good range of sessional care providers throughout RCT (except South Taf and upper Cynon)

- Key partner in delivery of Holiday Fun Time programme and other support for vulnerable children and those with additional learning and physical needs
- Good selection of Welsh medium providers

Weaknesses

- Number of unregistered sessional care providers operating in RCT. Although providing a service to parents, there is no measure of quality or suitability of staff. Parents are also not able to take advantage of financial schemes to support them with the cost of childcare
- Lack of sessional care during holiday periods

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6.4 Crèches

6.4.1 Analysis of Supply of Childcare Provision

No registered providers reported in the SASS return that they offer Crèche facilities.

Early Years and Family Support Services have a dedicated Flying Start Support Team who provide crèche facilities to parents attending Flying Start parenting programmes. This team is currently unregistered, delivering sessions that last for less than two hours per day.

6.4.2 Summary of Key Strengths and Weaknesses

Crèches offer a flexible service to parents who need ad hoc, irregular childcare. This service is particularly beneficial to parents who are attending training or education. Officers will monitor the need for crèche facilities and promote this service where necessary.

6.5 Out of School Care

6.5.1 Analysis of Supply of Childcare Provision

There was one new out of school childcare provider registered during 2016. This was in the South Taf area and has created 63 new registered places.

The diagram below illustrates that the highest number of CSSIW registered out of school care providers are in the South Taf area of RCT, followed by North Taf. According to SASS data, there are no registered out of school care providers in Rhondda Fawr, Rhondda Fach, Upper Cynon or Lower Cynon.

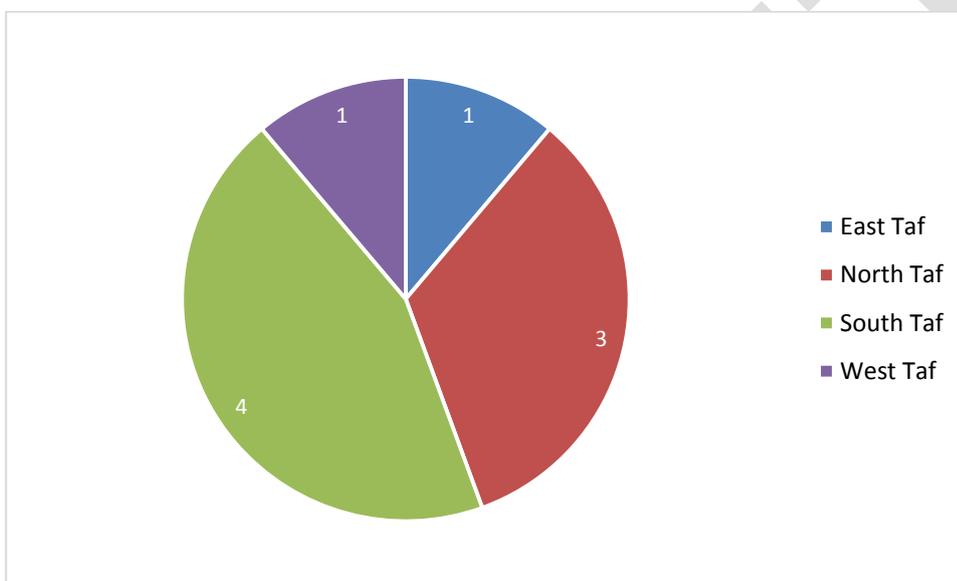


Figure 20: Number of registered out of school childcare providers

RCT continues to have a high proportion of unregistered out of school clubs. This has been a continuing priority for officers since the last full CSA report in 2014. Five unregistered out of school care providers completed questionnaires in August 2016, although officers are aware of more operating throughout the County Borough. All of those that responded to the questionnaire offer after school childcare facilities for less than two hours per day. All deliver their provision through the medium of Welsh, except for the setting in West Taf which delivers it through English only. The geographical distribution is illustrated in the chart below:

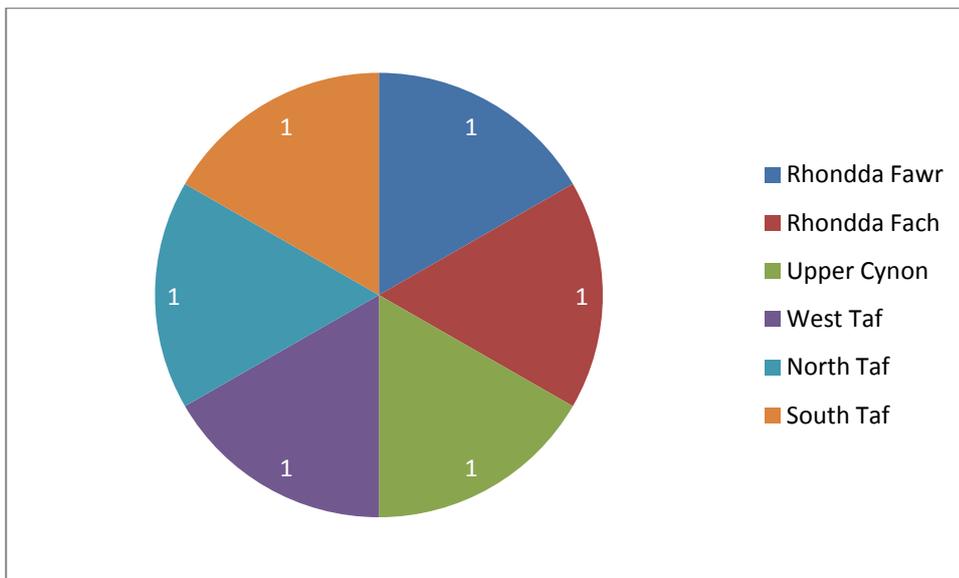


Figure 21: Number of unregistered out of school care providers

Range of services provided

	Rhondda Fawr	Rhondda Fach	Upper Cynon	Lower Cynon	East Taf	West Taf	North Taf	South Taf
Total number of out of school care providers	-	-	-	-	1	1	3	4
Before school	-	-	-	-	0	0	2	1
After school	-	-	-	-	0	1	2	4
Wraparound	-	-	-	-	0	0	0	1
Playscheme sessions	-	-	-	-	0	0	0	1
Holiday provision	-	-	-	-	0	1	1	1

Number of places filled by children who have special educational needs or who require specialist care due to a disability

Of those children attending out of school care settings with additional needs, the most common type of condition supported is specific learning, hearing difficulties and specific medical conditions. These include Rett Syndrome, Cerebral Palsy and Downs Syndrome.

	Rhondda Fawr	Rhondda Fach	Upper Cynon	Lower Cynon	East Taf	West Taf	North Taf	South Taf
Total number of children	-	-	-	-	7	17	31	0

Speech and language and communication difficulties	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	0
Specific learning (e.g. dyslexia, ADHD, dyspraxia)	-	-	-	-	1	1	2	0
Hearing difficulties	-	-	-	-	1	1	2	0
Learning difficulties (e.g. global developmental delay)	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	0
Visual difficulties	-	-	-	-	1	0	1	0
Emotional and behavioural difficulties	-	-	-	-	0	1	2	0
Physical	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	0
Medical condition	-	-	-	-	1	1	2	0

Number of Welsh language places filled

One out of school care provider reported that they deliver their services through the medium of Welsh. There are 30 registered places available at any one time, with 67 children currently accessing their services in total. According to SASS data, this provider is based in North Taf.

No out of school care providers reported that they deliver their service through Welsh and English.

Officers know that there are six Welsh medium out of school clubs that are currently unregistered. Support has been ongoing with these providers to register their services and so offer parents longer hours during term time and extend into school holiday periods. This work will continue through the coming year.

Vacancies

	Rhondda Fawr	Rhondda Fach	Upper Cynon	Lower Cynon	East Taf	West Taf	North Taf	South Taf
Before School	-	-	-	-	0	0	17	58
After School	-	-	-	-	0	59	10	241

Holiday Provision	-	-	-	-	0	58	119	0
Playscheme sessions	-	-	-	-	0	0	0	0
Other	-	-	-	-	0	0	0	74

It can be seen that for out of school care providers, the largest number of vacancies are for after school care, with providers in the South Taf area having the highest number of vacancies for this type of service. North Taf has the highest number of vacancies for holiday provision, whilst South Taf has the highest number of vacancies for before school care.

Opening times, including the number offering flexible childcare hours

In line with the type of registration, none of the out of school club settings that completed their SASS returns offer care overnight or at weekends. 22% offer care before 8am during term time (2), dropping to 11% during school holiday periods (1). None offer care after 6pm either during term time or school holidays.

Only 33% of these settings offer holiday childcare (3). Of these, they all offer care in all holiday periods, except for the Christmas holiday break, when only one provider offers this service. The low rate of out of school clubs offering holiday care is a concern for officers, as parents consistently report that holiday childcare for school aged children is required. 18.2% of parents who do not currently use childcare reported in the parent survey that holiday childcare is not available (62), whilst 10.6% of parents who are currently using childcare reported the same (11). This may suggest that the perception amongst parents who do not use childcare is that holiday childcare is not available, when in fact this is not the case. This will be investigated further over the coming year.

In light of RCT being selected as one of the early implementers for the Welsh Government 30 hour education/childcare offer, the development of additional holiday childcare clubs to accommodate the anticipated demand will be a priority for officers during 2017/18.

Range of charges

When completing the SASS return, providers were asked to report their range of fees in terms of an hourly rate. Some providers did not comply with this and instead reported their

sessional or daily fees. Therefore, it is not possible to gather a true comparison of prices charged.

For the purposes of this report, the median hourly cost has been calculated and for the whole of RCT, the median cost per hour for out of school care providers is £7.00 per hour for after school care, and £4.63 per hour for before school care.

RCT wide	Before School	After School	Wraparound	Playscheme session	Holiday Provision
Min	£2.00	£3.00	£5.14	£28.00	£2.20
Max	£13.00	£15.00	£7.20	£28.00	£28.00
Median	£4.63	£7.00	£6.17	£28.00	£18.45

Median cost per hour	Before School	After School	Wraparound	Playscheme session	Holiday Provision
Rhondda Fawr	-	-	-	-	-
Rhondda Fach	-	-	-	-	-
Upper Cynon	-	-	-	-	-
Lower Cynon	-	-	-	-	-
East Taf	-	£5.00	-	-	£16.00
West Taf	-	£3.00	-	-	£20.90
North Taf	£7.50	£9.17	-	£28.00	£15.10
South Taf	£4.63	£9.25	£6.17	-	-

6.5.2 Summary of Key Strengths and Weaknesses

Strengths

- Good selection of registered out of school care providers in South Taf area
- Good selection of Welsh medium out of school care providers (although most are currently unregistered)

Weaknesses

- Number of unregistered out of school care providers operating in RCT. Although providing a service to parents, there is no measure of quality or suitability of staff. Parents are also not able to take advantage of financial schemes to support them with the cost of childcare
- Lack of registered out of school care providers in Rhondda Fawr, Rhondda Fach, Upper Cynon or Lower Cynon
- Reasonably high number of vacancies in registered settings for after school care
- Low number of out of school care providers who offer holiday care

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6.6 Open Access Play Provision

6.6.1 Analysis of Supply of Childcare Provision

The diagram below illustrates that the highest number of CSSIW registered open access play providers are in the Upper Cynon area of RCT. According to SASS data, there are no registered open access playscheme providers in Lower Cynon, Rhondda Fawr, East Taf and South Taf.

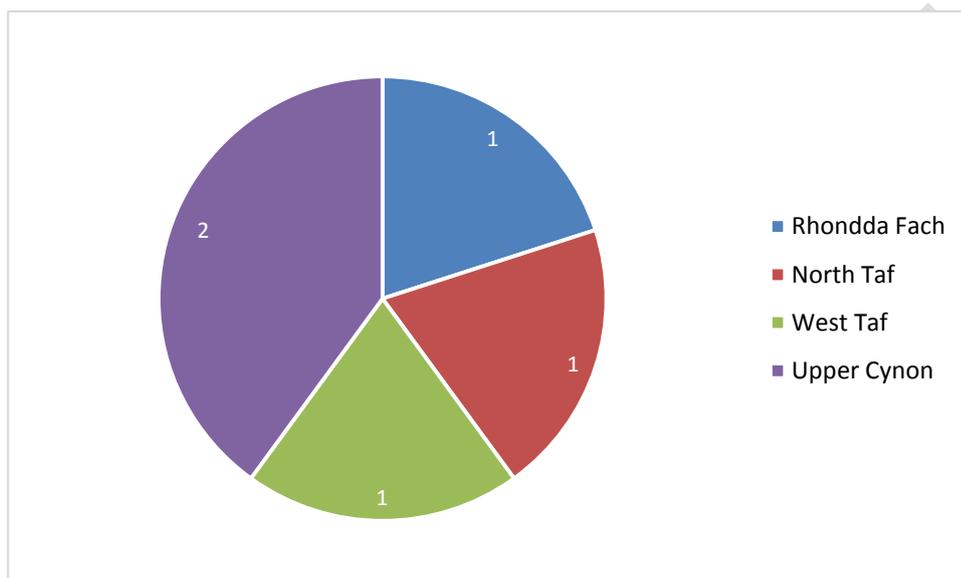


Figure 22: Number of registered open access play providers

Range of services provided

	Rhondda Fawr	Rhondda Fach	Upper Cynon	Lower Cynon	East Taf	West Taf	North Taf	South Taf
Total number of out of open access play providers	0	1	2	0	0	1	1	0
Before school	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
After school	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Playscheme sessions	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Holiday playscheme sessions	0	1	2	0	0	1	1	0

Number of places filled by children who have special educational needs or who require specialist care due to a disability

Of those children attending open access playscheme settings with additional needs, the most common type of condition supported are physical, followed by specific learning, emotional and behavioural difficulties and specific medical conditions. These include asthma, allergies and eczema.

	Rhondda Fawr	Rhondda Fach	Upper Cynon	Lower Cynon	East Taf	West Taf	North Taf	South Taf
Total number of children	0	0	6	0	0	0	12	0
Speech and language and communication difficulties	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Specific learning (e.g. dyslexia, ADHD, dyspraxia)	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0
Hearing difficulties	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Learning difficulties (e.g. global developmental delay)	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Visual difficulties	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Emotional and behavioural difficulties	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0
Physical	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	0
Medical condition	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0

Number of Welsh language places filled

One open access playscheme provider reported that they deliver their services through the medium of Welsh. There are 30 registered places available at any one time, with 76 children currently accessing their services in total. According to SASS data, this provider is based in North Taf.

No open access playscheme providers reported that they deliver their service through Welsh and English.

Vacancies

	Rhondda Fawr	Rhondda Fach	Upper Cynon	Lower Cynon	East Taf	West Taf	North Taf	South Taf
Before School	-	0	0	-	-	0	0	-
After School	-	0	0	-	-	0	0	-
Holiday Provision	-	0	0	-	-	0	0	-
Playscheme sessions	-	0	0	-	-	0	0	-
Other	-	0	0	-	-	0	0	-

No registered open access playscheme providers reported that they had vacancies for their services.

Opening times, including the number offering flexible childcare hours

In line with the type of registration, none of the open access playscheme providers offer care overnight or at weekends. None offer care before 8am or after 6pm.

Because they are registered with CSSIW, they are able to offer playscheme sessions over two hours. Two settings in Upper Cynon offer sessions from 10am – 2pm and 9am – 3pm respectively, whilst the other providers reported that they offered two, two hour sessions per day, with a break over lunchtime.

Officers are keen to support open access playscheme providers to extend their registration to offer fee paying childcare during the lunchtime periods, and before and after the playscheme sessions. This 'playcare' model will allow parents to facilitate a care package that covers longer hours during the school holiday periods, but for a reduced price (as the playscheme sessions are free). Despite this being a continuing priority since the last full CSA report in 2014, only one provider currently offers this service. Officers will continue to promote this type of service and support settings where possible.

Range of charges

When completing the SASS return, providers were asked to report their range of fees in terms of an hourly rate. Some providers did not comply with this and instead reported their sessional or daily fees. Therefore, it is not possible to gather a true comparison of prices charged.

For the purposes of this report, the median hourly cost has been calculated and for the whole of RCT, the median cost per hour for open access play providers is £2.13 per hour.

RCT wide	Before School	After School	Playscheme session	Holiday playscheme session
Min	-	-	-	£2.00
Max	-	-	-	£2.25
Median	-	-	-	£2.13

Median cost per hour	Before School	After School	Playscheme session	Holiday playscheme session
Rhondda Fawr	-	-	-	-
Rhondda Fach	-	-	-	-
Upper Cynon	-	-	-	£2.00
Lower Cynon	-	-	-	-
East Taf	-	-	-	-
West Taf	-	-	-	-
North Taf	-	-	-	£2.25
South Taf	-	-	-	-

6.6.2 Summary of Key Strengths and Weaknesses

Strengths

- RCT recognises the value and importance to children and families of open access play schemes and is supported via core funding and the out of school childcare grant
- Comprehensive training programme supports the playscheme workforce

Weaknesses

- Number of open access playschemes that are unregistered
- The confirmation that the Communities First programme is to be disbanded is likely to have a detrimental impact on open access playscheme provision in RCT

- Chwarae Plant, the play association for RCT, has ceased trading in 2016, resulting in the loss of four commissioned play schemes

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6.7 Nanny

6.7.1 Analysis of Supply of Childcare Provision

Officers are not aware of any nannies on the Voluntary register within RCT. This is not to say that there are nannies that are working for families residing within RCT but registered in neighbouring Local Authorities.

6.7.2 Summary of Key Strengths and Weaknesses

The benefits of home based nanny services include the flexibility and tailored service that can be offered to individual family circumstances. Promotion of the voluntary registration scheme may help to promote this form of childcare, particularly for larger families who find the cost of childcare prohibitive.

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7. Understanding the Needs of Parents / Carers

7.1 Overview of Consultation

An online survey was created using the Welsh Government template. This was open to parents to complete between 7th October and 11th November 2016. Family Information Service Outreach Officers also attended several community groups, such as parent and toddler groups, baby massage and talk and play groups to promote the survey to parents in these settings. During these sessions, 109 parents completed the survey on handheld tablets. Printed flyers were also distributed during these sessions to encourage parents to complete the survey online at another time. 425 online surveys were completed in total. Therefore, a total of 534 responses were received.

Using the postcode data collected, surveys were completed by respondents living in every ward in RCT. South Taf area had the most overall responses, whilst West Taf had the least (see below).

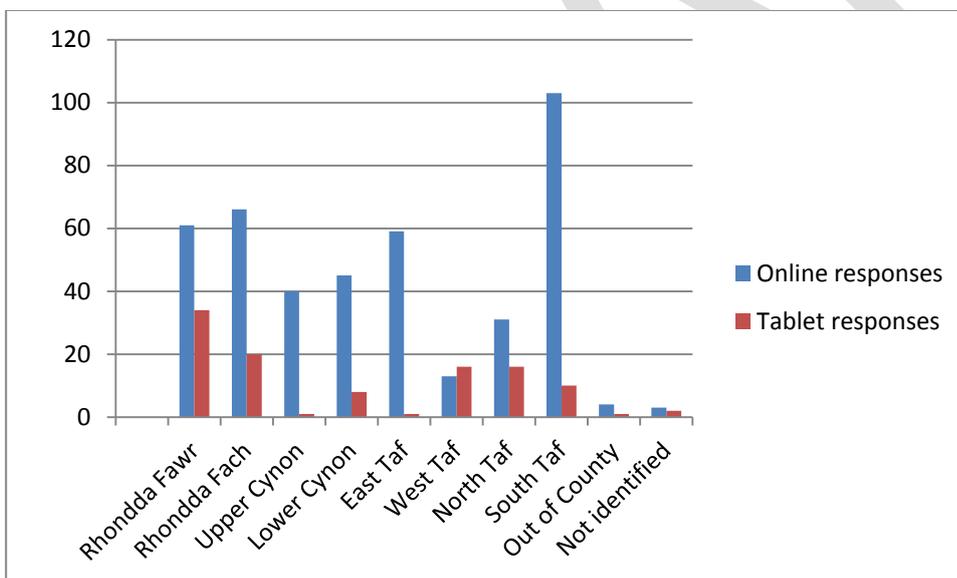


Figure 23: Responses to parent survey

Of these responses, 19.5% currently use childcare (104), 63.7% do not currently use childcare (340) with 2.1% of these intending to use it in the future (11). 0.6% of respondents were currently on maternity leave (3) and intend to use childcare when they return to work.

Status	Number
Parent / Carer in work (not expecting a baby)	383
Parent / Carer in education or training (not expecting a baby)	13
Parent / Carer seeking work (not expecting a baby)	11
Parent / Carer seeking education or training (not expecting a baby)	0
Expecting or on maternity / paternity leave with <u>first</u> child	13
Adopting <u>first</u> child	0
Parent / Carer expecting or on maternity / paternity leave with <u>additional children</u>	27
Adopting or on adoption leave with <u>additional children</u>	3
Parent / Carer not in work	82
Parent / Carer not in education or training	6

Respondents by annual household income

Below is the breakdown of household income of the respondents to the parent survey. 21.9% did not state their household income (117), whilst 30.3% reported that their annual household income was below £30,000 per year (162). Most of these respondents live in the Rhondda Fawr and Rhondda Fach areas or RCT. 18.5% reported that their household income was above £50,000 per year (99). The majority of these respondents live in the South Taf area, followed by East Taf.

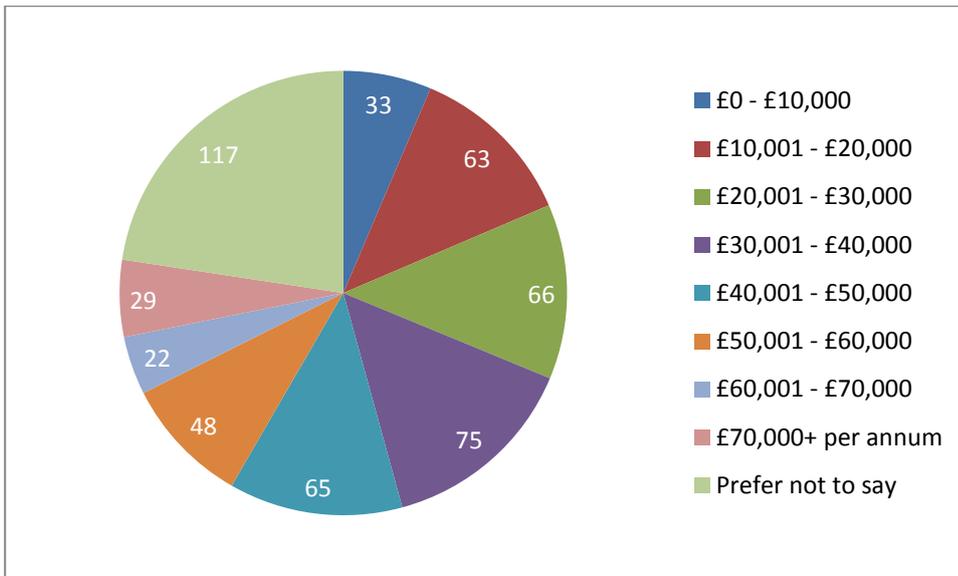


Figure 24: Average Annual Household Income

Respondents by Ethnic Group

1.3% of respondents were from an ethnic group other than White (7). This is lower than the RCT population generally, where the percentage of Black and Minority Ethnic groups at the 2011 Census was 2.6% (compared to a Wales wide percentage of 4.4%).

Of these, 42.9% live in the East Taf area (3), 28.6% live in South Taf (2) and 14.3% live in Rhondda Fawr (1) and the same in Lower Cynon (1).

Ethnic Group	Number
White	515
Mixed / Multiple Ethnic Groups	2
Asian / Asian British	2
Black / African / Caribbean / Black British	3
Other Ethnic Group	0
Prefer not to say	4

Language of Respondents (primary language spoken at home)

75.7% of respondents stated that the main language spoken in the home was English, followed by 21% who stated it was Bilingual and 1.1% other languages. 2.2% of

respondents to the parent survey stated that the main language spoken in the home was Welsh. This is much lower than the 12.3% who reported in the 2011 Census that they can speak Welsh. However, this data is likely to include those who stated that the household was bilingual.

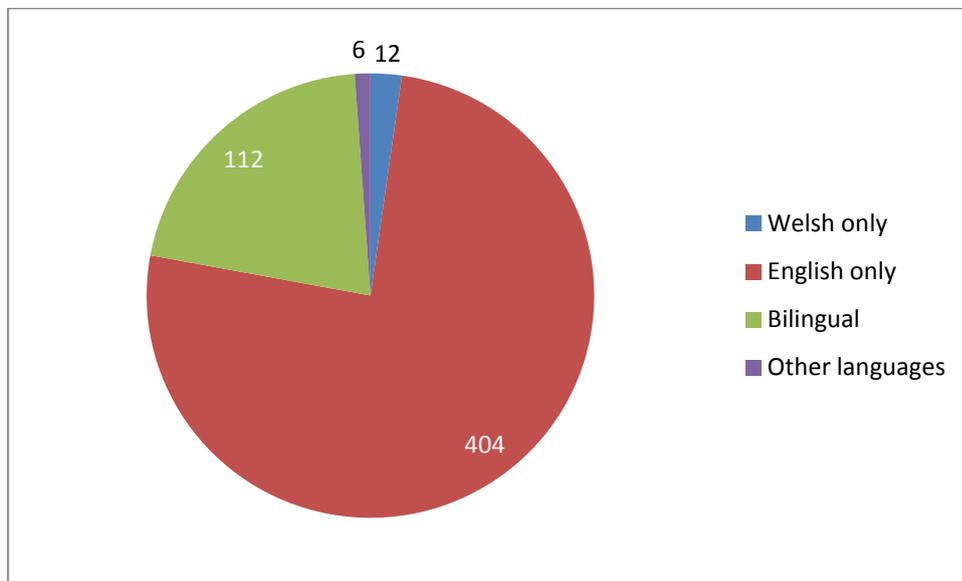


Figure 25: Language of Respondents

Respondents' children by age group

It can be seen from the table below that the highest number of children of respondents to the parent survey are in the 8-11 year old age range, followed by the 5-7 year old age range. The respondents had 151 children and young people of secondary school age and above (12-17 years).

Age	Number
Under 12 months	61
12 - 18 months	46
19 - 23 months	32
2 years	61
3 years	60
4 years	65
5 - 7 years	208

8 - 11 years	213
12 - 14 years	93
15 - 17 years	58

Respondents with children who have special educational needs or disability

Special Educational Needs / Disability	Number
Speech and language	35
Specific learning (dyslexia)	7
Hearing difficulties	9
Learning difficulties	17
Visual difficulties	8
Emotional and behavioural difficulties	33
Physical	12
Medical condition	41
Other (specify)	13

Of those that recorded medical condition or 'other', the responses include:

- ADHD
- Autism
- Cerebral palsy
- Club feet
- Diabetes
- Down Syndrome
- Dyslexia / Dyspraxia
- Epilepsy
- Global developmental delay
- Selective mutism

7.2 Current Use of Childcare

7.2.1 Analysis of Current Use of Childcare Provision

Range of services being used

During term time, the most popular types of childcare provision used are full day care, after school clubs and free breakfast clubs.

'Other' types of childcare used by parents in term time are predominantly family members, grandparents being the main carers.

During school holiday periods, again family/grandparents were listed as the main type of 'other' childcare. Parents also listed sports clubs/outdoor adventure facilities. Although not strictly childcare, these types of clubs are used by parents as such.

Of those that use childminders, 37% use them for full day care (30), 33% before schools (27) and 46.9% after school (38). 22% of those who use childminders use them for holiday care (22) and 7.4% for wraparound services around a nursery education place (6).

Of those who use full day care providers, 49.4% use them for full day care (43), 13.8% for AM only sessions (12), 5.7% for PM only sessions (5) and 19.5% for holiday provision (17). 8% of respondents use full day care providers for wraparound care (7), 16.1% before school (14) and 13.8% after school (12).

60% of respondents who use sessional care providers use them for morning playgroup/Cylch Meithrin sessions (18), with 20% using them for afternoon sessions (6). 36.7% use them for wraparound services (11), suggesting that sessional care provision is the most popular type of childcare for this service.

65.4% of respondents stated that they use crèches for full day care (17). Since no providers stated in the SASS that they are registered with CSSIW as a crèche. Local knowledge by officers suggests that there was only one registered crèche within RCT at the time of the report being written. This suggests that these respondents did not fully understand the terminology of each childcare type and that it is likely they were referring to full day care provision.

Those that use out of school childcare provision, 64% use them for after school (57) with 31.5% using them during holiday periods (28).

Two parent respondents reported that they use nanny services for full day care. Officers are not aware of any nannies operating within RCT that are registered on the voluntary approval scheme. Both respondents were from the North Taf area.

91.2% of those who responded stated that during term time, they access childcare provision within the Local Authority (93), 3.9% outside the Local Authority (4) and 4.9% a mixture of both (5). Of those that access childcare provision outside of RCT, three access care in Cardiff, one in Bridgend and one in Vale of Glamorgan.

During school holiday periods, 77.7% use childcare within the Local Authority (80), 11.7% outside of the Authority (12) and 10.7% a mixture of both (11). Of those that access childcare provision outside of RCT, four access care in Cardiff, three in Vale of Glamorgan and one in Bridgend.

Number of places required for children who have special educational needs or who require specialist care due to a disability

RCT currently co-ordinates a holiday referral scheme for children with additional and physical needs, as well as those deemed vulnerable and in need of respite care. The Holiday Fun Time programme supported 991 children to access childcare and play provision in each of the school holiday periods during 2016. Provision is made up of full day care providers, out of school care providers, network childminders and open access playscheme providers. 773 of these children needed additional support in order to access the provision and 191 required transport to their nearest provision. 185 of these children were referred by RCT's Team around the Family service. This service supports vulnerable families by offering a bespoke package of support. This programme not only offers valuable support to families who are vulnerable or who have children with additional learning and physical needs, it also supports the sustainability of childcare and play settings.

RCT no longer funds an Assisted Places scheme to support low income and vulnerable families to access term time out of school childcare provision. The out of school childcare

grant has been used to directly offer some support to children in out of school settings during 2016/17. During the coming year, officers will link with other agencies and council departments to look at how better vulnerable families can be supported to access childcare provision

Number of places used by language category

Most childcare places utilised by respondents are through the medium of English. Out of school provision through the medium of Welsh is the most popular form of Welsh medium childcare provision used. However, other than one out of school childcare setting, all Welsh medium out of school provision in RCT is currently unregistered. This means that parents are not able to access financial support for childcare costs through government funded schemes or through Employer based childcare voucher schemes. Officers will continue to offer support to these settings to register with CSSIW during the coming year. This will be particularly important in light of the implementation of the Welsh Government 30 hour education/childcare offer later in 2017, as these clubs will then be able to extend their service to offer longer hours during term time and school holiday provision.

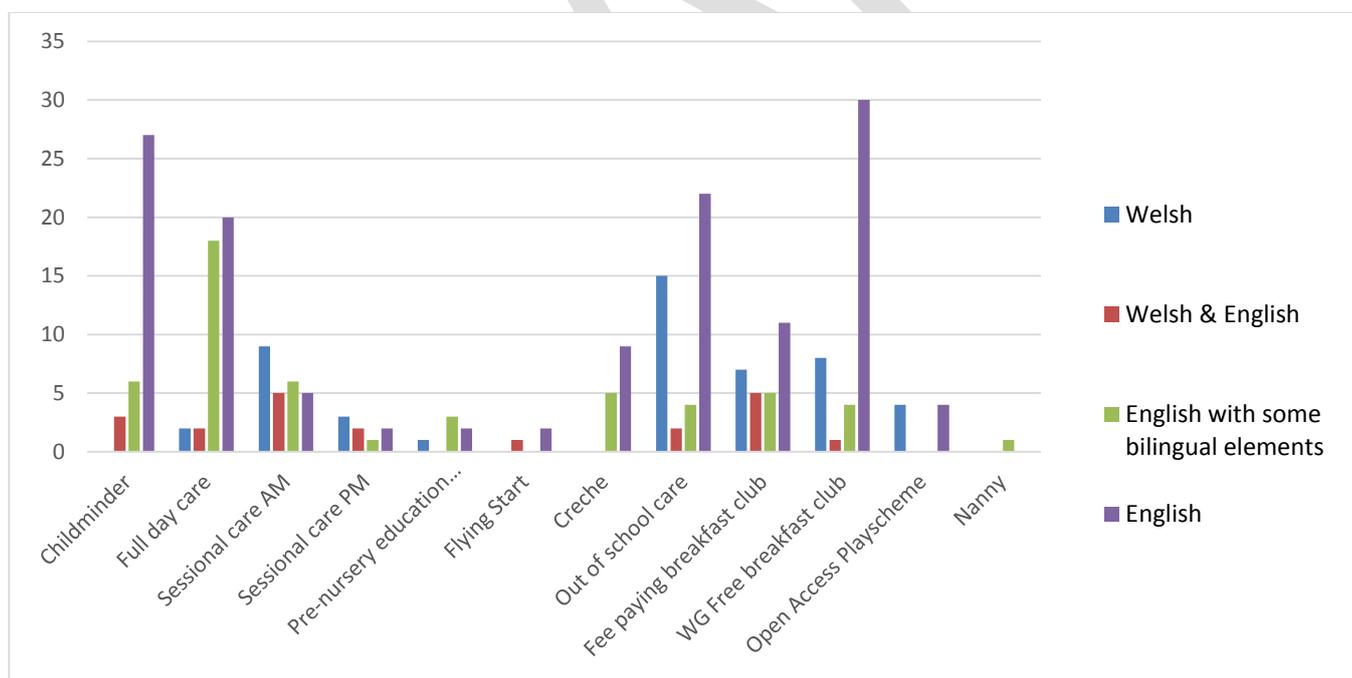


Figure 26: Language choice of respondents per childcare type

Reasons for using / not using childcare

93.4% of parent responses indicated that the main reason for using childcare is in order for the parent(s) to work (170 responses). The second most common reason at 12.1% is for

social or learning benefits for the child (22). Five responses were from parents who use childcare to access education/study and two used it whilst seeking employment.

Parent responses indicate that the most common reason for not using childcare is that family and friends look after their children (141 responses). Childcare being too expensive (115) and one or both parents being at home and so not needing childcare (85) were the next most common responses. The highest number of these three responses were from parents in the Rhondda Fawr and Rhondda Fach areas.

Childcare not available when needed warranted a big response, with before 8am (71) and school holiday periods (60) the most common times when childcare is not available. 42 responses indicated that care after 6pm is needed, with 13 needing overnight care and 22 weekend care. Lack of childcare in atypical hours has been noted in previous CSA reports and continues to be a priority for officers in RCT. However, the sustainability of such provision remains a problem. If the parent survey is indicative of the whole of RCT, it is likely that there is not enough demand for weekend and overnight care to ensure that providers who offer these services will be able to become sustainable. Analysis of the SASS returns in Section 6 shows that childminders are the only childcare type that offer childcare at atypical times. 75% offer care before 8am, compared to 40% of full day care providers. Care offered after 6pm is less prevalent, with 26% of childminders offering this service and 3% of full day care providers. Currently none of the childcare providers who completed the SASS offer overnight care and only 9% of childminders offer weekend care with no full day care providers offering this service.

Other reasons given in the parent survey for not using childcare include:

- I work school hours
- I don't need childcare every morning, ad hoc childcare is difficult
- I work nights and my husband works days to be able to look after our children
- I changed my career to become a childminder as I couldn't find any childcare which was suitable
- After school club finished at 5.30pm and I don't get home from work until 6pm
- I believe it is extremely important to be there for your children so work around school hours
- My wife's shifts enable her to be flexible around school times when our family is not available

- I am self-employed so, luckily, I can tailor my working hours around my children

Accessibility / availability and affordability of childcare provision

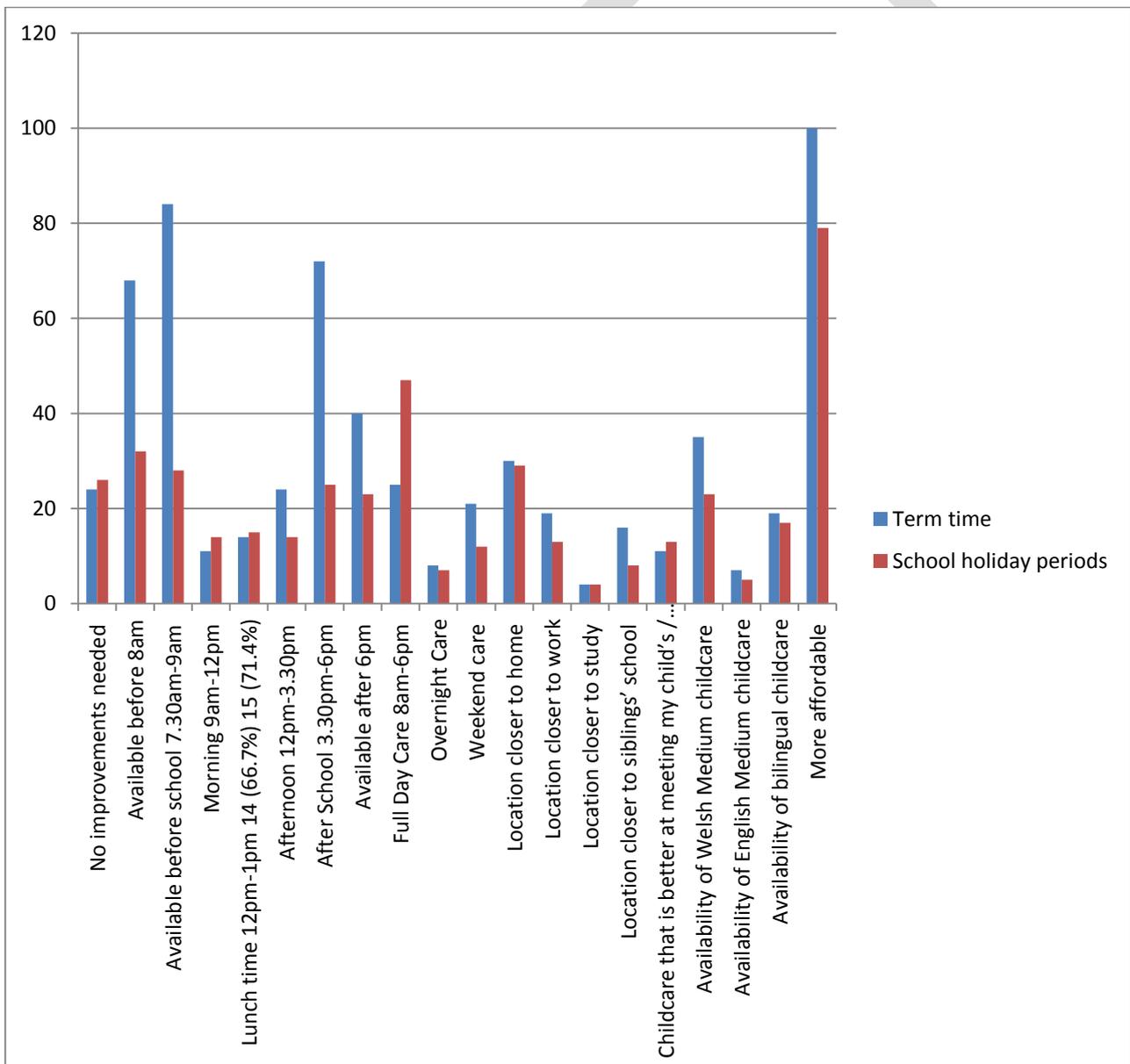
The table below reflects the feedback from parents on how the accessibility / availability and affordability of childcare provision can be improved.

For term time provision, the most common improvements needed are:

- 18.7% more affordable (100)
- 15.7% care before school 7.30am-9am (84)
- 13.5% after school 3.30pm-6pm (72)

For school holiday periods, the most common improvements required are:

- 14.8% more affordable (79)
- 8.8% full day care 8am-6pm (47)
- 6% available before 8am (32)



Some of the text comments from parents to suggest improvements and improve accessibility include:

Term time

- Opening hours of childcare settings does not allow enough time for parents to get to and from work
- Better wraparound care for part-time 3 year olds
- Catering for a child with additional support needs
- More 'play scheme' activity during the holidays that children can go to on an ad hoc basis
- Quality childcare is too expensive – almost not worth me going to work
- My husband works variable shifts that differ on a weekly basis so it would be beneficial to change the days my children attend after school club without having to pay for those days upfront

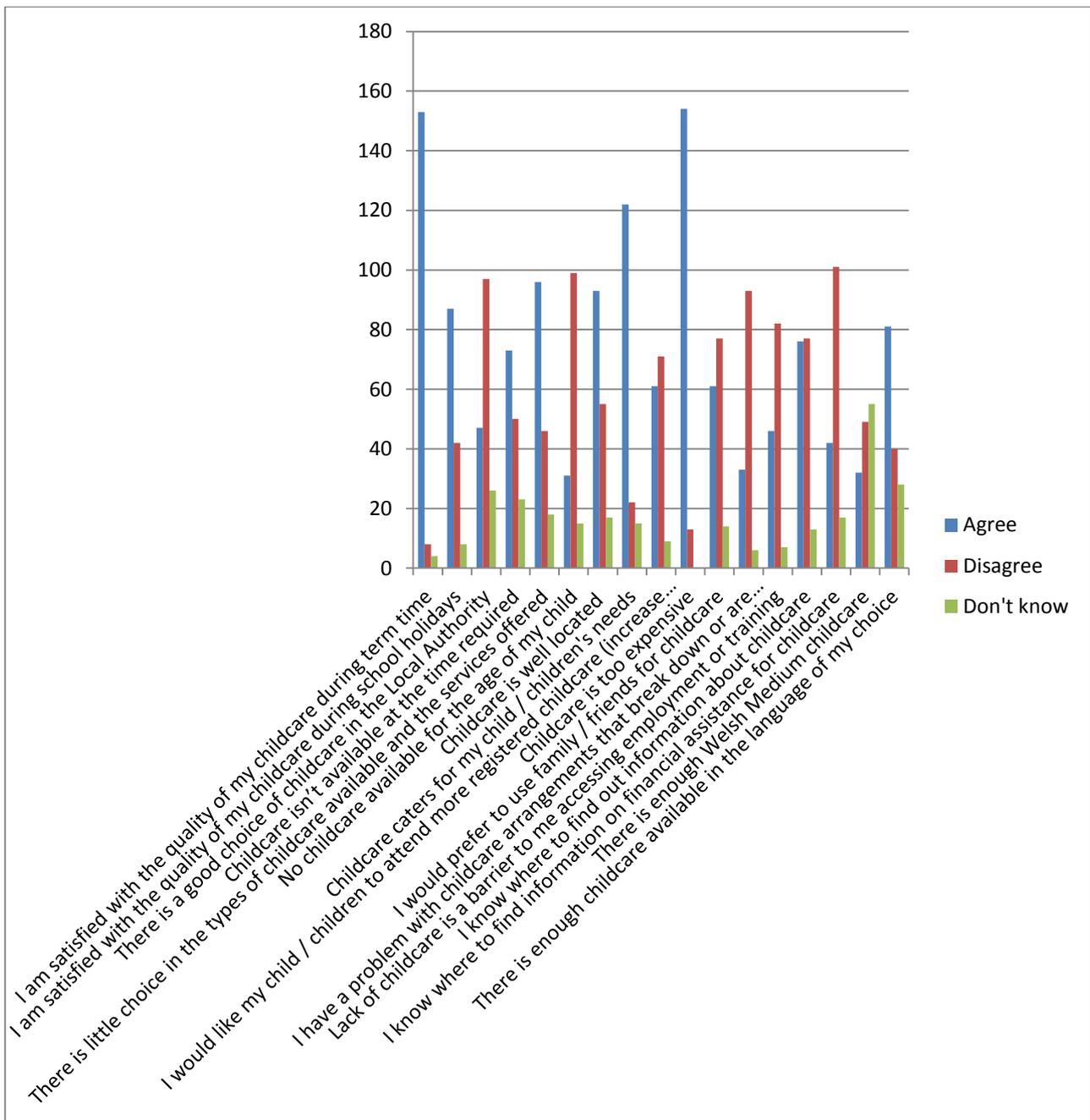
School holiday periods

- A few childcare opportunities through the medium of welsh in RCT during the holidays up to the age of 11, very limited after this age I don't know of any
- Although the clubs my kids frequent are good, they are the only option available and for 2, very expensive
- It costs me over £250 a week to place both of my children in a play scheme over the summer holidays full time. I am expecting another baby in March and with nursery costs it will make it too expensive for me to go to work! Some cheaper school holiday provision which is excellent quality would be very welcome. If it exists already I have not been able to find any information
- There are no childminders local with spaces (East Taf area), I can only get care for 3 days, no local holiday club that are affordable for 2 kids, no after school club so they can play with friends. We live in an area where a higher proportion of people work. Nothing available from the council
- Need to make more provision for working families who only have 4/5 weeks holiday a year and need to cover at least 13 weeks when children are not in school. Appreciate parents can take separate holidays to cover, however, this is detrimental to the wellbeing of the family as they cannot spend quality time together

Parental views on the childcare on offer

The table below illustrates parental views on the childcare provision on offer in RCT. As can be seen 28.8% of respondents agree that childcare is too expensive (154). However, 28.7% of respondents are satisfied with the quality of their childcare during term time (153). This is positive in that parents do recognise that the childcare provision on offer is of a good quality and suits their needs. However, the ongoing message is one of cost and the burden this places on family budgets. The introduction of the Welsh Government 30 hour education/childcare pilot offer later in 2017 aims to address this and offer, low income families in particular, support with the impact childcare costs place on their disposable income.

18.9% of parents do not know where to find information on financial assistance for childcare (101). This would suggest that more work needs to be done on promoting the Family Information Service and government websites that can inform parents on the types of support available.



7.2.2 Summary of key strengths and weaknesses

Strengths

- Parents recognise the value of high quality childcare provision
- Parents are satisfied with their term time childcare

Weaknesses

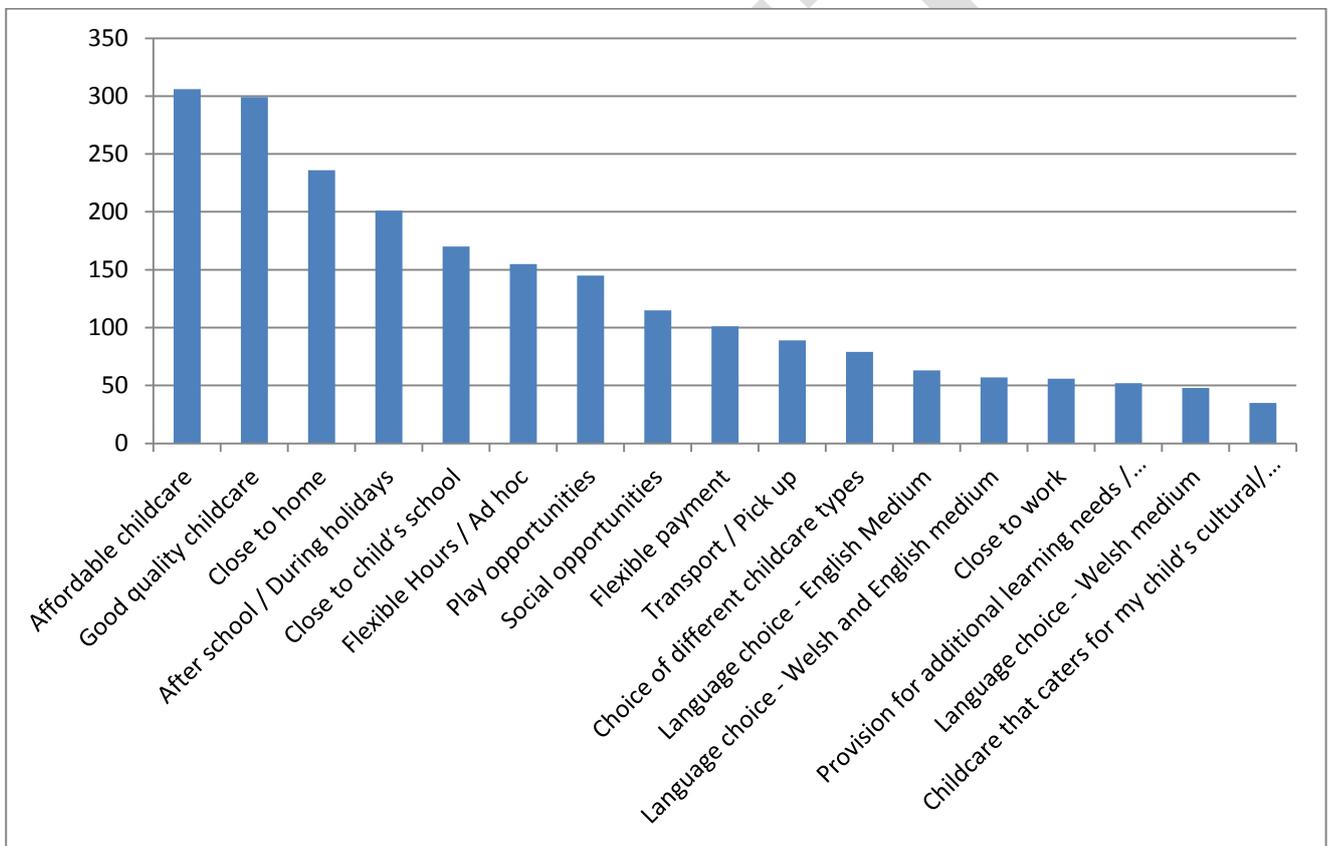
- Affordability of childcare provision, both in term time and school holidays
- Before and after school provision during term time
- Overnight and weekend care provision

7.3 Demand for Childcare Provision

7.3.1 Analysis of Demand for Childcare Provision

Range of services required

Of the respondents who do not currently use childcare, 77.9% stated that affordable childcare is the most important consideration if they were to use it in the future (306), followed by 76.1% who would value good quality childcare (299). 60.1% would look for childcare close to their home (236), while 51.1% would require after school or holiday care (201).



Number and type of child places required (full time, part time, ad-hoc)

Parents who were likely to use childcare in the future were asked what their requirements would be. Parents were asked to tick all types of childcare required, so may have chosen more than one option.

For those who would like to use a childminder, 64.7% would like them for full day care (11), followed by 35.3% for wraparound care for nursery aged children (6).

For full day care providers, 63.3% would require full day care (19) followed by 36.7% requiring a morning half day session (11).

For sessional care providers, 80% would require morning playgroup/Cylchoedd Meithrin sessions (8), followed by 50% requiring playgroup/Cylchoedd Meithrin sessions (5) and 50% requiring wraparound care for nursery aged children (5).

For those who would require out of school care services, 78.6% would require before school care (11), followed by 57.1% requiring after school care (8).

24 respondents would want to use family and friends.

Number of places required by language category

Of those respondents who will require childcare in the future, 51.5% reported that they will require English medium care (17), followed by 39.4% requiring Welsh and English medium care (13). Only 9.1% of respondents would require Welsh medium childcare (3).

Those that would require Welsh medium care live in the West Taf, North Taf and South Taf areas of RCT.

Childcare times, including the number offering flexible childcare hours

Respondents were asked when they would need childcare to be available. 23.8% would require care before 8am (88), with 15.4% requiring care after 6pm (57).

4.3% would need overnight care (16) with 7.3% would require weekend care (27). 21.1% would require care during holiday periods (78).

As mentioned in other sections, nearly all primary schools in RCT currently participate in the Welsh Government Free Breakfast initiative. However, these clubs are only available for less than an hour before school start times, and so do not obviously cater for the childcare requirements of working parents. Officers will liaise with colleagues in the catering department to see if there are opportunities to develop fee paying care to supplement the times that these free breakfast clubs operate for.

Age range of children for whom childcare is required

For those who have indicated they will require childcare in the future, 38.1% have children under the age of 12 months (16), 11.9% between 12-18 months old (5), 9.5% have children between 19-23 months old (4), 11.9% aged 2 years (5), 4.8% aged 3 years (2), 2.4% aged 4 years and 21.4% aged 5-7 years old (9).

7.3.2 Summary of key strengths and weaknesses

Strengths

- Parents plan to use childminders and sessional care providers for wraparound care for nursery aged children
- Parents plan to use before and after school provision during term time
- Parents recognise the importance of good quality childcare provision

Weaknesses

- Lack of Welsh medium provision in West Taf, North Taf and South Taf will require further exploration
- Parents do not access childcare because they feel it is too expensive
- Opening hours are not flexible enough for some parents

7.4 Barriers to Childcare Provision

7.4.1 Accessibility of Childcare Provision

16.7% of respondents to the parent survey whose child has a disability or additional learning needs reported that they are unable to access childcare provision because it does not cater for their child's additional needs (7). However, of those that do use childcare provision, the same amount (16.7%) said that the childcare provision they use does cater for their child's needs (7). 3.5% of respondents class themselves as having a disability as defined under the Equality Act. Of these parents, only one currently uses childcare provision. This is a Flying Start provision and the parents stated that the reason for using the provision was for the social and learning benefits of their child.

7.4.2 Barriers experienced by specific target groups

Barriers for parents and children accessing childcare provision remain a concern to officers within RCT. There are specific schemes available to offer respite care to parents of children with additional learning and physical needs, such as the Holiday Fun Time programme delivered by the Early Years and Family Support Service. Additional support funding to access Flying Start and non-maintained registered education provider settings also offer children the opportunity to access the same provision as their peers.

It would appear from consultation with the other specific groups detailed below, that the cost of childcare is a key barrier to them accessing registered childcare provision. The introduction of the Welsh Government 30 hour education/childcare offer for eligible 3 and 4 year olds in RCT from September 2017, will support eligible parents with their childcare costs and so therefore encourage them to use registered provision rather than relying predominantly on friends and family. For those parents who are not currently in work, the introduction of this offer may encourage them to seek employment.

The introduction of the national tax free childcare scheme may also prove an incentive to some parents in the following groups to use registered childcare provision.

(I) Working Parents

71.7% of the parents who responded to the survey were in employment (383). Of these, 42.9% do not currently use childcare (229). 54.1% stated that they did not use childcare because friends and family care for their children (124), followed by 32.8% who state that

childcare is too expensive (75). Other reasons given include parents changing shift patterns to avoid childcare costs, working school hours or term time only, being self-employed and so having more flexibility over working hours. Five respondents stated that they worked as childminders, thus being able to care for their own children whilst also earning an income.

(ii) Parents seeking work or training opportunities

2.1% of respondents to the parental survey were seeking work or training opportunities (11). Of these, 90.9% do not currently use childcare provision (10). The main reason given for this is that childcare is too expensive (5), followed by they, or their partner, is a stay at home parent and so do not need childcare (4), and friends or family caring for their children (2).

Of these respondents, if they were to use childcare, affordability would be the main factor to consider (8), followed by quality (7), flexible payment (4), close to home (4) and after school or holiday periods (3).

(iii) Unemployed Households

15.4% of respondents are not currently in employment (82). Of these, 90.2% do not currently use childcare provision (74). Of these, the overriding reason is that they, or their partners, are a stay at home parent (54), followed by childcare being too expensive (25).

For those families that have one parent not in employment, the European funded project Parents Childcare and Employment (PaCE) is currently available to support those parents into education, training and employment. Support is available for the cost of childcare provision so that this barrier is removed so they can access the workplace or education opportunities.

(iv) Low income families

30.3% of respondents to the parental survey indicated their household income was £30,000 per annum or below (162). 74.7% of these do not currently use childcare (121). The overriding reasons for this are childcare is too expensive (49), followed by being a stay at home parent (40) and care by friends and family (39).

62.9% would be looking for affordable childcare if they were to use registered childcare provision (102), followed by 56.2% looking for good quality childcare (91) and 46.9% looking for childcare close to their home (76). Other requirements would be 35.38% looking for care close to their child's school (58), 33.3% would be looking for care after school and during school holidays (54) and 30.8% would look for flexible hours/ad hoc care (50).

(v) Lone parent families

14% of respondents to the parental survey stated that they were lone parent families (75). The highest number of these live within Rhondda Fawr (15) and Rhondda Fach (15), followed by South Taf (12) and Lower Cynon (10).

62.7% are in employment or education/training (47), whilst 30.7% are not in employment or education/training (23). 2.8% are expecting a child or on maternity/paternity leave (2) and 4% are seeking work (3).

Of those that work or are in education/training, 72.3% do not use childcare (34). The most common reason for this is that friends and family care for their children (14), followed by childcare is too expensive (13) and no childcare available at times that are needed (4). Other reasons given include that they work school hours and that ad hoc childcare is difficult to find.

Of those not in work, education/training or those seeking work, most are stay at home parents and have no need of childcare (14), followed by childcare being too expensive (10).

PaCE advisors have reported to officers that their clients report that lack of childcare is still a barrier to accessing employment or education/training, particularly:

- Childcare facilities for older children
- Lack of pickup services or wraparound provision for nursery aged children
- Lack of registered after school childcare provision, particularly on school site
- Relying on public transport makes dropping children off at childcare provision difficult

(vi) Families from ethnic minority backgrounds

Of the 2% families who responded to the parental survey from ethnic minority backgrounds, and of these that work, 54.6% do not use childcare provision (6). The main reason at 36.3% for this is that friends and family look after their children (4), followed by 18.2% reporting that childcare is too expensive (2).

As with previous CSA reports, there is no evidence to suggest that families of ethnic minority backgrounds are unable or unwilling to access current childcare provision because of their ethnicity or language. This will be kept under review.

(vii) Families with children who have special educational needs, or a disability

7.9% of respondents reported that one or more of their children have additional learning needs or a disability (42). Of these, 76.2% do not currently use childcare provision (32). 46.9% are stay at home parents (15). 15.6% rely on friends and family to care for their children (5), followed by 12.5% who have not been able to source suitable childcare to cater for their child's additional learning needs (4). One family reported that they share the care of their child with their partner and that to facilitate this they both work part time.

1.9% of all respondents who have children with additional learning or physical needs use childcare (10). Of these the main reason is that one or both parents go to work (9), followed by social and learning benefits for their child (1) and the provision of support via assisted places funding (1).

8. Early Years Part Time Education (Foundation Phase) & Flying Start Provision

8.1 Analysis of Early Years Part Time Education (Foundation Phase)

Number of childcare providers funded to provide Early Years Part Time Education

As at December 2016, there were 25 Registered Education Providers (REP's) within RCT. Six of these are registered as full day care providers whilst the remaining are sessional care providers. The highest number of REP's is within the East Taf and South Taf areas. Upper Cynon and West Taf only have one REP situated within these areas. Upper Cynon and West Taf only have one REP situated within these areas. There is no specific evidence to conclude that more REP's are needed in the West Taf area. However, officers are aware of the need for more REP's in the Upper Cynon area and are actively looking at how this number can be increased.

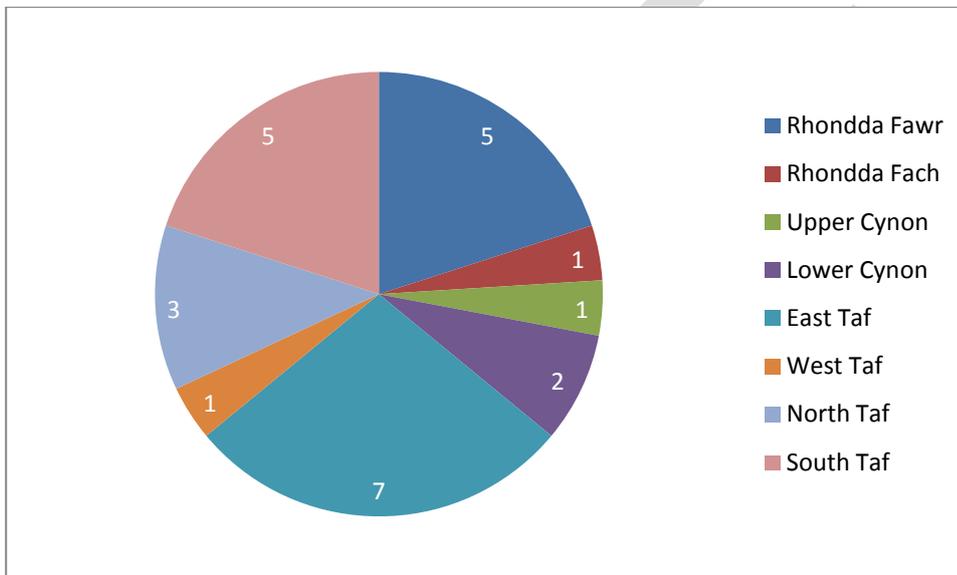


Figure 27: Distribution of Registered Education Providers

15 of the Registered Education Providers deliver their provision through the medium of Welsh. This is largely due to Welsh Medium Primary Schools traditionally only having one intake per year (each September). This means that those children born in the Spring and Summer terms are not able to access pre-nursery education other than through non-maintained REP's.

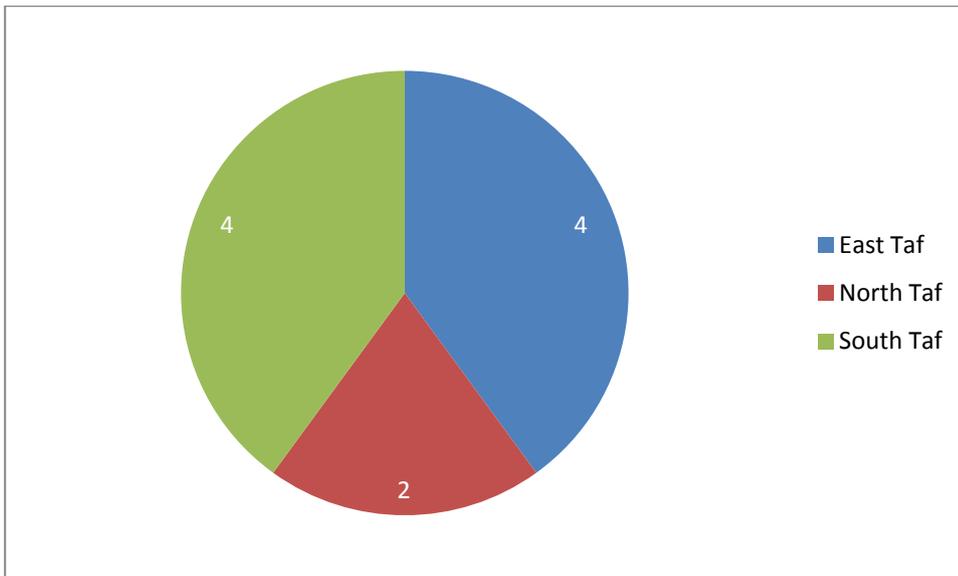


Figure 28: English medium Registered Education Providers

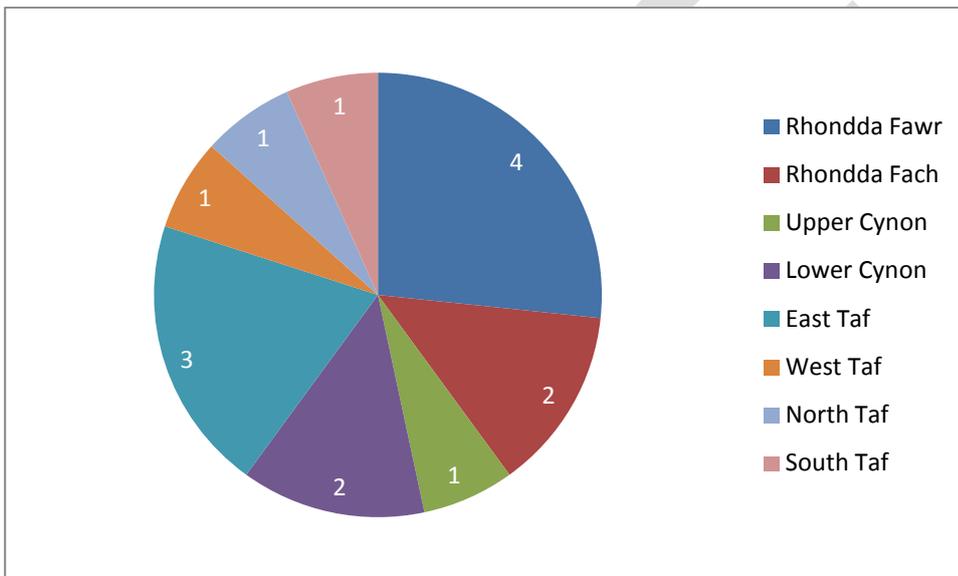


Figure 29: Welsh medium Registered Education Providers

All REP's follow the Foundation Phase curriculum and are inspected by Estyn in the same way as schools in the maintained sector are. An Early Years Advisory Teacher (EYAT) supports these settings to ensure that the principles of the Foundation Phase are implemented to meet Estyn standards.

RCT is currently piloting a scheme where the Welsh Medium REP's are supported and advised by staff from their catchment Welsh Medium Primary School. It is hoped that this will lead to closer partnership working between the setting and the schools and improve

the transition arrangements for children. The outcome of this pilot will be assessed at the end of the Summer 2017 term.

Officers are also currently exploring ways in which the application for REP places can be amalgamated into the central School Admissions process. If successful, this will aid the allocation of school/REP places to pre-nursery children and will help schools plan in advance for nursery/reception places, especially where support is required for children with additional learning and physical needs. This work will also assist the Council in implementing the Welsh Government pilot 30 hours education / childcare offer for 3 and 4 year olds, of which RCT is one of the pilot LA's.

Number of schools funded to provide Early Years Part Time Education

RCT currently funds part time nursery education (15 hours per week) for children from the term following their third birthday, and full time nursery education (30 hours per week) from the term following their fourth birthday. This is more than the Welsh Government recommended 10 hours per week.

The majority of nursery aged children in RCT are able to access pre-nursery education in their catchment primary school. Where this is not possible, limited places are available within private and voluntary, non-maintained registered education settings.

There are currently 102 primary schools who offer nursery education to three and four year olds. In the Summer 2016 term, 878 three year olds were receiving their nursery education in schools, with 2779 four year olds accessing this provision.

Number of childcare places filled, required and available

Since 2015, the number of children accessing their pre-nursery education place in REP's has increased by 17.3% (from 375 in Summer term 2014 to 440 in Summer term 2016). This is set to increase again in the current academic year and may be attributed to increased awareness amongst parents of their eligibility for this provision from the term following their child's third birthday.

Additional REP's have been identified and supported to become education providers, and the Early Years Advisory Teacher is currently working with an additional four settings, one English medium setting in the Rhondda Fawr, one in Rhondda Fach, one in East Taf and

one Welsh medium setting in the South Taf area to cope with anticipated future demand in these areas.

Number of parents not claiming their free entitlement and reasoning

47 respondents to the parent survey stated that they did not know about the entitlement. 41 stated that their children were already in full time education. Some of the text responses included the following reasons for not claiming the entitlement:

- I work fulltime, therefore am unable to take and pick up my child
- No availability of spaces at my nearest provider
- There were no registered settings in my areas when I was entitled unless it was welsh medium
- I disagree with RCT policy that parents don't get to choose who gets funding
- Preferred setting not registered [*to deliver early years education*]

As well as those stated that they did not take up their entitlement, 20 respondents stated that they did not know if they were claiming the entitlement or not. This suggests that there is still confusion amongst parents of what the early education entitlement is and how they can access it. This is likely to be an ongoing priority to streamline the process during 2017/18.

Childcare required by parents to enable them to claim their full entitlement

Respondents to the parent survey reported that the provision of a breakfast club (29) would be the most required additional childcare needed to help them take up their early education entitlement, followed by after nursery/school wraparound provision (24).

8.2 Summary of key strengths and weaknesses

Strengths:

- Well developed network of Registered Education Providers in RCT
- Improved collaborative working between School Admissions and the REP aim to simplify the admissions process for early education places
- Improved transition links between Welsh medium REP's and their catchment primary schools
- Strong support from the Early Years Advisory Teacher

Weaknesses:

- Lack of English medium REP's in the Upper Cynon and Lower Cynon areas
- Capacity of schools and REP's to offer pre-nursery places to all eligible three year olds – the introduction of the Welsh Government 30 hour education/childcare pilot offer may exacerbate this
- Capacity of the Early Years Advisory Teacher to offer support and guidance to all new English medium REP's, particularly as officers are actively looking to recruit more REP's in specified areas

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8.3 Analysis of Flying Start Provision

Number of childcare providers funded to provide Flying Start, including Flying Start only provision

There are currently 50 providers funded to deliver Flying Start provision to just under 700 eligible children in RCT. Of these settings, ten are full day care providers, 18 are sessional care providers and 22 are registered childminders. Of these providers, six are Flying Start only provision, with the rest 'mixed economy'.

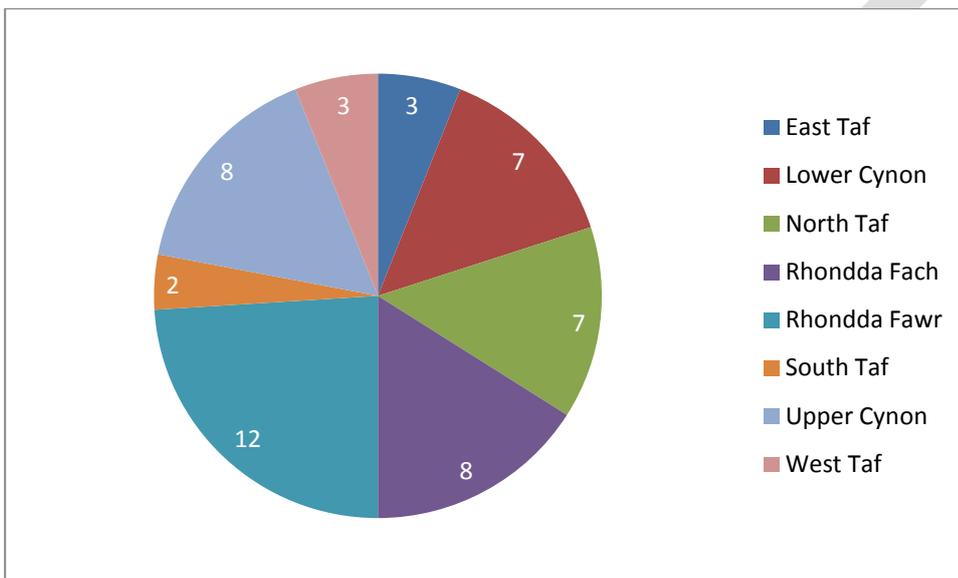


Figure 30: Distribution of Flying Start settings

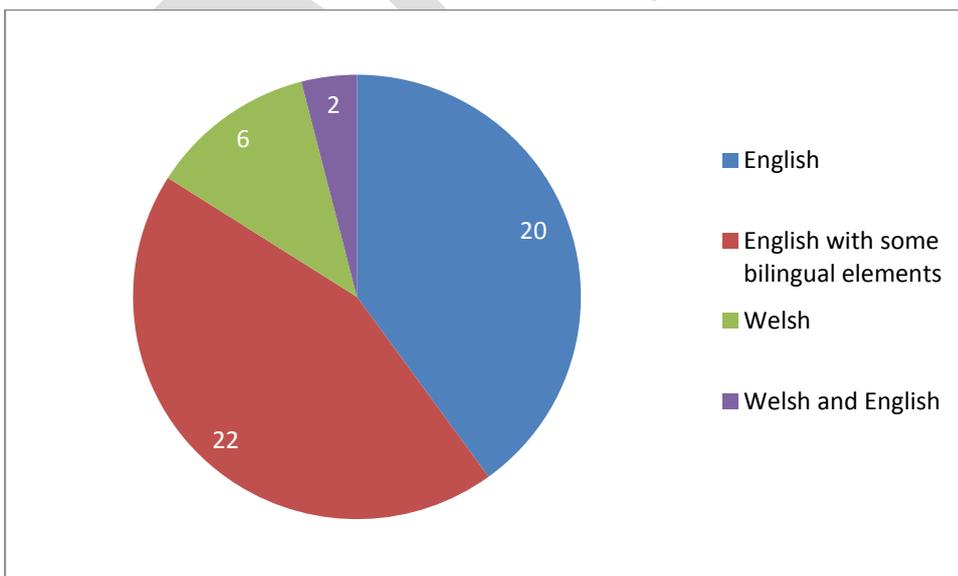


Figure 31: Language of Flying Start settings

Number of parents living in a Flying Start area, who are accessing free childcare

91 of parents who responded to the parent survey live within a Flying Start area, with 172 stating that they don't know if they live within a Flying Start area or not. Of those that are aware they live in a Flying Start area, 22 of them access their Flying Start entitlement. Of these, four live in the Rhondda Fawr area, 10 in Rhondda Fach, three in Upper Cynon, one in Lower Cynon, two in West Taf and two in North Taf.

Number of parents not accessing free childcare and reasoning

60 respondents are not accessing Flying Start provision. The children of 17 respondents are now too old for the programme, with ten who have children who are too young. 14 did not know about their entitlement, two don't think their children will benefit, five state that there is no suitable Welsh medium provision available and five did not want to access a place in the local Flying Start setting.

8.4 Summary of key strengths and weaknesses

Strengths

- A Flying Start Approved Supplier list was introduced in November 2015 to help improve and monitor the quality of providers. It is also hoped that more Welsh Medium providers will be encouraged to apply to deliver Flying Start provision.

Weaknesses

- The delivery of the Flying Start programme is dependent on continued funding by Welsh Government.

9. Free Breakfast Club Provision

9.1 Analysis of Free Breakfast Club Provision

Although not strictly childcare, the Welsh Government funded Free Breakfast Club initiative is used as such by many working families. In RCT, there are 107 WG Free Breakfast Clubs available within Primary Schools, Special Schools and Pupil Referral Units.

59.1% of registered childcare providers stated in their SASS that they provide before school childcare (117). 103 of these are childminders, with 11 full day care providers offering this service and three out of school childcare providers (see table below). These are fee paying services but, unlike the Welsh Government Free Breakfast initiative, can offer care earlier in the morning, and so are likely to be more suitable for working parents. It is also important to remember that not all parents using these services will have school aged children.

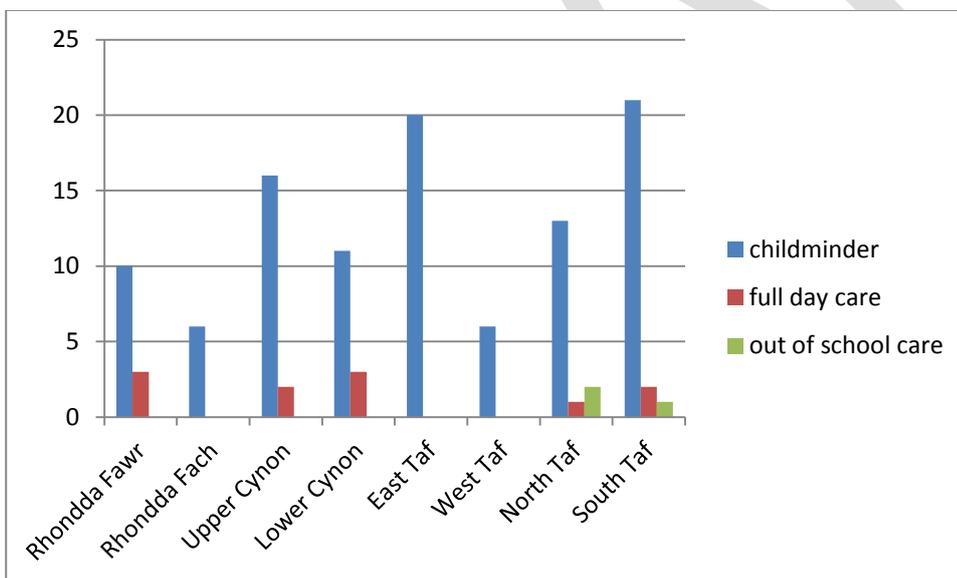


Figure 32: Distribution of before school childcare providers

The data below shows the number of available places in WG breakfast clubs in RCT for week commencing 22nd January 2017. There are clubs in each of the areas listed below in both languages, as well as the three dual language schools in RCT. There is now just one primary school located in the South Taf area that does not participate in this scheme.

Area	English medium places available	Welsh medium places available	Dual Language places available
Rhondda Fawr	695	91	0
Rhondda Fach	688	148	0
Upper Cynon	616	46	34
Lower Cynon	719	54	0
East Taf	478	165	0
West Taf	315	42	0
North Taf	489	114	67
South Taf	415	101	108

DRAFT

10. Working Tax Credit / Universal Credit and Employer Supported Childcare / Tax Free Childcare

10.1 Analysis of Working Tax Credit / Universal Credit and Employer Supported Childcare / Tax Free Childcare

Number of respondents claiming per childcare provision and number of children attending
8.6% of respondents to the parental survey are currently claiming the childcare element of working tax credit / universal credit (46). It can be seen from the chart below that the highest number of claimants is in the North Taf area, followed by South Taf.

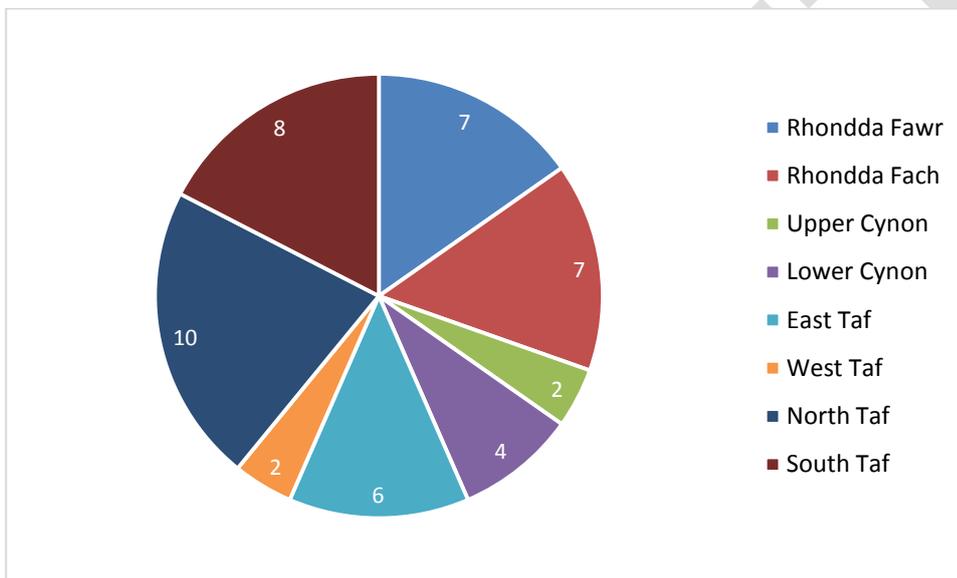


Figure 33: Parents claiming childcare element of working tax credit

Of these, 10 use childminders, eight full day care providers, two use sessional care providers and six out of school provision. The language choice of provision can be seen below:

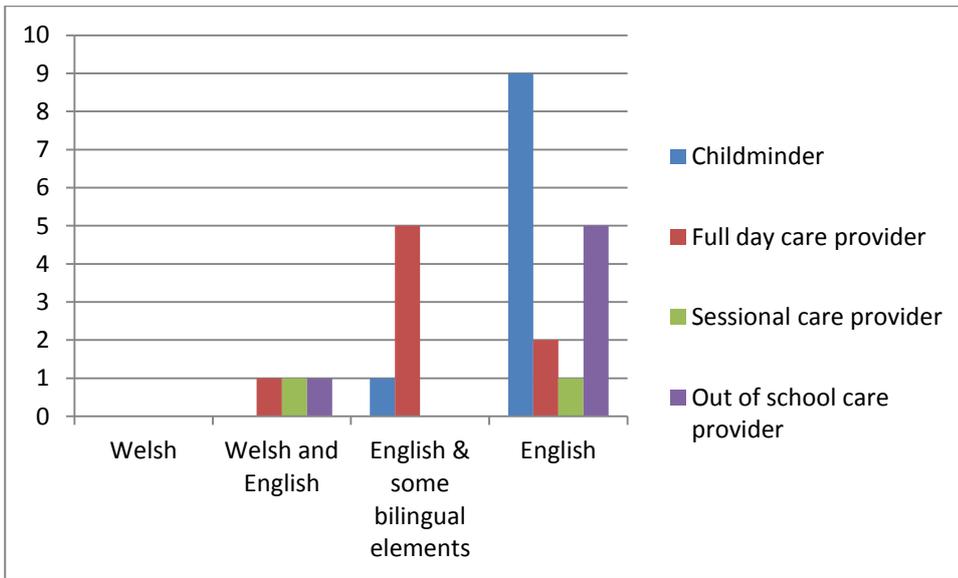


Figure 34: Language choice of respondents claiming childcare element of working tax credits

13.1% of respondents are currently claiming assistance through an Employer supported scheme such as Employer Based Childcare Vouchers (70). The vast majority of these respondents live in the South Taf area of RCT (32), following by East Taf (14).

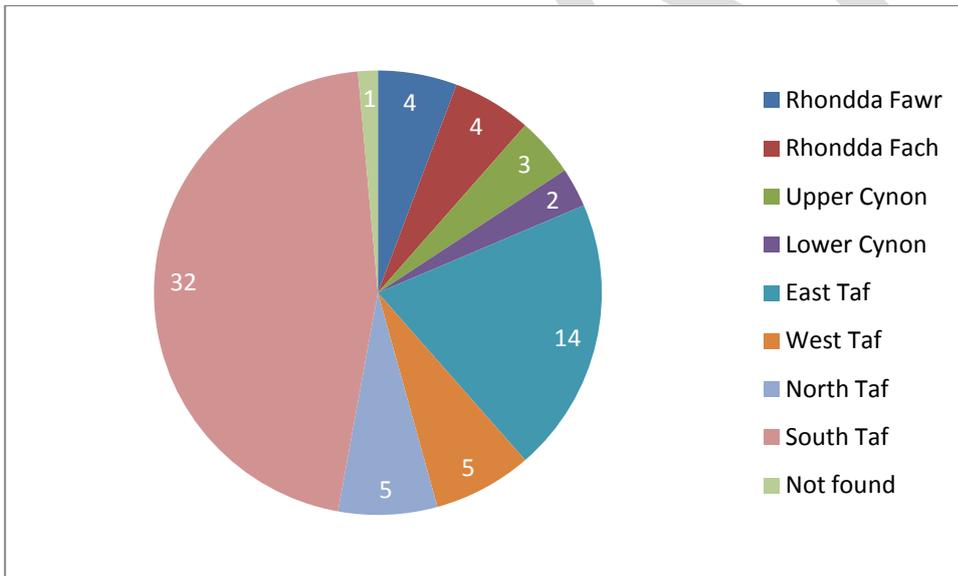


Figure 35: Parents utilising Employer based childcare voucher scheme

Of these, 15 use childminders, 23 full day care providers, 15 use sessional care providers and 21 out of school provision. The language choice of provision can be seen below:

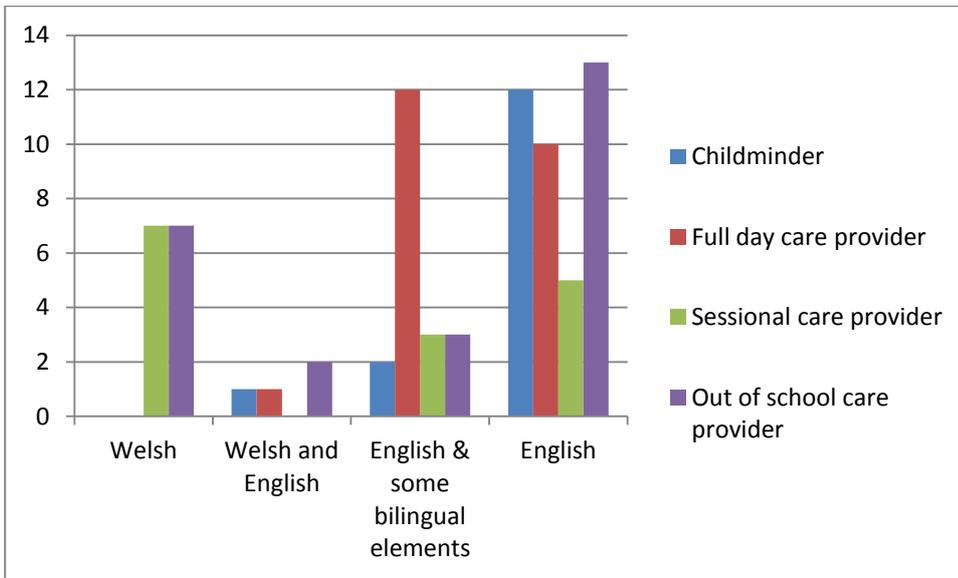


Figure 36: Language choice of respondents utilising Employer Based Voucher Scheme

The responses above are predominantly from parents in the East Taf, North Taf and South Taf areas of RCT. This would suggest that there are high levels of working parents in these areas (which previous data in this report would corroborate). The eligibility for working tax credits would suggest that many of these parents are on relatively low incomes, whilst the use of Employer Based Voucher schemes would suggest that these parents are working for bigger employers who tend to offer these schemes, rather than local SME's (small and medium enterprises).

Number of respondents intending to claim in future and childcare requirements

9.4% of respondents to the parental survey intend to claim the childcare element of working tax credit / universal credit in the future (50). The geographical distribution of these parents can be seen below:

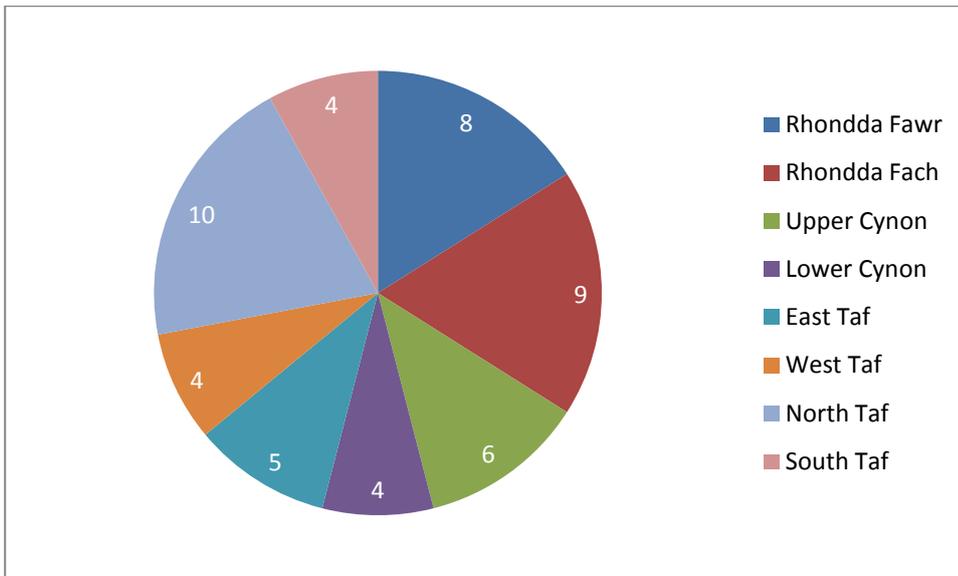


Figure 37: Parents intending to claim childcare element of working tax credits

Of these respondents, the breakdown of the childcare type they intend to use can be seen below:

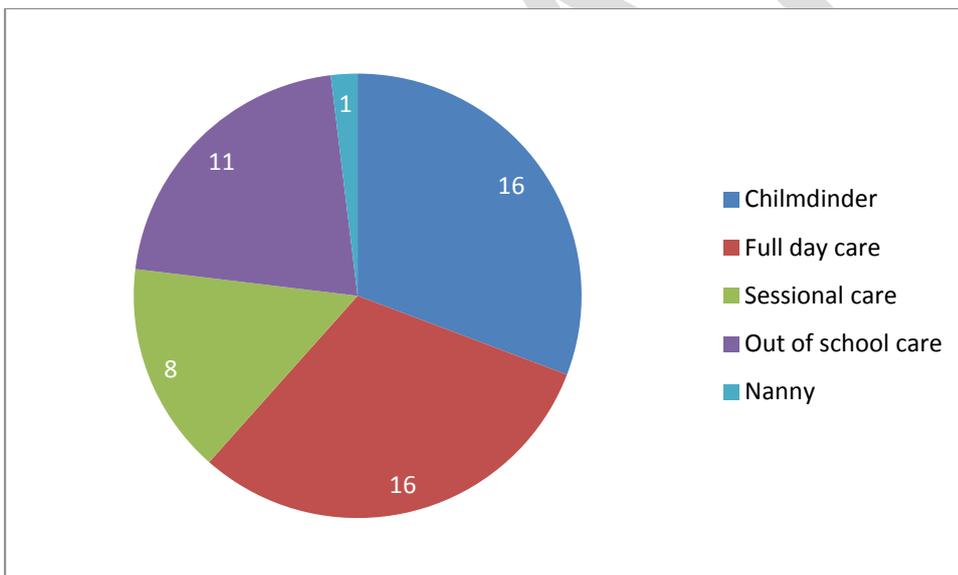


Figure 38: Childcare type respondents intend to use when claiming childcare element of working tax credits

14.2% of respondents intend to utilise Employer based childcare voucher schemes in the future (76). The geographical distribution of these parents can be seen below:

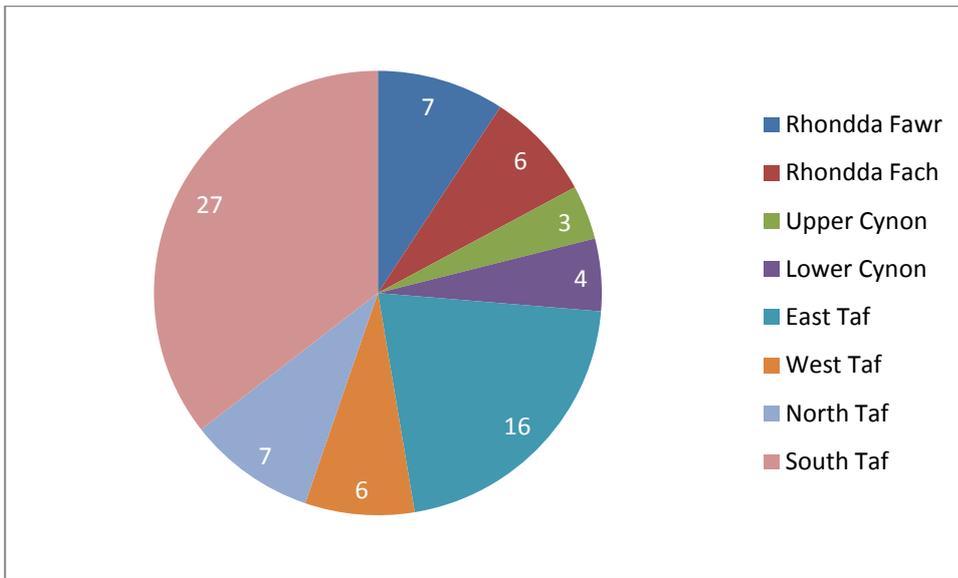


Figure 39: Parents intending to utilise Employer based childcare voucher schemes

Of these respondents, the breakdown of the childcare type they intend to use can be seen below:

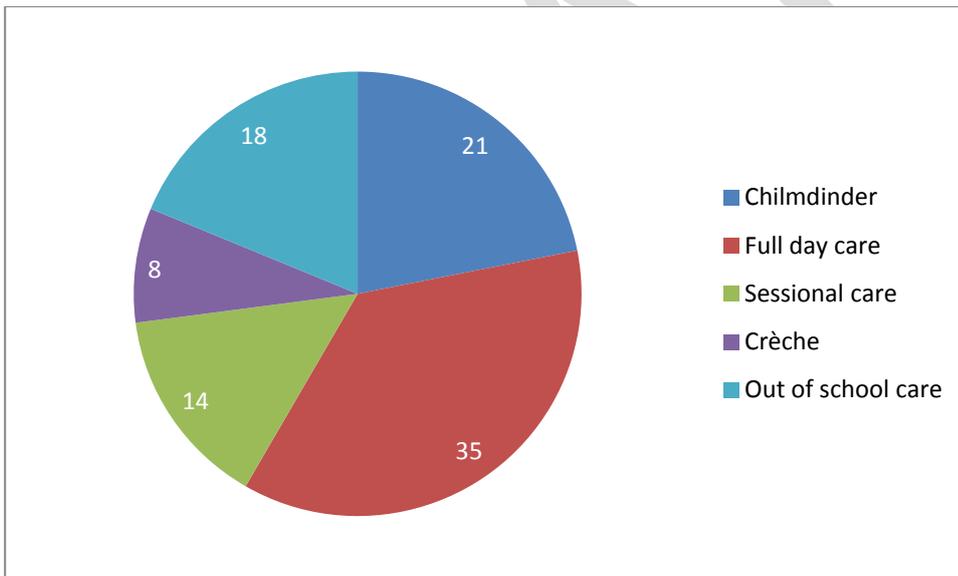


Figure 40: Childcare type respondents intend to use when utilising Employer based childcare voucher schemes

Number of respondents not claiming and reasoning

72.7% of respondents do not currently claim the childcare element of working tax credits (388). The most popular reason for this is that 46.9% know they are not eligible (182), followed by 25.5% who are unsure if they are eligible (99) and 24.7% do not know about the childcare element of the working tax credit (96).

Other reasons given include:

- Only work part time due to lack of childcare facilities for 8 and 9 year old children; would work full time if childcare was available (Rhondda Fach)
- Poor health so unable to work
- Out of school deregistered. Parents were not informed and so some were penalised for claiming too much tax credit

86% of respondents do not currently utilise Employer based childcare voucher schemes (459). 27.9% reported that this is because they do not know about the schemes or are not eligible (129 each) and 19% are unsure if they are eligible for these schemes (87).

Other reasons given include:

- Childcare setting not registered or does not accept childcare vouchers
- Family members care for children
- Self employed or work from home
- Scheme not supported by employer
- Lack of information on Family Information Service website regarding Employer based childcare voucher schemes

10.2 Summary of key strengths and weaknesses

Strengths

- High number of families benefitting from childcare element of working tax credits and Employer based childcare vouchers

Weaknesses

- Continued lack of awareness amongst some parents about available financial support for childcare costs

11. Sustainability

Direct grants / funding for childcare providers

RCT currently offers childcare providers two types of grant scheme – one for the creation of new provision or expansion of current provision, and one to support the sustainability of settings.

During 2016/17, eight grants were awarded to support new childcare provision. These were funded using the Out of School Childcare Grant awarded to RCT by Welsh Government. The geographical distribution and childcare type supported can be seen below:

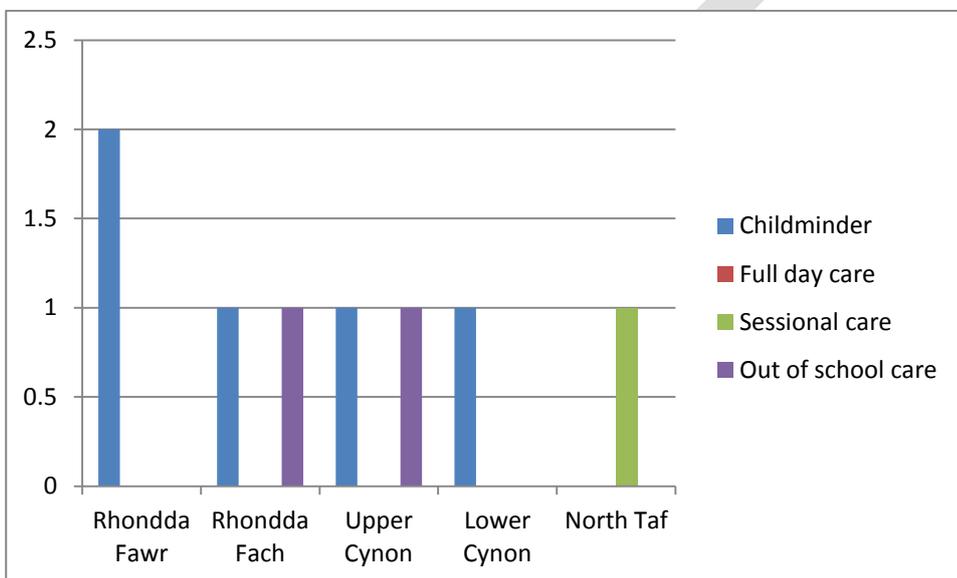


Figure 41: Childcare type and location of new provision grants awarded in 2016/17

Seven grants were awarded to support current childcare providers to expand their services. Three of these were to be able to offer wraparound services to nursery aged children, with another three to support settings to expand in order to offer additional services to parents when the 30 hour education/childcare pilot scheme starts in September 2017. The other grant was a contribution towards the purchase of a minibus for an out of school setting to be able to offer pick up services from additional schools. The geographical distribution and childcare type supported can be seen below:

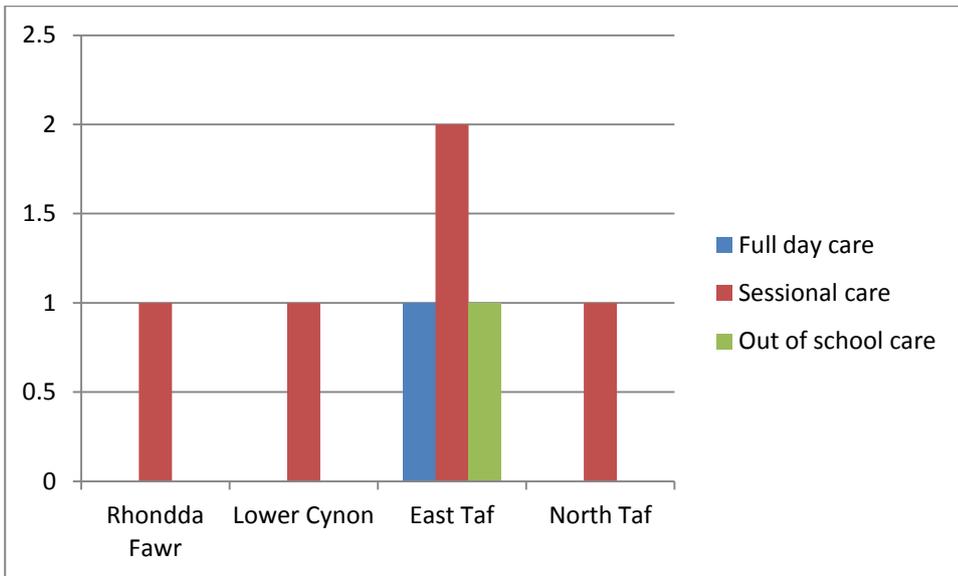


Figure 42: Childcare type and location of extension of provision grants awarded in 2016/17

Nine sustainability grants were awarded during 2016/17. Three were to support staffing costs, two to support rental costs, one to support registration costs for an unregistered setting with the remainder supporting the purchase of essential resources and equipment. The geographical distribution and childcare type supported can be seen below:

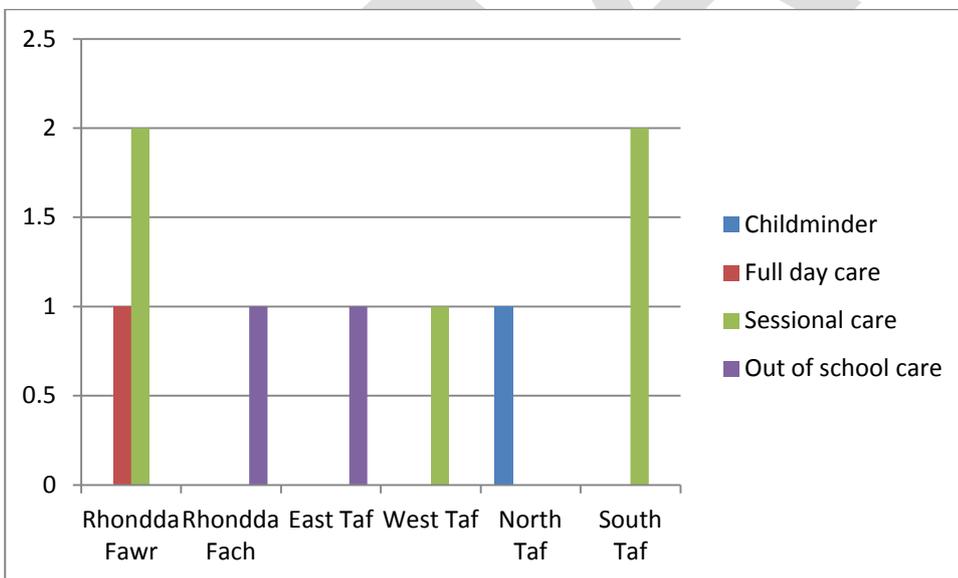


Figure 43: Childcare type and location of sustainability grants awarded in 2016/17

Funding is likely to be available for new provision, and extension of current provision, grants in the 2017/18 financial year. This will again be via the out of school childcare grant awarded to RCT by Welsh Government. The priority for grants will be to support settings prepare for anticipated increases in demand due to the introduction of the 30 hour

education/childcare pilot offer for eligible 3 and 4 year olds in RCT from September 2017. It will also be used to support the creation of new childcare settings where there are identified gaps in provision to cater for this pilot scheme.

It is yet to be confirmed if there will a sustainability grant available to childcare providers in 2017/18.

Other support to aid sustainability

Officers are aware of the financial burden on childcare providers of ensuring that staff members are kept up to date with their safeguarding, food hygiene and first aid qualifications. Although the EYFSS training centre keeps the cost of these courses to a minimum, it is still difficult for some providers to fund these courses. In order to aid this, funding was made available during the 2016/17 financial year to purchase places on these courses for childcare settings. 17 places were purchased for childcare providers on Safeguarding courses, 10 places on Food Hygiene courses and 13 on First Aid courses. Staff from 11 settings benefited from this funding.

Officers are keen to offer this support again during the next financial year, as feedback from providers has been very positive, particularly from settings who are currently going through the CSSIW registration process.

CSSIW de-registrations

During 2016, 17 childcare providers cancelled their CSSIW registration. Of these, ten were childminders, three full day care providers and four sessional care providers. A further five childminders suspended their registration, along with one full day care provider and two sessional care providers. The geographical distribution can be seen below:

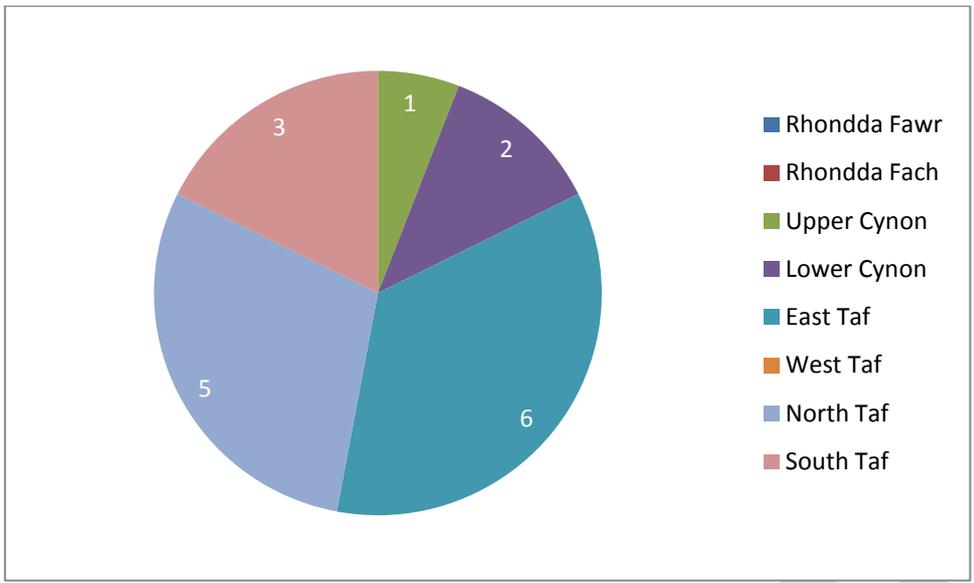


Figure 44: Number of cancelled CSSIW registrations in 2016

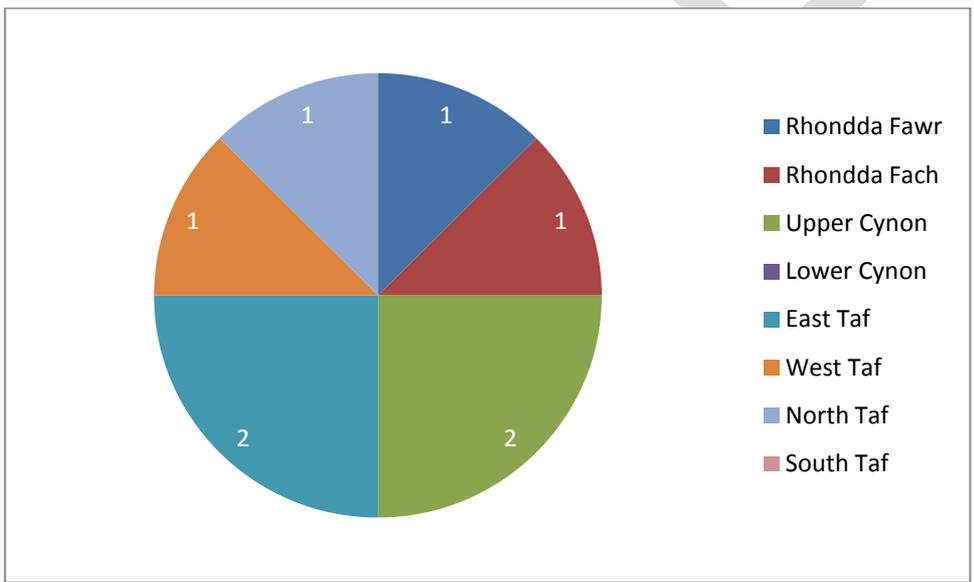


Figure 45: Number of suspended CSSIW registrations in 2016

It is a concern that there so many childminders ceased to trade. Although personal circumstances are the most likely reasons for this, some feedback to officers about the introduction of the SASS return in Summer 2016 suggests that at least two childminders deregistered rather than have to complete it.

12. Cross Border

As part of this assessment, neighbouring Local Authorities were consulted to determine if they had received childcare enquiries from parents who reside within RCT. The Family Information Service was also asked to report on all requests for childcare within RCT from families who live in neighbouring authorities. The RCT parent consultation undertaken in Autumn 2016 also received some responses from parents in neighbouring authorities.

Caerphilly

Three respondents to the Caerphilly parent consultation reported that they use childcare within RCT, both for term time and holiday time.

The Family Information Service has not received any enquiries from residents of Caerphilly regarding childcare provision in RCT.

Vale of Glamorgan

Vale FIS had 10 telephone enquiries from residents of RCT in the last year – one from East Taf, seven from South Taf and two from North Taf.

The enquiries were for:

- 1 x Childminder
- 1 x Cylch Meithrin
- 1 x Day Nursery
- 1 x Playgroup
- 1 x Crèche

They were not able to give us information regarding online or email enquiries.

The Family Information Service has not received any enquiries from residents of the Vale regarding childcare provision in RCT.

Officers have received one response from a parent living in the Vale to the RCT parent consultation. This parent does not currently use childcare provision for their child, as they are currently on maternity leave. When they do return to work, they will be looking for Welsh medium provision conveniently located to their home.

In 2016 officers received one enquiry from an RCT parent who wished to access nursery education funding within the Vale. RCT does not currently fund pre-nursery education places cross county and so officers were unable to assist with this request.

Merthyr Tydfil

The Family Information Service in RCT has received approximately three enquiries from residents of Merthyr Tydfil regarding childcare provision. These were directed to the Merthyr FIS.

Officers received three responses from parents living in Merthyr to our parent consultation. Of these, none are currently using childcare provision for their children, instead preferring to use friends and family (2) and whose children are too old (1). For the two who use friends and family, both reported that access to affordable childcare would be a factor if they were to use provision, along with after school and holiday care and flexibility of hours.

Bridgend

The Family Information Service has not received any enquiries from residents of Bridgend regarding childcare provision in RCT.

There were no responses to the RCT parent consultation from parents living in Bridgend.

In 2016 officers received three enquiries from RCT parents who access childcare provision in Bridgend and were looking to receive their part time nursery education funding in those settings. RCT does not currently fund pre-nursery places cross county.

Cardiff

The Family Information Service has not received any enquiries from residents of Cardiff regarding childcare provision in RCT.

One response from a parent living in Cardiff was received to the parent consultation. This parent does use childcare provision for their children, accessing before school, after school and holiday care. They are satisfied with the quality of their childcare provision during term time but not through the school holidays.

13. Workforce Development

The childcare sector in RCT benefits from highly skilled, qualified staff. Work has been ongoing over several years to up skill childcare practitioners and ensure that regular CPD is encouraged and supported. Changes to qualification requirements in the National Minimum Standards has also placed much more emphasis on ensuring a suitably qualified workforce. The training centre within the Early Years and Family Support Service, and funding available via the Out of School childcare grant, has been vital to this work.

The changes to nursery education funding in RCT in 2015 saw an increase in the number of school based staff who requested training to up skill from Teaching Assistant qualifications to childcare based ones, such as Children's Care Learning & Development (CCLD). This was so that they had the flexibility, not only to work in education settings, but also wraparound childcare provision that was established at the time. This work is ongoing, particularly in light of RCT being selected as one of the early implementers for the Welsh Government 30 hour education/childcare offer.

For the purposes of this report, data on current qualifications and training of the childcare workforce has been taken from the SASS return data submitted by childcare providers in August 2016. The Cwlwm workforce audit has also been analysed to draw conclusions on the training needs within RCT.

Below is a breakdown of the highest level of qualification held by staff members inputted in the SASS return by childcare providers. 63% of practitioners hold a Level 3 qualification (490). This is the minimum level of qualification for staff that manage or lead childcare settings, as set out in the National Minimum Standards.

Work has been ongoing over recent years, particularly amongst Flying Start settings, to up skill the leaders to Level 5 qualifications, and 9.3% of practitioners within RCT now hold this level of qualification (72). 7.3% have Level 2 as their highest level qualification (57), along with 5.1% who hold Level 4 (40) and 2.6% who hold Level 5 (20).

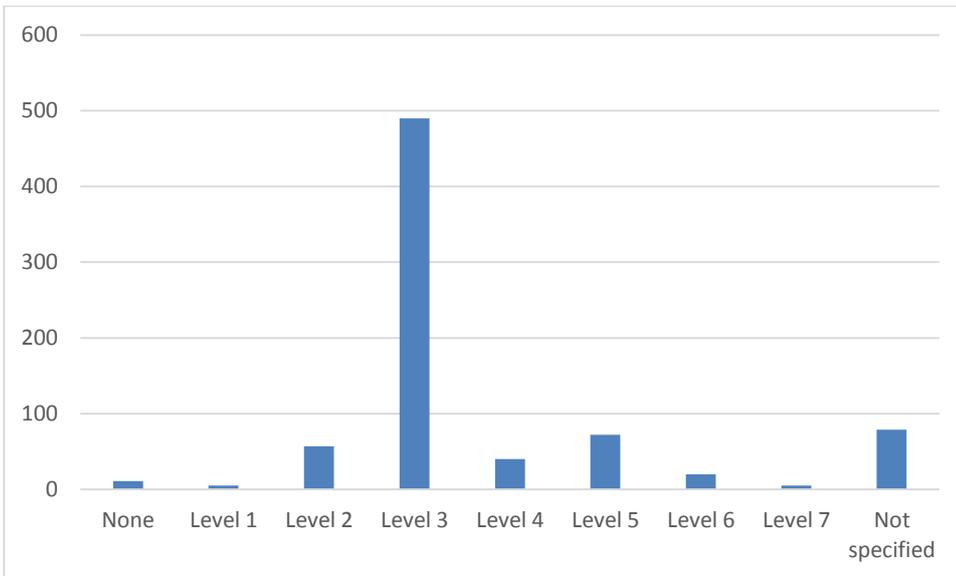


Figure 46: Level of qualifications held by childcare staff in RCT

Childminder qualifications

Amongst childminders, Level 7 is the highest qualification, with 2.3% of childminders reporting that they hold this level of qualification (3), although only one of these was in a relevant childcare subject that was on the recognised Qualifications framework. At the other extreme, 4.6% of childminders hold no relevant childcare qualifications (5), other than the pre-registration childminder course, CYPOP5. Of these, none stated that they were currently undertaking recognised courses. 64.9% of all childminders stated that they held a Level 3 qualification (85). This is above the RCT average of 63% for this level of qualification. The levels of qualifications held by childminders can be seen below:

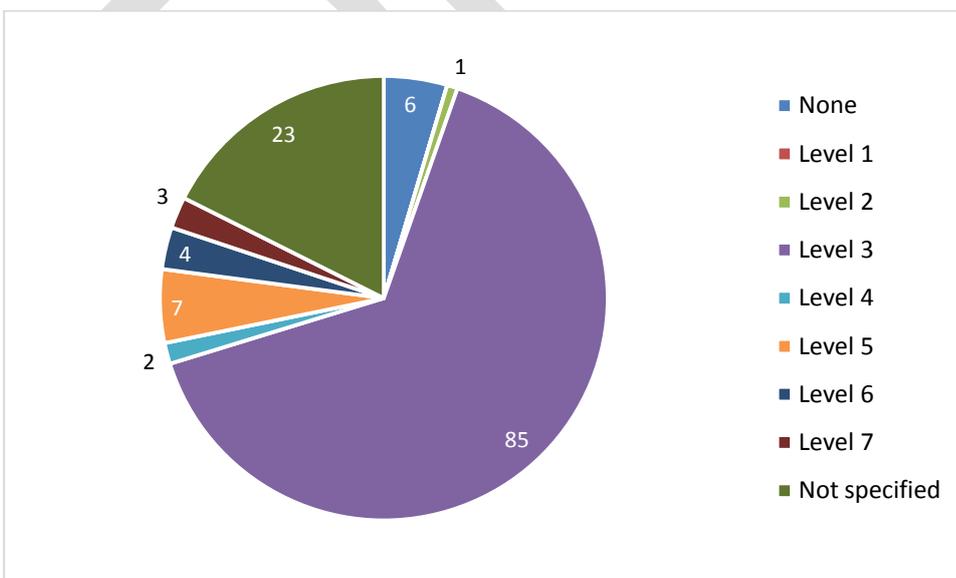


Figure 47: Qualification level of childminders

At the time of the SASS return, 16.8% of childminders were working towards a Level 3 qualification (22), 5.3% towards Level 4 (7), 7.6% towards Level 5 (10) and 1.5% towards Level 6 (2). 43.5% were not currently working towards any further recognised qualifications (57), whilst 25.2% did not specify (33).

Other training that childminders have undertaken in the past year include:

- Autism awareness
- Busy feet
- COSHH
- Cross infection procedures
- Designed to smile
- First Aid
- Level 3 playwork
- Make time for me
- Managing challenging behaviour
- SENCO training
- WellComm

21 childminders had new DBS checks issued during 2016, 29 attended Safeguarding training, 33 completed Food Hygiene courses, and 8 renewed their First Aid qualifications.

Full day care provider qualifications

Amongst full day care providers, only one setting had a staff member with a Level 7 relevant qualification. This is in a recognised childcare qualification that is listed on the Qualifications framework. 62.1% of all staff within full day care settings hold a Level 3 qualification (270). This is slightly below the RCT average of 63% for this level of qualification. The recognised qualification for leaders of sessional care providers, according the Qualification Framework is Level 3 Diploma in Children's Care Learning and Development (CCLD). 11.3% of staff hold a Level 5 qualification (49). The breakdown of qualification levels held by full day care provider staff can be seen below:

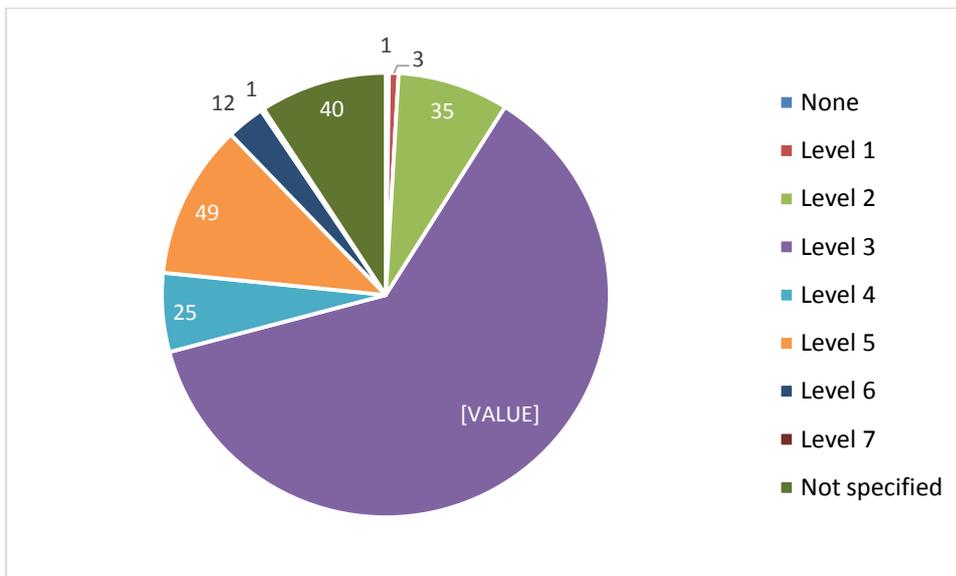


Figure 48: Qualification level of full day care provider staff

At the time of the SASS return, 11.3% of staff in full day care settings were working towards a Level 3 qualification (49), 0.9% towards Level 4 (4), 14.3% towards Level 5 (62) and 0.9% towards Level 6 (4). 41.4% were not currently working towards any further recognised qualifications (180), whilst 29.4% did not specify (128).

Other training that full day care staff have undertaken in the past year include:

- Anaphylaxis / EpiPen training
- Autism awareness
- Circle time
- Design to smile
- Elklan
- Fire Warden training
- Food safety
- Forest Schools
- Foundation Phase updates
- Makaton
- Managing challenging behaviour
- Manual handling
- Phonics
- Supporting numeracy through play
- Transition to playwork

113 staff from full day care settings had new DBS checks issued during 2016, 93 attended Safeguarding training, 82 completed Food Hygiene courses, and 61 renewed their First Aid qualifications.

Sessional care provider qualifications

The highest level of qualifications amongst sessional care provider staff is 9.8% who hold a Level 5 qualification (13). 69.7% hold a Level 3 qualification, which is above the RCT averaged of 63%. The recognised qualification for leaders of sessional care providers, according to the Qualification Framework is Level 3 Diploma in Children’s Care Learning and Development (CCLD). 6.8% hold Level 2 qualifications (9) and 8.3% hold Level 4. The levels of qualifications held by sessional care provider staff can be seen below:

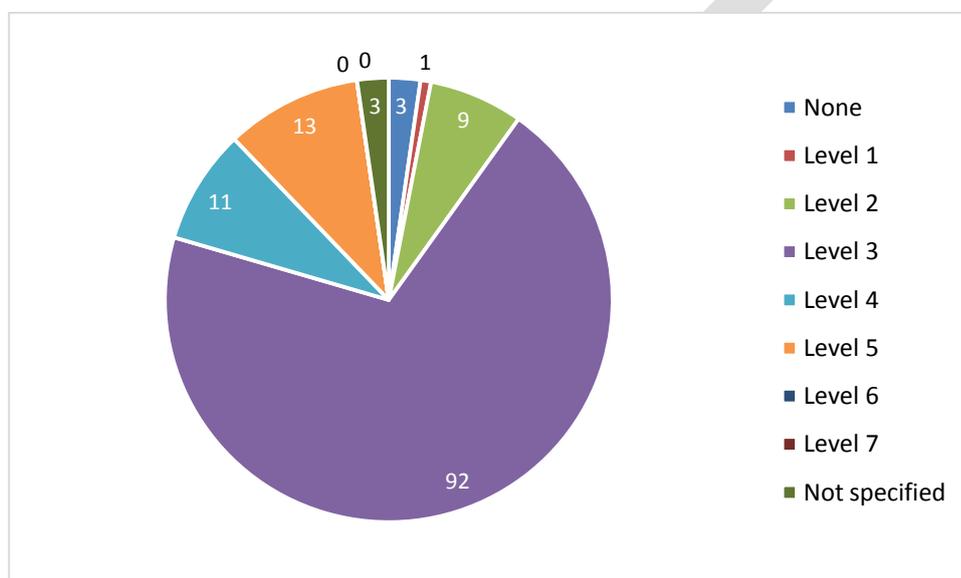


Figure 49: Qualification level of sessional care provider staff

At the time of the SASS return, 10.6% of sessional care staff were working towards a Level 3 qualification (14), 4.5% towards Level 4 (6), 28.8% towards Level 5 (38) and 2.3% towards Level 6 (3). 30.3% were not currently working towards any further recognised qualifications (40), whilst 20.5% did not specify (27).

Other training that sessional care staff have undertaken in the past year include:

- Best practice in case conferences
- Design to smile
- Disability awareness
- Elklan

- Fire Warden
- First aid at work
- Food Hygiene
- Foundation Phase modules
- Infection control management
- Manual handling
- Play to Learn
- Promoting Health and Wellbeing
- SENCO
- WellComm

38 staff from sessional care settings had new DBS checks issued during 2016, 17 attended Safeguarding training, 29 completed Food Hygiene courses, and 16 renewed their First Aid qualifications.

Out of school care provider qualifications

The highest level of qualification amongst out of school childcare staff is Level 6. This is in a recognised qualification on the playwork qualification framework. The recognised qualification to lead out of school childcare settings is Level 3 Diploma in Playwork. 55.6% of the workers detailed in the SASS returns have this level of qualification (30). 14.8% have Level 2 (8), whilst 3.7% have Level 4 (2) and 5.6% have Level 5 (3). The levels of qualifications held by out of school care provider staff can be seen below:

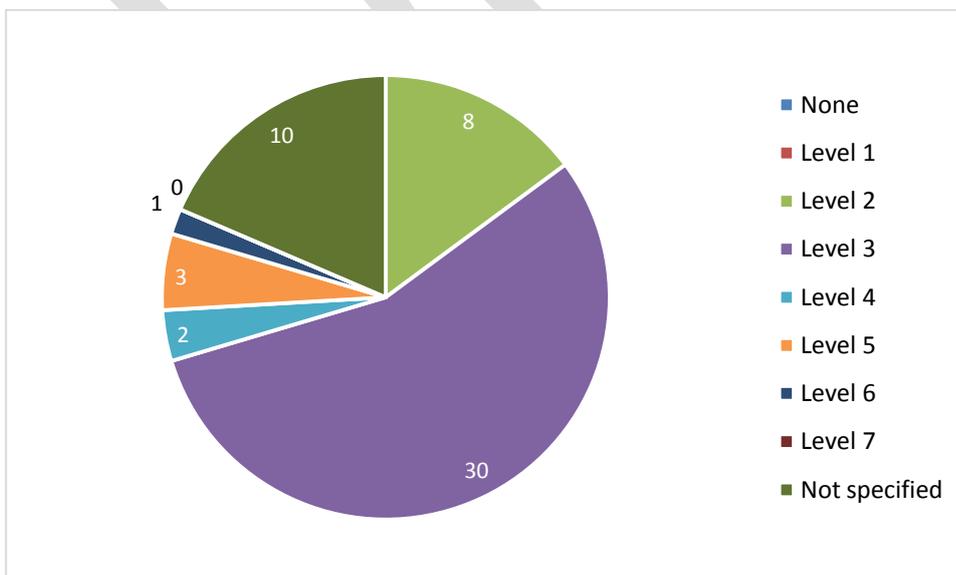


Figure 50: Qualification level of out of school care provider staff

At the time of the SASS return, 5.6% of out of school care staff were working towards a Level 3 qualification (3), 1.9% towards Level 4 (1), 16.7% towards Level 5 (9) and none towards a Level 6. 66.7% were not currently working towards any further recognised qualifications (36), whilst 7.4% did not specify (4).

Other training that out of school staff have undertaken in the past year include:

- Behaviour management
- Child Neglect
- Cross Infection Procedures
- Equality & Diversity
- Fire Safety
- Fire Warden
- Health & Safety
- Language and Play
- Prevent Duty training
- Safeguarding

17 out of school care provider staff had new DBS checks issued during 2016, 19 attended Safeguarding training, 21 completed Food Hygiene courses, and 10 renewed their First Aid qualifications.

Open access playscheme provider qualifications

Of those that work in open access play schemes, the highest qualification held is Level 7 (1). 50% of the workforce hold a Level 3 qualification (13), with 19.2% holding a Level 2 qualification. The levels of qualifications held by open access playscheme staff can be seen below:

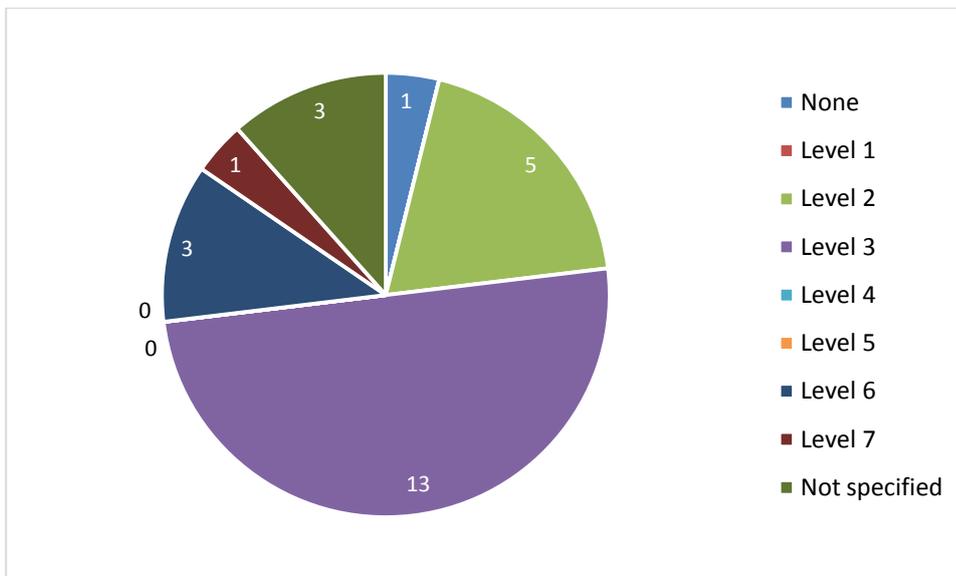


Figure 51: Qualification level of open access playscheme staff

At the time of the SASS return, 23.1% of open access playscheme staff were working towards a Level 3 qualification (6), 7.7% towards Level 4 (2), 7.7% towards Level 5 (2) and none towards Level 6. 53.8% were not currently working towards any further recognised qualifications (14), whilst 3.8% did not specify (1).

Other training that open access playscheme staff have undertaken in the past year include:

- Behaviour management
- Health & Safety in the Workplace
- Healthy friends
- Managing children during wet play
- Playing with the elements
- SENCO
- Substance misuse
- Transition into play

6 open access playscheme staff members had new DBS checks issued during 2016, 8 attended Safeguarding training, none completed Food Hygiene courses, and 3 renewed their First Aid qualifications.

Additional workforce development

During 2016, funding from the out of school childcare grant has been used to fund the following courses for out of school and playscheme workers:

- Managing a Holiday Playscheme
- Level 3 Award & Certificate in Playwork
- Level 3 Transition to Playwork
- Autism Awareness
- Guiding Positive behaviour

Cwlwm Workforce Survey 2016

Cwlwm, the overarching organisation for childcare umbrella organisations in Wales produces an annual workforce audit report. For the 2016 audit, 91 childcare providers in RCT responded. 51% of staff in these settings hold a Level 3 childcare qualification, with 12% holding a Level 3 Playwork qualification. 17% hold a Level 4/5 childcare qualification and 4% holding a Level 4/5 Playwork qualification.

77% of settings responded that they do not have a training budget within their settings, with 36% of staff not paid to attend training courses. This illustrates that training requirements are a significant burden to settings, both in terms of the cost of the course and cover to release staff to attend the courses.

Ongoing support from the umbrella organisations and the Council is vital to the continued professionalism of the childcare market. Subsidised courses offered by the Early Years and Family Support Services training team are an important aspect of this, as is the out of school childcare grant being used to commission or fund training courses where there are identified needs.

14. Results of Consultation with Stakeholders (as outlined in section 2)

As part of the CSA preparation, the views of key stakeholders were considered in order to gain their views of the childcare market in RCT. Below is a summary of the responses:

Play Monitoring Group

A joint Play Sufficiency and Childcare Sufficiency Assessment Advisory Group was established in 2015. Members of the group advise and support the development of both the Play and Childcare Sufficiency Assessments.

Play provision in RCT is delivered predominantly by voluntary sector organisations either through Communities First funding or commissioned by the Local Authority. Work has been ongoing for a number of years to develop registered play provision so that they can offer a 'Playcare' model of play and childcare provision. This is fee paying closed access childcare provision before, during and after open access free playscheme sessions. There is a close working relationship between the two teams within the Council and they regularly share information and work together on joint projects.

Job Centre Plus

Job centre plus officials and PaCE advisors were consulted and asked for their views on the barriers that their clients face when looking to enter the workplace. Overall, they have found that the main childcare related barriers to employment for lone parents in RCT are:

- Lack of suitable job opportunities which don't include shifts or weekends
- Lack of childcare/childminders that pick up from school, especially for those children who attend part time nursery education
- Childcare facilities for older children
- Some localities have no breakfast clubs
- Parents dependant on public transport and find it difficult to take the child to childcare and get to work
- When childcare is operated from the school e.g. breakfast club. Registered after school clubs that tends to work Fawr better in getting the parent engaged
- Not used to leaving child/children with family or friends

Closer links are being made with the PaCE advisors so that information about childcare barriers can be shared more easily. This will hopefully ensure officers are better able to identify and address gaps in the childcare market.

Planning Department

Links with the planning department have improved in recent years and application notices are now shared with officers on a weekly basis. The planning department are now more aware to consult with relevant officers when they receive planning applications specific to childcare related applications.

During 2016, 14 full or outline planning applications were approved for housing developments of 10 or more units. A breakdown of the areas is provided below:

Area	Application
Rhondda Fawr	Conversion of former Town Hall, snooker club and nightclub into 18 no. residential units and 5 Retail units
	Outline - proposed erection of 8 x 3B semi-detached houses with on-curtilage car parking
Rhondda Fach	Development of 14 no. residential dwellings (flats) and associated works
	Demolition of existing school buildings and the erection of 25 residential dwellings with associated landscaping, car parking and associated works
Upper Cynon	Refurbishment and Conversion of previous school building to provide 26 new 1 and 2 Bedroom flats (C3 use) and 18 new build houses to the land to the rear including amended access, landscaping and associated works
	Demolition of existing school buildings and the construction of 98 residential units
	Change of use of the upper floors to residential use to provide 12 units, and a single ground floor retail unit with associated internal and external alterations
Lower Cynon	Residential development for 9 dwellings
	New build residential development
East Taf	Proposed residential development and associated highway access,

	provision of an onsite school, and ancillary uses and works on land at Ystrad Barwig Isaf
North Taf	Construction of 9 units comprising of 8 no. 1 bedroom apartments and 1 no. 4 bedroom house and associated works
South Taf	Reserved Matters application for 5 dwellings and associated highway and landscaping works
	Demolition of former public house and construction of 18 affordable apartments

No planning applications for 10 or more units were approved in the West Taf area, although substantial housing developments have been approved in this area in previous years that are not yet expired. This report does not consider housing developments that received full planning permission prior to 2016 and are currently in the building phase. Previous CSA reports will continue to be consulted to monitor the childcare demands of these developments. Using Education data analysis of where there will be a potential increase in the number of required school places (due to housing developments) officers will monitor where there may also be increased demand for childcare provision. It must also be remembered that developers have a period of five years from the date of permission in order to implement the consent, and so those applications approved in 2016 have until 2021 to be built and so therefore may not impact on childcare demand immediately.

Childcare Umbrella Organisations

Questionnaires were sent to all umbrella organisations, through their Cwlwm partnership to obtain feedback on their views of the childcare market in RCT. The responses received are below:

Mudiad Meithrin

The response from Mudiad Meithrin indicated that they feel that there is a satisfactory range of Welsh medium providers in RCT and that the quality of the settings is good. Affordability is considered excellent, whilst the flexibility of provision and suitability of opening times are good.

Mudiad feel that the profile of the Welsh language needs to be raised, particularly in terms of Flying Start provision and the introduction of the 30 hour education/childcare pilot offer

later in 2017. Also, more needs to be done to encourage parents to take an interest in Welsh medium care and education if Welsh Governments' target of 1 million Welsh speakers by 2050 is going to be achieved.

Improvements to the service offered in RCT include encouraging settings to extend their opening hours, thus improving flexibility for parents. This will become more important during the coming year, as the 30 hour pilot offer is implemented and rolled out across RCT.

Clybiau Plant Cymru Kids Clubs

Despite RCT funding a part time Development Officer post to work with out of school and holiday clubs in RCT, the comments received from CPCKC were generic across Wales. They emphasise the importance of the Out of School Childcare Grant awarded to LA's from Welsh Government in the development of out of school and holiday childcare provision. A recent survey that they undertook with parents suggested that provision of holiday care was an issue for them and that, where it was available, the cost was prohibitive.

Suggestions for improvements include ensuring that there is sufficient training for staff to achieve the relevant qualifications, supporting settings to register with CSSIW and more support for staff to accommodate the needs of children with additional learning and physical needs.

PACEY Cymru

PACEY recognises that RCT offers supports and guidance to childminder in the Local Authority, although they feel that there could be more engagement between the LA and PACEY to further develop opportunities available to childminders. Pre-registration training support is currently delivered by the LA, although this is likely to change in 2017, and potential childminders will be directed to PACEY to undertake the pre-registration course. PACEY feel that funding their online CYPOP5 training course would offer increased flexibility to potential childminders who are unable to commit to classroom based training. This will be reviewed in the 2016/17 financial year.

Family Information Service

The Family Information Service (FIS) in RCT employs two Outreach Workers, plus a Database Officer. The Outreach Officers raise the profile of the service and create links with childcare providers, other Council departments and voluntary/community organisations. They attend family and parent groups, as well as jobcentre and Communities First events to offer signposting and information on a range of job related and childcare issues.

During 2016, there were 210 childcare related enquiries (including parent & toddler groups), the majority of which were via email or the telephone. The majority were for childminders (70), followed by Day Nurseries (47) and English medium Sessional Care providers (43). Online hits on the FIS database are not currently recorded, and so officers were unable to obtain data about this.

Upper Cynon, North Taf and Rhondda Fawr had the highest total number of enquiries. The highest number of enquiries for childminders was from parents in the Rhondda Fawr area. North Taf saw the highest number of enquires for full day care providers. For sessional care providers, Upper Cynon saw the highest number of enquiries for Welsh medium and English medium settings. This correlates with other sources of information regarding a possible demand for more sessional care providers in this area.

	Childminders	Breakfast Club	After School	Cychoedd Meithrin	Day Nursery	Flying Start	English medium Playgroup	Total
Rhondda Fawr	14	0	1	0	2	0	6	34
Rhondda Fach	7	0	0	0	0	1	6	29
Upper Cynon	10	0	0	3	10	0	12	43
Lower Cynon	10	0	0	0	0	0	1	15
East Taf	6	1	0	0	8	0	2	17
West Taf	0	0	0	0	3	0	4	7
North Taf	13	0	1	0	16	1	10	42

South Taf	10	0	0	0	8	0	2	23
Total	70	1	2	3	47	2	43	168

Schools

Schools were consulted on their views of childcare provision in their areas, and also what (if any) childcare they currently provide or have on school site.

Nineteen schools responded. The highest number of responses were from schools in the Rhondda Fach area (4), followed by Rhondda Fawr and North Taf (3 each). Two schools from all other areas responded except for South Taf where only one school responded.

All schools that responded currently offer the Welsh Government free breakfast initiative.

Rhondda Fawr

One school has after school childcare and wraparound for nursery aged children, two have fee paying playgroups on school site, whilst one runs a parent & toddler group. One school does not consider that there is enough childcare provision in the area and has had childcare related enquiries from parents.

Rhondda Fach

From the schools that responded, the only childcare provision on school site is one Flying Start setting. Three of the four schools are aware that childminders offer pickup services from their schools. Two of the schools do not think there is enough childcare provision in the areas, whilst one does not know. One acknowledges that from previous experience there is likely to be little demand for provision in their area. One school has been approached by parents regarding wraparound childcare provision for nursery aged children, although they question the ability of parents to pay for such provision.

Upper Cynon

In this area, the only childcare on school site from the schools that responded is a free playgroup and holiday playscheme provision. Neither of the schools has been approached by parents regarding childcare needs.

Lower Cynon

In the Lower Cynon area, there is no childcare on school site in the schools that responded, except a holiday playscheme provision. One school does not consider there to be enough childcare in the area and has been approached by parents about childcare provision. Neither school has room on their sites to establish childcare settings, but neither think that their parents would be willing or able to pay for provision if it was established.

East Taf

One school that responded in this area has an extensive range of childcare provision available on or near the school site, including after school childcare, parent & toddler group, holiday childcare and holiday playschemes. Both schools do not think there is sufficient childcare in the area to cater for their parent's needs, and both have been approached by parents regarding childcare provision. One has no room on school site to develop childcare provision, even though it is accepted that there is a need from parents.

West Taf

One of the schools in this area that responded has an unregistered after school club on school site. The other school has a Flying Start setting on school site. One school considers there to be sufficient childcare in the area, whilst the other does not. Neither school has been approached by parents concerning childcare provision, although neither have room on the school site to develop additional childcare provision. One of the schools reported that they had recently opened an after school club but, at £5 per session, the cost was prohibitive for a lot of parents and it was not successful and closed quite soon after opening.

North Taf

The schools that responded from this area all have after school childcare on school site, whilst one also has wraparound for nursery aged children. All do not think there is sufficient childcare in their areas and all have been approached by parents regarding childcare provision. Despite the desire for wraparound care on school site, one of the schools does not have any suitable, available space to develop it. Of the other two, one has already developed childcare provision and one does have space but would require more exploration of the exact requirements of parents.

South Taf

Only one school responded from this area, despite previous CSA's identifying this area as one that requires considerable childcare provision. This school has recently opened an after school club on school site. It is in a Flying Start area, although the provision is not run in the school. It also offers a parent & toddler group to parents. This school does not consider that there is sufficient childcare available locally and they have been approached by parents regarding childcare provision. Affordability remains a concern for parents in this area, and the school reports that parents do rely on support with childcare costs through employer voucher schemes and tax credits.

Children and young people

Feedback from parents in previous CSA's has reported a lack of suitable provision for young people aged 11 -14 years, particularly through the holiday periods. Despite the parental demand, sustainability of 'care' for this age range is very difficult and so most parents have to look to sports and activity clubs to cater for this need.

Feedback was received from children in years 5 and 6 who currently attend out of school childcare clubs in order to ascertain what they like about the clubs and what they would like to do if a club was available once they start attending secondary school. Questionnaires were returned from four settings throughout RCT.

Rhondda Fawr

Three of the responses from this area think that their parents will want them to attend out of school provision once they attend secondary school. Two of these would be happy to attend such provision, whilst the other three would not. Feedback suggested that they would not want to stay in the school setting to be 'cared' for whilst their friends and peers were able to go home. For those that would attend out of school care in year 7, the range of activities they would like to participate in was quite broad and included arts & crafts, ball games and specific activities such as hair & beauty, cooking and singing. They also wanted to hang out with friends, play on games consoles and have the opportunity to do their homework.

East Taf

All bar one response from the children in this area stated that their parents will not require them to attend out of school provision once they start in year 7. One response stated that

their parents may want them to attend, but only to help with younger children. Two of the children would be happy to attend provision in year 7, whilst the others did not respond to this question. The activities that they would like in a provision for older children and young people are similar to those from the Rhondda Fawr area.

The out of school club that these children attend established a separate building for the out of school care of children aged 8 and over. They were able to make many of the decisions about the decor, equipment and resources in this new building, and it is very much regarded as 'their' space. It has an IT suite and space to do homework, and so has the feeling of a youth club rather than a childcare club where they are 'cared' for. It is hoped that their attendance will continue once they start in year 7, as parental feedback from this area is that holiday provision for this older age range is needed. Officers are monitoring the success of this club for older children closely to see if similar provision could be established in other areas of RCT.

West Taf

Two of the three responses from this age range in this area would be happy to attend out of school and holiday provision in year 7, the main reason being that their friends will also attend. The activities that they would like to participate in are the same as above.

South Taf

None of the children from this out of school club think that their parents will require them to attend out of school care when they start in year 7. Only one would be happy to attend if required. For those who do not want to attend provision after aged 11, they would rather be in their own house or spending time with their parents and friends.

All those who responded have indicated that they would like to have a space to hang out with friends and have the opportunity to do homework. It is interesting to note that the majority of respondents who would be happy to attend provision from year 7 were girls. Boys reported that they would rather go home or hang out with friends outside of a school setting.

15. Gap Analysis & Areas for Improvement

The childcare provision data analysed in this report has been taken from the SASS data completed by registered providers in August 2016. Because of data protection rules, officers are unable to identify which childcare providers did not complete the SASS return. Questionnaires from unregistered providers during the same period were identifiable, and officers did contact as many unregistered providers as possible to encourage them to complete this questionnaire. However, there was no legal requirement for them to do so and so officers know that there are gaps in this data also.

Because officers know that this was an incomplete picture of the childcare market within RCT, the gap analysis below should be used with caution and as a starting point for further investigation only. During the coming year, officers will supplement this data with local knowledge, Family Information Service data and contact with all known childcare providers so that a more comprehensive picture will become available.

Childcare provision for children of parents who work atypical hours

Childcare outside of the typical working week has consistently been highlighted as a gap in previous CSA reports. A good selection of providers offer care before 8am during weekdays, with mainly childminders offering this service after 6pm. Again, it is only childminders who offer weekend care. No childcare providers in RCT offer overnight care. Despite parents telling us that they need overnight and weekend care, officers believe that the reality is that there is insufficient demand to make any such provision sustainable for providers. Consultation with parents and providers will be ongoing to ensure that this analysis does not change over the coming year. Further consultation will also be undertaken with childcare providers to establish the barriers to them opening later than 6pm during weekdays and opening through school holiday periods. It is clear that the extension of these two services will support working parents considerably.

Welsh medium childcare provision

RCT has a good range of Welsh medium sessional (including those registered as full day care providers but currently only delivering sessional care) and out of school care. The majority of Registered Education Providers are Welsh medium settings. The parent consultation suggests that more Welsh medium childminders may need to be recruited in the South Taf area of the County Borough to cater for the level of Welsh speakers in the

area. Officers will also explore the need for more Welsh medium provision in Rhondda Fawr and Upper Cynon. One of the main priorities for the coming year will also be to support unregistered Welsh medium sessional and out of school care settings to register with CSSIW.

Childcare provision for different language categories

One childminder from the South Taf area reported that they offered care in a language other than English or Welsh. This was French.

Three respondents to the parent consultation indicated that they would like childcare in a language other than English or Welsh, although only one stated which language they would like. This parent stated that they would like German language care. All three respondents were from the North Taf area. However, there is no evidence that these parents are not able to access childcare provision currently. There is currently not enough demand to warrant the exploration of developing childcare provision in any languages other than English or Welsh.

Types of childcare available and location

Officers will explore the demand for pre-school care in the Upper Cynon area, as well as care for 5-7 year olds in Upper Cynon and Rhondda Fawr. Care for children in the older age range has been highlighted in previous CSA's and remains a priority for officers. Identifying English medium REP's in the Upper Cynon area also remains an ongoing priority for officers.

Officers will work with the Childminding Network Co-ordinator to assess if there is a need for more childminders in the Rhondda Fach, West Taf and Lower Cynon area, as analysis suggests. There is no registered full day care in West Taf. Although officers do not consider that there is a specific need for this type of care in this area, this will be assessed during the coming year.

Out of school care remains a priority for officers, and in particular encouraging unregistered settings to register with CSSIW. Officers will work with Clybiau Plant Cymru Kids Clubs during the coming year to promote this form of childcare throughout RCT. This will link in with the development of more holiday care to cater for anticipated demand

brought about by the WG 30 hour education/childcare offer. Sessional care providers will also be encouraged and supported to extend their provision into holiday periods.

Age of children for whom childcare is available

Childcare to cater for 3 and 4 year olds via the 30 hour education/childcare pilot offer will be a priority over the coming year. Officers will work with current providers to extend their services where possible and to create new provision if the offer demonstrates that there are gaps in the market. Officers will also monitor very closely if this pilot offer has a detrimental effect on the provision of childcare for other age groups.

As previously mentioned some form of care, particularly during holiday periods, for young people aged 11 years and over remains a concern for parents. Officers continue to work with other departments to either develop suitable provision or signpost parents to alternative forms of provision more easily.

The delivery of registered education provision remains a concern in the Lower and Upper Cynon areas, particularly through the medium of English. Work is ongoing to try and address this gap.

Affordability of childcare

Parental feedback tells us very strongly that affordability of childcare provision remains a concern to them. It was pleasing to note that parents look at the quality of the provision as well as the cost. However it is clear that many parents choose to rely on friends and family to provide their care rather than have to incur childcare costs.

RCT no longer funds Clybiau Plant Cymru to offer assisted places funding for out of school and holiday provision. Support of this kind is being looked at internally and officers are liaising with other departments to try and establish the best system of support for vulnerable families.

Parents tells us that flexibility of sessions booked would be a great help to them, particularly for those who work variable shift patterns or are on zero hour contracts. Officers will liaise with childcare providers to determine the barriers to them offering more flexible contracts.

As previously mentioned RCT has an unacceptably high number of unregistered sessional and out of school care providers. Work has been ongoing over a number of years to provide these settings with support to register with CSSIW with limited success. Work will continue to establish the reasons why these settings are unable or unwilling to register. The introduction of the tax free childcare scheme may put parental pressure on these settings to register so that parents will be able to utilise this, and Employer based voucher schemes. Officers will also encourage registered settings to sign up to the tax free childcare scheme so that parents can benefit from this scheme.

Affordability of childcare for parents of children with additional learning and physical needs remains a concern. The cost of specialist equipment and additional staffing support is a concern to providers. Funding for additional support is available to children who access Flying Start, registered education providers and once they start at school, but certain criteria must be met. The Holiday Fun Time programme also offers support to parents of children with additional needs. Officers are currently liaising with other departments to investigate if the criteria and assessment processes for additional support across Flying Start, REP's and schools can be streamlined. This will hopefully offer a more co-ordinated approach to additional support.

Times at which childcare is available

The parent consultation told us very clearly that parents want more care before school and longer opening hours after school during term time. School holiday childcare is also a concern and many parents struggle to find suitable holiday care. Although some parents tell us that they need overnight and weekend care, there is little evidence that there is sufficient demand for providers to make this provision sustainable. However, officers will continue to work with providers to encourage them to offer these services if they feel that they are able to.

Officers will also continue to support sessional care providers to offer wraparound services to nursery aged children. Again, this will be especially prudent with the introduction of the WG 30 hour education/childcare pilot offer.

16. Childcare Sufficiency Assessment – Action Plan

Below are the key priorities and actions for officers within RCT over the coming year. The focus for childcare development this year will be to ensure there is sufficient supply to cope with any additional demands brought about by the Welsh Government 30 education/childcare offer. Officers will also monitor, and take action, if it is found that the 30 hour offer has a detrimental effect on childcare choices for children in other age ranges.

The key priorities for RCT in 2017-18 are:

1. Aim to recruit additional childminders in initial pilot areas, particularly Welsh medium childminders
2. Aim to recruit additional Welsh medium childminders in the South Taf area
3. Aim to recruit English medium Registered Education Providers in the Upper Cynon area
4. Continue to explore ways to streamline the admission process for pre-nursery education places in schools and non-maintained Registered Education Providers
5. Continue to promote the Family Information Service to parents and childcare providers
6. Encourage and support 100% of all registered providers to complete future SASS 1 returns for CSSIW
7. Encourage and support settings to extend their services – to include longer hours in term time, more registered places, or opening in school holiday periods
8. Encourage and support unregistered sessional and out of school settings to register with CSSIW
9. Encourage settings to offer wraparound care services to nursery aged children
10. Explore demand for additional Welsh medium childcare in Rhondda Fawr and Upper Cynon
11. Explore demand for new English medium sessional care in Upper Cynon area
12. Identify schools within initial pilot area for WG 30 hour offer that may have capacity on school site to develop wraparound, after school and holiday childcare
13. Keep childcare providers, schools and parents fully informed of progress on the implementation of the 30 hour offer – via council website, press releases, road shows, provider events and school visits
14. Liaise with CSSIW with regards to potential increased demand in settings amending their registration type to cater for 30 hour offer

15. Monitor and assess the need for crèche facilities
16. Monitor planning approval for housing developments to anticipate possible increased demand for childcare and pre-nursery education places
17. Monitor training needs of childcare and play staff to ensure that the workforce is able to accommodate potential increases in demand from the 30 hour offer
18. Promote and encourage childcare providers to register HMRC to participate in the tax free childcare scheme
19. Promote childminding as a career option
20. Promotion of Voluntary register for nannies
21. Raise awareness amongst parents of pre-nursery education eligibility
22. Streamline criteria and processes for additional support in childcare settings for children with additional learning and physical needs
23. Support settings to reduce vacancy rates
24. Up skill school based staff to have the relevant qualifications to work in childcare settings, particularly Welsh medium school staff